SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM

VINH PHUC FLOOD RISK AND WATER MANAGEMENT PROJECT

RESETTLEMENT ACTION PLAN (RAP)

Dong Mong Landfill subproject

Prepared by:

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ABBREVIATIONS

CPC Commune People's Committee

DARD Department of Agriculture and Rural Development

DMS Detailed Measurement Survey

DOF Department of Finance

DONRE Department of Natural Resources and Environment

DCARC District Compensation, Assistance and Resettlement Committee

DPC District People's Committee

EMDP Ethnic Minorities Development Plan
EMP Environmental Management Plan
EMPF Ethnic Minorities Policy Framework

FDI Foreign Direct Investment

FS Feasibility Study
FY Financial Year

GoV Government of Vietnam

IDAInternational Development AssociationMPIMinistry of Planning and InvestmentNGONon-Governmental OrganizationODAOfficial Development Assistance

PAPs Project Affected Persons
PMU Project Management Unit
PPC Provincial People's Committee
RAP Resettlement Action Plan

RPF Resettlement Policy Framework

SA Social Assessment TOR Terms of Reference

USD US dollar

VDIC Vietnam Development Information Center

VND Vietnam dong

VPFRWWMP Vinh Phuc Flood Risk and Water Management Project

WB World Bank

WWTF Wastewater Treatment Facilities

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DEFINITION OF TERMS

Cut-off-date

Is the date when the PPC issues the Notification of Land acquisition for the relevant project (Article 67.1 of Land Law 2013) before implementation of detailed measurement survey. A census survey will be done before the cutoff date is announced to establish a list of potential affected households.

Eligibility

The criteria to receive benefits under the resettlement program. This Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) will provide general guidance on this but the eligibility criteria will not be definitively confirmed until the implementation of the RAP.

Replacement cost

A method of valuation of assets (including land, shelter, access to services, structures, crops, etc.) that helps determine the amount of compensation sufficient to replace lost assets, covering transaction costs, which may include taxes, fees, transportation, labor, etc. In determining the replacement cost, depreciation of the asset and the value of salvage materials are not taken into account, nor is the value of benefits to be derived from the project deducted from the valuation of an affected asset.

Resettlement

This RAP, in accordance with the World Bank's Operational Policy on Involuntary Resettlement (OP 4.12), covers the involuntary taking of land that results in (i) relocation or loss of shelter, (ii) loss of assets or access to assets; or (iii) loss of income sources or means of livelihood, whether or not the affected persons must move to another location.

Vulnerable Groups and Individuals at risk Those who might suffer disproportionally from adverse project impacts and/or be less able to access the project benefits and compensation, including livelihood restoration and assets compensations, when compared to the rest of the PAPs. Vulnerable peoples include: female headed households with dependents, disabled persons, poor households with certificates, children and elderly households who are with no other means of support, and ethnic minority people.

Livelihood (income) restoration

Livelihoods restoration refers to that compensation for PAPs who suffers loss of income sources or means of livelihoods to restore their income and living standards to the pre- displacement levels.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- Introduction. This Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) is prepared for the Dong Mong Sludge Landfill Subproject under the "Vinh Phuc Flood Risk and Water Management Project (VPFRWMP)" funded by the World Bank (WB). This Resettlement Action Plan was built based on the resettlement policy framework of the VPFRWMP and the results from socioeconomic surveys, inventory of losses and public consultation. This RAP also presents the eligibility criteria for compensation of land and assets affected by the subproject, description of the income restoration program, implementation arrangement, implementation plan, estimated cost, monitoring and assessment, participation in consultation of the community and grievance redress mechanism.
- Scope of Impacts and Land Acquisition. The Subproject is to be implemented in the area of Huong Canh Town in Binh Xuyen District of Vinh Phuc Province. Total land in Huong Canh Town is 955.15 ha, in which 479.12 ha are used for growing rice and other seasonal crops while 3.3 ha for growing perennial trees. Aquaculture and water surface lands account for 67.9 ha and residential lands represent 111 ha. Huong Canh has up to 245.58 ha of specially used land and 9.1 ha of unused land.

The construction of Dong Mong landfill will cause impacts due to land acquisition in the area of Huong Canh Town in Binh Xuyen District. The subproject will acquire 528,624.5 m² of land belonging to 413 households and Huong Canh Town People's Committees (Town PC). By land use, seven types of land will be affected that comprising permanently land to be acquired; these comprise land grown to rice, irrigation land¹, transport land, aquaculture land, cemetery land, unused land, and annual cropland.

- The total affected land grown to rice is 471,052.0 m².
- 21,085.2 m² of transportation land will be affected. This area is pathway in the field.
- The area of affected aquaculture land is 14,975.9 m².
- 16,649.8 m² of irrigational land (small irrigation ditch in the rice fields) are under the management of Huong Canh Town PC.
- Only 18.3 m² of annual cropland is permanently affected.
- 489.3 m² of unused land² under the management of the Town PC will also be acquired.
- 4,353.9 m² of cemetery land will be affected permanently; however, during the consultations and surveys, the PAHs have informed that there are graves in this area, which could not be identified.
- (i) A total 413 households in the subproject area will be affected due to permanent land acquisition for the purpose of the subproject. In which
 - 413 households are affected on 471.052,0 m² agricultural land;
 - There is no household that will be affected on residential land;. This sub-project won't involve relocation of affected people.
- (ii) An aggregate 372,090 m² of rice will be affected.
- (iii) 335 households are severely affected by losing 20% or more of their productive landholdings;

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¹ Irrigation land is the land area for the protection of irrigation canal banks. Depending on each type of canal, the protection distance is from 1m to 40m from the base of the canal slope. In case of the subproject, the canal protection corridor is 1m. This area is under the management of the Commune People's Committee.

As Land Law 2013, unused land is the land that not yet identified used proposed;

- (iv) 57 households are identified as vulnerable households, including those headed by single women with dependents, poor households, households with the disable, single elderly households, and social policy beneficiary households.
- (v) 12 households will be affected by temporary land acquisition;
- (vi) All of the affected people belong to the Kinh ethnic group or the mainstream society of Vietnam.
- 3. Mitigation measures for Land Acquisition Impacts. In order to minimize impacts caused by land acquisition, the design presented alternatives and selected the option that meets the following criteria: (i) causing the smallest possible impacts on peoples land due to acquisition; and (ii) ensuring optimal drainage purposes. Design has been revised and updated to include communities' priorities and suggestion gathered during consultations, in the subproject area.
- **4. Socioeconomic Profile.** In the area of Huong Canh Town, income generation from farming and livestock raising account for 19.5% of the total while income from wages and salaries represent more than 62.96% of the total income of the affected households. Poor and near-poor³ households account for 3.41%, including 2.53% of poor households and 0.88% of near-poor households. The monthly income per household is about VND 7,565,811. The average household size is 3.9 members. The majority of the household members are secondary school graduates, representing 38.8% while 11.7% of the household members participated in vocational colleges, university and higher education.
- **5. Policy Framework and Entitlement Matrix**. A resettlement framework was prepared for the Project, based on the current policies and regulations of the Government of Vietnam and the World Bank OP 4.10. This Plan was prepared based on the RPF.
- **6. Consultation and community participation**. 255 affected people participated in the public consultation for information of the subproject, impacts, policies, and entitlements applied to the project. Responses from the public consultation were taken into consideration and updated in this RAP.
- 7. Implementation Arrangements. Compensation, assistance and resettlement activities are implemented by Vinh Phuc Provincial Land Fund Development Center and Vinh Phuc ODA Project Management Unit (VP-ODA PMU). During the implementation process, there should be close coordination between the implementing agencies such as District Compensation, Assistance and Resettlement Committees, PMU, local offices, communal staffs, local social organization and people affected by the subproject. An independent monitoring agency will be hired to carry out external monitoring of this RAP to ensure the desirable outcomes.
- **8. Grievance Redress Mechanism**. During the implementation process, any raising concerns, complaints by the affected people will be resolved based on the regulated procedure in the policy framework for compensation and resettlement of the project as well as RAP of the subproject. Complaints will be resolved directly by the local authority and project staffs in a fair and transparent manner with participation of the external monitoring agency. Those who file for complaints are not subjected to any administrative fees.
- **9. Monitoring and Evaluation.** VP-ODA PMU' staff is responsible for overseeing and monitoring of the implementation of RAP. In addition, external monitoring consultants will be

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 $^{^3}$ According to Decision 09/2011/QĐ-TTg near-household have average income from 401,000 VND to 520,000 VND/person/month for rural area and from 501,000 VND to 650,000 VND/person/month for urban area.;

recruited to monitor the implementation process and carry out evaluation on the living conditions of the affected people throughout the implementation of resettlement plan and after the implementation of resettlement action plan is completed.

- **10. Cost Estimate.** It is estimated that the total cost for compensation and assistance is **VND 113,356,632,451.6** (equivalent to about **US\$ 5,060,563.9** with the exchange rate of US\$1=VND 22,400). This cost comprises compensation for residential land, agricultural land, crop cultivation lands and support for livelihood restoration and implementation of RAP. This cost will be provided by the project counterpart fund.
- **11. Implementation Schedule**. Compensation, assistance and resettlement activities will be carried out during the 1 year period from the fourth quarter of 2015 to the fourth quarter of 2016 and the Vinh Phuc Provincial Land Fund Development Center is mainly responsible for the implementation.

I. Introduction

1. Project Background

Vinh Phuc Province

- 1. Vinh Phuc is a province located in the Northern key economic region. The province is bounded by Thai Nguyen and Tuyen Quang provinces to the North, by Phu Tho Province to the West, and by Hanoi Capital to the East and the South. The province has a total area of 1,231.76 km². The province consists of nine administrative divisions including Vinh Yen City, Phuc Yen Township, and seven districts, namely Lap Thach, Song Lo, Tam Duong, Tam Dao, Binh Xuyen, Vinh Tuong, and Yen Lac. The capital of the province is Vinh Yen City, 50 km from Hanoi and 25 km from Noi Bai International Airport.
- 2. According to the 2013 statistical data, Vinh Phuc has a total population of more than 1 million, of which 22.4% of the population live in the urban areas while 77.6% in the rural areas. Per capita GDP was VND 52 million in 2012, higher than the national level of VND 36 million. The provincial poverty incidence in 2012 was 7.3% (GSO, income based measures), lower than the national level of 11.1%.



Figure 1. Administrative Map of Vinh Phuc Province

- 3. Vinh Phuc has become an integral part of the industrial development belt of the Northern provinces, strongly influenced by the growth of the big industrial parks in Hanoi such as Bac Thang Long, Soc Son, etc. The province is also an industrial hub of the Red River Delta and one of the key foreign direct investment (FDI) destinations in the country. The level of its public debt is insignificant and covers the period of 2006-2011; the average value borrowed by Vinh Phuc remained about just one percent of the local receipt.
- 4. Despite the fast economic growth, Vinh Phuc is facing a number of challenges, including frequent flooding, regional water pollution, lack of infrastructure and weak institutional capacity, which have become bottlenecks for Vinh Phuc to sustain its further growth.
- 5. Located in the midstream of Red River system, Vinh Phuc receives water from big rivers including Da River, Thao River, Lo River and Pho Day River. The inland rivers include Phan River, Ca Lo River, Cau Ton River, Hanh River, and Tranh River; the large lakes and ponds in the province include Vac Lake, Rung Lake, Sau Vo Lake, and Nhi Hoang Lake. These above-mentioned rivers and lakes have the general natures of the river system in the

Northern Delta Region. Due to its low elevation in the Red River flood plain, two third of the province is prone to flooding. There is an especially high risk from flooding in the areas of the Phan River basin including Vinh Yen City and most of FDI zones are located.

- 6. Frequent floods have caused serious impacts on agriculture as well as deterioration of infrastructure in both rural and urban areas including Vinh Yen City and the industrial zones and enterprises. Floods also cause significant losses of agricultural and industrial productivity, impacting on livelihoods and hindering the growth of the province. Initial estimates of the flood damage during the period 2006-2013 are about US\$ 150 million, including significant agricultural production losses of around 30% of total crop values. Flooding also causes significant disruption to traffic in Vinh Yen City and several industrial zones, not to mention health related costs.
- 7. In addition, there is a lack of capacity and effective and integrated management system to address the issues related to water resources management since the water resource and water quality monitoring systems in the catchment are yet to be established. Furthermore, Vinh Phuc has very limited capacity in floods warning and emergency response. Currently, the Provincial Department of Natural Resources and Environment (DONRE) has only two automatic water quality monitoring station. These elements are critical to provide timely and accurate information to the government for decision making and emergency response, especially in addressing flooding and pollution incidents.
- 8. The current drainage system in Phan River and Ca Lo River basin in Vinh Phuc Province is only to serve the local drainage system and with the scenario of flowing downstream to Cau River. There is no overall solution for the whole system of Phan-Ca Lo River in Vinh Phuc Province.

1.1. Description Vinh Phuc Flood Risk and Water Management Project

- 9. In order to support Vinh Phuc to address the issues related to water resources management, the central government and Development Partners (DP) are working with Vinh Phuc to address these challenges. The activities have been being implemented include:
 - a. Government funded support includes some limited dredging works for the Phan River and the Vac Lake in Vinh Yen City, construction of number of small pumping stations to divert water from fields to the Phan River and pilot water pollution control model in some villages in Phan River catchment.
 - b. JICA has constructed a 5,000m3/day wastewater treatment plant and 34km of primary a secondary sewer in Vinh Yen City and plans to expand the second phase of an 8,000m3/day capacity wastewater treatment plants and related sewers.
 - c. ADB has planned to help Vinh Phuc through Green Cities Project, including building the tertiary sewer and households' connections to JICA financed WWTP and rehabilitating 150ha of lakes in Vinh Yen City, including dredging and embankments.
- 10. However, there are still critical gaps to be addressed in relation with flooding in the province and water pollution in the Phan River catchment. The provincial government has approached to the World Band for requesting support to fill these gaps. The Project named as the Vinh Phuc Flood Risk and Water Management Project (VPFRWMP) is being prepared in order to provide a sustainable water environment for the long-term socioeconomic development of Vinh Phuc Province.
- 11. The project concept and design is guided by a careful assessment of the topography and related water issues in the province. Given that the Phan River goes

across the province, problems of flooding and water quality in the catchment are interlinked. The current piece-meal approach and standalone interventions by the various departments to tackle these issues are proving inefficient and costly. Hence the project design carefully assembled the components to address the issues holistically, by adopting an integrated basin-wide river management approach. The design concept has a strong buy-in and endorsement of the provincial government and is among the main strategic priorities of the central government. The design followed a thorough analysis and quality review to achieve the sought development objectives.

12. Given the interlinkages between flooding and water pollution, the proposed project addresses these issues in an integrated manner through an optimal mix of structural and nonstructural measures. These include (i) supporting structural measures for flooding control and river rehabilitation; (ii) improving wastewater collection and treatment in district small towns and rural villages; (iii) establishing water resource and quality monitoring, and flooding early warning emergency response systems; and (iv) institutional development and training for government departments and water sector practitioners aimed at managing the river basin and water related sectors in an integrated manner.

Project Components

Component 1 - Flood Risk Management (estimated cost USD117 million)

13. This component improves flood risk management through structural measures in Basin B (including sub-basins B-1, B-2 and B-3) and Basin C. The measures include (i) construction and rehabilitation of three retention lakes with a total area of 260 hectare to increase regulation capacity; (ii) construction of three drainage pumping stations with total capacity of 145 m3 per second and related canals to divert excessive storm water from basin B to Pho Day and Red River; (iii) dredging key sections along 50 km of the Phan River to increase the discharge capacity; and (iv) construction of two flood control gates with associated embankments to prevent storm water entering Basin B from Basin C.

Component 2 Water Environmental Management (estimated cost USD17 million)

14. This component improves the environmental conditions in densely populated small towns and rural communities as well as the water quality in the Phan River by providing wastewater and drainage services. The measures include the construction and rehabilitation of wastewater collection and treatment facilities in four district towns and 33 rural villages along the Phan River. Given that the source of pollution is mostly from domestic households, this component will focus on intercepting and treating wastewater. Simple and low cost technologies that will not require sophisticated mechanical equipment, high power consumption and complicated operation & maintenance will be applied.

Component 3 Implementation Support, Technical Assistance and Institutional Strengthening (estimated cost USD16 million)

15. This component supports (i) project implementation including detailed engineering designs, construction supervision, safeguard monitoring and other related activities; (ii) water resource and emergency flood early warning, including consulting services, works, equipment and other related activities; (iii) operation and maintenance (O&M) for assets

to be built under the project, including trainings, development of operation manuals, and provision of necessary equipment; and (iv) institutional development for river basin management and water related sectors in an integrated manner.

Project Financing

16. The estimated total project cost is USD220 million with USD150 million proposed to be financed by an IBRD loan. The estimated government counterpart funding is US\$70 million to cover the costs of resettlement, portion of construction, project overhead, frontend fee and interest during construction.

Table 1. Project Cost and Financing by Component [To be revised during appraisal]

Project Components	IBRD or IDA Financing (m)	% Financing	Counterpart Funding
Flood Risk Management Water Environmental Management Implementation Support, Technical Assistance and Institutional Strengthening	USD 117 USD 16.5 USD 16.1	78.0% 11% 11%	
Total Costs			
Resettlement and land acquisition Interest during construction Taxes Administrative costs Front-End Fees Commitment Fee Interests during Construction	USD 0.4	100%	USD35 USD18 USD15 USD2.0
Total Investment Cost	USD150.0		USD70.0

(See Appendix 2 for details of the project components).

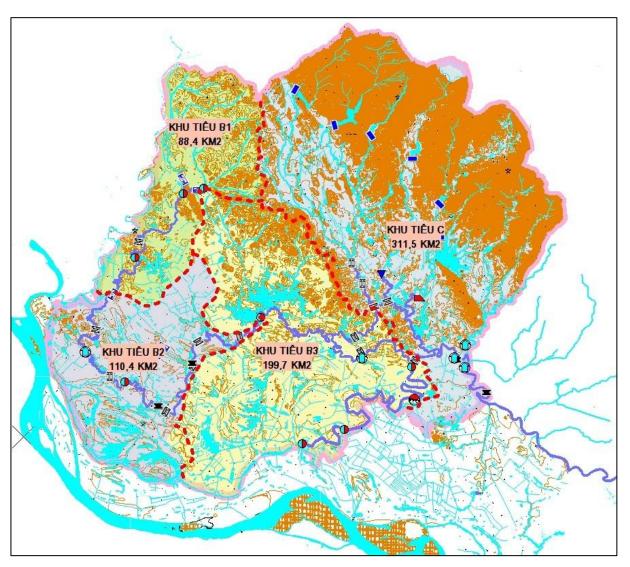


Figure 2. Map of Project Area

17. The implementation of the Project will bring about overall positive impacts on the socioeconomic development in the medium-and-long term of the project area as well as Vinh Phuc Province. The construction of the infrastructure and improvement of drainage system and water quality will reduce the frequency and severity of floods in the area, improving the infrastructure system and creating benefits for the environment, public health, and socioeconomic development. Improving water management system and polluted water sewage system will facilitate the economic development as well as the growth of services and tourism of the province. The Project will also contribute to creating job opportunities for local people during construction period and improving transport networks, preventing floods, and protecting people's houses from damages caused by frequent flooding, thus facilitating tourism and transportation.

1.2. Dong Mong Sludge Landfill

- 18. Dong Mong sludge landfill is located within the administrative boundary of Huong Canh Town, Binh Xuyen District. According to the plans, Dong Mong landfill will be composed of two landfill areas at two sides of Huong Canh-Tan Phong road. It is bounded by the National Highway 2A to the East, by the existing earth road to the South, by the existing earth road close to Canh River to the West, and by agricultural land to the North.
- 19. Dong Mong landfill site is originally agricultural land without any house or structure built thereon. The landfill has the average elevation of about +5.8m; the lowest elevation is +4.6m (pond area) while the highest is +6.7m (field bund). The area for developing Dong Mong landfill is bounded by Canh River to the West and near the existing road with the

elevation from +8.5m to +9.2m. The main drainage direction is toward the Canh River. Since this is gravity drainage, flooding always occurs when it rains and water level of Canh River rises.

- 20. In addition to the development of the sludge landfill, the subproject comprises the following: (i) access road to the landfill with the roadbed width of 5m; (ii) unloading area that will be arranged about 75m to 100m away from the landfill; and (iii) drainage system to the existing canal.
- 21. The total area of the landfill and auxiliary works is about 55ha.



Figure 3. Map of Dong Mong Landfill Site

2. Potential Impacts

2.1. Positive Impacts

22. Dong Mong sludge disposal site is developed in order to contain non-hazardous sludge and dredged soil. The use purpose of this site may be changed in the future for the development of residential area to meet housing demands in the area.

2.2. Adverse Impacts

- 23. The development of the landfill and disposal activities will cause adverse impacts on the environment and ecosystem of Canh River basin and may affect the surrounding rice area. Furthermore, the sludge transportation will affect the traffic and traffic safety.
- 24. With regards to social impacts, these are mainly caused by land acquisition for the construction of the subproject. These social impacts include both permanent and temporary land acquisition and impacts on trees and crops. The project will not cause impacts on

houses and structures or any physical relocation on the part of local people. However, for those who are adversely affected due loss of remarkable agricultural land, their livelihoods may be potentially affected to certain extent.

3. Mitigation Measures

- 25. In order to minimize adverse impacts on land and livelihoods of the affected households, the Vinh Phuc ODA Project Management Unit (PMU) has reviewed and considered alternative designs, and selected the optimal alternative for the landfill subproject. The criteria for selection include the following:
- The selected land acquisition's location of the proposed landfill is agricultural land where rice is grown and on building embankments to prevent sludge from spilling out;
- The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) has assessed the quality of the sludge as well as considered mitigation measures for environmental and social impacts.
- 26. . RAP preparation included conducting surveys and public consultations, in coordination with the PMU staff and sub- component designer to collect suggestions and comments on the construction of sludge disposal site
- 27. The opinions of the households in Huong Canh Town have been incorporated in the final design. Similarly, these comments have also been collected by the Environmental and Social team preparing the RAP and EMP.
- 28. In order to minimize adverse impacts on land of the affected households, according to the design plan, the subproject will not require temporary land acquisition for worker camps or materials gathering and storage. The construction solution applied is successive construction method.

4. Objectives of RAP

- 29. The Resettlement Policy Framework (RPF) for the VP-FRWMP established the resettlement principles, eligibility requirements for compensation, valuation methods or other forms of assistance, and describes the legal and institutional framework, organizational arrangements, funding mechanisms, and community consultation and participation, and grievance redress mechanism to be applied to the project during the project implementation.
- 30. This RAP is prepared for the Dong Mong sludge landfill component, following the RPF.
- 31. The purposes of RAP are to:
- Establish compensation, assistance and resettlement principles in order to minimize adverse impacts on land acquisition for the construction of the above-mentioned components;
- Assess scope of land acquisition as well as potentially social impacts:
- Based on the results of SES, IOL and consultation, design compensation and assistance measures for the affected people and ensure that the livelihoods of the affected people are improved, or at least, restored to the pre-project level.

II. Legal Framework for Resettlement Policy Framework

1. The Legal Framework of the Government of Vietnam

- 32. The legal framework with respect to land acquisition, compensation and resettlement is based on the Constitution of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam (2013), and the Land Law 2013 (revised), and other relevant decrees/guidelines. The principal legal documents applied for the RPF include the followings:
- Constitution of Vietnam 2013.
- The Land Law 2013, which has been effective since July 1, 2014.
- Decree No.43/2014/ND-CP guiding in detail some articles of Land Law 2013

- Decree No.44/2014/ND-CP providing methods for land pricing; adjustment to land price brackets, land price lists; specific land pricing and land price consultancy activities.
- Decree No. 47/2014/ND-CP providing compensation, support, resettlement when land is recovered by the State.
- Decree No. 38/2013/ND-CP of 23 April 2013, on management and use of official development assistance (ODA) and concessional loans of donors.
- Circular No. 36/2014 / TT-BTNMT dated 30 June 2014, regulating method of valuation of land; construction, land price adjustment; specific land valuation and land valuation advisory.
- Circular No. 37/2014/TT-BTNMT dated 30 June 2014, regulating compensation, assistance and resettlement when the State acquires land.
- Decision No. 1956/2009/QD-TTg, dated November 17 2009, by the Prime Minister approving the Master Plan on vocational training for rural labors by 2020.
- Decision No. 52/2012/QD-TTg, dated November 16 2012, on the support policies on employment and vocational training to farmers whose agricultural land has been recovered by the State.
- Laws, decrees and decisions relevant to public disclosure of information.
- Other regulations or administrative decisions related to resettlement plan to be issued by Vinh Phuc Province People's Committee in relation to the Land Law 2014, and its relevant decrees and circulars:Decision No. 35/2014/QD-UBND of the Vinh Phuc PPC dated 15 August 2014 on issuing regulations on compensation and resettlement assistance when the State acquires land in Vinh Phuc Province and Decision No. 61/2014/QD-UBND dated December 31 2014 by Vinh Phuc PPC on land prices in Vinh Phuc Province for the 2015-2019 period.

2. World Bank Policy on Involuntary Resettlement (OP 4.12)

- 33. The World Bank recognizes that involuntary resettlement may cause severe long-term hardship, impoverishment, and environmental damage unless appropriate measures are carefully planned and carried out. The Bank's Resettlement Policy OP 4.12, includes safeguards to address and mitigate the economic, social, and environmental risks arising from involuntary resettlement.
- (i) The WB's involuntary resettlement policy objectives are the following: Physical displacement, economic and physical adverse impacts should be avoided where feasible or, if not possible, minimized by examining all available design alternatives., technology, site selection. Where avoidance is not possible, impacts shall be mitigated.
- (ii) Where resettlement cannot be avoided, resettlement activities should be conceived and executed as sustainable development programs, providing sufficient investment resources to enable the people affected by the Project to share in benefits.
- (iii) Affected Persons should be meaningful consulted and should have opportunities to participate in planning and implementing resettlement programs.
- (iv) Affected Persons should be assisted in their efforts to improve their livelihoods and standards of living or at least to restore them, in real terms, to pre-project levels or to levels prevailing prior to the beginning of project implementation, whichever is higher.

3. Comparison between the Government of Vietnam and World Bank Approaches

33. There are differences between the Government of Vietnam's Laws, policies, regulations related to land acquisition/resettlement, and the World Bank's OP 4.12 on Involuntary Resettlement. The following table highlights the key differences in order to

establish a basis for the design of the principles to be applied for compensation, assistance and livelihood restoration support for the affected households, which will be applied under this project.

Table 1. Discrepancies between World Bank Policies and Vietnam Laws

Subjects	Bank's OP 4.12	Government of Vietnam	Project Measures
Land Property	<u> </u>		
Policy objectives	PAPs (Project Affected Persons) should be assisted in their efforts to improve their livelihoods and standards of living or at least to restore them, in real terms, to predisplacement levels or to levels prevailing prior to the beginning of project implementation, whichever is higher	There is a provision of support to be considered by PPC to ensure PAPs have a place to live, to stabilize their living and production. (Article 25 of Decree 47). In case the amount of compensation/support is not enough for resettled people to buy a minimum resettlement plot/apartment, they will be financially supported to be able to buy a minimum resettlement plot/apartment (Article 86.4 of Land Law 2013 and Article 27 of Decree 47)	Livelihoods and income sources will be restored in real terms, at least, to the pre-displacement levels or to levels prevailing prior to the beginning of project implementation, whichever is higher.
Support for affected households who have no recognizable legal right or claim to the land they are occupying	Financial assistance to all project affected persons to achieve the policy objective (to improve their livelihoods and standards of living or at least to restore them, in real terms, to predisplacement levels or to levels prevailing prior to the beginning of project implementation, whichever is higher)	Agricultural land used before July 1, 2004 is eligible for compensation. (Provision 2 Article 77, Land Law 2013). Other cases are considered for assistance by VP PPCs according to regulations of Article 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25, Decree 47.	Financial assistance of an agreed amount will be given to all PAPs, regardless of their legal status, until their livelihoods and standards of living restore in real terms, at least, to pre-project levels.
Compensation for illegal structures	Compensation at full cost for all structures regardless of legal status of the PAP's land and structure.	PPC consider providing supports according to Article 25, Decree 47.	Compensation at full replacement cost will be given for all structures affected, regardless of legal status of the land and structure.
Compensation			

compensation rates should be paid at full replacement costs, should be paid at full replacement costs. should be paid at full replacement costs all types of assets affected, which are appraised by land app	Subjects	Bank's OP 4.12	Government of Vietnam	Project Measures
for loss of income sources or means of livelihood Sources should be compensated (whether or not the affected persons must move to another location) Compensation for indirect impact caused Sources should be compensated (whether or not the affected persons must move to another location) Land Law 2013, assistance in respect of income loss is given only for registered businesses. Besides, assistance measures to restore income sources are provided (Article 19, 20 and 21, Decree 47). Regulated at Article 88 Land Law 2013; Article in additional to be compensated and, where necessary to achie the objectives of the policy, development assistance in additional to compensation to compensation be provided. Social assessment has been undertake and measures	determining compensation	land and other assets should be paid at full	valuators are hired to determine compensation rates, these rates are equal to replacement cost of WB (Provision 4 Article 114, Land Law 2013 and Article 18, Decree 44); For houses and physical structures, compensation rates are calculated according to Decision No. 35/2014/QD-UBND of the Vinh Phuc PPC dated 15 August 2014. For special structures, Independent land valuator is hired to determine	appraiser identifies replacement costs for all types of assets affected, which are appraised by land appraisal board and approved by. City People's Committees
Compensation for indirect the borrower to impact caused like in pact caused like like like like like like like like	for loss of income sources or means of	sources should be compensated (whether or not the affected persons must move to	According to Article 88, Land Law 2013, assistance in respect of income loss is given only for registered businesses. Besides, assistance measures to restore income sources are provided (Article 19, 20	necessary to achieve the objectives of the policy, development assistance in addition to compensation will
structures taking implement measures to minimize and mitigate adverse economic and social impacts, particularly upon poor and vulnerable groups. implemented to minimize and mitigate adverse impacts, particularly upon poor and vulnerable groups.	for indirect impact caused by land or structures taking	the borrower to undertake a social assessment and implement measures to minimize and mitigate adverse economic and social impacts, particularly upon poor and vulnerable groups.	Regulated at Article 88 Land Law 2013; Article 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24,	identified and being implemented to minimize and mitigate adverse impacts, particularly upon poor and vulnerable groups.
Livelihood restoration and assistance Provision of livelihood restoration and assistance to achieve the policy objectives. Provision of livelihood restoration and assistance measures are provided (Article 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25 Decree 47). Provision of livelihood restoration and assistance measures are provided to achieve the policy objectives. These will be monitored assistance assistance will be monitored assistance.	restoration and assistance	Provision of livelihood restoration and assistance to achieve the policy objectives.	and assistance measures are provided (Article 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25 Decree 47).	assistance measures to achieve the policy objectives. These will be monitored as detailed in the RAP.

