

 Early Warning System

ADB-53335-001

Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor
Connectivity Improvement Project



Quick Facts

Countries	India
Specific Location	Assam
Financial Institutions	Asian Development Bank (ADB)
Status	Approved
Bank Risk Rating	A
Voting Date	2022-12-02
Borrower	India
Sectors	Transport
Potential Rights Impacts	Healthy Environment, Housing & Property, Indigenous Peoples
Investment Type(s)	Loan
Investment Amount (USD)	\$ 300.00 million
Loan Amount (USD)	\$ 300.00 million
Project Cost (USD)	\$ 500.00 million



Project Description

According to ADB, the proposed project will upgrade about 312.5 kilometers (km) of state highways and major district roads (MDRs) in Assam, including six road sections in the western, central, and southern regions. Reduced travel time and vehicle operating costs, and the operation of public transport services, will improve the mobility and accessibility of people in the less developed areas of Assam; and provide a vital link to markets, jobs, social services, and education and health facilities. Improved connectivity from the Assam hinterland to South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation (SASEC) corridors is expected to spur growth in the entire state. The project will also strengthen the institutional capacity of the Public Works (Roads) Department in climate and disaster resilience, road asset management, and safeguards; and conduct road safety improvement works and a road safety awareness program.

The Government of Assam (GOA) targets building resilient infrastructure, promoting inclusive and sustainable industrialization, and fostering innovation to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all in the Assam Vision 2030 released in 2016. The GOA's Assam Vision 2030 has strategic architecture on (i) implementing the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals as a single synergized initiative; (ii) technology, innovation, knowledge management, and management of change; and (iii) mobilization and utilization of resources. It emphasizes transport connectivity as a strategy to double the industry's share in employment and the net SDP by 2030.

In 2021, the GOA launched Asom Mala, a flagship road improvement program to enhance the quality and service of state highway and MDR networks and fill critical infrastructure gaps through effective interventions like the development of alternative corridors, feeder routes, and roads near international borders. The Asom Mala program has identified 31 priority sections of state highways and MDRs, with a total length of 1,296 km, for improvement. The program is funded by the state budget and external financing, including this project.

ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL ASSESSMENTS

- A consolidated initial environmental examination has been prepared for all six project roads with contract package-specific environmental management plans, which were attached to bid documents for works.
- The project team held meaningful consultations with affected communities and key stakeholders, and the concerns and inputs raised have been considered in the final alignment and road designs.
- None of the project roads are located within any notified protected area or eco-sensitive zones that would require environment or wildlife clearance under environmental impact assessment notification.
- Mitigation measures have been included in the environmental management plans to ensure that no negative impacts on these species and key biodiversity areas (KBAs) occur because of the project. A natural habitat assessment determined that the project will not cause any net loss; rather, it will create a net gain because of afforestation measures. Awareness campaigns will include material on nearby KBAs and key species. The project will conduct a pre-construction assessment of wildlife crossing structures and develop related mitigation measures before construction.
- A biodiversity expert is included in the Construction Supervision Consultant (CSC) to guide and refine the implementation of mitigation measures and monitor their effectiveness. Consultation will continue throughout the project implementation. Concerns will be addressed through the grievance redress mechanism of the state government. The PWRD will monitor the implementation through dedicated project implementation units in the project districts, supported by the CSC.
- The PWRD will prepare semiannual monitoring reports and submit them to ADB for disclosure, both on the ADB and PWRD websites, and conduct annual monitoring during operations until the project completion report is prepared by ADB.
- The PWRD has prepared six resettlement plans following the relevant acts and policy, and ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement, based on preliminary resettlement surveys, social assessments, and consultations with all stakeholders. The resettlement plans outline the entitlements, summary of public consultations and information disclosure, grievance redress mechanism, and institutional arrangements to ensure orderly implementation: and will be updated based on the



People Affected By This Project

- The project impacts include dust, noise, and air quality impacts; and occupational and community health and safety risks.
- Three project roads (A04, A23, and A26) are in key biodiversity areas (KBAs). None of these KBAs qualify as critical habitats following the International Finance Corporation's Performance Standard 6 and its accompanying Guidance Note. However, the golden langur (*Trachypithecus geei*), an endangered primate endemic to Assam and Bhutan, is a qualifying species for a critical habitat because of its limited distribution range and considering the two closely located corridors of A03 and A04 falling within it.
- The six project roads will require about 375.3 hectares (ha) of private land and 77.72 ha of government land, and about 6,987 households (35,030 individuals) will be affected by land acquisition and resettlement. The impact on about 3,414 households (15,875 individuals), which is about 48.86% of the total, will be significant. The significant impact comprises physical displacement of 769 households, economic displacement of 2,559 households, and both physical and economic displacement of 86 households.
- Project road A03 passes through Chirang district; project road A21 passes through West Karbi Anglong and Karbi Anglong districts; and project road A23 passes through Dima Hasao district in Assam. These roads have a significant population of tribal communities organized under their respective councils. Tribal communities own about 336.488 ha of land along the three project roads. About 29% (2,041 households) of the project-affected households are tribal households. The major scheduled tribes affected in the Dima Hasao autonomous district are Dimasas, Vaipheis, Khasi-pnars, and Khelmas. The scheduled tribes in the Karbi Anglong autonomous district are Karbis, Rengmas, and Kuki-Chin people. In Chirang, most are the Bodo tribe.



Investment Description

- Asian Development Bank (ADB)



Contact Information

Responsible ADB Officer Tanaka, Yasushi
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Executing Agencies Public Works (Roads) Department, Government of Assam

ACCESS TO INFORMATION

You can submit an information request for project information at: <https://www.adb.org/forms/request-information-form>

ADB has a two-stage appeals process for requesters who believe that ADB has denied their request for information in violation of its Access to Information Policy. You can learn more about filing an appeal at: <https://www.adb.org/site/disclosure/appeals>

ACCOUNTABILITY MECHANISM OF ADB

The Accountability Mechanism is an independent complaint mechanism and fact-finding body for people who believe they are likely to be, or have been, adversely affected by an Asian Development Bank-financed project. If you submit a complaint to the Accountability Mechanism, they may investigate to assess whether the Asian Development Bank is following its own policies and procedures for preventing harm to people or the environment. You can learn more about the Accountability Mechanism and how to file a complaint at: <http://www.adb.org/site/accountability-mechanism/main>.



Bank Documents

- [Assam Road Network Improvement Project: Initial Poverty and Social Analysis](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Bhanga](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Bhanga](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Borkhol](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Borkhol](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Chapagu](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Chapagu](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Haflong](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Haflong](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Hamren](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Hamren](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Indigen](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Jogigho](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Jogigho](#) [Original Source]
- [Assam South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Corridor Connectivity Improvement Project: Updated](#) [Original Source]
- [Gender Action Plan](#) [Original Source]
- [Loan Agreement](#) [Original Source]
- [Program Agreement](#) [Original Source]
- [Project Administration Manual](#) [Original Source]
- [Project Disclosure PDF](#) [Original Source]



Other Related Projects

- ADB-53335-002 Strengthening Institutional Capacity of the Assam Public Works (Roads) Department in Climate Change and Disaster Resilience, and Road Asset Management