

EIB-20240609 POLISH NATIONAL ROADS RESILIENCE PROGRAMME



Quick Facts

Countries	Poland
Financial Institutions	European Investment Bank (EIB)
Status	Approved
Bank Risk Rating	U
Voting Date	2025-03-10
Borrower	Government of Poland - Ministry of Infrastructure; GDDKIA
Sectors	Transport
Investment Type(s)	Loan
Investment Amount (USD)	\$ 541.98 million
Project Cost (USD)	\$ 1,083.95 million



Project Description

According to the Bank's website, the project will finance the rehabilitation of small road schemes vulnerable to climate change impacts included in the Polish National Road Strengthening Programme until 2030.

While the primary objective of the national programme is an enhancement of pavement bearing capacity, the schemes included in this project are particularly vulnerable to climate change impacts, as previously established through a climate change risk vulnerability assessment of the Polish road network. Most of such schemes will include appropriate climate change adaptation measures.

Early Warning System Project Analysis

According to the Environmental and Social Data Sheet:

The environmental assessment shows that the most common negative impacts are expected during the construction phase. These include: noise, dust, surface water pollution, cutting of trees and disturbance of animal migration. Negative impacts will be minimized by replanting of greenery and trees, improved passages for animals, installing of rainwater treatment devices and retention reservoirs. Noise assessments were carried out for the majority of schemes and revealed noise levels in excess or legal limits in some schemes. Negative noise impacts will be mitigated by installing acoustic screens and applying noise reducing surface coating.

Road alignment of all List A schemes follow the alignment of existing national roads. In seven cases, the road alignment intersects with NATURA 2000 sites, but in none of these cases, the Competent Authority has identified significant negative impacts on the conservation objectives of a designated site.

Compliance of List B schemes with the EIA, Birds and Habitats Directives will be checked before allocation to a particular scheme. In the Finance Agreement, the Bank will include an undertaking for the Promoter to confirm that individual subprojects do not significantly impact nature conservation areas, or that impacts are sufficiently mitigated, to be ascertained through the required applicable appropriate assessment and providing the Competent Authority's agreement.

On the basis of the information provided to the Bank at this stage, the potential schemes are not likely to have significant negative social impacts, although some limited land expropriation may be necessary in places where road re-alignment and interchanges upgrades are foreseen. When designing the sub-projects, the intervention will be kept as much as possible to the existing right of way, which reduces potential impacts to a minimum.





Investment Description

• European Investment Bank (EIB)



Private Actors Description

The *General Directorate for National Roads and Motorways (GDDKiA)* is the central authority of national administration set up to manage the national roads and implementation of the state budget in Poland. The GDDKiA was established on 1 April 2002 by the Polish Ministry of Transportation.



Contact Information

No contacts available at the time of disclosure.

ACCESS TO INFORMATION

You can submit an information request for project information at: https://www.eib.org/en/infocentre/registers/request-form/request-form-default.htm

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http://www.eib.org/attachments/strategies/complaints mechanism policy en.pdf

When dissatisfied with a complaint to the EIB Complaints Mechanism, citizens can then turn towards the European Ombudsman. A memorandum of Understanding has been signed between the EIB and the European Ombudsman establishes that citizens (even outside of the EU if the Ombudsman finds their complaint justified) can turn towards the Ombudsman on issues related to 'maladministration' by the EIB. Note that before going to the Ombudsman, an attempt must be made to resolve the case by contacting the EIB. In addition, the complaint must be made within two years of the date when the facts on which your complaint is based became known to you. You can write to the Ombudsman in any of the languages of the European Union. Additional details, including filing requirements and complaint forms, are available at: http://www.ombudsman.europa.eu/atyourservice/interactiveguide.faces





Bank Documents

• Environmental and Social Data Sheet (ESDS) - POLISH NATIONAL ROADS RESILIENCE PROGRAMME