Subjects	Bank's OP 4.12	Government of Vietnam	Project Measures
disclosure	planning and implementation, specially confirming the eligibility criteria for compensation and assistance, and access to Grievances Redress Mechanisms	on draft plan of compensation, support and resettlement and plan for training, career change and facilitating job seeking.	participation incorporated into RAP design, along with information sharing with PAPs and stakeholders.
Grievance redres			
	Grievance redress mechanism should be independent.	According to legal regulations, complainants can go to court at any steps as they wish.	More effective Grievance and Redress mechanisms are to be established, built on the existing governmental system, with monitoring by an independent monitor.
Monitoring & Eva			
	Internal and independent monitoring are required	Citizens have rights to supervise and report on breaches in land use and management on their own (or through representative organizations), including land recovery, compensation, support and resettlement (Article 199, Land Law 2013).	Both internal and external (independent) monitoring is to be regularly maintained (on a monthly basis for internal and biannual basis for independent monitoring). An endof-project report will be done to confirm whether the objectives of OP 4.12 were achieved.

III. Socioeconomic Information of the Affected Population

1. Subproject Area

34. Dong Mong landfill with the total area of 51.2 ha is located within the boundary of Huong Canh Town in Binh Xuyen District. Huong Canh Town has an area of 955.15 ha. The town has a total 4,418 households which are made up of 15,700 persons in 19 residential groups.

Table 2. Area and Types of Land in Huong Canh Town

No.	Land type	Area (ha)
	Total natural area	995.15
1	Land grown to rice and seasonal crops	479.12

2	Perennial cropland	3.3
3	Aquaculture land, water surface	67.9
4	Residential land	111
5	Specially used land (institution, national defense land, etc.)	245.58
6	Unused land	9.1

Source. Data is provided by CPCs and Town PC.

- 35. Of the total 955.15 ha of land in Huong Canh Town, 479.12 ha is used for growing rice and other seasonal crops while 3.3 ha is for growing perennial trees. Aquaculture and water surface lands account for 67.9 ha and residential lands represent 111 ha. Huong Canh has up to 245.58 ha of specially used land and 9.1 ha of unused land.
- 36. The total population in the Huong Canh Town is 15.700 people, in which the people in the working age, 16 to 60, is 7,596 people, including 3,568 men and 4,001 women. The number of population below 16 and above 60 is 8,131 comprising 3,833 males and 4,298 females. 100% of the population in Huong Canh belongs to King group from the mainstream society of Vietnam.
- 37. The poverty incidence of Huong Canh Town is 2.53% (or 112 poor households) while the near-poverty rate accounts for 0.88% (or 39 households). This poverty incidence is higher than the average poverty rate of Binh Xuyen District (2.2%).
- 38. In order to quickly integrate into the market economy, Huong Canh Town has mobilized people to develop businesses, services, and trades, etc. to create stable income sources for people, contributing to diversifying economic structure of the area. Since 2005 to present, there are 360 handicraft establishments and more than 1,170 individual production and business establishments in Huong Canh Town, with the total revenues of more than VND 235.2 billion from handicrafts, trade and services.

2. Affected Population

2.1. Features of the Affected Households

- 39. As the result of the socio economic survey shows, the total number of households affected by Dong Mong landfill is 413 made up of 1,635 persons. These households are distributed in 11 out of 19 residential groups of Huong Canh Town. The average household size of the AHs is 3.96. Specifically, 66.8% of the households are comprised of four members while 30.8% are made up of from five to seven persons. Only 2.4% of the households have eight or more than eight members.
- 40. Of the total 1,635 affected people, the percent of male members of the AHs is 53.8% while of the female members are 46.2%. All of them are Kinh people.
- 41. Among 413 households, the male AH heads account for 75.5% (or 312 people) while female heads make up 24.5% (101 people).

2.2. Age Profile of the Affected Population

42. Of the total 1,635 affected people, 404 people are in the 18-30 age group, accounting for 24.7%; 283 people in the 30-45 group (17.3%). Followed is the number of people in the 46-60 age group with 399 people, equivalent to 17%. The number of people above 60 is 262, or 16.1% while the number of people in the 6-17 age group is 195 (11.9%). Children under 6 account for 5.6% (or 92 people).

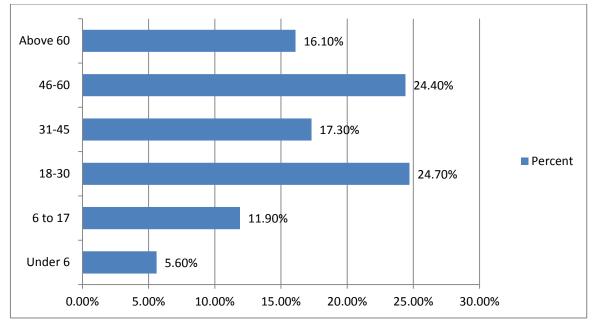


Figure 4. Affected Population by Age Structure

43. The data above shows that the majority of the affected population, 64.4%, is in working age. The percent of population group above 60 and those from 6 to 17 only accounts for 25.6% are not working age; however, people in this group are still engaged in agricultural activities and undertake some steps in handicraft process.

2.3. Educational Attainment

44. The level of education of the PAPs is considered in two aspects, which are (i) education level of the household heads; and (ii) education level of the AH members. These indicators will support the design of dissemination and communications activities as well as livelihood restoration programs.

Education of AH heads

- 45. Of the total 413 AH heads, the majority, 282 people, are secondary graduates, representing 68.3% of the surveyed. 77 AH heads, accounting for 18.6%, finished primary education. At higher level of education, the number of AH heads who finished high school is 42 AH heads, making up 10.2%. The number of AH heads with college education is small, only one person, equivalent to 0.2%, and the number of heads with university and higher education is two (0.5%). Particularly, in the subproject area, there are nine AH heads who are illiterate, making up 2.18%.
- 46. That the percent of female heads with lower education level is much higher than male AH heads. Among 282 household heads with secondary education, the male AH heads account for 55% while female heads represent 13% of the total AH heads. In other words, of the total 282 heads with secondary school, male AH heads at this level occupy 72.8% of the total male heads while female heads make up 54.5% of the total number of female heads.

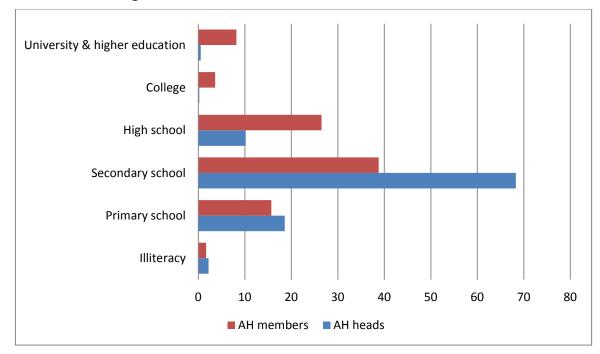


Figure 5. Educational Attainment of AH Heads and AH Members

- 47. At the lower education levels, the percent of female AH heads with primary education is 34.6% of the total female heads while the percent of male heads at this level is 13.5% of the total male heads. Of the total AH heads who finished primary school, the percent of male AH heads represents 10.2 compared to 8.5% of the female heads.
- 48. The number of male AH heads finished high school education is significantly higher than the number of female heads. Of the total 42 AH heads with this educational attainment, the percent of male AH heads accounts for 90% while the percent of female heads is only 10%. By sex, the percentage of male AH heads with high school education represents 9.2% of the total 312 male AH heads while the percentage of female heads with the same level of education is 0.97% of the total 101 female heads.
- 49. The most obvious divergence is shown in the higher level of education as well as in illiteracy rates. Only one household head had college education and is male. With regards to university level, of the total two household heads with this educational attainment, one is male while another one is female; however, the number of illiterate heads among females is doubles the number of illiterate male AH heads.

Education level of the AH members

- 50. 413 affected households are made up of 1,635 persons. The percentage of children under school age represents 8.02%.
- 51. The proportion of AH members with secondary education is 38.8% with insignificant difference among male and female members. The percentage of people with high school education is 26.5%. At this higher level, there is remarkable difference among male and female members. In which, the percentage of male members with high school level is higher by 3.3 percent. With respect to primary school education, the percentage of AH members attained this level is 15.7% with slightly higher proportion of female members.

Table 3. Educational Attainment of the AH Members by Sex

				Level of education of the PAPs												
No.	AH Heads vs. AH Members	Total surveyed people	Illiterate (%)		Primary school (%)		Secondary school (%)		High school (%)		College (%)		University and higher education (%)		schoo	der ol age %)
			Male	Fe- male	Male	Fe- male	Male	Fe- male	Male	Fe- male	Male	Fe- male	Male	Fe- male	Male	Fe- male
1	AH heads	413	0.7	1.45	10.17	8.47	54.96	13.32	0	0	9.20	0.97	0.24	0.00	0.24	0.24
2	AH members	1,635	0.37	1.28	6.97	8.69	18.53	20.31	14.92	11.62	1.96	1.59	4.10	4.10	3.43	2.14

- 52. As to higher education a level, similarly to the trend among AH heads, the percentages of male and female members with college and university education are not significantly different. At the college level, the percentage of AH members is 3.55% in which the proportions of both men and women are approximately equal.
- 53. The illiteracy rate among AH members is 1.65% in which the number of illiterate female members is 3.5 times higher than that of male AH members (1.28 compared to 0.37).

2.4. Livelihood Occupational Structure

54. Like the above-mentioned indicator, the occupational structure in the subproject area is also assessed in two aspects, which are (i) livelihood occupations of the household heads; and (ii) occupations of the household members.

Livelihood occupations of the AH heads

- 55. Among 413 AH heads, 54heads including 36 male heads and 18 female heads are recorded to be engaged in "others" work category that includes retired officials and housewives.
 - 315 household heads, accounting for 76.3%, are engaged in agriculture, comprising 238 male AH heads and 77 female AH heads.
 - 14 household heads are workers at industrial parks, including 13 male heads and one female head. The majority of them are in the 30-45 age group.
 - Four AH heads, including three males and one female, are government officials while 12 household heads are involved in business, selling food and beverage, and groceries. 10 household heads are drivers or driver assistants and four AH heads are seasonal workers.

Occupational structure of the AH members

- 56. A total 1,048 AH members in the 18-60 age group were surveyed with respect to livelihood occupations, comprising 510 male members and 538 female members.
- 57. A total 423 people including 167 male and 256 female members are engaged in agriculture (cultivation and livestock raising) as their main occupations, representing 40.7% of the total population in the working age. The number of people as workers in the private enterprises and factories is rather high, 291 people, accounting for 28%. They mostly work at the industrial parks in Binh Xuyen area. 3.4%, or 35 AH members, are hired labors in different sectors such as brick layers or porters.
- 58. 36 people are government officials, representing 3.5%, comprising 13 male and 23 female members. Two people are working at the restaurants in Huong Canh Town.
- 59. Apart from the above-mentioned occupations, 110 people are students, making up 10.6% of the total affected population in the working age.

Table 4. Occupations of the AH Heads and Members in the Working Age (by Sex)

	АН		Main occupations of the PAPs in the working age													No. of							
N o.	heads & membe rs	Total survey ed HHs	_	cultu e		nall ness	Wor	kers	e	ernm nt cials		spor ion	worl Hii	onal kers/ red ors		aura it rices	Stud s (dent %)	Oth	ners	PAPs in the worki ng	In w	hich
	15		М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	age	M	F
1	AH heads	413	238	77	9	3	13	1	3	1	10	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	36	18	250	214	36
2	AH membe rs	1,635	167	256	12	35	165	126	13	23	36	1	27	8	-	2	50	60	40	27	1,048	510	538

2.5. Income Sources and Income Levels

- 60. The income sources of the affected households are derived from agriculture, business, wage and salary, driving, assistance from family members working in other areas, and hired labors. The proportions of the different sources are as follows:
 - a. Incomes from wages and salaries are the main income sources of the PAHs, representing 62.96% of the total household incomes.
 - b. Incomes from cultivation and livestock raising contribute with 19.5% of the total incomes of the affected households.
 - c. Incomes from transportation of 37 PAPs account for 6.4% of the total incomes of the PAHs.
 - d. Incomes from business only make up 5.4% of the total incomes. Other incomes represent 3.9% in which assistance from family members working in other areas contributes 1.8% to the total.

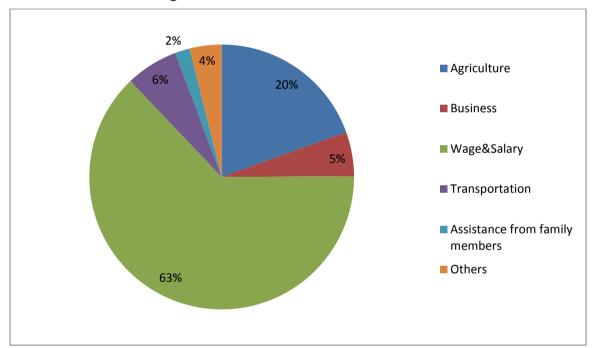


Figure 6. Income Sources of the Affected Households

Source Data surveys for RAP preparation (Oct 2015)

- 61. The average monthly household income of 413 PAHs is VND 7,565,811. In which, on average, the contribution to the household income of the male AH heads is VND 2,159,919 per month while the average contribution of the female heads is only VND 1,004,504 per month (equal to 46.5% of the average of male heads). The average monthly income level of the household members is VND 1,911,119.27
- 62. In comparison with the average income level of the town, the income of the PAHs is 1.5 times higher.
- 63. In accordance with the poverty line established by the government, with the income level of more than VND 400,000/person/month, the household is not classified as poor. Therefore, in the subproject area, 30 households have income less than VND 400,000/person/month, accounting for 7.26%. 53 households, or 12.8%, have average income levels while 79.9% have above-average income levels (330 households).

2.6. Vulnerable Households

64. Of the total 413 households, 57 households belong to the vulnerable group as defined in the RAP. In which, 42 households are martyrs' and wounded soldiers' families, six households have the disables, five poor households, two single woman-headed households with dependents, and two single elderly households.

2.7. Energy and Clean Water

- 65. 100% of the PAHs are connected to the national power grid. 100% of the households use electricity for lighting purpose.
- 66. As for cooking purpose, the energy sources used by the PAHs include electricity, gas, and coal. In which, 96.1% of the households use gas while 2.9% use coal, and the rest (1%) uses electricity.
- 67. With regards to water resources, 83.5% of the PAHs take water from drilled wells for domestic use (including cooking and drinking). All households have filters for water from drilled wells. The remaining 16.5% of the households use tap water.

3. Impacts of the Project

68. According to assessment, the impacts caused by the Project include: permanent land acquisition, temporary impacts on land, impacts on trees and crops, and impacts on livelihoods.

3.1.Impacts on Land

Permanent land acquisition

- 69. The project requires permanent acquisition of 528,624.5 m² of land in the subproject area. This total land area is under the management of Huong Canh Town PC, and belongs to 413 affected households.
- 70. By land use, the affected area comprises seven types of land, including rice field land, irrigation land, transportation land, aquaculture land, cemetery land, unused land, and annual cropland.
 - The total affected land grown to rice is 471,052.0 m², accounting for 89.1% of the total permanently acquired area. The affected agricultural area can only grow one crop of rice due to flooding.
 - 21,085.2 m² of transportation land accounting for 3.99% will be affected. All of these areas are the pathway in the rice fields.
 - The area of affected aquaculture land is 14,975.9 m²accounting for 2.83% including the area under the management of the Town PC as well as area belonging to affected households. This area is ponds for keeping tilapia and carp of the households.
 - 16,649.8 m² of irrigational landaccounting for 3.15% (small irrigation ditch in the rice fields) are under the management of Huong Canh Town PC.
 - Only 18.3 m² of annual cropland is permanently affected. These area are used to grow vegetable.
 - 489.3 m² of unused land accounting for 0.09% under the management of the Town PC will also be acquired.
 - 4,353.9 m2 of cemetery land accounting for 0.82% will be affected permanently; however, during the consultations and surveys, the PAHs have informed that there are graves in this area, which could not be identified.

Table 5. Permanent Impacts on Land

			Huong C	Canh Town
No.	Land types	Total landholdin gs (m²)	Affected area (m²)	Percentage of affected area with total landholdings (%)
1	Rice fields growing land	501,077.7	471,052.0	94.01
2	Irrigation land	20,093.4	16,649.8	82.86
3	Transport land	21,085.3	21,085.3	100
4	Aquaculture land	49,562.9	14,975.9	30.22
5	Cemetery land	4,353.9	4,353.9	100
6	Unused land	489.3	489.3	100
7	Annual cropland	18.3	18.3	100
	Total	596,680.8	528,624.5	88.59

71. The total affected area of the PAHs is $414,315.00 \text{ m}^2$. By land use, these comprise land grown to rice ($410,755 \text{ m}^2$) and aquaculture land ($3,560 \text{ m}^2$). The remaining area, $114,309.53 \text{ m}^2$ is under the management of the Town PC.

Table 6. Affected Area of Huong Canh Town PC and PAHs by Land Use

No.	Land types	DONG MONG LANDFILL			
		HUONG CANH TOWN		Affected area (m2)	
		Total landholdings (m²)	Affected area (m²)	HHs (m2)	Town PC (m2)
1	Rice growing land	501,077.70	471,052.00	410,755.0	60,297.0
2	Irrigation land	20,093.40	16,649.80	-	16,649.8
3	Transport land	21,085.33	21,085.33	-	21,085.3
4	Aquaculture land	49,562.90	14,975.90	3,560.0	11,415.9
5	Cemetery land	4,353.90	4,353.90	-	4,353.9
6	Unused land	489.30	489.30	-	489.3
7	Annual cropland	18.30	18.30	-	18.3
Total		596,680.83	528,624.53	414,315	114,309.53

Source Data surveys for RAP preparation (Oct 2015)

72. The affected area of the surveyed households is 372,090.1 m². All of which are land grown to rice. The remaining 38,664.9 m² of rice growing land and 3,560 m² of aquaculture land belong to 44 households whom the survey team could not approach.

Severity of land impacts and Land tenure status

Severity of land impacts

73. The total 413 affected households will lose an aggregate 414,315 m² of agricultural land. In which, 78 households are insignificantly affected with less than 20% of their agricultural landholdings to be acquired. The number of households who will experience acquisition impacts of 20% or more on their productive landholdings is 335. As defined by the RAP of the Project, these households are severely affected households.

- 74. With regards to vulnerable households, those who lose 10% or more of their productive landholdings is defined as severely affected households. According to such definition, of the total 335 severely PAHs, 52 are vulnerable households.
- 75. The severely affected households will be classified into different levels of impacts as followings:
 - 52 households will lose from 20% to 30% of their productive landholdings.
 - 116 households will experience land loss of 30% to 50% of their productive landholdings.
 - 65 households will be acquired from more than 50% to 70% of their total productive landholdings.
 - 59 households will lose more than 70% of their total productive landholdings.
 - A total 43 households will lose up to 100% of their productive landholdings.

PAHs by severity of impacts Acquired Total More More agricultural agricultural More No. Area 20% than than land area <20% 100% land area than 30% 30%-50% -(m2)(m2)70% 50% 70% Huong Canh Town 935,577.2 372,090.1 59 78 52 116 65 43 18.9 12.6 28.1 15.7 14.3 10.4 Percentage 100 39.77

Table 7. Number of PAHs by Severity of Impacts

Land tenure status

- 76. Of the total 413 households whose agricultural land area will be acquired, only 47 households have land use right certificates (LURCs) over their affected area.
 - 321 households are without LURCs but eligible to apply for land certificates. These
 households informed that they had submitted their records to Huong Canh Town PC for
 the issuance of LURCs and were waiting for it.
 - 42 households are without LURCs but not eligible to apply for one.

372,090.1

39.77

• Three households (03) do not give information concerning their legal status over their affected area.

AHs with Land tenure status Total Acquired Eligible Ineligible agricultural agricultural Land Total Area With to the to the land area land area N/A lease no. of **LURCs** issuance issuance (m2) (m2)contract DPs of LURCs of LURCs

321

77.7

42

10.2

3

0.7

0

0

Table 8. Land Tenure Status

47

11.4

Source Data surveys for RAP preparation (Oct 2015)

935,577.2

100

Potential impacts

Huong Canh town

Percentage

No.

77. This subproject is implemented with the purpose to contain dredged sludge from some components of the project; hence; its impacts on land and environment basically were identified. However, there is a possibility that wastewater from dredged sludge may affect the surrounding rice area.

1,635

100

- 78. As the cemetery area was being flooded during the survey period; therefore, it was impossible to observe. According to PAPs, many graves had been buried and several of which was unidentified.
- 79. These impacts will be identified and compensated in consistent with the policy framework prepared for the project and with the compensation and assistance principles established in this RAP, particularly the entitlement matrix in the Appendix 1.

3.2. Impacts on Assets Attached to Land

- 80. The total affected rice is 372,090 m².
- 81. An aggregate $16,649.8 \text{ m}^2$ of irrigation land (irrigational canals) and $21,085.3 \text{ m}^2$ of transportation landwill be permanently affected by the project implementation. This area is irrigation canals and infield pathways. The acquisition of land in the adjoining area, it will not cause impacts on other land plots. The Town PC thus will be compensated for the affected canals and pathways so that they would invest in rehabilitating infield canals and pathways in other areas.

3.3. Impacts on Livelihoods

82. 413 households are the permanent acquisition of agricultural land and their income resources will be affected although the affected land is grown to only one crop of rice, other seasonal crops and aquaculture land.

Severely households

- 83. 335 households will be severely affected by this impact (will lose 20% productive land or more). It is noted that 178 households will lose a large proportion of income derived from agricultural activities as these households will experience land loss of more than 50%; in which up to 43 households will completely lose this source of income.
- 84. The total income of 1,322 persons in 335 households in 2014 is VND 20,194,560,000. The proportion of income from agricultural activities compared to the total income in the subproject area represents 19.5%.
- 85. Other sources of incomes will not be affected.

Vulnerable households

86. Among 57 vulnerable households of the project, 52 households will lose 10% or more of their agricultural landholdings (in which there are 5 poor HHs). The total income from all sources of these households is VND 3,761,040,000; in which the proportion of annual income from agricultural activities represents 18.9% of the total income of these households.

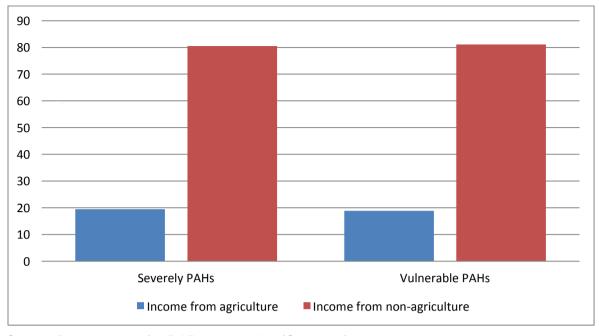


Figure 7. Ratio of Affected Livelihood Sources to Non-Affected Sources

Temporary impacts

87. The landfill Dong Mong construction will not require area for construction activities, including area for worker's camps, materials transportation and storage, etc. However, during project implementation, in case there is any temporary impact, all the impact related to land and local businesses, will be addressed as per project's RPF. This RAP will be updated to reflect such temporary impact once the detailed design is available.

IV. Principles and Policy for Resettlement, Compensation and Rehabilitation

1. General Principles

88. All projects affected people (PAP) who have assets within or reside within the area of project land-take before the cut-off date are entitled to compensation for their losses. Those who have lost their income and/or subsistence will be eligible for livelihood rehabilitation assistance based on the criteria of eligibility defined by the project in consultation with the PAPs. If, by the end of the project, livelihoods have been shown not to be restored to preproject levels, additional measures will be provided.

- (a) The compensation rates will be determined based on the results of independent appraisal of the land/crops/assets (associated with the land) in a timely and consultative manner. All fees and taxes on land and/or house transfers will be waived or otherwise included in a compensation package for land and structures/or houses or businesses. The local authorities will ensure that PAP choosing relocation on their own, obtain, without additional costs, the necessary property titles and official certificates commensurate with similar packages provided to those who choose to move to the project resettlement sites
- (b) Land will be compensated "land for land", or in cash, according to PAP's choice whenever possible. The choice of land for land must be offered to those losing 20% or more of their productive land. If land is not available, Vinh Phuc ODA Project Management Unit (PMU) must assure itself, that this is indeed the case. Those loosing 20% or more of their land will have to be assisted to restore their livelihood.

The same principles apply for the poor and vulnerable people losing 10% or more of their productive landholding.

- (c) PAPs who prefer "land for land" will be provided with land plots with the equivalent productive capacity for lost lands or a combination of land (a standard land plot) in a new residential area nearby for residential land, and cash adjustment for difference between their lost land and the land plots provided. The resettlement area will be planned properly and implemented in consultation with the PAPs. All basic infrastructures, such as paved roads, sidewalks, drainage, water supply, and electricity and telephone lines, will be provided.
- (d) PAPs who prefers "cash for land" will be compensated in cash at the full replacement cost. These PAPs will be assisted in rehabilitating their livelihoods and making their own arrangements for relocation.
- (e) Compensation for all residential, commercial, or other structures will be offered at the replacement cost, without any depreciation of the structure and without deduction for salvageable materials. Structures shall be evaluated individually. Any rates set by category of structure must use the highest value structure in that group (not the lowest).
- (f) The PAPs will be provided with full assistance (including a transportation allowance) for transportation of personal belongings and assets, in addition to the compensation at replacement cost of their houses, lands and other properties.
- (g) Compensation and rehabilitation assistance must be provided to each PAP at least 30 days prior to the taking of the assets for those who are not to be relocated and 60 days for those who will have to be relocated. Exceptions should be made in the case of vulnerable groups who may need more time.
- (h) If, by the end of the project, livelihoods have been shown not to be restored to preproject levels, additional measures will be provided.
- (i) Financial services (such as loans or credits) will be provided to PAPs if necessary. The installment amounts and the schedule of payments will be within the repayment capacity of PAP.
- (j) Additional efforts, such as economic rehabilitation assistance, training and other forms of assistance, should be provided to PAPs losing income sources, especially to vulnerable groups, in order to enhance their future prospects toward livelihood restoration and improvement.
- (k) The previous level of community services and resources, encountered prior to displacement, will be maintained or improved for resettlement areas.

2. Compensation Policies

2.1 Compensation Policies for Permanent Impacts

2.1.1. For Loss of Agricultural Land

Legal Land Users

89. If the lost area represents less than 20% of a Household's (HH's) land holding (or less than 10% for poor and vulnerable groups), and the remaining area is economically viable, compensation in cash will be at 100% replacement cost for the lost area. If the lost area represents 20% or more of the HHs' land holding, (or 10% or more for the poor and vulnerable groups) or the remaining area is not economically viable, then "land for land" compensation should be considered as the preferred option. If no land is available, then PMU must demonstrate this to the World Bank's satisfaction before proceeding.

- 90. If land is not available, or if the PAP prefers cash compensation, then cash compensation will be provided for the lost area at 100% of land replacement cost, and the PAP will be provided with rehabilitation measures to restore the lost income sources, such as agricultural extension, job training, credit access, provision of non-agricultural land at a location appropriate for running off-farm business or services (*Article 83,84 of Land Law andItem 1, Article 15 of Decision 35/2014/QD-UBND dated August 15 2014*). If the PAPs wish, and there is land of similar value elsewhere, the project should also assist these PAPs to visit these areas and help with legal transactions should they wish.
- 91. For agricultural land located intermixed with residential areas, and/or garden and pond land located adjacent to residential areas, apart from compensation at the price of agricultural land having the same use purpose, monetary support shall also be provided. The specific support levels being decided by the Vinh Phuc Province People's Committees to suit local conditions (Item 1, Article 17 of Decision 35/2014/QD-UBND dated August 15 2014).

Users with Temporary or Leased Rights to Use Communal/Public Land (PAPs who Rent Communal or Public Land):

- 92. Cash compensation at the amount corresponding to the remained investment put on the land or corresponding to the remained value of the land leased contract, if it exists (Item 1, Article 76, Land Law 2013 and Item 3, Article 17 of Decision 35/2014/QD-UBND dated August 15 2014).
- 93. For PAPs currently using land assigned by State-owned agricultural or forestry farms on a contractual basis for agricultural, forestry, or aquaculture purposes (excluding land under special use forests and protected forests), compensation shall be provided for investments made on the land, but not for the land itself, and these PAPs will also receive additional support for income rehabilitation if they are directly involved in agricultural activities as per Government's regulations (Item 3, Article 14 of Decision 35/2014/QD-UBND dated August 15 2014).

Land Users Who Do Not Have Formal or Customary Rights to Affected Land.

- 94. Instead of compensation, these PAPs will receive rehabilitation assistance at 80% of the land value in cash. Agricultural land used before July 1, 2004 will be compensated at 100% as per Article 77.2 of the Land Law. These PAPs will be entitled to the rehabilitation measures mentioned above, to ensure that their living standards are restored.
- 95. In cases (i) where the land is rented through civil contracts between individuals, households or organizations, then the compensation for crops, trees or aquaculture products will be paid to the affected land users and VP ODA PMU shall assist the renter to find similar land to rent; (ii) when PAPs utilize public land (or protected areas), with an obligation to return the land to the Government when requested, the PAPs will not be compensated for the loss of use of the land. However, these PAPs will be compensated for crops, trees, structures and other assets they own or use, at full replacement cost.
- 96. The social and baseline assessment should consider if a physical impediment caused by the VPFRWMP will impose additional costs on PAPs, and whether additional compensation is required to offset these costs.

2.1.2. For Loss of Residential Land

Loss of Residential Land W/O Structures Built Thereon

97. For legal and/or legalizable land users, all compensation for loss of land will be made in cash at full replacement cost. For land users who have no recognizable land use right, financial assistance will be provided. The amount will be determined by the respective Vinh Phuc

Province People's Committees (Article 79 of the Land Law and andArticle 3 of Decision 35/2014/QD-UBND dated August 15 2014).

Loss of Residential Land with Structures Built Thereon, Where The Remaining (Non-Acquired) Land Is Adequate To Rebuild The Structure (Re-organizing PAP):

98. Compensation for loss of land will be made in cash at (i) full replacement cost for legal and legalizable land users; (ii) Financial assistance of an agreed amount will be provided to land users who do not have recognizable land use rights.

Loss of Residential Land with Structures Built Thereon, And The Remaining Land Is Not Adequate To Rebuild The Structure (Relocating PAP):

- (i) For PAPs who have legal or legalizable rights to the affected land:
- A land plot of equivalent size and quality, in a well-developed resettlement site.
 Where land is not available, an apartment will be provided to the PAP. This will be
 done in consultation with the PAP. Full ownership title to the land or apartment will be
 given at no cost to the PAP (Article 86 and 87 of Land Law, and Item 1, Article 18 of
 Decision 35/2014/QD-UBND dated August 15 2014).

OR,

- On request of and with full consultation with the PAP, cash compensation at full replacement cost. In case, the household is expected to relocate themselves, it will plus an amount equivalent to the value of the infrastructure investments calculated as an average for each household in a resettlement site (Item 2, Article 18 of Decision 35/2014/QD-UBND dated August 15 2014).
- 99. In the event that the compensation amount to be paid is less than the cost of a minimum land plot /apartment in the project's resettlement site, PAPs will be given support with the difference needed to allow them to acquire the new land plot/apartment at no additional cost. If a land plot/apartment in the resettlement site is not PAP's chosen option, a financial assistance, equivalent to the difference in the value of the chosen and actually received land plot/apartment will be provided to them (Item 4, Article 86 of Land Law).
 - (ii) PAPs who do not have formal or customary rights to the affected land:
 - Financial assistance of an amount to be determined by Vinh Phuc Province People's Committee will be given.
 - If the PAP has no place to move, a land plot or an apartment satisfactory to them will be provided in the resettlement site and they can either pay in installment or rent it for living.

100. In case the relocated PAPs belong to poor or vulnerable groups or households, additional assistance (in cash and kind) will be provided to ensure that they are able to fully relocate to a new site.

2.1.3. For Loss of House/Structures

101. Compensation or assistance in cash will be made for all affected private-owned houses/structures, at 100% of the replacement costs for materials and labor, regardless of whether or not they have title to the affected land or a construction permit/licence for the affected structure. The compensation/assistance amount will be sufficient to rebuild the

affected house/structure of the same quality. As per OP 4.12 cash compensation will be at full replacement cost in local markets. No deductions will be made for depreciation or salvageable materials.

102. If the house/structure is partially affected, a financial assistance will be provided to enable PAPs to repair the affected house/structures to restore it to the former condition, or better, at no additional cost to them.

Tenants

- Tenants of state-owned or organization-owned houses will be: (i) entitled to rent or buy a new apartment of an area at least equal to their affected ones or (ii) provided a financial assistance equivalent to 60% of replacement cost of the affected land and houses. The affected structures built at the PAP's own costs will be compensated for at full replacement costs.
- Tenants who are leasing a private house for living purposes will be provided with transportation allowance for moving assets, and will be assisted in identifying alternative accommodation.

2.1.4. For Loss of Standing Crops and Trees or Aquaculture Products

103. For annual and perennial standing crops, trees or aquaculture products, regardless of the legal status of the land, cash compensation at full replacement cost will be paid to the affected persons who cultivate the land. The compensation will be sufficient to replace the lost standing crops, trees or aquaculture products at local market rates. Perennial crops or trees will be compensated at a rate calculated on their life time productivity. Where affected trees can be removed and transported, compensation will be paid for the loss of the tree plus the transportation cost.

2.1.5. For Loss of Income and/or Business/Productive Assets

104. For PAPs losing income and/or business/productive assets as a result of land acquisition, the mechanism for compensating will be:

- Allowance for Business Loss: All affected businesses and production households whose
 income is affected will be compensated and/or supported for losses in business
 equivalent to 30% of their actual annual income: (i) For licensed businesses the
 compensation will be based on their average yearly income as declared with the
 taxation agency over the previous three years, and (ii) For unregistered affected
 businesses the support will be based on their tax obligations.
- Employees who are affected by acquisition of residential/commercial land acquisition, public land or land of enterprises: Allowance equivalent to the minimum salary as per the City regulations to affected employees during the transition period which can be for a maximum of 6 months. Assistance in finding alternative employment will also be given.
- If the business has to be relocated, the project will provide an alternative site with location advantage and physical attributes similar to the land lost, and with easy access to a customer base, satisfactory to the PAP. Alternatively, the PAP will receive compensation in cash for the affected land and attached structures at replacement cost, plus transportation allowance for movable assets.

2.1.6. Compensation for Graves

105. Compensation for the removal of graves/ tombs will include the cost of excavation, relocation, reburial and other related costs which are necessary to satisfy customary requirements. Compensation in cash will be paid to each affected family or to the affected group as a whole as is determined through a process of consultation with the affected community. The level of compensation will be decided in consultation with the affected families/communities. Household and individual graves are considered physical cultural resources (PCR) and even though the costs associated with their relocation will be covered in the resettlement plan, the WB OP 4.11 on Physical Cultural Resources should be triggered and relevant cross references should be made to the Environmental Management Plan or Project Implementation Manual.

2.1.7. Compensation for Other Assets

106. In the case of the affected households is equipped with telephone system, water meter, electric meter, cable TV, internet access (subscription), well shall be compensated according to unit price of installing new units offer service announcement or relocation costs due to service providers regulations.

2.1.8. Compensation for Loss of Public Structures

107. In cases where community infrastructure such as schools, factories, water sources, roads, sewage systems, medical centers, distribution/transmission, communication and fiber cable are damaged and the community wishes to reuse them, the project will ensure that these are restored or repaired as the case may be, at no cost to the community. Public infrastructure directly related to people's livelihoods and developmental needs, such as irrigation canals, school, clinic, etc. will be restored/rebuilt to pre-project or higher quality levels or compensated at replacement cost, as determined through consultation with the affected community.

2.2. Compensation Policy for Temporary Impact during Construction

108. When PAPs are adversely impacted by project works on a temporary basis, they are entitled to the following:

- Compensation for all affected assets/investments made on the land, including trees, crops etc., at full replacement cost;
- Cash compensation for rental loss, which is at least equivalent to the net income that would have been derived from the affected property during the period of disruption;
- Aqua-culture households and fishing as secondary income generaring activitiy in Sau Vo, So, Nhi Hoang and Rung retention lakes, who are likely to be impacted, will be involved in public consultations and socio-economic survey. These results areserved as basis for calculation of compensation and rehabiliation measures to ensure that their livelihood will not be worsen off resulting from the project construction

109. Damages caused by contractors to private or public structures: Damaged property will be restored to its former condition by contractors, immediately upon completion of civil works. Under their contract specifications, the contractors will be required to take extreme care to avoid damaging property during their construction activities. Where damages do occur, the contractor will be required to repair the damage and may also be required to pay compensation to the affected families, groups, communities, or government agencies at the same compensation rates that are applied to all other assets affected by the Project.

- 110. **Secondary PAPs:** This refers to PAPs affected by development of individual resettlement or group resettlement sites. Because all secondary PAPs are likely to be affected in similar ways as primary ones, they will be entitled to compensation and rehabilitation assistance in accordance with the impacts on them and according to the same compensation rates and procedures that apply to all PAPs affected in this project.
- 111. Compensation for Loss of Community Assets: In cases where community infrastructure such as schools, bridges, factories, water sources, roads, sewage systems are damaged, the project will ensure that these will be restored or repaired at no cost for the community, and be done to a standard that meets the community's satisfaction.
- 112. Any other impacts that may be identified during implementation. Any other impacts identified during project implementation will be compensated in accordance with the principles of this RPF and World Bank OP 4.12. Any disruption of business will be compensated in accordance with the principles of this RPF.

2.3 Allowances and Rehabilitation Assistance

113. Besides the compensation for affected assets, PAPs will be provided with financial assistance to cover their expenses during the transition period. The assistance levels will be adjusted, taking into account inflation factor and price increase to be appropriate to the payment time. They include, but are not limited to:

For Impacts on Residential Land:

- a. Removal Support: Organizations and PAPs that are allocated or leased land by the state or are lawfully using land and have to relocate their productive and/or business establishments are entitled to financial support for dismantling, relocating and reinstallation of the establishment. Support levels will be determined by actual costs at the time of removal, based on self-declaration of the organizations and verification by the agency in charge of compensation. (Item 10, Article 17 of Decision 35/2014/QD-UBND dated August 15 2014).
- b. House Renting Allowance or temporary accommodation will be provided to PAPs (i) who may be forced to relocate from their original homes and are still awaiting the replacement land plots or apartments, or (ii) who are re-organizing, but remaining land is not viable for continued living and need for re-building, with amount of 2,000,000 VND per month, for period of 6 months. In the case of replacement land plots, the rental allowance will extend to the period during which the new house is being built.

For Impacts on Agricultural Land:

• Allowance for Loss of Livelihood (during transition period):

- (i) PAPs losing 20 70% of their agricultural landholding (or 10 70% for the poor and vulnerable groups) will be provided with compensation by three hundred (300) thousand VND /person/month for 6 months if they do not have to relocate, and for 12 months in case of relocation. In some special cases, in extremely difficult areas, the compensation may be provided for a maximum of 24 months;
- (ii) PAPs losing more than 70% of their agricultural landholding will be assisted at the above rate for a period of 12 months if they do not have to relocate, and 24 months in case of relocation. In some special cases, in extremely difficult areas, the compensation may be provided up to a maximum of 36 months;

- (iii) Households affected by loss of less than 20% of land, where the remaining land is rendered unviable for continued use, will be assisted with the above support plus any additional support as determined, for a period of 12 months. In case of land-for-land compensation, PAPs will be assisted with seedlings, agricultural-forestry extension programs, husbandry etc.
- **Support for Skill/Job Change:** The project will offer a range of training options in consultation with the affected PAPs and relevant to the market demand and needs of the area. The financial compensation will at most 2.5 times the agricultural land prices established by Vinh Phuc PPC of the acquired agricultural land, but subject to the local land allocation limit as per Government's regulations.
- Support for training, apprenticeships on vocational training establishments: At least one member of each affected household will be entitled to vocational training and assistance in getting employment in the VP PPC. The PAPs participating in such training programs will be exempted from payment of tuition fees. After finishing training courses, they will be given priorities to be recruited in local manufacturing industries.
- Assistance for agricultural, garden and pond land adjacent to, but not included in the category of residential land: will be supported in cash equivalent 40% of the cost of compensation for the adjacent residential plot.

Other allowances/ assistance:

- Incentive Bonus: All PAPs who vacate the affected land immediately after receiving compensation and allowances will be given an incentive allowance, the specific support levels being decided by the Vinh Phuc Province People's Committees to suit local conditions.
- Relocated households which eligible for resettlement, but self accommodation (not wish to receive land in project resettlement site): will be provided with one-time support. The support is divided into 03 categories, including: (i) VND 50 million for Vinh Yen city and Phuc Yen district town; (ii) VND 60 million for Tam Dao district town and (iii) VND 40 million for other areas (Item 2, Article 18, Decision 35/2014/QD-UBND dated August 15 2014)
- Households relocating with school-going children will be supported with 1-year tuition as regulated by the Ministry of Education

Allowances/Assistance Targeted to Vulnerable Households:

- For landless households: Assistance through provision of an apartment with either payment in installment to buy it or rent it for living (at PAP's choice). Additional assistance will be considered if needed to ensure the PAP have a place to live.
- **Social Policy**: (i) Relocated Households which included heroic mothers, heroic armed force, heroic labor, war veterans, wounded or dead soldiers will be provided with support from 03 to 07 million VND per householdas regulated by the Vinh Phuc PPC: (ii) Poor Relocated Household or Poor Household whose 10% or more of their productive land affected or where <10% land affected but the remaining land is rendered unviable: 03 mil/HH (to be certified by local authority).
- Other vulnerable groups: Female headed households with dependents, household
 with disabled persons, elderly without any source of support and ethnic minority
 households will get the same additional support given to poor households in accordance
 with the provincial policy but not less than VND 3 mil per household.

 PAPs who will lose income sources will be entitled to take part in Income Restoration Programs. Rehabilitation measures like agricultural extension services, job training and creation, credit access and/or other measures as appropriate will be given to PAPs losing income sources to ensure their livelihood could be restored to the pre-project level.

114. Apart from the assistances mentioned above, based on the actual situation, the Project may consider other assistances to secure life stabilization, culture, production and livelihoods of PAPs.

3. Eligibility Criteria and Entitlements

115. **Project Affected People (PAP).** People directly affected by a project through the loss of land, residences, other structures, business, assets, or access to resources, specifically are:

- Persons whose agricultural land will be affected (permanently or temporarily) by the Project;
- Persons whose residential land/houses will be affected (permanently or temporarily) by the Project;
- Persons whose leased-houses will be affected (permanently or temporarily) by the Project;
- Persons whose businesses, occupations. or places of work will be affected (permanently or temporarily) by the Project;
- Persons whose crops (annual and perennial)/trees will be affected in part or in total by the Project;
- Persons whose other assets or access to those assets, will be affected in part or in total by the Project; and
- Persons whose livelihoods will be impacted (permanently or temporarily) due to restriction of access to protected areas by the Project.

116. Identification of vulnerable groups or Households (HHs): the initial rapid socioeconomic surveys, the vulnerable groups will generally include the following:

- Poor and poorest households as identified by DOLISA and other pertinent national survey results. Poor rural landless households, especially those that are heavily natural resource dependent;
- Poor landholders that have limited productive land (this will be determined by the minimum amount of farm land needed to be a viable farmer in the project area)
- Ethnic minority Households:
- Mentally and physically handicapped people or people in poor physical health; infants, children and women without assistance;
- Poorest women-headed households or women-headed households with no other support;
- Other PAP identified by the project management unit and who may not be protected through national land compensation or land titling; or
- 117. Any additional groups identified by the socio economic surveys and by meaningful public consultation. Cut-off date for Dong Mong Landfill Subproject is January 2015 when Binh Xuyen District People's Committee announced project to the community in the subproject area
- 118. *Eligibility:* The eligibility for entitlement to compensation is determined by asset ownership criteria:
 - (i) Those who have formal legal rights to land (including customary and traditional rights

- recognized under the laws of the country. In the consideration, it is also useful to document how long they have been using the land or the assets associated with it);
- (ii) Those who do not have formal legal rights to land at the time the census begins but have a claim to such land or assets provided that such claims are recognized under the laws of the country or become recognized through a process identified in the resettlement plan;
- (iii) Those who have no recognizable legal right or claim to the land they are occupying.
- 119. Persons covered under (i) and (ii) are provided compensation for the land they lose, and other assistance. Persons covered under (iii) are provided resettlement assistance in lieu of compensation for the land they occupy, and other assistance, as necessary, to achieve the objectives set out in this policy, if they occupy the project area prior to a cut-off date established by the borrower and acceptable to the Bank. Persons who encroach on the area after the cut-off date are not entitled to compensation or any other form of resettlement assistance. All persons included in (i), (ii), or (iii) are provided compensation for loss of owned or used assets other than land.
- 120. **Replacement Cost.** For agricultural land, it is the pre-project or pre-displacement, whichever is higher, market value of land of equal productive potential or use located in the vicinity of the affected land, plus the cost of preparing the land to levels similar to those of the affected land, plus the cost of any registration and transfer taxes. For land in urban areas, it is the pre-displacement market value of land of equal size and use, with similar or improved public infrastructure facilities and services and located in the vicinity of the affected land, plus the cost of any registration and transfer taxes. For other structures, it is the market cost of the materials to build a replacement structure with an area and quality similar to or better than those of the affected structure, or to repair a partially affected structure, plus the cost of transporting building materials to the construction site, plus the cost of any labor and contractors' fees, plus the cost of any registration and transfer taxes. In determining the replacement cost, depreciation of the asset and the value of salvage materials are not taken into account, nor is the value of benefits to be derived from the project deducted from the valuation of an affected asset
- 121. **Entitlements:** With respect to a particular eligibility category, entitlements are the sum of compensations and other forms of assistance provided to project affected persons. Please refer to Annex 1 for the Full Entitlement Matrix.

Newly-identified Households after the Cut-Off-Date:

- 122. Those households splitting from the large families after the cut-off-date who meet the following conditions will be eligible for resettlement benefits as stand-alone households and are recognized as PAPs:
 - a. Households splitting from a family with minimum of two couples and having minimum of six persons; and
 - b. Endorsement by the District authority, with verification of commune's People's Committee that the household has split.
- 123. Newly born children, spouses of persons named in the household registration books, people who have completed military service, and people who have just returned from schools to live with the affected households prior to the cut-off date will be entitled to the compensation and support measures outlined in this document.

V. Income Restoration Strategy

1. Objectives

- 124. Income restoration program will be implemented to support the PAPs to improve, or at least restore, their living standards, income, and production capacity, to the pre-project level. The program will cover a total of 335 households who lose more than 20% of their agricultural land, including 52 vulnerable HHs who would lose more than 10% of the agricultural land.
- 125. The overall objective of the project is to ensure that all people affected by the subproject can maintain, or improve living standards and income earning capacity of the compensation and rehabilitation support for all types of assets they lost.

2. Principles

126. According to the policy framework for compensation and resettlement for the subproject and the decision on support and resettlement when the State recovers land in the province of Vinh Phuc and inventory results, 335 households (will lose 20% or more including 52 vulnerable households who will lose 10% or more) of their productive landholdings. Hence, the livelihood restoration program is designed and implemented in consultation with those affected during the project implementation.

3. Income Restoration Strategy

Financial Source

127. Funding sources for implementation of compensation and resettlement include funds for paying compensation and support, building resettlement sites (if necessary), restoring livelihoods and income, and managing implementation of resettlement as counterpart funds of Vinh Phuc Province.

Program

- 128. 335 households affected from 20% of productive land (from 10% for vulnerable households) or more, will be receiving support of livelihood rehabilitation:
- 129. Support for production and life stability in cash equivalent to 30kg of rice/person/month for a maximum period of 12 months for each specific case.
- 130. Support for vocational training to change job for all affected people in working age (men: 18-55 years old, women: 18-50 years old) who are farming, fishing or similar profession and bear significant impact or major loss of revenue.
- 131. Facilitating participation in the construction work (the manual work such as excavation, embankment) to increase income.
- 132. In addition to the above-mentioned support, the implementation phase of resettlement will hold intensive consultation for affected households to understand the aspirations of households on livelihood restoration, thereby livelihood rehabilitation plan/programwill be established for the affected households based on the actual impacts according to DMS's results. And monitor the recovery process is required to ensure the livelihood of the household income as before the project.

4. Vulnerable Group

- 133. The vulnerable households are poor households defined by the government regulations; households led by single women with dependents, ethnic minorities, households who are beneficiaries of the social policies such as martyrs' and wounded soldiers' families, the elderly, and the disable. These households will be provided with assistance to rehabilitate and improve their livelihoods and income on the case-by-case basis. Assistance will include food and vocational training supports.
- 134. The vulnerable households or severely affected households who fall under two or more than two categories of vulnerability (for example, poor household who is also beneficiary of social policy, or woman-headed household) will receive an assistance package suitable to their type of vulnerability.

5. Gender Strategy

- 135. The survey and consultation result showed that the female head-household have income resources lower than the male head-household. In the sub-project area, most female head-households are in 55 year old or more, their income recourses from agriculture and livestock. The project will affect agricultural land/aquaculture land and thus increase the risk of unemployment for women.
- 136. Gender strategies designed below will ensure to attract the participation of women in planning and implementing RAP as well as livelihood restoration program. The monitoring consultants, social development experts, and project managers are responsible for developing and guiding the implementation of gender strategies to ensure that these activities are carried out accordingly.
- 137. The gender strategy incorporating the following gender related issues will be implemented:
 - (i) Create employment opportunities for women to be paid during the construction sub-project;
 - (ii) Give priority to vocational training for female headed-households and female members of the families affected to help them have access to the activities of non-agricultural income.
 - (iii) Support the expansion of animal husbandry will be implemented for older affected woman;
 - (iv) Consult women to determine criterions for replaced land or improving current land, especially in planning for current lands and maintain the family as well as set up the relationship with services and public facilities such as school, health organization, market and economic activities.
 - (v) AHs consultation about proprietary arrangement will ensure that women (including female heads or members of family) know thoroughly about their selections and obligation; and women's opinions are reviewed for decision making.
 - (vi) The payment of compensation will be signed by both wife and husband or women who are household heads.
 - (vii)Project construction contract includes gender equal commitment: i) ensure not to use child and illegal labor as labor force; ii) not distinguish, against woman labor; and iii) not pay differently between woman and man if they have the same qualifications and work in the same positions.

- 138. Female AH heads as well as members of Compensation Committee are encouraged and supported to fully participate in the RAP implementation process. These activities are in consistent with the policies on participation defined in the RPF, including:
 - DCARC and CPCs will ensure that the grievance redress process will involve the representatives of the Women's Union as well as women who are household heads or members of AHs:
 - Representatives of women in the District and Commune/Town CARB will be facilitated to exchange experiences with other projects;
 - The affected women and representatives of the Women's Union will provide recommendations in minimizing environmental and social related impacts.

VI. Information Disclosure and Public Consultation

1. World Bank Disclosure Policy (BP 17.50)

- 139. Information disclosure for the affected people and involved departments/ organizations is an important part of the project preparation and implementation process. Consultation with the APs and ensure their active participation will reduce the risks of conflicts and delay of the project. This also enables the Project to design the resettlement and restoration program as a comprehensive development program which is appropriate to the needs and priorities of the affected people, thereby maximize the socioeconomic efficiency of the investment funding. The objectives of the information disclosure and public consultation program include:
- 140. Ensure that the competent authorities as well as local representatives of those affected, were involved in planning and decision making. Vinh Phuc ODA PMU will work closely with the Province People's Committee, district and communes/town in the project implementation process. The participation of the affected people during implementation were continued by requesting the district to invite representatives of the affected people to be the members of district Compensation and resettlement Council/Board and to participate in resettlement activities (property evaluation, compensation, resettlement, and monitoring).
 - Share information on all items and activities expected of the project affected persons.
 - Collect information on needs and priority of those affected, as well as receive information about their reaction on policies and activities planned.
 - Ensure that those affected can be fully informed decisions directly affect the incomes and living standards, and they had the opportunity to participate in the activities and decisions about issues directly affecting them.
 - Achieve coordination and participation of affected people and communities in activities necessary for planning and implementing resettlement.
 - Ensure transparency in all activities related to land acquisition, compensation, resettlement and restoration.

2. Information Disclosure

141. The purpose of the information disclosure is to provide information regarding compensation, impacts and assistances to the affected people as well as local communities. In fact, due to the limited social relationships of the farmers and their hesitance when contacting with the local authorities, the concerns related to policies are rarely exchanged between the local authorities and PAPs. Affected people feel comfortable asking about compensation

policies and receive documents related to the project at any time, they do not have to wait to hear information dissemination.

2.1. Information Disclosure during RAP Preparation

- 142. Information disclosure and public consultations are conducted during the project preparation and implementation processes to ensure that the PAHs and stakeholders are timely informed about land acquisition, compensation and resettlement. This is also an opportunity for the PAPs to participate and express their opinions with regards to resettlement implementation programs. The Resettlement Consultant has coordinated with the representatives of the DPCs, Town PC and CPCs in the subproject area, and leaders of the villages to organize public meetings and consultations in order to provide information and guide the next steps to ensure that the PAHs are informed in a timely manner.
- 143. In addition, organizations and individuals concerned about land acquisition and impacts on assets attached to land and resettlement can also take part in the public meetings and consultations. Representatives of mass organizations in the subproject area have also attended the meetings and consultations, such as Vietnam Women's Union, Fatherland Front and Vietnam Farmers' Union.

Key topics covered in the public consultations are as followings:

- i. Dissemination of key information related to policies of the World Bank, the Government, and VP-FRWMP applied to the subproject.
- ii. Project information and World Bank policies on resettlement, environment, gender as well as ethnic minority issues through village loudspeaker system and project information brochures/leaflets.
- iii. Collect opinions and feedback of the local communities regarding the project implementation.
- iv. In the public consultations, information related to the project and safeguard policies of the World Bank is provided. Opinions and comments of the residents on design and resettlement options as well as their aspirations and expectations are recorded.
- v. Questions of the local communities concerning the project and safeguard policies were responded to.
- vi. CPCs and VP-PMU have also provided answers to specific questions of the local residents related to project details or local policies.
- vii. The opinions of local communities and representatives of the CPC as well as other stakeholders were recorded in the meeting minutes.

2.2. Information Disclosure during RAP Implementation

- 144. The purpose of information disclosure is to inform the affected households and local communities about the impacts, compensation and assistances. There is undeniable fact that, due to limited social relationships and exchanges with the local authorities of the farmers, issues and concerns related to policy are not discussed in a regular and direct manner with the people.
- 145. As mentioned above, the Resettlement Consultant has coordinated with the local authorities in the subproject area to organize public meetings and consultations with the affected households in order to share information and discuss the positive as well as adverse

impacts likely to occur during the subproject implementation process, the implementation schedule, resettlement, compensation and assistance progress, compensation procedures, and specific policies related to compensation which were included in the RPF. The documents related to the subprojects are distributed to the affected households in the meetings.

3. Public Consultation

3.1 Public Consultation dung RAP Preparation

- 146. Public consultations were conducted in October 2015 in Huong Canh Town, covering the following topics:
 - Inform the local authorities as well as affected people in the subproject area about the subproject in a fully, freely and democratic manner.
 - Send RAP preparation announcement to the local authorities at city/district and town/ward/commune levels.
 - Collect feedback from the potentially affected households, including those who are not adversely affected but are beneficiaries.
- 147. Survey of the affected households, including:
 - Impacts of the subproject on people's lives in the area; advantages and difficulties of resettlement. Opinions on compensation and resettlement plan.
 - Impacts of construction on people's lives, local infrastructure.
 - Comments on the proposed compensation and resettlement plan.
- 148. The public consultations were attended by 261the representatives of the PAHs, CPCs, and mass organizations such as Farmers' Union and Women's Union (table 10). The purpose of the consultations was to discuss the proposed subproject and collect opinions of the local communities on design alternatives.
- 149. Key information disseminated in the meetings included (i) scope and objectives of the subproject; (ii) processes and procedures related to compensation, assistance and resettlement; and (iii) resettlement impacts.

Table 9. Summary of Public Consultation

			No. of participant	S	
Area	Male	Female	Representatives of local authorities	Representatives of mass organizations	Consultation contents
					✓ Disseminate project information;
Huong					✓ Introduce the impacts caused by the project;
Canh Town	135	150	3	3	✓ Introduce the compensation policies to be applied;
					✓ Collect opinions and aspirations of the affected households

restoration programs.

Source Summary from consultation minutes (Oct, 2015)

The opinions of the stakeholders included:

- 150. PAPs, local authorities, and mass organizations expressed their supports towards the project implementation. However, they also have various concerns and worries. Specifically:
 - i. The local authorities and people totally support the project implementation in the area of Huong Canh Town. It is requested that during the implementation process, the stakeholders of the project must comply with the policies and laws of the Government as well as regulations of Vinh Phuc Province. The people should be informed six month in advance concerning the time and location of acquisition.
 - ii. The PAHs request that the compensation must be in compliance with the set policies and the compensation rates of the project must be close to the actual prices. As Binh Xuyen District borders Hanoi, people expect that the compensation rates should be close to the compensation rates in Hanoi City. Temporary impacts must be compensated and returned to the PAPs for cultivation. If the remaining area is smaller than 30m², the project should acquire it to ensure farming. Will the indirect effects of the Project be compensated?
 - iii. According to the representative of the mass organizations, as most households in the project area are engaged in agriculture, the project should give priority to arrange works for the local labors.
- 151. All participants agreed and supported the project implementation as well as its policies and expected that the project would be implemented soon so that people would have better opportunities in developing production and improving living standards.
- 152. Public consultations after the completion of the draft RAP will be organized with the aims to provide information and consult with the PAPs and concerned organizations and individuals regarding (i) results of impact calculations; estimated compensation rates; and entitlements; (ii) compensation payment procedures and -. Opinions and comments of the PAPs will be collected fully and accurately, thereby, creating opportunities for the PAPs to take part in developing their resettlement plan in order to ensure transparency and democracy in development.

3.2. Public Consultation during RAP Implementation

153. Prior to RAP updating according to the detailed designs, the PMU/PCARC/DCARC will organize public meetings in each affected commune/town to provide additional information for the APs and give them opportunities to discuss publicly about the resettlement policies and procedures. Invitations are sent to all APs prior to each meeting. The purpose of these meetings is to clarify available information and give APs chance to discuss issues they are concerned. Other information disclosure channels should also be used including posting at the public places, district and commune/town People's Committees, using local loudspeaker system, radio and newspapers. Both male and female members of the affected households as well as community members who are interested in are encouraged to participate. In the

meetings, project information, entitlements of the APs will be explained. The meetings are also a chance for APs to ask questions and raise their concerns. Such meetings will be periodically organized during the project cycle.

3.3. Project Information Brochure (PIB)

154. A Project Information Brochure (PIB) will be prepared by Vinh Phuc ODA PMU and distributed to the PAPs during the preparation as well as implementation period to ensure that people are aware of the benefits brought by the Project. The PIB also provides details of compensation and assistance policies as stated in the RPF as to minimize social impacts when the subproject involves land acquisition and clearance.

4. Public Disclosure

155. Apart from information disclosure to the APs and their communities, RAP will be disclosed locally in Vietnamese at the project areas and in English at Bank's Infoshop prior to commencing project appraisal.

VII. Grievance Redress Mechanism

156. In order to ensure that all APs' grievances and complaints on any aspect of land acquisition, compensation and resettlement are addressed in a timely and satisfactory manner, and that all possible avenues are available to APs to air their grievances, a well-defined grievance redress mechanism needs to be established. All APs can send any questions to implementation agencies about their rights in relation with entitlement of compensation, compensation policy, rates, land acquisition and grievance redress. APs are not required to pay any fee during any of the procedures associated with seeking grievance redress including if resolution requires legal action to be undertaken in a court of law. This cost is included in the budget for implementation of RAPs. The mechanism of complaint and complaint and grievances resolution steps are as below:

First Stage - Commune/Town People's Committee

157. An aggrieved APs may bring his/her complaint to the One Door Department of the Commune Town People's Committee, in writing or verbally. The member of Commune /Town PC at the One Door Department will be responsible to notify the Town PC leaders about the complaint for solving. The Chairman of the Commune /Town PC will meet personally with the aggrieved APs and will have 30 days following the receiving date of the complaint to resolve it. The Commune/Town PC secretariat is responsible for documenting and keeping file of all complaints handled by the Town PC.

Second Stage - At District People's Committee (DPC)

158. If after 30 days the aggrieved affected household does not hear from the Town PC, or if the APs is not satisfied with the decision taken on his/her complaint, the APs may bring the case, either in writing or verbally, to any member of the DPC or the DRC of the district. The DPC in turn will have 30 days following the receiving date of the complaint to resolve the case. The DPC is responsible for documenting and keeping file of all complaints that it handles and will inform the DRC of district of any decision made. Affected households can also bring their case to Court if they wish.

Third Stage - At Provincial People's Committee (Vinh Phuc PPC)

159. If after 30 days the aggrieved PAP does not hear from the DPC, or if the PAP is not satisfied with the decision taken on his/her complaint, the PAP may bring the case, either in writing or verbally, to any member of the VP PPC or lodge an administrative case to the District People's Court for solution. The VP PPC has 45 days within which to resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of all concerned. The VP PPC secretariat is also responsible for documenting and keeping file of all complaints that it handles. Affected households can also bring their case to Court if they want.

Final Stage - Court of Law Decides

- 160. If after 45 days following the lodging of the complaint with the VP PPC, the aggrieved PAP does not hear from the VP PPC, or if he/she is not satisfied with the decision taken on his/her complaint, the case may be brought to a court of law for adjudication. Decision by the court will be the final decision.
- 161. Decision on solving the complaints must be sent to the aggrieved APs and concerned parties and must be posted at the office of the People's Committee where the complaint is solved. After three days, the decision/result on solution is available at commune/ward/town level and after seven days at district or city level.
- 162. In order to minimize complaints to the provincial level, PMU will cooperate with the District Resettlement Committee to participate in and consult on settling complaints;
- 163. **Personnel:** The Environmental and Resettlement staff assigned by PMU will formulate and maintain a database of the PAPs' grievances related to the Project including information such as nature of the grievances, sources and dates of receipt of grievances, names and addresses of the aggrieved PAPs, actions to be taken and current status.
- 164. In case of verbal claims, the reception board will record these inquiries in the grievance form at the first meeting with affected people.
- 165. Environmental and Resettlement personnel selected by VP ODA PMU will develop and maintain a database of the affected people's complaints received related to the Project which will contain the following information: nature of the complaint, source & date of receiving complaints, name and address of complainant, action taken, and current status.
- 166. The independent monitoring agency will be responsible for checking the procedures for and resolutions of grievances and complaints. The independent monitoring agency may recommend further measures to be taken to redress unresolved grievances. During monitoring the grievance redress procedures and reviewing the decisions, the independent monitoring agency should closely cooperate with the Vietnam Fatherland Front as well as its members responsible for supervising law enforcement related to appeals in the area;
- 167. The grievance resolution process for the Project, including the names and contact details of Grievance Focal Points and the Grievance Facilitation Unit (GFU), will be disseminated through information brochures and posted in the offices of the People's Committees at the communes/towns and districts and Office.
- 168. At the same time, an escrow account for resettlement payments should be used when grievance is resolving to avoid excessive delay of the project while ensuring compensation payment after the grievance has been resolved.

VIII. Implementation Arrangements

169. The following section specifies the key responsibilities of relevant stakeholders with respect to implementation of Resettlement Action Plan for Dong Mong Sludge Landfill Subproject that will be finalized/determined during project implementation.

1. Responsibilities of Stakeholders

1.1. Vinh Phuc Provincial People's Committee

170. As a line agency, Vinh Phuc PPC is responsible for the overall outcome of any RAP that will be prepared and implemented under this project. VP PPC will maintain an overall oversight of the RAP preparation and implementation, and will provide guidance to relevant Departments, District People's Committee to ensure effective and timely collaboration and coordination between these agencies in the preparation and implementation of site specific RAP. When a Resettlement Action Plan is prepared, VP PPC will ensure the RAP is prepared in accordance with the requirements set forth in the RPF. Once a RAP is concurred by the World Bank (via a No Objection), VP PPC will approve the final RAP, or designate a relevant District PC to ratify the RAP to enable RAP implementation. The VP PPC will also assure it will cover all the costs related to compensation to affected, and their resettlement, if any, under this Project, and ensure the compensation. Resettlement and livelihoods restoration of affected households will be implemented and monitored in accordance with the RPF.

1.2 Department of Planning and Investment

171. The Vinh Phuc Department of Planning and Investment is the project owner that is fully responsible for managing and supporting Vinh Phuc ODA PMU in the project implementation, which includes approval of updated RAP and managing the implementation of RAP.

1.3 Relevant Provincial Departments

172. The Department of Finance (DOF) will be responsible for appraising the compensation rate proposed by the relevant authorities based on results of independent land price appraisal and submitting to the PPC for approval. In the beginning of RP implementation, the DOF will closely coordinate with DOC, Department of Natural Resources and Environment, Department of Transport, Department of Industry, District People's Committee in appraising unit prices and proposing PPC to adjust if necessary to ensure that compensation rate is replacement cost at time of compensation for the project-affected persons.

Department of Finance:

- a) Coordinate with the relevant agencies to submit prices of land and assets to the PPC for approval.
- b) Coordinate with Department of Natural Resources and Environment to appraise compensation, assistance and resettlement plan and compensation cost.
- c) Checking the compensation payment, assistance and related costs.

Department of Natural Resources and Environment:

- a) Guiding to determine categories and area of land as well as entitlements to compensation when the State acquires land.
- b) Coordinate with DPI, DOC, and DOF to submit to the PPC for making decision on land acquisition scope.

- c) Being chairman for appraising the compensation, assistance and resettlement option, evaluating and selecting compensation, assistance and resettlement plan and compensation cost.
- d) Submitting to Vinh Phuc Provincial People's Committee for making decision on land acquisition scope.

Department of Construction:

- a) Guiding to determine scope, area and legal status of the structures attached to the acquired land.
- b) Re-appraising quality of houses, structures, museums, ports and other construction works.
- c) Determining price of houses and structures built on land for calculating compensation value to submit to the PPC for approval.
- d) Coordinate with the competent authorities to determine position and scope of the resettlement sites.

1.4. Vinh Phuc ODA PMU

173. Vinh Phuc ODA PMU will take general responsibility for the project's operations, including resettlement. The PMU includes technical, financial, accounting, social and resettlement divisions. PMU will be responsible for:

During RAP preparation:

- a) Work closely with the WB to prepare the agreed RAP in accordance with the RPF.
- b) Develop and provide orientation training on the requirements of the RPF to ensure District PC, and relevant stakeholders involved in RAP planning and implementation understand the requirement for RAP as set forth in the RPF.
- c) Coordinate with the relevant departments under VP PPC and relevant District PC to obtain their comments/suggestions, and their consensus on RAP preparation and implementation.
- d) Ensure the RAP is prepared in accordance with the RPF.

During RAP implementation:

- a) Take lead in recruitment of consultants who will carry out a replacement costs survey, and independent monitoring of RAP implementation.
- b) Ensure the required budget for RAP implementation is timely allocated and available for compensation payment/resettlement. Update RAP and conduct internal monitoring of RAP implementation as per requirements set out in the RPF.
- c) Designate staff with profound experience in resettlement and familiar with Bank's OP 4.12 as a social focal point for PMU. This/these staff will provide regular support to provincial governments in RAP implementation. If such experienced staffs are not available, a consultant should be recruited. ToR for this consultant is subjected to Bank's prior review.
- d) Prepare bi-annual progress reports and submit to the WB

- e) Conduct training on requirements of project's RPF and RAP; work closely with District's People's Committee and District Resettlement Board in updating RAPs following the completion of detailed measurement survey, consultation, and replacement costs survey.
- f) RAP must reflect the replacement costs surveys, local compensation rates, and consultation with affected households. The RAPs must be submitted to the Bank for prior review and no-objection prior to proceeding with civil works and compensation payment

1.5.Binh Xuyen District People's Committees (DPC)

- a) Directing, organizing, disseminating propaganda and motivating all concerned organizations and individuals to comply with the compensation, assistance and resettlement policies.
- b) Directing the DRC to support the Provincial LFDC to prepare and implement the compensation plan.
- c) Coordinating with the departments, divisions, organizations and the Employer to implement the project.
- d) Solving grievances related to compensation, assistance and resettlement.

1.6. Provincial Center for Land Fund Development (LFDC)

- 174. Vinh Phuc PPC makes decision on establishing LFDC as resettlement unit fully responsible for the project resettlement implementation. Responsibilities of the LFDC is as following:
 - a) Preparing and organizing the implementation of compensation, assistance and resettlement plan.
 - b) Inspecting and taking responsibility for the compensation calculation for households and summarizing volume of compensation payment to submit to the PPC for appraisal and approval, then directly payment to the affected households right after receiving the compensation fund.
 - c) Reflecting expectations and participating in solving DPs' grievances related to compensation entitlements and policies.
 - d) Closely coordinating with the independent monitoring agency.
 - e) Working under the principle of collective decision by majority rule.

1.7. Huong Canh Town People's Committee

- 175. The Town PC will assist the LFDC in implementing the RAP. Specifically, the Town People's Committee will be responsible for the followings:
 - a) Assist the DPC, LFDC in organizing public meetings, consultations and information dissemination during RAP implementation;
 - b) Form working groups at the town and direct their functions, assign town officials to assist the LFDC to conduct Detailed Measurement Survey, prepare land acquisition dossiers for the project, prepare and implement resettlement activities;
 - c) Identify replacement land for the affected households who are eligible and propose income restoration programs appropriate to the conditions of the people and the locality;

- d) Supervise and implement the resettlement support measures and cooperate with LFDC to find resettlement land for the relocating households;
- e) Resolve complaints at the first level as prescribed by the existing law;
- f) Actively participate in the land acquisition, compensation payments, and in other relatedresettlement activities and concerns.

2. Replacement Cost Survey

- 176. As required by the World Bank's OP 4.12 on Involuntary Resettlement, Replacement Costs Survey (RCS) will need to be done to establish basis for calculation of replacements costs for all the lands/crops/structures/assets that will be affected by the Project. An independent price appraisal consultant is specialized in assessing costs of land/assets/structures to be affected under the Project, will be engaged by Vinh Phuc ODA PMU to conduct replacement costs survey.
- 177. With regard to land and structures, "replacement cost" is defined as follows: For agricultural land, it is the pre-project or pre-displacement, whichever is higher, market value of land of equal productive potential or use located in the vicinity of the affected land, plus the cost of preparing the land to levels similar to those of the affected land, plus the cost of any registration and transfer taxes. For land in urban areas, it is the pre-displacement market value of land of equal size and use, with similar or improved public infrastructure facilities and services and located in the vicinity of the affected land, plus the cost of any registration and transfer taxes. For houses and other structures, it is the market cost of the materials to build a replacement structure with an area and quality similar to or better than those of the affected structure, or to repair a partially affected structure, plus the cost of transporting building materials to the construction site, plus the cost of any labor and contractors' fees, plus the cost of any registration and transfer taxes.
- 178. District People's Committee, and Land Fund Development Center will ensure compensation payment proposed to affected households is at the replacement costs (for land and structures), and at market prices (for crops/trees).

3. Implementation Procedures

Implementation Steps

- 179. The process and procedures for the implementation of compensation and resettlement are in compliance with the Decree No. 47/2014/ND-CP dated May 15 2014 by the Government, and Circular No. 14/2009/TT-BTNMT dated October 1 2009 by MONRE.
- 180. With the above legal base and the organizational structure, coordination of stakeholders, the basic operation of the compensation and resettlement is conducted according to the following steps:

Step 1: Location introduction and land acquisition notice

181. The identification and land acquisition notice is based on the written evaluation letters of land use needs of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment submitted to Vinh Phuc PPC for approving and issuing land acquisition notices (including reasons for land acquisition, area and location of land recovery on the basis of the existing cadastral or detailed approved construction planning; to assign the DPCs for land acquisition notification to the public, to guide compensation, assistance and resettlement in the district level to perform

inventory tasks, establish compensation plans). DPCs are responsible for directing the widespread policy of land confiscation, the regulations on land acquisition, compensation, resettlement assistance when recover of used land for national defense purposes, security, national interests, public interests and economic development.

182. CPCs are responsible to post up a public notice about land acquisition policies at the CPC Offices and at public places in the area involving land acquisition, and broadly announce through commune/town available loudspeaker system.

Step 2: Prepare cadastral dossiers for land acquisition area

- 183. Based on documents on land acquisition of the PPC, DONRE will direct the LURC Registration Office at the same level to prepare for cadastral dossiers.
- 184. Revision of the cadastral map to suit the current situation and make copies of the cadastral map for places which have formal cadastral maps or conduct cadastral measurements for places with no formal cadastral maps.
- 185. Complete and make copies of cadastral records (land register) to send to the DRCs.
- 186. Make a list of land parcels to be acquired, covering the followings: number of map, number of land parcel, name of land user, area of the land parcel that has the same land use purpose, and land use purpose.

Step 3: Planning, evaluating and approving the general plan on compensation, assistance and resettlement

- 187. The Vinh Phuc ODA PMU guides the consultant to prepare the general compensation, assistance and resettlement plan (hereinafter referred to as General Plan) based on field survey data and available documents provided by DONRE to be appraised and approved along with approved project investment. The General Plan will contain the followings:
 - a. Rationale for plan development:
 - Integrated data on area of different types of lands, land classifications as to agricultural land, number of map, number of parcel, and estimated value of existing assets attached to land;
 - Data on the number of households, number of household members, number of labors in the land acquisition area, in which the number of labors that have to change jobs and number of relocating households should be pointed out;
 - d. Estimated compensation and assistance and expected locations and area of the resettlement sites or resettlement houses, and resettlement options;
 - e. Anticipated job creation measures and training plan for job conversion;
 - f. List of structures and scale of structures of the state, organizations, religious establishments, and local communities to be relocated and expected locations;
 - g. Number of graves to be relocated and locations;
 - h. Estimated cost for plan implementation;
 - i. Budget for plan implementation; and
 - j. Implementation schedule.

Step 4: Identifying land clearance demarcation

188. After the investment project is approved by the competent authorities, the Vinh Phuc ODA PMU will base on the basic design to determine land clearance demarcation and then hand over to the organization in charge of compensation to implement the next steps of site clearance. During the process of developing and approving technical design (or construction drawing), in case of adjustment of clearance boundary, the Vinh Phuc ODA PMU will coordinate with the implementing agency to adjust accordingly and inform the local authorities regarding the adjustment in a timely manner.

Step 5: Preparing compensation, assistance, and resettlement plan

- 1. Conducting Detailed Measurement Survey (DMS)
- 189. Based on the land acquisition announcement and site clearance demarcation of the project, the implementing agency will conduct detailed measurement survey (DMS) and prepare the DMS records for each land acquisition case. The records should cover the following contents: Name, registration of permanent address or temporary address, current address, number of household members, number of members in the working age, number of social policy beneficiaries (if any); area and location of acquired land plot; amount of affected trees and crops, livestock; shape, dimensions, weight, structure, and basic features of assets on land; on-ground and underground structures associated to the acquired land.
 - 2. Identifying land origin of each acquired land plot
- 190. The organization in charge of compensation co-operates with the LURC Registration Office and Town/Commune PCs, based on the papers related to land use, cadastral records, cadastral map, inventory documents, cadastral books, statistical registration books, LURC issuance books, and tax registration books of the acquired land plot, to identify land origins of each land plot as well as its legal land users.
 - 3. Preparing compensation and assistance plan
- 191. Pursuant to the DMS records, land origins of the acquired land plots, compensation rates and policies, the implementing agency will prepare the compensation and assistance plan, covering the following contents:
 - Name and address of the owner of the acquired land;
 - Area, type, location and origin of the acquired land;
 - Calculation bases for the compensation and assistance costs including land compensation rates, rates of compensation for houses and structures, number of members, number of people in the working age, number of social policy beneficiaries;
 - Amount of compensation and assistance;
 - Resettlement arrangement;
 - Relocation of governmental works, religious organizations and communities;
 - Grave's displacement.
- 4. Collecting opinions regarding compensation, assistance and resettlement plan:
 - The compensation, assistance and resettlement plan is posted at Town/Commune PC
 Offices and public places in the area where land acquisition is required so that the PAPs and concerned people can give their feedback and comments;

- The posting must be made in written form confirmed by representatives of Town/Commune PCs, Town/Commune Fatherland Front, and representatives of the PAPs:
- The period of posting and receiving comments lasts at least twenty (20) days as from the date of posting.
- 5. Finalizing the compensation, assistance and resettlement plan:
- 192. At the end of the plan posting and comments receiving period, the implementing agency is responsible for summarizing the comments in a written document, stating the number of agreements/disagreements and other opinions regarding the compensation plan; then finalizing and submitting the finalized plan including the summary table of comments to the DONRE for appraisal.
- 193. In case of several disagreement opinions towards the compensation, assistance and resettlement plan, the implementing agency need to clarify or review and adjust the plan before submitting to the DONRE for appraisal.

Step 6: Appraisal and approval of the compensation and assistance plan

194. The DONRE is responsible for taking the lead and coordinating with the concerned district departments to appraise the compensation and assistance plan as regulated; then submitting to the DPC for approval of the compensation plan.

Step 7: Decision on land acquisition and redress grievances against decision on land acquisition

- 195. Based on land acquisition announcement, compensation, assistance and resettlement plan which is prepared and approved by the competent authorities, and copies of the cadastral maps, DPC will issue land acquisition decision to the affected households, individuals and communities.
- 196. During the implementation of land acquisition, if there is any question or complaint from citizens, the Town/Commune PCs will gather queries and complaints and send to the competent authorities' for solutions.
- 197. While a decision of grievance redress is yet issued, the implementation of decision on land acquisition must be continued. In case the responsible state agency concludes that the land acquisition process is not compliant with the laws, land acquisition must be halted. The state agency that issued the land acquisition decision must issue new decision to cancel the previous one and compensate for losses caused by land acquisition decision (if any). In case the responsible state agency concludes otherwise, the AP has to abide by the land acquisition decision.

Step 8: Approval and disclosure of the compensation, assistance and resettlement plan

- 198. The DPC approves the compensation, assistance and resettlement plan as regulated.
- 199. Within three (03) days from the date of receipt of the approved compensation, assistance and resettlement plan, the implementing agency is responsible for coordinating with the Town/Commune PC to disseminate and post the approved plan at the Town/Commune PC Offices as well as at public places in the area where land acquisition is required. The compensation, assistance and resettlement decision will be sent to the people whose land is acquired. The decisions should clearly state the compensation and assistance amount,

resettlement arrangement (if any), time and place of compensation payment, and time for handing over land to the implementing agency in charge of compensation and land acquisition.

Step 9: Compensation payment

200. The Compensation, Assistance and Resettlement Committee will provide compensation and assistance after the decision approving compensation, assistance and resettlement plan is issued.

Step 10: Handover and enforcement of land acquisition

- 201. Within twenty (20) days since the date when the implementing agency completes the compensation and assistance payment for the PAPs in accordance with the approved plan, the PAPs is responsible for handing over land to the implementing agency.
- 202. In case the PAPs do not comply with the land acquisition decision, the competent authorities who issued land acquisition decision will issue coercive decision. The forcible land acquisition is implemented in compliance with the Article 32 of Decree No. 69/2009/ND-CP dated August 13 2009 by the Government.

4. RAP Updating

- 203. DMS will be conducted after detailed design approved. When DMS is implemented, DMS data will be included and RAP will be updated accordingly. The local authorities, will prepare compensation plan to update compensation rates of affected land, assets according to replacement cost survey at the time of preparing compensation plan and assistances. This will be submitted to the Vinh Phuc ODA PMU and WB for review and clearance before conducting compensation payment.
- 204. Draft RAP and updated RAP, according to the Bank Policy BP 17.50, will be disclosed to the affected communities and at the WB Information Center (Infoshop). Draft RAP will be submitted to the WB for clearance before disclosing to the affected people. The final version will be disclosed after approval.

IX. Implementation Schedule

205. The implementation schedule for the resettlement activities if the subproject is summarized in the following table, including (i) consultation activities; (ii) completed activities for the preparation of RAP; and (iii) external monitoring activities.

Table 10. Implementation Schedule

Activities	Responsible agencies	Timeframe
Preparation		
Approving social safeguard policy documents at the project level and RAP of the subproject	WB and Government/Vinh Phuc PPC	Q4/ 2015
Uploading the social safeguard documents at the project level and subproject RAP on the website of PPC, and Vietnam Development Information Center (VDIC)	VP-ODA PMU	Q4/ 2015
Training and strengthening capacity for the project staff and District Compensation Committees	VP-ODA PMU and Resettlement Consultant	Q2/2016
Recruiting independent monitoring consultant (IMC)	VP-ODA PMU	Q3/2016
Updating RAP	VP-ODA PMU and	Q4/2016

	Resettlement Consultant	
RAP Implementation		
Disseminating project information to the affected people	LFDC and CPCs	Q3/2016
Conducting DMS and preparing compensation plan	LFDC and CPCs	Q3/2016
Providing compensation and clearing site	VP-ODA PMU, LFDC and CPCs	Q4/2016
Conducting monthly resettlement internal monitoring and preparing quarterly report	VP-ODA PMU	Q3/2016
Conducting resettlement external monitoring every six month and preparing monitoring report	EMA	Q4/2016

X. Monitoring and Evaluation

1. Purpose

206. Monitoring and evaluation of the implementation of the RAP are important. Good monitoring and evaluation of RAP implementation will not only enable IMA to identify shortcomings during implementation, thereby making timely corrective actions but also enable them to make sure the objective of the RAP is met when RAP implementation is completed.

207. Good monitoring enables timely and sufficient collection of the right information related to RAP implementation whereas good evaluation of the RAP implementation outcome enables IMA to determine if the objective of the RAP is met upon completion of RAP, and whether or not the livelihoods of affected households have restored to the pre-project level, or even better.

2. Monitoring Methods

208. Monitoring could be done in two ways – internal monitoring by the IMA, and external monitoring by an independent monitoring agency.

Internal Monitoring

209. Internal monitoring of the RAP implementation is the main responsibility of the PMU, inter alia, in addition to project implementation and management. Monitoring of RAP implementation does not only focus on actual RAP implementation, but also on RAP preparation to ensure the RAP is timely and appropriately prepared and implemented in accordance with the project's RPF. Monitoring of RAP implementation is required by PMU, on a monthly and quarterly basis, to ensure the RAP implementation is on track and that any emerging issues/shortcomings; including complaints from affected households are timely solved.

210. Internal monitoring aims to:

- a. Make sure the RAP is disclosed and disseminated to the PAHs and affected organizations by provincial government prior to compensation payment.
- b. Replacement costs survey is done to establish the compensation rates for affected households, and inform design of the livelihoods restoration.
- c. Ensure that a baseline of living standard of affected households is established (prior to compensation payment/resettlement) to enable monitoring and additional support/intervention from PMU side, if needed.
- d. To ensure all affected households, particularly those severely affected, restore their living standards to the pre-project level, or even improve, as a result of the support from the project.

- e. Ensure a livelihood restoration plan is prepared and implemented, taking into the account the feedback from the affected households, particularly those who are severely affected, to ensure their livelihood is restored to the pre-project level.
- f. Funds for implementing the RAP are provided in a timely manner and in amounts sufficient for their purposes, and that such funds are used in accordance with the provisions of the RAP.
- g. Monitor all grievances and their resolution and coordinate with the relevant parties to ensure that complaints are solved satisfactorily in a timely manner.
- h. Monthly and Quarterly Internal Monitoring Reports should be submitted to Bank for implementation support, information sharing and coordination purposes.

Independent/External Monitoring and Evaluation

- 211. In addition to internal monitoring by PMU, an independent monitoring consultant (an academic or a consulting firm with proven track record in resettlement monitoring and evaluation) will be recruited by PMU to carry out monitoring of the RAP implementation.
- 212. The contracted independent monitoring agency will provide independent monitoring consultant and evaluation of the implementation of the RAP, focusing on the criteria set below. The service of independent monitoring will be maintained during project implementation until restoration of livelihoods of affected households has been re-established to pre-project levels.
- 213. The main indicators of independent monitoring include:
 - a. Full payment of compensation for land, housing and other assets to PAPs prior to land acquisition.
 - b. Adequacy of compensation in enabling PAPs to replace affected assets.
 - c. Provision of technical support for house construction to affected households who rebuild their structures on their remaining land, or build their own structures in new places as arranged by the project, or on newly assigned plots.
 - d. Provision of income restoration support.
 - e. Restoration of productive activities.
 - f. Restoration or replacement of community infrastructure and services.
 - g. Operation and results of grievance procedures (to check if the GRM functions properly and if grievances are fully and timely addressed to ensure the objective of RAP is met).
 - h. Throughout the implementation process, household income trends will be observed and surveyed. Any potential problems in the restoration of living standards will be reported.
- 214. During RAP implementation, PMU (internal monitoring), PMU's consultant (independent monitoring), and the World Bank's Task Team are expected to work closely with each other. A Terms of Reference for the Independent Monitoring Consultant will be prepared by PMU and approved by the World Bank. Technical support will be provided by the Bank in the finalization of the ToR. Monthly and Quarterly Internal Monitoring Reports should be submitted to Bank for coordination and support purpose.

XI. Budget

215. For purpose of preparing the Project costs, a preliminary budget estimate is prepared. Compensation rates for residential and agricultural land, houses, structures, trees and crops used to estimate resettlement budget are based on a quick replacement cost survey conducted

by consultants and staffs of Vinh Phuc ODA PMU. In order to establish a set of reference market prices, affected people and LFDC were consulted on compensation rates. Following Table summarize the estimated resettlement budget of the project.

Table 11. Summary of Cost Estimate for Compensation and Resettlement

No.	Type of Impacts	Quantity/ Area	Rates	Unit
Compensation and Assistances			VNĐ	96,467,717,350.0
Compensation			VNĐ	30,269,817,850.0
Compensation for land	410,755.00	60,000	VNĐ	24,645,300,000.0
Compensation for crops	471,559.60	5,500	VNĐ	2,593,577,800.0
Compensation for aquaculture	14,975.90	7,500	VNĐ	112,319,250.0
Assistance for public land	60,804.60	48,000	VNĐ	2,918,620,800.0
Assistances			VNĐ	66,197,899,500.0
Training, job changing and finding supports	414,315.00	150,000	VNĐ	62,147,250,000.0
Life stability support			VNĐ	3,051,019,500.0
Less than 30%	66,601.30	15,000	VNĐ	999,019,500.0
From 30% to 70%	664.00	12,000	VNĐ	1,434,240,000.0
More than 70%	143.00	12,000	VNĐ	617,760,000.0
Site clearance support (bonus)	414,315.00	2,000	VNĐ	828,630,000.0
Assistance for vulnerable households	57	3,000,000	VNĐ	171,000,000.0
Management cost			VNĐ	1,929,354,347.0
Cost of implementing unit (2%)			VNĐ	1,929,354,347.0
Subtotal (I+II)			VNĐ	98,397,071,697.0
Independent monitoring	Lump sum	200,000,000	VND	200,000,000
Contingency cost (15%)			VNĐ	14,759,560,754.6
TOTAL (III+IV)			VNĐ	113,356,632,451.6
USD			USD	5,060,563.9

Exchange rate: 1\$ = VND 22,400

216. The cost for the allowances and resettlement assistance includes of the items which were described in the entitlement matrix.

217. Regarding monitoring cost, Vinh Phuc ODA PMU is responsible for contracting with a monitoring agency, specialized on social sciences or anthropology to carry out the independent monitoring of the project resettlement implementation. Because the cost of monitoring work has not yet detailed norms set by the Government, it is estimated as 4.1 billion VND for 6 quarterly monitoring reports and one post-resettlement evaluation. An/some interested independent monitoring institution(s) will prepare the technical and financial proposals for bidding and actual cost will be decided through procurement for independent monitoring.

ANNEX 1. Entitlement Matrix

Type of Loss/ Impacts	Application	Entitlements	Implementation Arrangements
1. Productive land ⁴ (Agricultural, garden, pond land, etc.) either in or out of the residential area.	Legal land users 1.1. Marginal loss (<20% of land holding or <10% for vulnerable group) The remaining area of affected plot is still economically viable for use or meets the expected personal yield. (78 AHs)	Cash compensation at replacement cost (free from taxes and transaction costs) for the affected area of the land.	Affected households to be notified at least ninety days before land recovery by the Project. The owner of land will hand over the land within 20 days from the date District Compensation Board fully pays compensation for land.
	1.2. Loss >20% or >10% for vulnerable groups (335 AHs including 52 vulnerable HHs)	Land for land compensation should be as the preferred option. If land is not available, or at the PAP's choice, cash compensation can be provided for the lost area at 100% of land replacement cost. The PAP will be provided with the additional rehabilitation measures to restore the lost income sources	Other assistance options which city could decide based on the locality conditions. Affected households to be notified at least ninety days before land recovery by the Project The owner of land will hand over the land within 20 days from the date District Compensation Board/ has paid compensation and other allowances in full. For poor, vulnerable and severely affected farmers, including landless, allocation of arable land equal to per capita arable land in commune, or if there no land available for allocation or, on the PAPs request through informed choice, training/ rehabilitation programs will be provided to at least restore, if not improve, their income and living standards.
	Land Users with temporary or leased rights to use land.	Cash compensation at the amount corresponding to the remaining investment on the land.	

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⁴The sub-categories of productive land such as agricultural, forestry, garden, aquaculture and pond will be compensated at different rates. These will be specified and detailed in the Resettlement Action Plans to ensure the compensation is reflective of current rates and takes into account geographic variation. Land on which businesses are located will be compensated as detailed in the section on relocation of business.

Type of Loss/ Impacts	Application	Entitlements	Implementation Arrangements
	(0 AH)		
	Land Users who do not have formal or customary rights to the affected land	Agricultural land used before July 1, 2004 will be compensated at 100% as per Article 77.2 of the Land Law. In addition to above, rehabilitation/training assistance will be provided.	
	(0 AH)	Other cases will be considered by VP PPC to provide supports according to Articles 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 Decree 47 for ensuring the entitlements of PAPs.	
		In case the PAP uses public land where there was previous agreement to return the land to the Government when so requested, they will not be compensated for the acquired public land but will be compensated for structures, crops, trees and other assets on the land at 100% of the replacement cost.	
2. Residential land	2.1. Marginal loss (i.e., land is still viable for use and not requiring relocation). (0AH)	Compensation for loss of land in cash at (i) replacement cost to the legal and legalizable land users; (ii) An financial assistance of an agreed amount to the land users not having recognizable land use right. If PAPs have to rebuild their houses, they are entitled to financial support for dismantling, relocating and re-installation of the establishment, and also receive a house rental allowance for 6 months in recognition of the time needed to rebuild their houses.	Affected household to be notified at least 180 days before land recovery by the Project. The owner of land will hand over the land within 20 days from the date LFDC has paid compensation in full.
	2.2. Relocated PAPs (0AH)	i) Legal or legalizable land users: A land plot in a resettlement site or apartment will be provided to the PAP, in consultation with them. They will have full land title or apartment ownership title without any cost to them.	Affected household to be notified at least 180 days before land recovery by the Project. The process of compensation for a plot/apartment for legal and legalizable PAPs at the resettlement site will be as follows:
		Or, on request of the PAPs through informed choice, cash compensation at full replacement cost. In case, the household is expected to relocate themselves, it will plus an amount equivalent to the value of the infrastructure investments calculated as an average for each household in a resettlement	If the selling cost of minimum plot(s)/apartment at the new site is more than the value of the affected residential land, PAPs receive new plot/apartment at no additional cost.
		site If the compensation amounts is less than the cost of a minimum land plot/apartment in the project's resettlement site, PAPs will be provided additional supported to enable them to acquire the land plot/apartment (or cash assistance will be provided	If the plot(s)/apartment at the new site is equal the value of affected residential land, PAPs receive new plot/apartment at the new site without any balance. If the plot(s)/apartment at the new site is less than
		equivalent to this difference for self-relocated PAPs). (ii) PAPs who do not have formal, or customary rights to the	the value of affected residential land, PAPs will receive plot/apartment and the difference in cash.

Type of Loss/ Impacts	Application	Entitlements	Implementation Arrangements
		affected land: An identified financial assistance of agreed amount will be provided. If the PAP has no place to move, an apartment in the resettlement site will be provided and the PAP can either pay in installment to buy or rent it for living In case the relocated PAP belongs to poor or vulnerable groups or HHs, the project will provide assistance to ensure that the PAP is able to relocate and re-establish by themselves to a new site.	The planning and detailed design for the relocation sites will be done by consultant of LFDC in consultation with stakeholders and then approved by the PPC. Detailed regulation on plot/apartment allocation will be developed by LFDC through consultation with commune and PAPs, followed by approval of PPC. For relocating households, assistance is in form of land-for-land of similar characteristics with title at no cost. The replacement land is no less than 50m2, or compensation in cash with equal value if PAPs for self-relocation. Area and number of land plot/apartment in resettlement sites will be decided in consultation with PAPs.
			For poor or vulnerable PAPs who have no other residential land in the same as their affected commune, the project will provide an apartment and the PAPs can either pay in installment to buy or rent it for living
3. Houses	3.1. Partial impact: Unaffected portion of the house is still viable for use and could be remained from the technical viewpoints, therefore, require no relocation. (0AH)	If house/structure is partially affected and the remaining structure is viable for continued use, the project will provide a house/structure repair cost, in addition to the compensation for affected portion at replacement cost, to enable PAPs to restore it to former or better conditions. Compensation for other structures/fixed assets will be at full replacement cost and will be in cash.	The calculation of rates will be based on the actual affected area and not the useable area.
	3.2. Full impact (i.e., house is partially acquired by the project but no longer viable for continued use or the entire structure is acquired). (0AH)	Compensation in cash for entire affected structures will be provided at 100% of the full replacement cost for materials and labor, regardless of whether or not they have title to the affected land or permit to build the affected structure. The amount will be sufficient to rebuild a structure the same as the former one at current market prices. No deductions will be made for depreciation or salvageable materials. Compensation for other structures/fixed assets will be at full	The calculation of rates will be based on the actual affected area and not the useable area.

Type of Loss/ Impacts	Application	Entitlements	Implementation Arrangements
		replacement cost and will be in cash. Tenants of state or organization's houses will be: (i) entitled to rent or buy a new apartment of the area at least equal to their affected ones; or (ii) provided an assistance equal 60% of replacement cost of the affected land and houses. Any investments such as structures, trees, crops etc. made on the land by the PAPs will be compensated at their full replacement cost. The tenants who are leasing a private house for living purposes will be provided with transportation allowance for moving their assets. They will also be assisted in identifying alternative accommodation.	
4. Crops and Trees, aquaculture products	Owners regardless of tenure status (413 AHs)	For annual and perennial standing crops or trees, aquaculture products regardless of the legal status of the land, compensation in cash will be paid to the affected persons, who cultivate the land, at full replacement cost in local markets to ensure the compensation is sufficient to replace the lost standing crops, trees or aquaculture products.	PAPs will be given notice several months in advance regarding evacuation. Crops grown after issuance of the deadline will not be compensated.
5. Public structures	Loss of, or damage to assets (Huong Canh Town PC)	Either in (i) cash compensation to cover the cost of restoring the facilities or (ii) in kind compensation based on the negotiation between District Compensation Board and owners of assets.	For public structures, the displacement will be carried out by the owners prior to the start of works.
6. Communal- owned assets, collective assets	Loss of, or damage to assets of village, ward, commune, district, provincial government unit. (Huong Canh Town PC)	Either (i) cash compensation to cover the cost of restoring the facilities or (ii) in kind compensation based on the negotiation between DCB and owners of assets.	For the communal owned assets directly affecting lives and production activities of the community, restoration must be done prior to the start of works.
7. Graves	Have to move the graves or tombs (N/A)	All costs of excavation, relocation and reburial will be reimbursed in cash to the affected family. Graves to be exhumed and relocated in culturally sensitive and appropriate ways.	
8. Loss of Income/ Livelihood due to loss of productive land	Impacts due to permanent loss of 20% or more of their total productive land or where <20% land affected but the remaining land is rendered unviable.	Allowance for Loss of Livelihood: (a) Affected households losing 20% to 70% of their agricultural land will be assisted for 6 months if the remaining land is viable for continued use, and for 12 months in case the remaining land is rendered unviable and entire land is acquired by the project. In some special cases, in extremely difficult areas, the assistance	

Type of Loss/ Impacts	Application	Entitlements	Implementation Arrangements
	(Legal, legalizable land users and PAPs with lease agreement over the affected land) (335 AHs)	may be given up to a maximum of 24 months; (b) Affected households losing more than 70% of their agricultural land acquired will be assisted for 12 months if the remaining land is viable for continued use, and for 24 months in case the remaining land is rendered unviable and entire land is acquired by the project. In some special cases, in extremely difficult areas, the assistance may extend to a maximum of 36 months; In addition, these PAPs will be targeted for livelihood restoration program;	
		(c) households affected by loss of <20% of land and the remaining land is rendered unviable for continued use, the PAPs will be provided assistance for 12 months;	
		Assistance for agricultural, garden and pond land in the residential area adjacent to residential land, but not recognized as residential land: will be supported in cash equivalent 40% of the cost of compensation for the adjacent residential plot.	
		In case of land-for-land compensation, PAP will be assisted with seedlings, agricultural-forestry extension programs, husbandry etc.	
		Vocational conversion assistance: Every PAP affected by loss of productive land, irrespective of the degree of impact, will be provided with additional assistance equivalent to at most 2.5 times the agricultural land price established by PPC/CPC.	
		Support for vocational training and job creation: At least one member of households affected by loss of productive land will be entitled to vocational training and assistance in getting employment in the city. The PAPs participating in such training programs will be exempted from payment of tuition fees course will be paid directly to the vocational training centers. After finishing training courses, they will be given priority to be recruited in local manufacturing industries.	
Loss of Income/	Marginal impacts		

Type of Loss/ Impacts	Application	Entitlements	Implementation Arrangements
Livelihood due to relocation of business	Owner of the affected business and employees	For PAPs losing income and/or business/productive assets as a result of land acquisition, the mechanism for compensating will be: (i) Allowance for Business Loss: All affected businesses and production households whose income is affected will be compensated or supported for losses in business equivalent to 30% of their actual annual income: (a) For licensed businesses the compensation will be based on their average yearly income declared with the taxation agency over the previous three years, and (b) For unregistered affected businesses but have made their tax obligations the compensation will be supported by 30% of the specified (ii) Employees who are affected by acquisition of residential/commercial land acquisition, public land or land of enterprises: Allowance equivalent to the minimum salary as per the provincial regulations to affected employees during the transition period for a maximum of 6 months, and will be assisted in finding alternative employment.	
	Relocating shop owners regardless of tenure status.	If the business has to be relocated, the project will provide alternative site with local advantage and physical attributes similar to the land lost with easy access to customers base, satisfactory to the PAP, OR compensation in cash for the affected land and attached structures at replacement cost, plus transportation allowance for movable attached assets.	PAPs will be given priority for business relocation at conveniently located in order to maximize their benefit from business opportunities. At the time of compensation, allowances will be adjusted to account for inflation.
10. Allowances /Assistance Targeted to Vulnerable Households	Loss of land and non-land assets Affected vulnerable groups regardless of severity of impacts. The vulnerable groups were defined as in Terms of Terminology (57 AHs)	Specific assistance to vulnerable groups would be as follows: For landless households, assistance through provision of an apartment that PAP can either pay in installment to buy or rent it for living. Social Policy: (i) Relocated Households that include heroic mothers, heroic armed force, heroic labor, war veterans, wounded or dead soldiers families will be provided with support as regulated by the PPCs from 2 million to 7 million VND per household; (ii) Poor Relocated Households or Poor Households where 20% or more of their productive land is affected or where <20% land is affected but the remaining land is rendered unviable: 3 mil/HH (to be certified by local authority). Other vulnerable groups affected by the Project, whether they have to relocate or not, (female headed households with dependents, households with disabled persons, elderly without	Allowance for households as per Government regulation (social policy households, heroic mothers, wounded, dead soldiers). If the household eligible to more than one additional support allowance for the vulnerable people, only one package with the highest value will be applied

Type of Loss/ Impacts	Application	Entitlements	Implementation Arrangements
		any source of support, ethnic minority households) will get the same support given to poor households in accordance with the provincial policy but not less than VND 3 mil per household.	
		These households are entitled to take part in Income Restoration Program	
11. Other Allowances/ Assistances	Loss of land and non-land assets (413 AHs)	Incentive Bonus: All PAPs who vacate the affected land immediately after receiving compensation and allowances will be given an incentive allowance, the specific support levels being decided by the Vinh Phuc Province People's Committees to suit local conditions	
		The relocating households with children who are going to schools will be supported with 1-year tuition as regulated by the Ministry of Education	
		Based on the actual situation of the locality, the VP PPC Chairman issues other allowances to ensure accommodation and livelihood restoration for PAPs.	
12. Temporary impacts	Temporary loss of land and assets.	Compensation for all damaged or lost assets, including trees, crops at full replacement cost	If the quality of land is radically changed when returned to PAPs, requiring PAPs to change in the
·	(12 AHs)	Rental in cash for the land acquired at a rate which will be no less than the net income that would have been derived from the affected property during disruption;	types of land use; then PAPs should be compensated for all envisaged cost of losses.
		Restoration of the land within 3 months after use: The contractor is expected to return the land in its original condition within 3 months of the termination of the civil works.	
13. Any other impacts that may	Individuals, organizations in the project area	Entitlements to compensation and other assistance would be provided in accordance with the compensation policy.	In case of impacts on livelihoods of PAPs, the contractors, construction units have to agree with
be identified during implementation		Secondary impacts on production and business or PAPs isolated from access to resources temporarily have to be compensated and supported in accordance with RAP.	the households on payment for disruption of business.

ANNEX 2. Detailed List of Identified Project Components and Locations

No		Components	Construction location (commune)	District
ı	Ki	m Xa pumping station basin area of 8,640 ha		
	1	Kim Xa pumping station, estimated capacity of 45m3/s	Hoang Lau	Tam Duong
		Scale of headwork 45 m3/s + Culvert through dyke	Hoang Dan	Tam Duong
		Diversion canal	Kim Xa	Vinh Tuong
	2	Dredging So and Nhi Hoang retention lakes	Hoang Lau	Tam Duong
			Hoang Dan	Tam Duong
			Kim Xa	Vinh Tuong
	3	Improving Yen Lap 8-gate culvert		Vinh Tuong
	4	Spoil landfill	Yen Lap	
	-	•	Kim Xa	Vinh Tuong
II	Ng	gu Kien pumping station basin area of 11.000 ha		
	1	Ngu Kien pumping station, estimated capacity of 45m3/s	Ngu Kien	Vinh Tuong
		Scale of headwork 45 m3/s + Culvert through dyke		
		Outlet canal	Ngu Kien	Vinh Tuong
			Dai Tu	Yen Lac
			Lien Chau	Yen Lac
	2	Phan river from Thuong Lap bridge to Lac Y		
		Dredging	Lung Hoa	Vinh Tuong
		Embankment	Tho Tang	Vinh Tuong
			Tan Tien	Vinh Tuong
			Cao Dai	Vinh Tuong
			Thuong Trung	Vinh Tuong
			Vinh Son	Vinh Tuong
			Binh Duong	Vinh Tuong
			Vu Di	Vinh Tuong
			Trung Nguyen	Yen Lac
			Binh Dinh	Yen Lac
			Dong Cuong	Yen Lac
			Hoi Hop	Vinh Yen City
			Thanh Tru	Vinh Yen City
	3	Diversion canal from Phan river to Rung retention lake	Vu Di	Yen Lac
			Tu Trung	Vinh Tuong
			Ngu Kien	Vinh Tuong
			Van Xuan	Vinh Tuong
			Yen Dong	Yen Lac
	4	Dredging Rung retention lake of 50 ha	Ngu Kien	Vinh Tuong
	5	Spoil landfill	Vinh Ninh	Vinh Tuong
III	Ng	guyet Duc pumping station basin of 19,700 ha		
	1	Nguyet Duc headwork pumping station outlet to Red river, estimated capacity of 75m3/s	Nguyet Duc	Yen Lac
		Headwork 75 m3/s + Culvert	Nguyet Duc	Yen Lac
		Diversion canal	Nguyet Duc	Yen Lac
		Outlet canal	Trung Kien	Yen Lac
			Trung Ha	Yen Lac
			Hong Phuong	Yen Lac
	2	Vo detention lake and access road	Tan Phong	Binh Xuyen
			Thanh Lang	Binh Xuyen

			Minh Tan	Yen Lac
			Dao Duc	Binh Xuyen
			Binh Dinh	Yen Lac
			Thanh Tru	Vinh Yen City
	3	Phan river from Lac Y to Sat bridge	Thanh Tru	Vinh Yen City
	J	Dredging	Huong Canh	Binh Xuyen
		Embankment	Son Loi	Binh Xuyen
			Dao Duc	Binh Xuyen
			Nam Viem	Phuc Yen
	4	Improving Sau Vo culvert	Thanh Tru	Vinh Yen City
	5	Spoil landfill		
11.7		•	Huong Canh	Vinh Yen City
IV	1	Tam Dao zone 4, BX, PY (Flv= 32.160ha) Improving, dredging and embankment of low-lying		5: I V
	'	areas, 3-river network in Binh Xuyen district	Huong Son	Binh Xuyen
			Ba Hien	Binh Xuyen
			Thien Ke	Binh Xuyen
			Huong Canh	Binh Xuyen
			Son Loi	Binh Xuyen
			Tien Chau	Phuc Yen
			Nam Viem	Phuc Yen
			Tam Hop	Binh Xuyen
		Embankment	Huong Son	Binh Xuyen
			Ba Hien	Binh Xuyen
			Thien Ke	Binh Xuyen
			Huong Canh	Binh Xuyen
			Son Loi	Binh Xuyen
			Tien Chau	Phuc Yen
			Nam Viem	Phuc Yen
			Tam Hop	Binh Xuyen
	2	Building Cau Ton control gate of 80 m3/s	Tam Hop	Binh Xuyen
			Son Loi	Binh Xuyen
	3	Building Cau Sat control gate of 150m3/s	Tien Chau	Phuc Yen
		-	Son Loi	Binh Xuyen
	4	Sludge landfill	Huong Canh	Binh Xuyen
٧		Construction of wastewater treatment stations at four townships	Tracing Carm	Billi Adyon
	1	Construction of 3 wastewater treatment stations at Tam Hong Town	Tam Hong Town	Yen Lac
	2	Construction of 3 wastewater treatment stations at Yen Lac Town	Yen Lac Town	Yen Lac
	3	Construction of 2 wastewater treatment stations at Tho TangTown	Tho Tang Town	Vinh Tuong
	4	Construction of 2 wastewater treatment stations at Huong Canh Town	Huong Canh Town	Binh Xuyen
VI		Construction of 50 small-scale wastewater collection and treatment points	Villages/residential communes along Ph	groups in the an River

ANNEX 3. PUBLIC CONSULTATION MINUTES- DONG MONG SLUDGE LANDFILL SUBPROJECT

A	Bublic consultation tonics				
Area	Public consultation topics	Opinions/Feedback			
Huong Canh Town	Public consultation topics ✓ Disseminate project information; ✓ Introduce the impacts caused by the project; ✓ Introduce the compensation policies to be applied; ✓ Collect opinions and aspirations of the affected households with respect to resettlement needs, compensation, assistance and resettlement policies, and income restoration programs.				
		expect that the compensation rates should be close to the compensation rates in Hanoi City. ✓ Does the project provide service land?			

ANNEX 4. LIST OF AFFECTED HOUSEHOLD

No	Affected household	Address	Affected land area
ı	Hương Canh Town		
1	Bùi Quang Tiến	Chuôi ná	593,20
2	DAI Via 114a - Nauvião Thi 11a ha	Kim phượng	1.142,40
	Bùi Văn Hán - Nguyễn Thị Hoàn	Kim phượng	184,90
3	Chu Dán Tá Naus ễn Thị Oanh	Nội giữa	114,80
	Chu Đức Tú - Nguyễn Thị Oanh	Nội giữa	486,80
4	Đặng Xuân ấm - Hoàng Thị Thuộc	Kim phượng	773,40
5	Đặng Xuân Giao - Trần Thị Thuý	Chợ cánh	590,80
6	Đặng Xuân Toàn - Đào Thị Thuận	Chợ cánh	236,00
7	Đặng Xuân Trường - Nguyễn Thị Ngữ	Lò ngói	452,00
8	Đặng Xuân Tuấn - Trần Thị Năm	Lò cang	621,60
9	Đỗ Nguyên Bình - Nguyễn Thị Đào	Chợ cánh	682,60
10		Chợ cánh	700,60
	Đỗ Thị Khánh	Chợ cánh	784,00
	DO TIII KIIAIIII	Chợ cánh	616,20
		Chợ cánh	343,80
11	Đoàn Mạnh Hùng - Nguyễn Thị Oanh	Lò cang	539,30
	Doan Mann Hung - Nguyen Thị Oann	Lò cang	143,00
12	Đới Văn Học - Nguyễn Thị Mai	Lang bầu	407,80
	Doi vairrioc - Nguyen mi Mai	Lang bầu	351,70
13	Dương Anh Tình - Đào Thị Thảo	Lò cang	873,70
14	Dương Đức Linh - Nguyễn Thị Liên	Nội giữa	747,20
15	Dương Minh Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Mưu	Nội giữa	455,80
16		Phố II	520,70
	Đường Thị Hương - Nguyễn Văn Hồng	Phố II	532,70
	Duong Thi having - Nguyen Van Hong	Phố II	118,70
		Phố II	320,70
17	Dương Thị Lại	Chuôi ná	692,00
18		Đồng nhất	59,00
	Dương Thị Thìn	Đồng nhất	1.996,70
		Đồng nhất	161,30
19	Dương Văn Thịnh - Nguyễn Thị Hợi	Nội giữa	333,90
	Duong van minn - Nguyen mi no	Nội giữa	944,70
20	Dương Văn Tú - Trần Thị Bích Quyên	Kim phượng	1.061,00
21	Dương Văn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Hương	Kim phượng	99,80
22		Nội giữa	81,80
	Nguyễn Văn Kỷ - Đỗ Thị Hiền	Nội giữa	771,70
	rigayen van ity bo mi men	Nội giữa	200,00
		Nội giữa	575,40
23	Hoàng Thị Hoa -	Chợ cánh	379,30
24	Hoàng Thị Thành -	Nội giữa	715,10
25	Lê Đình Bính - Nguyễn Thị Dáng	Phố II	892,80
		Phố II	252,40
26	Lê Đình Phương - Sinh	Phố II	669,40
27	Lê Dũng - Nguyễn Thị Huyền	Đồng nhất	905,20
28	Lê Hùng - Nguyễn Thị Oanh	Đồng nhất	800,40
29		Chuôi ná	246,80
	Lê Thị An -	Chuôi ná	588,40
		Chuôi ná	402,10
30		Nội giữa	197,00
	Lê Thị Dục -	Nội giữa	879,80
	~	Nội giữa	621,60
31	Lê Văn Phương - Nguyễn Thị Thử	Kim phượng	640,00
32	Lê Xuân Quý - Nguyễn Thị Lợi	Lang bầu	363,90
		Lang bầu	694,80
33	Lưu Thị Hải -	Chuôi ná	180,20

Chuối ná Nguyễn Chí Tình - Nguyễn Thị Thực Nội giữa Nội giữa Ohọ cánh Chọ cánh Chuối ná Ohọ giữa Nội giữa Ohọ gi	250,80 163,00 731,20 574,70 167,90 138,40 134,60 242,90 286,40 347,20 512,00 306,40 402,90 1.085,90 297,20 667,20 664,80
Nguyễn Chi Tinh - Nguyễn Thị Thực Nội giữa Chợ cánh Chọ cánh Chọ cánh Chọ cánh Chọ cánh Chọ cánh Chọ cánh Chuối ná Nổi giữa Nguyễn Đức Hậu - Nguyễn Thị Kế Nổi giữa Nội giữa Nguyễn Đức Hệ - Nguyễn Thị Thành Đồng nhất Lò ngói	731,20 574,70 167,90 138,40 134,60 242,90 286,40 347,20 512,00 306,40 402,90 1.085,90 297,20 667,20 664,80
Nguyễn Chi Tinh - Nguyễn Thị Thực Nội giữa Chợ cánh Chọ cánh Chọ cánh Chọ cánh Chọ cánh Chọ cánh Chọ cánh Chuối ná Nổi giữa Nguyễn Đức Hậu - Nguyễn Thị Kế Nổi giữa Nội giữa Nguyễn Đức Hệ - Nguyễn Thị Thành Đồng nhất Lò ngói	574,70 167,90 138,40 134,60 242,90 286,40 347,20 512,00 306,40 402,90 1.085,90 297,20 667,20 664,80
SS	167,90 138,40 134,60 242,90 286,40 347,20 512,00 306,40 402,90 1.085,90 297,20 667,20 664,80
Chợ cánh Chuối ná	167,90 138,40 134,60 242,90 286,40 347,20 512,00 306,40 402,90 1.085,90 297,20 667,20 664,80
Nguyễn Đức Cơ - Nguyễn Thị Lại	138,40 134,60 242,90 286,40 347,20 512,00 306,40 402,90 1.085,90 297,20 667,20 664,80
Nguyễn Đức Cơ - Nguyễn Thị Lại	134,60 242,90 286,40 347,20 512,00 306,40 402,90 1.085,90 297,20 667,20 664,80
Nguyễn Đức Cổ - Nguyễn Thị Lại	242,90 286,40 347,20 512,00 306,40 402,90 1.085,90 297,20 667,20 664,80
Chuối nà Chuối nà Chuối ná 37 Nguyễn Đức Hải - Bùi Thị Liên 38 Nguyễn Đức Hậu - Nguyễn Thị Kế Nội giữa Nội giữa 39 Nguyễn Đức Hệ - Nguyễn Thị Thành 40 Nguyễn Đức Mậu - Nguyễn Thị Thanh 41 Nguyễn Đức Mậu - Nguyễn Thị Hoan 42 Kim phượng 43 Nguyễn Đức Sáu - Nguyễn Thị Lục Nguyễn Đức Thịnh - Đỗ Thị Cận 43 Nguyễn Đức Thịnh - Đỗ Thị Cận 44 Nguyễn Đức Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Phượng Nội giữa 45 Nguyễn Đức Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Hoa 46 Nguyễn Đức Vũ - Kim phượng Thị Nguyễn Hoà Dũng - Nguyễn Thị Ngo Phố II Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Từ Kim phượng Nguyễn Hòng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Dià Nguyễn Hữu Báng - Trần Thị Hậu Phố I Phố II	286,40 347,20 512,00 306,40 402,90 1.085,90 297,20 667,20 664,80
37 Nguyễn Đức Hải - Bùi Thị Liên Chuối ná 38 Nguyễn Đức Hậu - Nguyễn Thị Kế Nội giữa 39 Nguyễn Đức Hệ - Nguyễn Thị Thành Đồng nhất 40 Nguyễn Đức Mậu - Nguyễn Thị Thu Lò ngói 41 Nguyễn Đức Minh - Nguyễn Thị Hoan Lang bầu 42 Kim phượng Nguyễn Đức Sáu - Nguyễn Thị Lục Kim phượng 43 Nguyễn Đức Thịnh - Đỗ Thị Cận Bờ đáy 44 Nguyễn Đức Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Phượng Nội giữa 45 Nguyễn Đức Vũ - Kim phượng 46 Nguyễn Đức Vũ - Kim phượng 40 Nguyễn Đư bàu - Nguyễn Thị Hoa Kim phượng 47 Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Ngọ Phố II 48 Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng 49 Nguyễn Hòng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Lò cang 50 Phố I Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu Phố I 51 Nguyễn Hữu Bảnh - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa 52 Nguyễn Hữu Bánh - Nguyễn Thị Hành Nội giữa 54	347,20 512,00 306,40 402,90 1.085,90 297,20 667,20 664,80
Nguyễn Đức Hậu - Nguyễn Thị Kế Nội giữa Nguyễn Đức Hệ - Nguyễn Thị Thành Đồng nhất Lò ngói Phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng Lò nguyễn Đức Thịnh - Đỗ Thị Cận Bờ đây Nguyễn Đức Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Phượng Nội giữa Lò nghượng Nguyễn Đức Vù - Kim phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng Lò nguyễn Đức Vù - Kim phượng Lò nguyễn Thị Ngọ Phố II Nguyễn Hoà Dùng - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng Lò cang Nguyễn Hòng Quân - Trần Thị Trì Kim phượng Lò cang Phố I Phố II Phố I Phố II Phố	512,00 306,40 402,90 1.085,90 297,20 667,20 664,80
Nguyễn Đức Hậu - Nguyễn Thị Kế Nội giữa Nguyễn Đức Hệ - Nguyễn Thị Thành Đồng nhất Lò ngói Phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng Lò nguyễn Đức Thịnh - Đỗ Thị Cận Bờ đây Nguyễn Đức Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Phượng Nội giữa Lò nghượng Nguyễn Đức Vù - Kim phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng Lò nguyễn Đức Vù - Kim phượng Lò nguyễn Thị Ngọ Phố II Nguyễn Hoà Dùng - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng Lò cang Nguyễn Hòng Quân - Trần Thị Trì Kim phượng Lò cang Phố I Phố II Phố I Phố II Phố	306,40 402,90 1.085,90 297,20 667,20 664,80
Nguyễn Đức Hậu - Nguyễn Thị Kê 39 Nguyễn Đức Hệ - Nguyễn Thị Thành 40 Nguyễn Đức Mậu - Nguyễn Thị Thu 41 Nguyễn Đức Minh - Nguyễn Thị Hoan 42 Kim phượng Nguyễn Đức Sáu - Nguyễn Thị Lục Nguyễn Đức Sáu - Nguyễn Thị Lục 43 Nguyễn Đức Thịnh - Đỗ Thị Cận 44 Nguyễn Đức Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Phượng Nội giữa 45 Kim phượng Hội II 48 Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Ngọ 49 Nguyễn Hòng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu Phố I Phố I Phố I Phố I Phố I Phố I Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa Sauyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa Phố II Phố II Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa Phố II Phố II Phố II Nguyễn Hữu Bón - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II Phố II	402,90 1.085,90 297,20 667,20 664,80
Nguyễn Đức Mậu - Nguyễn Thị Thu	297,20 667,20 664,80
Nguyễn Đức Mậu - Nguyễn Thị Thu	667,20 664,80
Nguyễn Đức Mạu - Nguyễn Thị Thủ Lò ngói 41 Nguyễn Đức Minh - Nguyễn Thị Hoan Lang bầu Kim phượng Nguyễn Đức Sáu - Nguyễn Thị Lục Kim phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng Aguyễn Đức Thịnh - Đỗ Thị Cận Bờ đáy Aguyễn Đức Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Phượng Nội giữa Kim phượng Aguyễn Đức Vũ - Kim phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng Aguyễn Hoàn Dũng - Nguyễn Thị Hoa Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng Aguyễn Hồng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu Nguyễn Hữu Bảnh - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Nguyễn Hữu Cần - Nguyễn Thị Bình Nguyễn Hữu Cần - Nguyễn Thị Bình Nguyễn Hữu Cần - Nguyễn Thị Bình Chợ cánh	664,80
Nguyễn Đức Sáu - Nguyễn Thị Lục Kim phượng	
Nguyễn Đức Sáu - Nguyễn Thị Lục Kim phượng Nội giữa Mguyễn Đức Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Phượng Nội giữa Kim phượng Mguyễn Hoà Dũng - Nguyễn Thị Ngọ Phố II Mguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng Mguyễn Hồng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Lò cang Phố I	400.50
Nguyễn Đức Sáu - Nguyễn Thị Lục Kim phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng Hoại Đức Thịnh - Đỗ Thị Cận Bờ đáy At Nguyễn Đức Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Phượng Nguyễn Đức Vũ - Kim phượng Hoàu Nguyễn Duy Hải - Nguyễn Thị Hoa Kim phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng At Nguyễn Hoà Dũng - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng At Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng At Nguyễn Hoàng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Nguyễn Hồu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu Phố I Phố II Phố II Chợ cánh	182,50
Kim phượng 43 Nguyễn Đức Thịnh - Đỗ Thị Cận 44 Nguyễn Đức Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Phượng Nội giữa 45 Kim phượng Nguyễn Đức Vũ - Kim phượng 46 Nguyễn Duy Hải - Nguyễn Thị Hoa 47 Nguyễn Hoà Dũng - Nguyễn Thị Ngọ 48 Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Tư 48 Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Yên 49 Nguyễn Hồng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu Nguyễn Hữu Binh - Nguyễn Thị Sở 51 Nguyễn Hữu Binh - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa 52 Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng 54 Nguyễn Hữu Cần - Nguyễn Thị Bình Chợ cánh	649,60
43 Nguyễn Đức Thịnh - Đỗ Thị Cận Bờ đáy 44 Nguyễn Đức Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Phượng Nội giữa 45 Kim phượng Nguyễn Đức Vũ - Kim phượng 46 Nguyễn Duy Hải - Nguyễn Thị Hoa Kim phượng 47 Nguyễn Hoà Dũng - Nguyễn Thị Ngọ Phố II 48 Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng 49 Nguyễn Hồng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Lò cang 50 Phố I Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu Phố I 51 Nguyễn Hữu Bình - Nguyễn Thị Sở Lang bầu 52 Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II 54 Nguyễn Hữu Cần - Nguyễn Thị Bình Chợ cánh	607,10
44 Nguyễn Đức Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Phượng Nguyễn Đức Vũ - Nguyễn Đức Vũ - Kim phượng 46 Nguyễn Duy Hải - Nguyễn Thị Hoa Kim phượng 47 Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng 48 Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng 49 Nguyễn Hồng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Lò cang 50 Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu Phố I Phố I Phố I Phố I Phố I Nguyễn Hữu Bình - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa 52 Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II Phố II Phố II Phố II Chợ cánh	738,00
Kim phượng Phố II Phố I Phố I Phố I Phố I Phố II	109,00
Nguyễn Đức Vũ - Kim phượng Kim phượng Kim phượng 46 Nguyễn Duy Hải - Nguyễn Thị Hoa Kim phượng 47 Nguyễn Hoà Dũng - Nguyễn Thị Ngọ Phố II 48 Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng 49 Nguyễn Hồng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Lò cang 50 Phố I Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu Phố I Phố I S1 Nguyễn Hữu Bình - Nguyễn Thị Sở Lang bầu 52 Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa 53 Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II Phố II Chợ cánh	944,00
Kim phượng 46 Nguyễn Duy Hải - Nguyễn Thị Hoa Kim phượng 47 Nguyễn Hoà Dũng - Nguyễn Thị Ngọ Phố II 48 Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng 49 Nguyễn Hồng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Lò cang 50 Phố I Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu Phố I 51 Nguyễn Hữu Bình - Nguyễn Thị Sở Lang bầu 52 Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa 53 Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng 54 Nguyễn Hữu Cần - Nguyễn Thị Bình 57 Chợ cánh	399,30
47 Nguyễn Hoà Dũng - Nguyễn Thị Ngọ Phố II 48 Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng 49 Nguyễn Hồng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Lò cang 50 Phố I Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu 51 Nguyễn Hữu Bình - Nguyễn Thị Sở Lang bầu 52 Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa Phố II Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II Chợ cánh	167,80
47 Nguyễn Hoà Dũng - Nguyễn Thị Ngọ Phố II 48 Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng 49 Nguyễn Hồng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Lò cang 50 Phố I Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu 51 Nguyễn Hữu Bình - Nguyễn Thị Sở Lang bầu 52 Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa Phố II Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II Chợ cánh	1.098,40
48 Nguyễn Hoàng Long - Nguyễn Thị Tư Kim phượng 49 Nguyễn Hồng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Lò cang 50 Phố I Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu Phố I 51 Nguyễn Hữu Bình - Nguyễn Thị Sở Lang bầu 52 Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II 54 Nguyễn Hữu Cần - Nguyễn Thị Bình	720,50
49 Nguyễn Hồng Quân - Trần Thị Yên Lò cang 50 Phố I Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu Phố I 51 Nguyễn Hữu Bình - Nguyễn Thị Sở Lang bầu 52 Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa 53 Phố II Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II 54 Nguyễn Hữu Cần - Nguyễn Thị Bình	435,90
Nguyễn Hữu Bảng - Trần Thị Hậu Phố I Phố II	547,10
Nguyên Hữu Bang - Tran Thị Hậu Phố I Phố I 51 Nguyễn Hữu Bình - Nguyễn Thị Sở Lang bầu 52 Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa 53 Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II Phố II Phố II Chợ cánh	479,00
Phó I Phố I 51 Nguyễn Hữu Bình - Nguyễn Thị Sở Lang bầu 52 Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa 53 Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II Phố II 54 Nguyễn Hữu Cần - Nguyễn Thị Bình	315,00
51 Nguyễn Hữu Bình - Nguyễn Thị Sở Lang bầu 52 Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa 53 Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II Phố II S4 Nguyễn Hữu Cần - Nguyễn Thị Bình Chợ cánh	387,00
52 Nguyễn Hữu Bính - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Nội giữa 53 Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II 54 Nguyễn Hữu Cần - Nguyễn Thị Bình	441,80
53 Nguyễn Hữu Bốn - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II Phố II 54 Nguyễn Hữu Cần - Nguyễn Thị Bình Chợ cánh	120,70
Nguyên Hữu Bồn - Tạ Thị Hồng Phố II Sa Nguyễn Hữu Cần - Nguyễn Thị Bình Chợ cánh	242,50
54 Nauyễn Hữu Cần - Nauyễn Thị Bình Chợ cánh	242,20
Harryan Hữu Cân - Nguyễn Thị Rình	251,80
Nguyen Hưu Can - Nguyen Thị Binh	267,80
ı I Oliy Gallı	469,00
55 Nove and the Name of This is a Phố II	495,20
Nguyễn Hữu Căn - Nguyễn Thị Lý Phố II	405,80
56 Neuviña Hisu Cor	200,00
Nguyễn Hữu Cơ - Chuôi ná	424,60
57 Nguyễn Hữu Công - Nguyễn Thị Sen Lang bầu	768,40
58 Nguyễn Hữu Cường - Nguyễn Thị Loan Chuôi ná	321,30
59 Nguyễn Hữu Đính - Trần thị ý Lò ngói	1.168,10
60 Chuôi ná	407,20
Nguyễn Hữu Độ - Nguyễn Thị Minh Nguyệt Chuôi ná	674,40
Chuôi ná	257,10
61 Nguyễn Hữu Dự - Nguyễn Thị Việt Chợ cánh	720,60
62 Nguyễn Hữu Đứng Nguyễn Thị Thiêm Nội giữa	274,20
Nguyễn Hữu Dũng - Nguyễn Thị Thiêm Nội giữa	828,90
63 Nauvẫn Hữu Dững, Trần Thị Turờng	149,50
Nguyễn Hữu Dũng - Trần Thị Tường Phố II	175,50
64 Nguyễn Hữu Giang - Nguyễn Thị Thắng Chuôi ná	579,00
65 Nguyễn Hữu Hùng - Nguyễn Thị Đào Phố II	
66 Nguyễn Hông Trần Thị Đầy	579,00
Nguyễn Hữu Hùng - Trần Thị Đẩy Lang bầu	579,00 590,20
67 Nguyễn Hữu Hương - Nguyễn Thị Mai Nội giữa	579,00 590,20 553,40
68 Nguyễn Hữu Hương - Trần Thị Thịnh Chợ cánh	579,00 590,20 553,40 262,00

		Chợ cánh	72,00
69		Nội giữa	130,70
	Nguyễn Hữu Huy - Tạ Thị Bê	Nội giữa	227,50
		Nội giữa	285,80
70	Nguyễn Hữu Kiêm - Nguyễn Thị Kiêm	Nội giữa	97,90
71		Phố II	757,40
	Nguyễn Hữu Lê - Nguyễn Thị Hoà	Phố II	428,40
	3.7.	Phố II	376,80
72		Chuôi ná	386,30
	Nguyễn Hữu Liên - Trần ThịThường	Chuôi ná	910,10
73		Chuôi ná	357,20
	Nguyễn Hữu Lợi - Nguyễn Thị Xuân	Chuôi ná	795,90
74		Nội giữa	109,00
- / -	Nguyễn Hữu Lực - Nguyễn Thị Liên	Nội giữa	313,30
	Ngayen naa Eqo Ngayen mi Elem	Nội giữa	380,40
75		Chuôi ná	190,30
73	Nguyễn Hữu Lượng - Vương Thị Lan	Chuôi ná	498,90
	Nguyen nau Laong - Vaong mi Lan	Chuôi ná	245,60
76		Kim phượng	
76	Nguyễn Hữu Nghị - Nguyễn Thị Dung		901,70
77	Namão Hou Dhon Thần Thị Hồng	Kim phượng Phố II	162,30
77	Nguyễn Hữu Phan - Trần Thị Hằng		474,00
78	Nguyễn Hữu Phong - Nguyễn Thị Hội	Cửa đồng	92,40
		Cửa đồng	494,00
79	~ =.	Nội giữa	525,20
	Nguyễn Hữu Phương -	Nội giữa	581,90
		Nội giữa	499,70
80	Nguyễn Hữu Sang - Nguyễn Thị Ngũ	Phố II	181,80
		Phố II	554,20
81	Nguyễn Hữu Sinh - Phạm Thị Mai	Phố II	1.564,90
82	Nguyễn Hữu Sơn - Đường Thị Huyền	Chợ cánh	644,40
83	Nguyễn Hữu Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Ngọc	Nội giữa	143,30
84	Nguyễn Hữu Tạo - Nguyễn Thị Chung	Nội giữa	219,50
85	Nguyễn Hữu Thân - Nguyễn Thị Ngọc	Lang bầu	242,00
86	Nguyễn Hữu Thắng - Trương Thị Thi	Phố I	1.036,00
87	Nguyễn Hữu Thanh - Nguyễn Thị Bình	Nội giữa	290,90
88		Nội giữa	247,10
	Nguyễn Hữu Tiến - Nguyễn Thị Đương	Nội giữa	164,80
		Nội giữa	916,50
89		Chuôi ná	616,30
	Nguyễn Hữu Tiệp - Phan Thị Cầu	Chuôi ná	232,00
		Chuôi ná	650,60
90	Nguyễn Hữu Toán -	Chuôi ná	197,00
91	Nguyễn Hữu Trí - Nguyễn Thị Lịch	Lang bầu	1.256,40
92	Nguyễn Hữu Trọng - Nguyễn Thị Nhâm	Phố II	1.122,80
93		Chợ cánh	346,50
	Nguyễn Hữu Trung - Nguyễn Thị Dung	Chợ cánh	444,50
94		Chợ cánh	178,40
	Nguyễn Hữu Tư - Nguyễn Thị Thảo	Chợ cánh	424,70
	5 y = - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Chợ cánh	252,10
95		Lang bầu	402,90
- 50	Nguyễn Hữu Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Vân	Lang bàu	282,20
		Lang bàu	109,70
96	Nguyễn Hữu Tuệ - Nguyễn Thị ất	Phố II	1.211,50
97	Nguyễn Hữu Vị - Nguyễn Thị Hà	Kim phượng	473,60
98		Phố II	
90	Nguyễn Khắc Giáp - Nguyễn Thị Oanh	Phố II	1.155,80
-00	Nguyễn Khốc Conh. Nguyễn Thị Cân T		139,00
99	Nguyễn Khắc Oanh - Nguyễn Thị Công	Lang bầu	110,00
100	Name & 1/1 % To The Thirty of	Nội giữa	420,40
	Nguyễn Khắc Tân - Trần Thị Chí	Nội giữa	652,40
45:	N	Nội giữa	619,30
101	Nguyễn Khắc Thái - Phạm Thị Ngọt	Nội giữa	858,80

102	Nguyễn Khắc Thực - Nguyễn Thị Vân	Cửa đồng Cửa đồng	324,30
103		Phố II	433,20 887,00
103	Nguyễn Khắc Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Thái	Phố II	
104	Nguyễn Khắc Tốn - Tạ Thị Khánh	Phố II	138,10
104 105	Nguyễn Khác Tôn - Tạ Thị Khaili Nguyễn Khác Tôn - Trịnh Thị Tấc	Đồng nhất	325,70 738,00
	Nguyễn Khác Tuý - Trần Thị Tác Nguyễn Khắc Tuý - Trần Thu Hương	Lang bầu	
106	Nguyen Khac Tuy - Tran Thu Hương		1.145,80
107	Nguyễn Kim Chi - Nguyễn Thị Dung	Chợ cánh	121,20
400	Name in the state of the state	Chợ cánh	281,90
108	Nguyễn Lương Tâm - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Nguyễn Mạnh Hùng - Dương Thị Oanh	Đồng nhất	958,50
109	Nguyen Manin Hung - Dương Thị Oann	Lò cang Phố II	91,00
110	Nguyễn Mạnh Hùng - Trần Thị Định		180,50
444	Name & Mark Thurburg Taka Thillian	Phố II	496,90
111	Nguyễn Mạnh Thường - Trần Thị Lạng	Lang bầu	284,10
112	Name of Mink Occasion Name of This Thomas	Kim phượng	1.213,00
	Nguyễn Minh Cương - Nguyễn Thị Thuận	Kim phượng	147,20
4.40		Kim phượng	588,40
113	Nguyễn Minh Tiến - Nguyễn Thị Hợp	Chợ cánh	266,00
444	N	Chợ cánh	243,10
114	Nguyễn Ngọc Lân - Hoàng Thị ổn	Chợ cánh	2.463,60
115	Name & District No. 24 D. Trick	Phố II	270,50
	Nguyễn Phước Nguyệt - Dương Thị Loan	Phố II	251,90
		Phố II	141,40
116	Nguyễn Phước Viễn - Nguyễn Thị Tỵ	Nội giữa	213,00
		Nội giữa	340,00
117	Nguyễn Phương Khoa - Phạm Thị Tính	Kim phượng	105,00
	gayana ang amaa ang ama	Kim phượng	1.145,40
118		Lang bầu	421,40
	Nguyễn Quang Cảnh - Nguyễn Thị Hoan	Lang bầu	89,40
	Tigayen Quang cann Tigayen Ing Tican	Lang bầu	737,60
		Lang bầu	472,50
119		Chợ cánh	317,00
	Nguyễn Quang Hiển - Nguyễn Thị Thảo	Chợ cánh	304,70
		Chợ cánh	2.277,10
120	Nguyễn Tất Cường - Nguyễn Thị Lan	Kim phượng	468,30
		Kim phượng	88,70
121	Nguyễn Tất Lực - Nguyễn Thị Thư	Lang bầu	562,50
122	Nguyễn Thái Ất -	Nội giữa	711,70
123		Chuôi ná	441,60
	Nguyễn Thanh Bình - Nguyễn Thị Tân	Chuôi ná	724,20
	Trigayon maini 2mm rigayon mi ran	Chuôi ná	335,70
		Chuôi ná	1.313,00
124	Nguyễn Thành Đồng - Nguyễn Thị Đoan	Đồng nhất	542,20
125		Lang bầu	347,00
	Nguyễn Thanh Xuân - Nguyễn Thị Chất	Lang bầu	470,00
	- 1.52.7011 Till Ollar	Lang bầu	155,40
		Lang bầu	384,90
126	Nguyễn Thế Huấn - Nguyễn Thị Nam	Nội giữa	357,40
127	Nguyễn Thế Kỷ - Nguyễn Thị Kiểm	Chuôi ná	355,90
		Chuôi ná	374,40
128	Nguyễn Thế Liêm - Nguyễn Thị Thoa	Nội giữa	615,20
129	Nguyễn Thế Mạnh - Nguyễn Thị Nga	Nội giữa	672,60
130	Nguyễn Thế Nguyên - Nguyễn Thị Ngát	Nội giữa	482,20
		Nội giữa	82,50
131	Nguyễn Thế Nguyên - Trương Thị Cát	Lang bầu	712,70
132	Nguyễn Thị Ất -	Nội giữa	919,40
133	Nguyễn Thị Bê -	Chuôi ná	86,20
134	Nguyễn Thị Bích -	Lò ngói	511,90
135		Chuôi ná	399,20
133			
133	Nguyễn Thị Bóc -	Chuôi ná	740,80

		Chuôi ná	43,50
		Chuôi ná	157,50
		Chuôi ná	488,40
136	Nguyễn Thị Chi -	Nội giữa	183,40
137	Nguyễn Thị Chức -	Nội giữa	215,20
138	Nguyễn Thị Chưng -	Lang bầu	1.064,90
139		Kim phượng	555,30
100	Nguyễn Thị Cơ -	Kim phượng	83,00
140	Nguyễn Thị Đạc -	Nội giữa	372,70
141	Nguyễn Thị Dậc -	Đồng nhất	234,00
142	Nguyen mi Dan -	Phố II	318,00
142	Nguyễn Thị Đào -	Phố II	
4.40			365,00
143	Nguyễn Thị Điểm -	Nội giữa	186,40
		Nội giữa	482,40
144		Chuôi ná	1.140,10
	Nguyễn Thị Định - Trần Văn Quang	Chuôi ná	420,40
		Chuôi ná	62,60
		Chuôi ná	907,10
145		Kim phượng	456,60
	Nguyễn Thị Đồng -	Kim phượng	1.556,30
		Kim phượng	382,20
		Kim phượng	606,40
146	Nguyễn Thị Gái -	Kim phượng	266,00
	Nguyen mi Gar-	Kim phượng	193,40
147		Chuôi ná	436,80
	Nguyễn Thị Hạ - Nguyễn Duy Yên	Chuôi ná	1.070,80
		Chuôi ná	857,30
148	Nguyễn Thị Hải - Dương Văn Tửu	Lò cang	574,50
149	Nguyễn Thị Hạnh - Nguyễn Văn Chính	Chợ cánh	818,50
150	Nguyễn Thị Hậu -	Chợ cánh	162,90
151	Nguyễn Thị Hiền - Nguyễn Văn Cân	Nội giữa	725,00
152		Chợ cánh	451,40
	Nguyễn Thị Hoa -	Chơ cánh	111,90
153		Kim phượng	155,00
100	Nguyễn Thị Hồng -	Kim phượng	510,10
154	Nguyễn Thị Hồng - Nguyễn Thế Tuyển	Cửa đồng	446,20
155		Chợ cánh	218,30
133	Nguyễn Thị Hường - Nguyễn Văn Hoa	Chợ cánh	686,40
156		Cửa đồng	231,00
136	Nguyễn Thị Huyền -	Cửa đồng	•
457			70,00
157	Nguyễn Thị Kế - Nguyễn Khắc Hiến	Lang bầu	408,70
450		Lang bầu	753,30
158	Nguyễn Thị Kha -	Lò cang	391,10
450		Lò cang	18,00
159	Nguyễn Thị Lạc - Nguyễn Văn Thịnh	Phố II	369,00
160	Nguyễn Thị Lan -	Cửa đồng	418,90
161	Nguyễn Thị Liên -	Chợ cánh	306,80
		Chợ cánh	371,50
162		Nội giữa	323,80
	Nguyễn Thị Loan - Trần Minh Tuấn	Nội giữa	163,60
	1.32,5 200	Nội giữa	132,20
		Nội giữa	716,50
163	Nguyễn Thị Lộc -	Chợ cánh	591,00
	149uyen mi Loc -	Chợ cánh	1.381,00
164	Nguyễn Thị Mùi -	Nội giữa	408,80
165	Naãa Thi MG	Chuôi ná	931,00
	Nguyễn Thị Mỹ -	Chuôi ná	629,20
166	Nguyễn Thị Ngát -	Nội giữa	625,90
167		Lò ngói	340,00
	Nguyễn Thị Nghị - Nguyễn Văn Can	Lò ngói	237,00
168	Nguyễn Thị Ngọ -	Cửa đồng	668,20
	J-J=:: :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	g	000,20

170	169	Nguyễn Thị Ngọc -	Lang bầu Lang bầu	411,70
Nguyên Thị Nhiện - Chọ cánh 564.5	470			198,20
171 Nguyễn Thị Nhiền - Nội giữa 1197 1197 1197 1197 1197 1197 1197 1197 1197 1197 1197 1197 1197 1197 1198 1197 1197 1198 1197 1198 1197 1198 1197 1198 1197 1198 1199	170	Nguyễn Thị Nhật -		
1972 Nguyễn Thị Nhung -	474	Nieron Son The Nile 20 on		
Nguyễn Thị Nhung -		nguyen ini nnien -		
Kim phương 122.5	1/2	N. ~ T. N.		
1703 Nguyễn Thị Canh -		Nguyen Thị Nhung -		
Nguyện Thị Phong - Tạ Văn Đào Chuối ná 746,6				
174 Nguyễn Thị Phong - Ta Văn Đào Chuổi nă 746.6 175 Nguyễn thị Sau - Nguyễn Văn Doanh Phổ I 178.1 176 Nguyễn Thị Sen - Nguyễn Văn Doanh Phổ I 178.1 177 Nội giữa 245.6 178 Nguyễn Thị Sinh - Nguyễn Văn Doanh Phổ I 178.1 177 Nội giữa 245.6 178 Nguyễn Thị Sinh - Nội giữa 394.6 178 Nguyễn Thị Tâm - Nguyễn Hữu Cánh Lang bầu 230.6 179 Nguyễn Thị Tâm - Nguyễn Hữu Cánh Lang bầu 230.6 179 Nguyễn Thị Thân - Nội giữa 751.1 180 Nguyễn Thị Thân - Nội giữa 751.1 181 Nguyễn Thị Thân - Nội giữa 259.6 182 Nguyễn Thị Thân - Nguyễn Văn Quảng Nội giữa 281.6 182 Nguyễn Thị Thân - Nguyễn Văn Quảng Nội giữa 31.3 182 Nguyễn Thị Than - Nguyễn Văn Quảng Nội giữa 31.3 183 Nguyễn Thị Tha - Lò ngói 633.6 184 Nguyễn Thị Tha - Nội giữa 337.2 185 Nguyễn Thị Tha - Nội giữa 337.2 186 Nguyễn Thị Tha - Nội giữa 332.8 187 Nguyễn Thị Tha - Nội giữa 332.8 188 Nguyễn Thị Tha - Nội giữa 332.8 189 Nguyễn Thị Thu - Chuải na 848.6 189 Nguyễn Thị Thu - Chuải na 848.6 189 Nguyễn Thị Thu - Chuải na 848.6 189 Nguyễn Thị Thu - Chuải na 849.4 190 Nguyễn Thị Thu - Chuải na 662.6 191 Nguyễn Thị Vì - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 330.6 192 Nguyễn Thị Vì - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 330.6 193 Nguyễn Thị Vì - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 330.6 194 Nguyễn Thị Vì - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 330.6 195 Nguyễn Thị Vì - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 330.6 196 Nguyễn Thị Vì - Nguyễn Thị Hiện Nội giữa 330.6 198 Nguyễn Thị Vì - Nguyễn Thị Ngu - Nguyễn Thị Nguyễn Thị Ngu - Nguyễn Thị Ngu - Nguyễn Thị Ngu - Nguyễn Thị Ngu - Nguyễn Thị Nguyễn Thị Ngu - Nguyễn Thị Ngu - Nguyễn Thị Ngu -	1/3	Nguyễn Thi Oanh -		
175 Nguyễn Thị Sau - Nguyễn Vàn Doanh Phố II 178, 177 Nội giữa 469,6				
176	-	<u> </u>		746,60
177				25,00
Nguyễn Thị Sinh - Nội giữa 9248.0	176	Nguyễn Thị Sen - Nguyễn Văn Doanh		178,10
Nguyên Thị Tâm - Nguyễn Hữu Cánh Lang bầu 230,6 Nội giữa 111,4 171,1 171	177			469,60
Noi giữa 904.2		Nauvễn Thị Sinh -	Nội giữa	248,00
178		Ngayon mi omi	Nội giữa	904,50
179			Nội giữa	110,40
Nguyễn Thị Thân - Nguyễn Thị Thânh - Nguyễn Thị Thê - Chuổi ná 11.31.1. 183 Nguyễn Thị Thê - Chuổi ná 11.7. 184 Nguyễn Thị The - Lỏ ngói 550,7. 185 Nguyễn Thị Tho - Lỏ ngói 550,7. 185 Nguyễn Thị Tho - Nội giữa 33.7. 186 Nguyễn Thị Thu - Chuổi ná 434.6. 187 Nguyễn Thị Thu - Chuổi ná 444.6. 188 Nguyễn Thị Thu - Chuổi ná 444.6. 189 Nguyễn Thị Thì - Phố 1 941.3. 189 Nguyễn Thị Vị - Lang bầu 73.3. 180 Nguyễn Thị Vị - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nổi giữa 330.6. 190 Nguyễn Thị Viễn - Chọ canh 1.088,	178	Nguyễn Thị Tám - Nguyễn Hữu Cảnh	Lang bầu	230,60
Noi giữa 205,6	179	Nguyễn Thị Tầ	Nội giữa	751,80
Nguyễn Thị Thân - Nội giữa 764.4		nguyen mi re -	Nội giữa	259,60
Nguyễn Thị Thân - Nội giữa 764.4	180	Nguyễn Thị Thân	Nội giữa	206,60
181 Nguyễn Thị Thành - Nội giữa 1.311.1 Nội giữa 281.6		nguyen mi man -	Nội giữa	764,40
Nguyễn Thị Thành -	181		Nội giữa	1.311,10
Nội giữa 683,6		Nguyễn Thị Thành -		281,60
182 Nguyễn Thị Thanh Tháo - Nguyễn Van Quảng Nội giữa 917,2 183 Nguyễn Thị Thê - Chuổi ná 817,8 184 Nguyễn Thị Thơ - Lò ngói 550,7 185 Nguyễn Thị Thơ - Nôi giữa 337,2 186 Nguyễn Thị Thu - Chuổi ná 848,6 187 Nguyễn Thị Thuận - Kim phương 494,2 188 Nguyễn Thị Tôn - Phố I 941,3 189 Nguyễn Thị Tòn - Phố I 941,3 190 Nguyễn Thị Vân - Trần Văn Đăng Lò cang 71,0 191 Nguyễn Thị Vân - Trần Văn Đăng Lò cang 245,7 192 Nguyễn Thị Vi - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 330,6 193 Nguyễn Thị Vi - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 328,6 193 Nguyễn Thị Vi - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 328,6 194 Nguyễn Thị Vi - Quyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 328,6 195 Nguyễn Thị Vi - Đặng Vân Sự Lang bầu 574,5 194 Nguyễn Thị Vỹn - Đặng Vân Sự Lan				683,60
183 Nguyễn Thị Thê - Chuối ná 817,6 184 Nguyễn Thị Thơ - Lò ngói 550,7 185 Nguyễn Thị Thoa - Nội giữa 337,2 186 Nguyễn Thị Thu - Chuối ná 848,0 187 Nguyễn Thị Thu - Kim phương 494,2 188 Nguyễn Thị Toh - Phố I 941,3 189 Nguyễn Thị Ty - Lang bầu 73,3 190 Nguyễn Thị Và - Trần Văn Đăng Lò cang 71,0 191 Nguyễn Thị Vì - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 245,7 Nguyễn Thị Vì - Nguyễn Thị Vì - O, Nguyễn Thị Vì - O, Chọ cánh 1,088,0 192 Nguyễn Thị Vì - O, Chuối ná 662,0 Nguyễn Thị Vìn - Đặng Văn Sự Lang bầu 574,4 194 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Lang bầu 56,8 195 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phương 702,2 196 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phương 702,2 197 Nguyễn Tiến Na - Nguyễn Thị Hiền Nội giữa 387,4	182	Nguyễn Thị Thanh Thảo - Nguyễn Văn Quảng		917,20
184 Nguyễn Thị Thơ - Lò ngói 550,7 185 Nguyễn Thị Thoa - Nội giữa 337,2 186 Nguyễn Thị Thua - Chuối ná 848,0 187 Nguyễn Thị Thuận - Kim phượng 494,2 188 Nguyễn Thị Thoa - Phố I 941,3 189 Nguyễn Thị Toa - Phố I 941,3 190 Nguyễn Thị Vàn - Trần Vàn Đàng Lò cang 71,0 191 Nguyễn Thị Vi - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 245,7 192 Nguyễn Thị Vi - Chự cánh 1,088,0 193 Nguyễn Thị Vin - Chự cánh 1,088,0 194 Nguyễn Thị Vin - Chự cánh 1,088,0 195 Nguyễn Thị Vin - Dặng Vàn Sự Lang bầu 574,5 196 Nguyễn Thị Vy - Nội giữa 1,449,3 197 Nguyễn Thị Vỳ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 198 Nguyễn Thị Vỳ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 198 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mân Nội giữa 387,4 198 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mân Nội giữa 387,4 198 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Phương Nội giữa 387,4 199 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mân Nội giữa 387,4 190 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Phương Nội giữa 387,4 190 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Phương Nội giữa 387,4 190 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 201 Nguyễn Tiến Nguyễn Thị Xuân Chự cánh 1,127,7 202 Nguyễn Tuấn - Quế Đồng nhất 1,593,0 203 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 585,0 204 Nguyễn Vàn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 585,0 204 Nguyễn Vàn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 585,0 205 Nguyễn Tuấn Dinh - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 585,0 206 Nguyễn Tuấn Dinh - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 585,0 207 Nguyễn Tuấn Dinh - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 585,0 208 Nguyễn Tuấn Dinh - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 585,0 208 Nguyễn Tuấn Dinh - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 585,0 209 Nguyễn Tuấn Dinh - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 585,0 200 Nguyễn Tuấn Dinh - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 585,0 200 Nguyễn Tuấn Dinh - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 585,0 200 Nguyễn Tuấn Dinh - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu				817,80
185 Nguyễn Thị Thoa - Nguyễn Thị Thoa - Nội giữa 337,2 186 Nguyễn Thị Thu - Chuổi ná 848,0 187 Nguyễn Thị Thuận - Kim phượng 494,2 188 Nguyễn Thị Thuận - Phố I 941,3 189 Nguyễn Thị Ty - Lang bầu 73,3 190 Nguyễn Thị Vị - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 245,7 191 Nguyễn Thị Vị - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 330,6 192 Nguyễn Thị Viña - Chọ cánh 1.088,0 193 Nguyễn Thị Vin - Pậng Văn Sự Lang bầu 574,4 194 Nguyễn Thị Vĩnh - Đặng Văn Sự Lang bầu 574,5 195 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Nguyễn Thị Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 328,6 196 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Nội Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Nội giữa 585,7 197 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 198 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 197 Nguyễn Tiến Na - Nguyễn Thị Hiền Nội giữa 428,7 Nội giữa Nội giữa 387,4 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Tràn Thị Mận Nội giữa 387,4 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 199 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 190 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 190 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 190 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 190 Nguyễn Trin Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 190 Nguyễn Trin Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 190 Nguyễn Tuán Định - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Phố I 262,0 190 Nguyễn Tuán - Quế Đồng nhất 1.593,0 200 Nguyễn Tuán Định - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0 200 Nguyễn Tuán Định - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0 200 Nguyễn Tuán Định - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0 200 Nguyễn Tuán Định - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0 200 Nguyễn Tuán Định - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0 200 Nguyễn Tuán Định - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0 200 Nguyễn Tuán Định - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0 201 Nguyễn Vận An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0 202 Nguyễn Vận An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lan				550,70
Nguyễn Thị Thoa - Nội giữa 332,8				337,20
186	100	Nguyễn Thị Thoa -		
187 Nguyễn Thị Thuận - Kim phượng 494,2 188 Nguyễn Thị Tôn - Phố I 941,3 189 Nguyễn Thị Tỳ - Lang bầu 73,3 190 Nguyễn Thị Vàn - Trần Vàn Đăng Lò cang 71,0 191 Nguyễn Thị Vi - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 330,6 192 Nguyễn Thị Viễn - Chợ cánh 1.088,6 193 Nguyễn Thị Vin - Chuổi ná 328,6 194 Nguyễn Thị Vin - Chuổi ná 662,0 194 Nguyễn Thị Vĩnh - Đặng Văn Sự Lang bầu 574,5 195 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Nội giữa 585,7 196 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 197 Nguyễn Thị Nguyễn Thị Hiền Nội giữa 387,4 198 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mận Nội giữa 387,4 199 Nguyễn Thị Van - Nguyễn Thị Xuân Chợ cánh 1.127,7 200 Nguyễn Triều Nguyễn Thị Khuê Phố I 262,6 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Dòng Nhật 1.593,6 202 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Dòng Nhật 1.593,6 190 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Dòng nhất 1.593,6 190 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn Twần - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn Twần - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn Twần - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn Twần - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,6 190 Nguyễn	186	Nguyễn Thị Thụ -		
Nguyễn Thị Thuận - Kim phượng 647,2				
188 Nguyễn Thị Tón - Phố I 941,3 189 Nguyễn Thị Ty - Lang bàu 73,3 190 Nguyễn Thị Vàn - Trần Văn Đăng Lò cang 71,0 191 Nguyễn Thị Vàn - Trần Văn Đăng Lò cang 245,7 Nội giữa 330,6 245,7 Nội giữa 330,6 326,6 192 Nguyễn Thị Viễn - Chơ cánh 1.088,0 193 Chuối ná 328,6 Chuổi ná 662,0 Chuối ná 662,0 Chuổi ná 662,0 Chuổi ná 574,5 Lang bầu 574,5 Lang bầu 585,7 195 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Vân Sự Lang bầu 585,7 195 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 197 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 198 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Nội giữa 428,7 198 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mận Nội giữa 387,4 198 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mận N	107	Nguyễn Thị Thuận -		·
189 Nguyễn Thị Ty - Lang bầu 73,3 190 Nguyễn Thị Vân - Tràn Văn Đăng Lò cang 71,0 191 Nguyễn Thị Vân - Tràn Văn Đăng Nội giữa 245,7 192 Nguyễn Thị Viễn - Chọ cánh 1.088,0 193 Chuối ná 328,6 194 Chuối ná 662,0 194 Lang bầu 574,5 194 Lang bầu 585,7 195 Nguyễn Thị Vĩnh - Đặng Văn Sự Lang bầu 56,6 195 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 197 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 197 Nguyễn Tiến Na - Nguyễn Thị Hiền Nội giữa 428,7 198 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mận Nội giữa 387,4 199 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Xuân Chợ cánh 1127,7 200 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 201 Nguyễn Triều Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 312,2 202 Ng	188	Nguyễn Thị Tôn -		
190 Nguyễn Thị Vân - Trần Văn Đăng Lò cang 71,0 191 Nguyễn Thị Vị - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 330,6 192 Nguyễn Thị Viễn - Chợ cánh 1.088,6 193 Chuổi ná 328,6 194 Nguyễn Thị Vĩnh - Đặng Văn Sự Lang bầu 574,5 194 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Nội giữa 1.449,3 195 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 197 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Nội giữa 428,7 Nguyễn Tiến Na - Nguyễn Thị Mận Nội giữa 387,4 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Nuân Nội giữa 387,4 198 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Nuân Nội giữa 387,4 199 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 200 Nguyễn Triều Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 201 Nguyễn Triền Quý - Trần Thị Khuê Phố I 262,0 202 Nguyễn Tuấn - Quế Đồng nhất 1.593,0 203 Nguyễn Tuấn Đính - Nguyễn Thị Hoà				·
191 Nguyễn Thị Vị - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 330,6 192 Nguyễn Thị Viễn - Chợ cánh 1.088,6 193 Chuôi ná 328,6 Chuôi ná 662,0 Chuôi ná 672,5 Chuôi ná 672,5 194 Lang bầu 574,5 Lang bầu 585,7 Lang bầu 56,8 195 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 197 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thộng Nội giữa 428,7 198 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thộng Nội giữa 587,2 198 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mận Nội giữa 387,4 199 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Xuân Chợ cánh 1.127,7 200 Nguyễn Triều Nguyễn Thị Khuê Phố I 262,0 Nguyễn Tuấn - Quế Đồng nhất 1.593,0 201 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 595,0 202 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 595,0 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 595,0 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 595,0 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 595,0 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 202 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 203 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 204 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 205 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 206 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 207 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 208 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 209 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 200 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 200 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 200 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 200 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 200 Nguyễn Văn - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 200 Nguyễn Văn - Nguyễn Thị Hyàn Lang bầu 595,0 201 Nguyễn Văn - Nguyễ	-			
Nguyễn Thị Vì - Nguyễn Hữu Độ Nội giữa 330,6 192 Nguyễn Thị Viễn - Chợ cánh 1.088,0 193 Chuỗi ná 328,6 Chuỗi ná 662,0 Chuỗi ná 730,1 Chuỗi ná 672,5 Lang bầu 585,7 195 Nguyễn Thị Vy - Nội giữa 1,449,3 Nguyễn Tiến Na - Nguyễn Thị Hiền Nội giữa 1,449,3 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mận Nội giữa 3,87,4 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mận Nội giữa 1,27,4 199 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Xuân Chợ cánh 1,127,7 200 Nguyễn Triều Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 3,17,2 201 Nguyễn Trường Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Khuế Phố I 262,0 Phố I 262,0 Nguyễn Tuấn - Quế Đồng nhất 1,593,0 202 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 450,5 204 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 5,95,0 206 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 5,95,0 207 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu Lang bầu 5,95,0 208 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu Lang bầu 5,95,0 209 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 1,593,0 200 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 1,593,0 200 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 1,593,0 200 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 1,593,0 201 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 1,593,0 202 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 1,593,0 203 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 1,593,0 204 Nguyễn Thị Vửn Lang bầu 1,593,0 205 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Hoà 1,593,0 206 Nguyễn Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Hoà 1,593,0 20	-	rigayen mi van man van bang		
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193	102	Nguyễn Thị Viễn -		
Nguyễn Thị Vin - Chuôi ná 662,0		Nguyen mi vien-	•	
Nguyên Thị Vin - Chuôi ná 730,1	193			
Chuôi ná 672,5		Nguyễn Thị Vin -		·
Lang bầu 574,5				
Nguyễn Thị Vĩnh - Đặng Văn Sự Lang bầu 585,7 195 Nguyễn Thị Vỵ - Nội giữa 1.449,3 196 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 197 Nguyễn Tiến Na - Nguyễn Thị Hiền Nội giữa 428,7 198 Nội giữa 587,2 198 Nội giữa 387,4 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mận Nội giữa 197,4 199 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Xuân Chợ cánh 1.127,7 200 Nguyễn Triều Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 201 Nguyễn Trường Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Khuê Phố I 262,0 202 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Đồng nhất 1.593,0 203 Nguyễn Tuấn Đính - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 450,5 204 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0	101			
Lang bầu 56,8	194	Name Thi Wale Dies Vita Ora		
195 Nguyễn Thị Vỳ - Nội giữa 1.449,3 196 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 197 Nguyễn Tiến Na - Nguyễn Thị Hiền Nội giữa 428,7 198 Nội giữa 387,4 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mận Nội giữa 197,4 199 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Xuân Chợ cánh 1.127,7 200 Nguyễn Triều Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 201 Nguyễn Trường Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Khuê Phố I 262,0 202 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Đồng nhất 1.593,0 203 Nguyễn Tuấn Đính - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 450,5 204 Nguyễn Vặn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0		nguyen тпі vinn - Đạng Van Sự		
196 Nguyễn Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiến Thông Kim phượng 702,2 197 Nguyễn Tiến Na - Nguyễn Thị Hiền Nội giữa 428,7 198 Nội giữa 387,4 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mận Nội giữa 197,4 Nội giữa 414,6 199 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Xuân Chợ cánh 1.127,7 200 Nguyễn Triều Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 201 Nguyễn Trường Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Khuê Phố I 262,0 202 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Đồng nhất 1.593,0 203 Nguyễn Tuấn Đính - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 450,5 204 Nguyễn Vặn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0	40-	Name of a Think	-	56,80
197 Nguyễn Tiến Na - Nguyễn Thị Hiền Nội giữa 428,7 198 Nội giữa 387,4 Nội giữa 197,4 197,4 199 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Xuân Chợ cánh 1.127,7 200 Nguyễn Triều Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 201 Nguyễn Trường Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Khuê Phố I 262,0 202 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Đồng nhất 1.593,0 203 Nguyễn Tuấn Đính - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 450,5 204 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0				
Nguyễn Tiến Na - Nguyễn Thị Hiến Nội giữa 587,2 198 Nội giữa 387,4 Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mận Nội giữa 197,4 199 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Xuân Chợ cánh 1.127,7 200 Nguyễn Triều Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 201 Nguyễn Trường Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Khuê Phố I 262,0 202 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Đồng nhất 1.593,0 203 Nguyễn Tuấn Đính - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 450,5 204 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0		Nguyên Thị Vỹ - Hoàng Tiền Thông		702,20
Nội giữa 387,2	197	Nguyễn Tiến Na - Nguyễn Thi Hiền		428,70
Nguyễn Tiến Quý - Trần Thị Mận Nội giữa 197,4 199 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Xuân Chợ cánh 1.127,7 200 Nguyễn Triều Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 201 Nguyễn Trường Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Khuê Phố I 262,0 Phố I 857,4 202 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Đồng nhất 1.593,0 203 Nguyễn Tuấn Đính - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 450,5 204 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0		3.7		587,20
Nội giữa 414,6	198	~ ,		387,40
199 Nguyễn Tiến Thực - Nguyễn Thị Xuân Chợ cánh 1.127,7 200 Nguyễn Triều Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 201 Nguyễn Trường Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Khuê Phố I 262,0 202 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Đồng nhất 1.593,0 203 Nguyễn Tuấn Đính - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 450,5 204 Nguyễn Vặn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0		Nguyễn Tiền Quý - Trần Thị Mận		197,40
200 Nguyễn Triều Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương Lang bầu 317,2 201 Nguyễn Trường Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Khuê Phố I 262,0 202 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Đồng nhất 1,593,0 203 Nguyễn Tuấn Đính - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 450,5 204 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0				414,60
201 Nguyễn Trường Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Khuê Phố I 262,0 202 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Đồng nhất 1.593,0 203 Nguyễn Tuấn Đính - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 450,5 204 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0	199		-	1.127,70
Nguyễn Trường Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Khuế Phố I 857,4 202 Nguyễn Tuân - Quế Đồng nhất 1.593,0 203 Nguyễn Tuấn Đính - Nguyễn Thị Yừn Lang bầu 450,5 204 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0	200	Nguyễn Triều Nguyệt - Nguyễn Thị Phương	_	317,20
Pho	201	Nauvẫn Trường Sơn - Nauvẫn Thị Khuâ		262,00
203Nguyễn Tuấn Đính - Nguyễn Thị YừnLang bầu450,5204Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị HoàLang bầu595,0				857,40
204 Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Hoà Lang bầu 595,0	202		Đồng nhất	1.593,00
Nativen Van An - Nativen Ini Hoa	203	Nguyễn Tuấn Đính - Nguyễn Thị Yừn	Lang bầu	450,50
Nouven van An - Nouven Ini Hoa	204	Nguyễn Văn An Nguyễn Thị Hoà	Lang bầu	595,00
Lang bau 214,7		nguyen van An - nguyen mi Hoa	Lang bầu	214,70

005	N	0, +,	244.00
205	Nguyễn Văn An - Nguyễn Thị Thân	Cửa đồng	914,60
206	Nguyễn Văn Bách - Nguyễn Thị Giỏi	Phố II	388,50
207		Phố II	197,50
	Nguyễn Văn Bách - Nguyễn Thị Hạnh	Phố II	496,00
	Trigayon van Basir Trigayon Trip Tiştiri	Phố II	300,80
		Phố II	130,80
208	Nguyễn Văn Bảo - Nguyễn Thị ánh	Phố II	226,60
209	Nguyễn Văn Báu - Nguyễn Thị Lý	Lò ngói	1.059,50
	i Nguyen van Bau - Nguyen Trii Ly	Lò ngói	1.430,80
210		Nội giữa	187,50
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Nội giữa	611,90
	Nguyễn Văn Bích - Vũ Thị Bé	Nội giữa	227,80
		Nội giữa	340,00
211	Nguyễn Văn Bình - Nguyễn Thị Liên	Kim phượng	602,40
212	Nguyễn Văn Bính - Trần Thị Bằng	Lò cang	353,20
213		Kim phượng	602,40
	Nguyễn Văn Bình - Trần Thị Thu Thuỷ	Kim phượng	1.483,40
214		Chuôi ná	336,30
214	Nguyễn Văn Bộ - Nguyễn Thị Hà	Chuôi ná	630,40
215	Nguyễn Văn Cân - Nguyễn Thị Chất	Chuôi ná	216,10
215	Nguyên Văn Cân - Nguyên Trị Chất Nguyễn Văn Cẩn - Tạ Thị Nguyệt ánh		
216	inguyen van Can - 1a mi nguyetann	Cửa đồng	305,00
217	Nguyễn Văn Căn - Trần Thi Hảo	Chuôi ná Chuôi ná	277,80
0.10			620,80
218	Nguyễn Văn Cầu - Nguyễn Thị Thanh Chầm	Kim phượng	928,10
		Kim phượng	157,80
219	Nguyễn Văn Chí - Nguyễn Thị Xuân	Nội giữa	226,60
	3.7	Nội giữa	274,30
220	_	Phố II	321,70
	Nguyễn Văn Chí - Tạ Thị Xuyên	Phố II	850,40
		Phố II	241,00
221	Nguyễn Văn Chiến -	Chợ cánh	202,70
222	Nguyễn Văn Chung - Nguyễn Thị Hoan	Chuôi ná	243,60
223		Lò ngói	497,20
	Nguyễn Văn Chung - Nguyễn Thị Xuân	Lò ngói	789,60
	Nguyen van Chung - Nguyen Thị Xuan	Lò ngói	354,30
		Lò ngói	680,10
224	Nguyễn Văn Cường - Nguyễn Thị Dậu	Chợ cánh	514,00
225	Name of a Vita Occasion Name of Thillian	Phố II	244,20
	Nguyễn Văn Cương - Nguyễn Thị Hoa	Phố II	736,20
226	Nguyễn Văn Cửu - Nguyễn Thị Ngọc	Chợ cánh	127,50
227	Nguyễn Văn Dị - Vũ Thị Liên	Chuôi ná	450,60
228		Kim phượng	1.203,70
	Nguyễn Văn Điền - Nguyễn Thị Liên	Kim phượng	162,00
229	Nguyễn Văn Điệp - Vũ Thị Hồng	Lang bầu	108,90
230	Nguyễn Văn Đính - Nguyễn Thị Tính	Chợ cánh	824,60
231	5. y	Lang bầu	399,30
	l Nguyễn Văn Đồng - Nguyễn Thị Hồng	Lang bầu	171,50
-	1.94yon van bong Triguyon Ini Hong	Lang bàu	847,90
232	Nguyễn Văn Đồng - Nguyễn Thị Lũng	Nội giữa	385,20
232	119ayon van Dong - Ngayon IIIi Lung	Kim phượng	2.709,20
233	l Nguyễn Văn Đức - Đường Thị Sen		
inguyen van Đức - Đ	inguyen van buc - buding mi Sen	Kim phượng	156,50
004		Kim phượng	442,60
234	Nguyễn Văn Đức - Nguyễn Thanh Loan	Đồng nhất	572,10
		Đồng nhất	75,50
L		Đồng nhất	398,30
235	Nguyễn Văn Dũng - Trần Thị Tỵ	Phố II	483,40
		Phố II	763,60
		Phố II	361,90
		Phố II	574,30
236	Nguyễn Văn Đường - Nguyễn Thị Dyu	Cửa đồng	305,70
	Tigayon van Daong Tigayon Tili Dya	Cửa đồng	339,20

		Cửa đồng	121,50
237	Nguyễn Văn Duyên -	Đồng nhất	1.018,70
238	Nguyễn Văn Giã - Nguyễn Thị Thuý	Phố II	394,40
239		Nội giữa	27,60
		Nội giữa	153,30
	Nguyễn Văn Hải - Nguyễn Thị Hương	Nội giữa	89,90
		Nội giữa	351,20
240		Chuôi ná	604,10
	Nguyễn Văn Hải - Nguyễn Thị Phú	Chuôi ná	294,50
241		Nội giữa	166,60
	Nguyễn Văn Hải - Nguyễn Thị Phượng	Nội giữa	391,60
		Nội giữa	949,90
242		Kim phượng	428,70
		Kim phượng	464,40
	Nguyễn Văn Hào - Nguyễn Thị Hợp	Kim phượng	80,00
		Kim phượng	869,00
243		Phố II	294,70
2.0	Nguyễn Văn Hảo - Trần Thị Hằng	Phố II	359,80
	rigayon van rido Tran Tri Flang	Phố II	640,60
244	Nguyễn Văn Hạt - Trần Thị Mạc	Lang bầu	215,20
245	Nguyễn Văn Hiền - Nguyễn Thị Dương	Đồng nhất	789,50
246	Nguyễn Văn Hiển - Nguyễn Thị Nguyện	Nội giữa	401,20
247	Nguyễn Văn Hiền - Nguyễn Thị Thanh	Chuôi ná	499,20
248		Kim phượng	940,40
240	Nguyễn Văn Hiền - Trần Thị Hợp	Kim phượng Kim phượng	127,80
249	Nguyễn Văn Hợi - Vương Thị Lương	Nội giữa	248,50
250	Nguyễn Văn Hồng - Nguyễn Thị Nhâm	Cửa đồng	437,30
251	Nguyen van Hong Nguyen Ini Miam	Chợ cánh	657,30
201	Nguyễn Văn Hồng - Phạm Thị Hồng Điệp	Chợ cánh	551,90
252		Nội giữa	350,70
202	Nguyễn Văn Hồng - Trần Thị Mận	Nội giữa	476,50
	Trigayen van Heng Han Hij Man	Nội giữa	307,40
253	Nguyễn Văn Hồng - Trần Thị Vân	Chợ cánh	493,80
254	riguyen van nong man mi van	Nội giữa	221,00
204	Nguyễn Văn Hợp - Nguyễn Thị Hạnh	Nội giữa	598,50
	Ngayen van ngayen mi nam	Nội giữa	689,00
255		Phố II	1.018,50
200	Nguyễn Văn Huấn - Nguyễn Thị Định	Phố II	186,40
256		Lang bầu	327,00
200	Nguyễn Văn Hùng - Nguyễn Thị Khanh	Lang bầu	177,90
257		Cửa đồng	934,80
207	Nguyễn Văn Hùng - Nguyễn Minh Thực	Cửa đồng	329,60
258	Nguyễn Văn Hùng - Nguyễn Thị Hợi	Nội giữa	169,00
259	Nguyễn Văn Hương - Đường Thị Loan	Cửa đồng	338,00
260	Nguyễn Văn Kiểm - Nguyễn Thị Tuyết	Nội giữa	567,20
261	Nguyễn Văn Kiên - Nguyễn Thị Yến	Nội giữa	779,60
262	1.9.270.1.10.1.11907011111111011	Phố II	347,40
202	Nguyễn Văn Kỳ - Lã Thị Vân	Phố II	519,10
	gayon van ty La tii van	Phố II	163,30
263		Chuôi ná	536,90
		Chuôi ná	302,00
	Nguyễn Văn Lai - Nguyễn Thị ý	Chuôi ná	806,90
		Chuôi ná	378,20
264		Phố II	627,70
	Nguyễn Văn Lâm - Nguyễn Thị Sang	Phố II	334,40
		Phố II	431,30
265	Nguyễn Văn Lanh - Dương Thị Bích Hạnh	Nội giữa	250,90
266	Nguyễn Văn Liên - Trần Thị Dung	Nội giữa	415,70
267	Nguyễn Văn Lien - Nguyễn Thi Minh Thuận	Lang bầu	308,00
268		Phố II	227,00
200	Nguyễn Văn Long - Nguyễn Thị Mùi	Phố II	597,90
		1 110 11	591,390

269		Nội giữa	504,00
209	Nguyễn Văn Long - Nguyễn Thị Sở	Nội giữa	313,40
270		Nội giữa	380,30
270		Nội giữa	356,80
	Nguyễn Văn Luận - Nguyễn Thị Hiền	Nội giữa	937,40
		Nội giữa	794,80
271	Nguyễn Văn Mạnh - Nguyễn Thị Hòa	Cửa đồng	520,70
272		Phố II	409,20
	~	Phố II	279,00
	Nguyễn Văn Mùi - Trần Thị Năm	Phố II	764,00
		Phố II	349,90
273	Nguyễn Văn Mười - Trần Thị Khoa	Cửa đồng	364,20
274	N	Lang bầu	667,70
	Nguyễn Văn Na - Nguyễn Thị Ngát	Lang bầu	68,30
275	Nguyễn Văn Na - Nguyễn Thị Sinh	Lang bầu	154,40
276		Lang bầu	354,00
	Nguyễn Văn Năm - Nguyễn Thị Bé	Lang bầu	529,80
		Lang bầu	99,80
277	Nguyễn Văn Nghị - Nguyễn Thị Nga	Phố II	774,80
278	Nguyễn Văn Nghiêm - Bùi Thị Xuân	Cửa đồng	699,80
279	Nguyễn Văn Ngọ - Dương Thị Kiểm	Kim phượng	942,40
280	Nguyễn Văn Ngọc - Bùi Thị Sâm	Kim phượng	782,00
281	Nguyễn Văn Nhang - Nguyễn Thị Yên	Nội giữa	529,60
	Nguyen van Milang - Nguyen Trij Fen	Nội giữa	601,60
282		Nội giữa	61,50
	Nguyễn Văn Nhặt - Nguyễn Thị Bóc	Nội giữa	266,70
		Nội giữa	474,00
283	Nguyễn Vân Phong - Nguyễn Thị Khánh	Chợ cánh	418,50
	Nguyen van Friong - Nguyen Thi Khalin	Chợ cánh	129,60
284	Nguyễn Văn Phong - Nguyễn Thị Tuyết	Cửa đồng	751,80
	rigayen van i nong rigayen mi rayet	Cửa đồng	573,30
285		Chuôi ná	1.418,40
	Nguyễn Văn Phụ - Nguyễn Thị Cậy	Chuôi ná	287,40
		Chuôi ná	922,10
286	Nguyễn Văn Quân - Bạch Thị Ngó	Lang bầu	493,30
287	Nguyễn Văn Quân - Đỗ Kim Lan	Kim phượng	244,10
		Kim phượng	256,40
288	Nguyễn Văn Quân - Nguyễn Thị Chiều	Nội giữa	128,40
289	Nguyễn Văn Quảng - Đỗ Thị Hiệp	Chuôi ná	347,50
290	~ ~ ~ ~	Phố II	904,40
	Nguyễn Văn Quang - Nguyễn Thị Bích Thuỷ	Phố II	497,10
		Phố II	464,20
291	Nguyễn Văn Quang - Nguyễn Thị Lợi	Chuôi ná	351,00
000		Chuôi ná	242,80
292	Nguyễn Văn Quảng - Trần Thị Bình Nguyễn Văn Quảng - Trần Thị Liên	Đồng nhất Nội giữa	590,60 137,70
293	Nguyễn Văn Quang - Trần Thị Liên Nguyễn Văn Quang - Trần Thị Tước	Nội giữa Phố II	
294 295		Chuôi ná	764,00 375,30
290	Nguyễn Văn Quý - Nguyễn Thị Hương	Chuôi ná	842,50
296		Chươi na Chợ cánh	116,20
230	Nguyễn Văn Quý - Phạm Thị Đào	Chợ cánh	838,40
297		Chợ cánh	246,60
201	Nguyễn Văn Sàng - Bùi Thị Ân	Chợ cánh	1.113,60
298	Nguyễn Văn Sơn - Nguyễn Thị Hải	Lang bầu	368,20
299		Phố II	693,20
	Nguyễn Văn Sự - Nguyễn Thị Bình	Phố II	211,20
300		Nội giữa	115,40
- 500	Nguyễn Văn Sửu - Nguyễn Thị Hường	Nội giữa	240,60
301	Nguyễn Văn Sửu - Nguyễn Thị Ngọt	Lang bầu	712,20
302		Cửa đồng	100,10
302	1 N		
302	Nguyễn Văn Tăng - Nguyễn Thị Loan	Cửa đồng	310,40

303	Nguyễn Văn Tạo - Nguyễn Thị Tân	Lang bầu	759,60
304	Nguyễn Văn Tập - Nguyễn Thị Được	Lang bầu	160,50
305	Nguyễn Văn Thắng - Nguyễn Thị Hiền	Lang bầu	403,70
306	Nguyễn Văn Thành - Nguyễn Thị Cần	Cửa đồng	378,20
	Nguyen van mann - Nguyen mi Can	Cửa đồng	252,60
307	Nguyễn Văn Thành - Nguyễn Thị Lan	Chợ cánh	424,60
	Nguyen van mann - Nguyen mi Lan	Chợ cánh	407,00
308		Phố II	561,90
	Nguyễn Văn Thảo - Tạ Thị Hoa	Phố II	231,60
		Phố II	128,00
309		Chuôi ná	905,50
	Nguyễn Văn Thìn - Tạ Thị Ngọ	Chuôi ná	332,00
		Chuôi ná	1.324,90
		Chuôi ná	981,50
310	Nguyễn Văn Thọ - Bùi Thị Lương	Chợ cánh	634,10
311		Chuôi ná	307,70
	Nguyễn Văn Tho - Nguyễn Thị Ngần	Chuôi ná	381,40
		Chuôi ná	387,50
312	Nguyễn Vân Thời - Nguyễn Thị Lý	Kim phượng	544,30
	riguyon van mor-riguyon IIII Ly	Kim phượng	427,90
313	Nguyễn Văn Thơm - Nguyễn Thị Hào	Kim phượng	513,50
		Kim phượng	153,90
314	Nguyễn Văn Thơm - Nguyễn Thị Tám	Kim phượng	330,70
315	Nguyễn Văn Thông - Nguyễn Thị Lan	Lang bầu	107,50
316	Nguyễn Văn Thư - Nguyễn Thị Niên	Nội giữa	231,50
		Nội giữa	432,70
317	Nguyễn Văn Thứ - Nguyễn Thị Ty	Phố II	498,50
318		Nội giữa	198,80
	Nguyễn Văn Thuộc - Bùi Thị Sở	Nội giữa	290,20
		Nội giữa	602,60
319	Nguyễn Văn Thường - Nguyễn Thị Lý	Cửa đồng	241,60
		Cửa đồng	651,20
320	Nguyễn Văn Thường - Trần Thị Dự	Nội giữa	527,10
321	Nguyễn Văn Thuỷ - Nguyễn Thị Ty	Nội giữa	310,50
	, , , ,	Nội giữa	1.220,00
322		Chuôi ná	844,30
	Nguyễn Văn Thuỵ - Trần Thị Bé	Chuôi ná	689,40
		Chuôi ná	347,40
323	Nguyễn Văn Tiến - Nguyễn Thị Bính	Lang bầu	330,90
324	Nguyễn Văn Tiến - Trần Thị Đào	Phố II	464,00
325	Nguyễn Văn Tình - Nguyễn Thị Tỵ	Lò cang	56,00
326	Nguyễn Văn Toàn - Đỗ Thị Huế	Lò cang	398,10
327	Nguyễn Văn Toàn - Lương Thị Thuỷ Nguyễn Văn Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Bình	Lò cang	885,50
328	inguyeri vari Toari - inguyeri Tni Binn	Chuôi ná Chợ cánh	756,60
329		Chợ cánh	228,90 285,20
	Nguyễn Văn Toàn - Nguyễn Thị Hoa	Chợ cánh	1.360,00
		Chợ cánh	571,30
330		Kim phượng	588,20
330	Nguyễn Văn Trí - Đào Thị Hồng	Kim phượng Kim phượng	210,50
331	Nguyễn Văn Trọng - Nguyễn Thị Hào	Cửa đồng	660,00
332		Chợ cánh	101,90
- 552	Nguyễn Văn Trung - Nguyễn Thi Loan	Chợ cánh	605,30
333	Nguyễn Văn Trung - Nguyễn Thị Tám	Cửa đồng	77,00
- 555		Cửa đồng	200,40
334		Nội giữa	304,40
304	Nguyễn Văn Trung - Nguyễn Thị Toan	Nội giữa	680,60
335	Nguyễn Văn Trường - Nguyễn Thị Thoa	Đồng nhất	516,00
336	Nguyễn Văn Trường - Trần Thị Thoa	Đồng nhất	150,90
337		Đồng nhất	607,70
	Nguyễn Văn Tư -	Đồng nhất	604,60
		3	33 1,00

		Đồng nhất	296,30
338	Nguyễn Văn Tưới - Trần Thị Trọng	Nội giữa	626,70
339		Lang bầu	499,70
	Nguyễn Văn Tuy - Nguyễn Thị Lịch	Lang bầu	263,20
340	Nguyễn Văn Tuyển - Nguyễn Thị Hải Đường	Nội giữa	1.016,10
341	3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Nội giữa	716,60
	Nguyễn Văn Tý - Nguyễn Thị Liên	Nội giữa	222,80
342		Phố II	363,50
	Nguyễn Văn Tỵ - Nguyễn Thị Mận	Phố II	550,10
		Phố II	276,90
343	N ~ N ~ N ~ T : O .	Nội giữa	431,00
	Nguyễn Văn Vấn - Nguyễn Thị Chào	Nội giữa	492,20
344	Nguyễn Văn Vân - Nguyễn Thị Lợi	Kim phượng	110,40
345	Nguyễn Văn Vệ - Trần Thị Năm	Lang bầu	366,00
346	Nguyễn Văn Vị - Trần Thị Toán	Đồng nhất	961,40
347	Name & Mark Mark Name & This Dist	Chuôi ná	595,40
	Nguyễn Văn Vinh - Nguyễn Thị Bình	Chuôi ná	220,10
348	Nguyễn Văn Vĩnh - Nguyễn Thị Hồng Minh	Cửa đồng	426,30
349		Phố II	193,20
	Nguyễn Văn Vinh - Nguyễn Thị Huệ	Phố II	305,40
		Phố II	513,50
350		Lang bầu	538,20
	Nguyễn Văn Vụ - Nguyễn Thị Nguyệt	Lang bầu	625,80
	Nguyen van vu - Nguyen mi Nguyet	Lang bầu	215,90
		Lang bầu	235,70
351	Nguyễn Văn Vy	Lò ngói	39,00
352	Nguyễn Văn Xạ - Nguyễn Thị Liên Hương	Phố I	1.268,70
353	Nguyễn Văn Xuyên - Nguyễn Thị Nũn	Kim phượng	1.063,80
354	Nguyễn Văn Yết - Nguyễn Thị Ninh	Nội giữa	701,60
355		Lang bầu	1.637,00
	Nguyễn Việt Hùng - Nguyễn Thị Thìn	Lang bầu	538,00
	Nguyen việt nung Tuguyen Thị Thin	Lang bầu	306,10
		Lang bầu	721,10
356	Nguyễn Viết Tạo - Nguyễn Thị Lệ	Phố II	238,60
	Tigayon viol 140 Tigayon III, 24	Phố II	385,20
357	Nguyễn Viết Thắng - Trần Thị Thường	Lang bầu	344,10
		Lang bầu	255,80
358	Nguyễn Viết Thành - Đinh Thị Thật	Lang bầu	324,60
359	Nguyễn Xuân Bảng - Nguyễn Thị Thiện	Đồng nhất	1.515,60
	- igayan nam zang ngayan ng ma	Đồng nhất	1.006,10
360	Nguyễn Xuân Bính - Lê Thị Ca	Chuôi ná	373,90
		Chuôi ná	690,30
361	Nguyễn Xuân Kỳ - Nguyễn Thị Dậu	Chuôi ná	259,50
362	Nguyễn Xuân Thơm - Trần Thị Hải	Đồng nhất	831,30
200		Đồng nhất	1.209,80
363	Nguyễn Xuân Tiếp - Trần Thị Trọng	Lang bầu	428,90
20.4	-	Lang bầu	712,60
364	Nguyễn Xuân Tự - Nguyễn Thị Tư	Nội giữa	522,00
		Nội giữa	666,30
365	Phạm Công Hoàn - Nguyễn Thị Thành	Phố II Phố II	1.502,40
366	Phạm Ngọc Minh - Nguyễn Thị Lan	Đồng nhất	749,90
366		_	1.330,30
367 368	Phạm Thị Cận -	Kim phượng Kim phượng	134,60
308	Phạm Văn Duyên - Nguyễn Thị Rô		803,50
360	Phạm Văn Hồi - Nguyễn Thị Toàn	Kim phượng	96,40
369 370	Phạm Văn Hoi - Nguyễn Thị Toan Phạm Văn Minh - Nguyễn Thị Tú	Đồng nhất Đồng nhất	1.074,50 549,00
370	i nam van wiimi - Nguyen IIIi Iu	Kim phượng	1.432,80
3/1	Phạm Văn phương - Nguyễn Thị Thuỷ	Kim phượng Kim phượng	1.432,80
	Main van phương - Nguyen Thị Thuy	Kim phượng Kim phượng	1.432,80
372	Phạm Văn Quân - Trần Thị Tâm	Lò cang	868,70
312	ı nam van Quan - Han Hij Talli	Locally	000,70

373		Kim phượng	537,20
Dhom Văn Vân Ta Thi Mai	Kim phượng	551,90	
	Phạm Văn Yên - Tạ Thị Mùi	Kim phượng	181,30
		Kim phượng	449,10
374		Phố II	310,50
		Phố II	814,00
	Tạ Đình Hùng - Nguyễn Thị Lan	Phố II	1.349,10
		Phố II	112,30
		Phố II	419,80
375		Nội giữa	313,00
		Nội giữa	235,40
	Tạ Đình Quảng - Đỗ Thị Được	Nội giữa	420,30
	-	Nội giữa	344,50
		Nội giữa	289,00
376	Tạ Hùng Hổ - Nguyễn Thị Hoàn	Cửa đồng	541,00
377	Tạ Liên - Nguyễn Thị Nga	Nội giữa	666,00
378		Nội giữa	256,50
	Tạ Ngọc Bích - Giang Thị Thảo	Nội giữa	377,50
379	Tạ Ngọc Bích - Trần Thị Tơ	Phố II	433,80
380	-	Chợ cánh	173,70
	Tạ Ngọc Quý - Nguyễn Thị Thu	Chợ cánh	369,80
381		Nội giữa	427,60
	Tạ Quang Kiểm - Trần Thị Nhắc	Nội giữa	194,50
	,	Nội giữa	665,30
382		Nội giữa	351,40
- 002	Tạ Quang Thanh - Đỗ Thị Đảo	Nội giữa	820,60
383	Tạ Thanh - Nguyễn Thị Cầm	Cửa đồng	358,10
384	Tạ Thị Cải -	Nội giữa	241,10
385		Nội giữa	200,10
303	Tạ Thị Liên - Nguyễn Hữu Xuyên	Nội giữa	587,00
386		Chuôi ná	465,70
300	Tạ Thị Thịnh -	Chuôi ná	318,70
387		Nội giữa	150,00
307	Tạ Thời - Trần Thị Giáp	Nội giữa	656,10
388	Tạ Văn Cường - Nguyễn Thị Tâm	Đồng nhất	925,00
389	ra van Guong - Nguyen mi ram	Phố II	253,40
309	 Tạ văn Cường - Trần Thị Lâm	Phố II	985,20
	Tạ van Cuống - Tran Thị Lam	Phố II	537,10
390			205,50
390	 Tạ Văn Hồng - Nguyễn Thị Chinh	Nội giữa Nội giữa	124,40
	ra van Hong - Nguyen mi Chilin	Nội giữa	472,80
204			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
391	Tạ Văn Mạnh - Bùi Thị Khánh	Nội giữa	425,30
202	Tạ Văn Ngân - Nguyễn Thị Hương	Nội giữa	296,00 280,10
392	ra varringari - inguyeri ini Mương	Nội giữa	
393	Tạ Văn Nhàn - Trần Thị Huệ	Nội giữa	550,40
394		Nội giữa Chuôi ná	236,50
394	Tạ Văn Thạch - Nguyễn Thị Bảy		710,50
395		Chuôi ná Phố II	506,10
<u> </u>		Phố II	430,90
	Tạ Văn Thân - Nguyễn Thị Hồng	Phố II	272,30
		Phố II	111,40
200			594,50
396	Tạ Văn Thắng - Nguyễn Thị Yên	Chuôi ná	517,70
207		Chuôi ná	603,50
397		Phố II	1.103,30
	T- Miss Think N	Phố II	312,40
	Tạ Văn Thịnh - Nguyễn Thị Lộc	Phố II	1.077,00
		Phố II	289,10
		Phố II	136,80
398	Tạ Xuân Minh - Nguyễn Thị Đường	Lang bầu	151,20
	3 7	Lang bầu	425,50

Lang bâtu 5.71,46			Lang bầu	554,20
Lang bâtu 55,86				571,40
1990				58,90
Ta Xuân Tửu - Nguyễn Thị Mâo Nói giữa 2847,7	399		-	
Noi gibra 150,000 15		Ta Xuân Tửu - Nguyễn Thị Mão		
Trần Anh Đào - Nguyễn Thị Công Nội giữa 5664.4		, i		
Irán Ann Bao - Nguyên Thị Cong Noi giữa 566,44	400			
17th Cao Nguyễn - Nguyễn Thị Can Nội giữa 540,44 102 Trần Định Đông - Nguyễn Thị Bịch Ngọc Lang bầu 645,74 103 Trần Định Hung - Nguyễn Thị Bịch Ngọc Lang bầu 1,633,04 1040 Trần Định Hung - Nguyễn Thị Liên Cứa đông 319,04 105 Trần Định Lương - Nguyễn Thị Liên Cứa đông 319,04 106 Trần Định Tâm - Nguyễn Thị Thực Phổ II 1,28,16 107 Phổ II 3,27,04 108 Trần Định Tâm - Nguyễn Thị Thực Phổ II 267,33 108 Trần Định Tâm - Nguyễn Thị Hương Phổ II 1,28,16 108 Trần Định Trang - Trần Thị Huệ Cứa đông 263,5,04 109 Trần Định Trang - Trần Thị Hương Nội giữa 430,86 100 Trần Định Trang - Nguyễn Thị Hương Nội giữa 430,86 101 Trần Định Tuần - Nguyễn Thị Sen Lang bầu 628,00 102 Lang bầu 7,45,00 103 Trần Định Ty - Trần Văn Bân Lang bầu 378,86 104 Trần Định Ty - Trần Văn Bân Lang bầu 378,86 105 Trần Định Hải - Đường Thị Loan Đồng nhật 476,24 107 Trần Ngọc Tháng - Nguyễn Thị Hương Phổ I 964,41 108 Trần Ngọc Tháng - Nguyễn Thị Hoan Dồng nhật 476,24 109 Trần Ngọc Tháng - Nguyễn Thị Hoan Lang bầu 318,86 109 Trần Ngọc Tháng - Nguyễn Thị Hoan Lang bầu 211,10 100 17 Tân Ngọc Thánh - Nguyễn Thị Hoan Lang bầu 216,50 101 Trần Ngọc Tháng - Nguyễn Thị Hoan Lang bầu 216,50 102 Trần Thị Đi - Lang bầu 27,00 103 Trần Thị Đi - Lang bầu 263,00 103 Trần Thị Huệ - Lang bầu 369,50 104 17 Trần Thị Định - Nguyễn Thị Hoan Lang bầu 369,50 108 Trần Thị Hai - Lang bầu 369,50 109 Trần Thị Hai - Nội giữa 369,50 109 Trần Thị Hai - Nguyễn Vàn Sơn Lang bầu 360,50 100		Trần Anh Đào - Nguyễn Thị Công		
1402 Trần Định Dũng - Nguyễn Thị Thuỳ Lang bầu 645,70	401	Trần Cao Nguyên - Nguyễn Thị Cân		
17th Dình Hưng - Nguyễn Thị Bich Ngọc Lang bầu 1.683.00 1.				
1405 17th Dilnh Lien - Nguyễn Thị Kiệm Lang bầu 1,653,00				
405				
Phố II				
Trần Định Tâm - Nguyễn Thị Thực Phố II 397.00 407 Trần Định Tổ - Đặng Thị Thi Phố II 267.33 408 Trần Định Trang - Trần Thị Huệ Cừa đồng 263.55 408 Trần Định Trang - Trần Thị Huệ Cừa đồng 263.55 409 Trần Định Trang - Trần Thị Huệ Cừa đồng 430.81 410 Lang bàu 628.00 410 Lang bàu 745.00 411 Lang bàu 2.187.00 411 Lang bàu 2.187.00 412 Trần Định Ty - Trần Vàn Bân Lang bàu 368.22 412 Trần Mạnh Hải - Đường Thị Loan Đồng nhất 476.22 413 Trần Mạnh Hỏng - Trần Thị Tuyết Phố I 96.41 414 Trần Mạnh Hỏng - Trần Thị Thuý Vân Đồng nhất 341.31 415 Trần Mạnh Hỏng - Trần Thị Thuý Vân Đồng nhất 341.31 416 Trần Ngọc Thánh - Nguyễn Thị Hoan Lang bâu 211.10 417 Trần Ngọc Thánh - Nguyễn Thị Hoan Lang bâu 216.51 418 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Trait Billit Edyrig - Ngdych Trij Elen</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		Trait Billit Edyrig - Ngdych Trij Elen		
Phố II 397.00	400	Trần Đình Tâm - Nguyễn Thị Thực		
407		Han billi Talli - Nguyen Tili Tiliqe		
Trần Định Tổ - Đạng Thị Thi Phố II 129.10 408 Trần Định Trang - Trần Thị Huệ Cửa đồng 23.55. 409 Trần Định Trong - Nguyễn Thị Hương Nội giữa 430.80 410 Trần Định Trong - Nguyễn Thị Hương Nội giữa 430.80 410 Trần Định Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Sen Lang bầu 2.187.00 411 Lang bầu 2.187.00 412 Trần Định Ty - Trần Văn Bản Lang bầu 378.80 412 Trần Mạnh Hải - Đường Thị Loan Đồng nhất 476.20 413 Trần Mạnh Hải - Đường Thị Loan Đồng nhất 476.20 413 Trần Mạnh Hải - Đường Thị Thuý Vân Phố I 641.30 414 Trần Ngọc Tháng - Nguyễn Thị Thuý Vân Đồng nhất 211.11 414 Trần Ngọc Tháng - Nguyễn Thị Hoan Lang bầu 216.50 415 Trần Ngọc Tháng - Nguyễn Thị Hoan Lang bầu 216.50 416 Trần Sỹ Hong - Quang Thị Lượng Kim phương 624.77 417 Trần Thị Bà Đồng nhất 389.50 418	407			
Phó	407	Trần Đình Tấ Đặng Thị Thị	_	
408 Trần Định Trang - Trần Thị Huệ Cửa đồng 263.50 409 Trần Định Trong - Nguyễn Thị Hương Nội giữa 430.80 410 Trần Định Trong - Nguyễn Thị Hương Lang bầu 745.00 411 Trần Định Tuấn - Nguyễn Thị Sen Lang bầu 2.187.00 411 Trần Định Ty - Trần Văn Bản Lang bầu 361.00 412 Trần Mạnh Hải - Đường Thị Loan Đồng nhất 476.22 413 Trần Mạnh Hồng - Trần Thị Tuyết Phố I 96.44 414 Trần Ngọc Tháng - Nguyễn Thị Thuý Vân Đồng nhất 211.11 415 Trần Ngọc Thánh - Nguyễn Thị Hoạn Lang bầu 264.70 415 Trần Ngọc Thánh - Nguyễn Thị Hoạn Lang bầu 264.70 416 Trần Sỹ Hùng - Quang Thị Liên Kim phương 242.70 417 Trần Thế - Đường Thị Liên Kim phương 249.00 418 Trần Thị Bà - Đồng nhất 289.60 419 Lang bầu 251.31 420 Trần Thị Bài - Lang bầu 251.31 420		Tran Dilli To - Dang Trij Trii		
409 Trần Định Trọng - Nguyễn Thị Hương Nội giữa 430.80	400	Trần Đình Trang Trần Thị Llui		
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Lang bau 403,000	428	Trần Thị Sở -		1.066,60
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432Trần Thị Xuân - Nguyễn Văn SơnLang bầu295,30433Trần Trong Kha - Nguyễn Thị XuânNội giữa132,00		ıranı mi ıy -	Chợ cánh	404,30
433 Trần Trong Kha - Nguyễn Thị Xuân Nội giữa 132,00	432	Trần Thị Xuân - Nguyễn Văn Sơn	Lang bầu	295,30
Iran Irang Kha - Nguyen Ini Xuan	433			132,00
		iran irong Kna - Nguyễn Thị Xuân	Nội giữa	306,20

		Nội giữa	631,80
434		Nội giữa	289,30
	Trần Trung Kỷ - Nguyễn Thị Cơ	Nội giữa	1.278,10
435		Nội giữa	191,10
700	Trần Trung Thành - Nguyễn Thị Dung	Nội giữa	450,70
436		Lò cang	381,40
430	Trần Văn Bằng - Nguyễn Thị Dậu	Lò cang	598,20
437		Lò cang	529,20
437	Trần Văn Bính - Phạm Thị Lạc	Lò cang	5,00
438		Lang bầu	71,40
430	Trần Văn Cứ - Nguyễn Thị Nhạc	Lang bầu	481,30
420		_	
439	Trần Văn Hiền - Dương Thị Bích Hảo	Lang bầu	858,60
440	Taka Mari Ta Thi Mu	Lang bầu	100,00
440	Trần Văn Hợi - Tạ Thị Vụ	Nội giữa	771,80
441	Taba Was Han Taba Thi Ois	Phố II	215,90
	Trần Văn Hợp - Trần Thị Gia	Phố II	149,50
		Phố II	449,00
442	Trần Văn Kế - Trần Thị Thanh Hương	Đồng nhất	945,00
443		Nội giữa	639,40
		Nội giữa	454,30
	Trần Văn Luật - Nguyễn Thị Thông	Nội giữa	132,60
		Nội giữa	61,10
		Nội giữa	648,20
444	Trần Văn Mùi - Nguyễn Thị Lan	Lang bầu	593,80
445	Trần Văn Sinh - Nguyễn Thị Hạnh	Nội giữa	148,40
446	Trần Văn Sở - Nguyễn Thị Lâm	Phố II	268,90
		Phố II	1.580,60
447	Trần Văn Thái - Nguyễn Thị Hương	Phố I	1.045,00
448	Trần Văn Tính - Nguyễn Thị Thắng	Đồng nhất	1.185,40
449	Trần Văn Toán - Đỗ Thị Tình	Kim phượng	132,00
450	Trần Văn Toàn - Trần Thị Cường	Nội giữa	321,80
	Trail vail roan - Trail Trii Cuong	Nội giữa	220,80
451	Trần Văn Trọng - Nguyễn Thị Đại	Cửa đồng	466,30
	Tran van Höng - Nguyen Hij Đại	Cửa đồng	669,70
452		Chuôi ná	852,50
	Très VX Tòng Durang Thi Durang	Chuôi ná	452,30
	Trần Văn Tùng - Dương Thị Duyên	Chuôi ná	779,60
		Chuôi ná	452,10
453		Chuôi ná	378,70
	Trần Văn Vinh - Nguyễn Thị Thuý	Chuôi ná	93,40
	-	Chuôi ná	219,30
454	Trần Vĩnh - Trần Thị Dưỡng	Chuôi ná	1.600,20
455	Trần Vĩnh Hà - Nguyễn Thị Hồng Nhung	Kim phượng	581,80
456		Phố II	456,60
		Phố II	607,10
	Trần Xuân Trình - Nguyễn Thị Nghếch	Phố II	456,00
		Phố II	1.106,00
' 1		I PIIO II	1.100.00

ANNEX 5 RAPID ASSESSEMENT REPLACEMENT COST

SUMMARY OF PROJECT

The Vinh Phuc Flood Risk and Water Management Project (VPFRWMP) is to provide a sustainable water environment for the long term economic and social development of Vinh Phuc Province. In particular, the project would focus on ensuring flood control in the central catchment of the province and halting the rapid deterioration of surface water quality. The project development objective will be achieved through (i) supporting structure measures for flooding control and river rehabilitation; (ii) improving wastewater collection and treatment in districts small towns and rural villages; (iii) establishing water resource and water quality monitoring and flooding and emergency response system; and (iv) institutional development and training for strengthening management capacity for staff of the local government departments and water sector practitioners aimed at managing the river basin and water related sectors in an integrated manner.

The priority subprojects are:

i) contructing the Dong Mong landfill;

ii)Improving and Dredging of Three-River Network in BinhXuyen and Construction of Cau Ton and Cau Sat Control Gates Subproject; and

iii) Sau Vo Detention Lake and Sau Vo Access Road Components

As required by the World Bank's OP 4.12 on Involuntary Resettlement, Replacement Costs Survey (RCS) will need to be done to establish basis for calculation of replacements costs for all the lands/crops/structures/assets that will be affected by the Project

With regard to land and structures, "replacement cost" is defined as follows: For agricultural land, it is the pre-project or pre-displacement, whichever is higher, market value of land of equal productive potential or use located in the vicinity of the affected land, plus the cost of preparing the land to levels similar to those of the affected land, plus the cost of any registration and transfer taxes. For land in urban areas, it is the pre-displacement market value of land of equal size and use, with similar or improved public infrastructure facilities and services and located in the vicinity of the affected land, plus the cost of any registration and transfer taxes. For houses and other structures, it is the market cost of the materials to build a replacement structure with an area and quality similar to or better than those of the affected structure, or to repair a partially affected structure, plus the cost of transporting building materials to the construction site, plus the cost of any labor and contractors' fees, plus the cost of any registration and transfer taxes.

OBJECTIVE AND SCOPE OF WORK

Objective: Develop a compensation unit price set for land and property on land applied for the project. The compensation unit price shall ensure close to real value and in accordance with market price. This is required in order to comply with the project policy framework of compensation at replacement cost at current market value, and to meet one of the project principles which is to ensure that (a) no one is left worse off with the project than without it, and (b) people affected by the project should be able to maintain, if not improve, their pre-project standard of living.

Scope of work: In the report should only conduct survey the unit price of land types and property on land (house, structure, tree and crop) which is equivalent to the affected land types and property on land by the priority subprojects.

BASIS FOR CONDUCTING REPLACEMENT COST

Land price is defined on the basis of popular market land price: This is the price that appears with maximum transaction frequency occurs in the transaction in the market, winning the auction on land use, land price is defined from cost, income of the land portion with same use purpose at the location and in the certain period of time.

Tree and crop price is defined on the basis of actual compensation rate of the other project in locality and local people's satisfaction.

House and structure price is defined on the basis of raw material price and labor price, especially interviews directly building workers in the locality.

Compensation unit price for land and property on land issued by Vinh Phuc through following documents:

- Decision No. 35/2014/QD-UBND of the Vinh Phuc PPC dated 15 August 2014 on issuing regulations on compensation and resettlement assistance when the State acquires land in Vinh Phuc Province;
- ii) Decision No. 61/2014/QD-UBND dated December 31 2014 by Vinh Phuc PPC on land prices in Vinh Phuc Province for the 2015-2019 period.

IMPLEMENTATION ARRANGEMENT AND METHOD

The rapid assessment on replacement cost is conducted in parallel with inventory of loss, social survey of affected households. Conduct interview with: i- Person who is affected directly by the project.; ii- Person who is not affected by the Project; iii- building worker teams in the locality; iv- Representative of local authorities and mass organizations.

SURVEY RESULT OF REPLACEMENT COST

From the results showed that:

- Residential land: No sale activities, auction take place in recent time in the project area, therefore the majority of respondents did not identify the specific land price at each location.
- Perennial crops land: Perennial crops land price varies from 69.000 to 120.000VND/m2 for site 1 from 58.000 to 90.000đ/m2 for site 2.
- Tree and crop: Besides the sale of seeding, in the project did not take place any sale activities of timber trees, fruit trees (which have been harvested), thus most local people agreed in using the unit price of PPC at same time of compensation, some suggests for unit price equal to 1.39to 1.54time for current the unit price of PPC.

The result of replacement cost survey is summarized in following table:

Table 1. Land price

Or.	Land type	Unit	Unit price PPC (*	issued by 10 ³ VND)	Replacem (10 ³ V	nent cost 'ND)	Difference	e ratio (%)
01.		Omi	Site 1	Site 2	Site 1	Site 2	Site 1	Site 2
1	Residential land							
	Hương Canh Town							
	Zone 1	VND/m	3600	3000	3800	3200	1.056	1.067
	Zone 2	VND/m	2700	2200	3000	2400	1.11	1.09
2	Annual crops land							
	Binh Xuyen district	VND/m	60		63		1.05	
	Yen Lac district	VND/m ²	(60	62		1.03	
	Phuc Yen Town	VND/m ²	(60	62		1.03	
3	Perennial crops land							
	Binh Xuyen district	VND/m ²	(60	64		1.067	
	Yen Lac district		60		62		1.03	
	Phuc Yen Town		(60	63		1.05	

Table 2. Unit price of house, structure and tree and crop

No.	Property	Unit	Unit price issued by PPC (10 ³ VND)	Replacement cost (10 ³ VND)	Difference ratio (%)
1	Annual crops				
	Binh Xuyen district	VND/m ²	5	7	1.4
	Yen Lac district	VND/m ²	5	6	1.2
	Phuc Yen Town	VND/m ²	5	7	1.4
2	Aquacutural land	VND/m2	7.5	9	1.2
3	House and structure				
	1 storey house	VND/m ²	3385	4000	1.18
	House level 4				
	- Type 1	VND/m ²	2097	2300	1.1
	- Type 2	VND/m ²	1460	1700	1.16
	Temporary house	VND/m ²	673	950	1.26

ANNEX 6 – SES AND IOL QUESTIONAIRE

VINH PHUC FLOOD RISK AND WATER MANAGEMENT PROJECT

	Form VP01
Household CodeSurvey Date: / /2015	
Group	Province
Affected by Sub-project:	
A. INFORMATION OF OWNER	
1. Full name of owner: ; Age; Gender [] Male=1; F	emale=2;
1.1 Ethnic: [];	
1.4 Educational level, [];	
1.6 The monthly income of the household owner:VND;	
1.7 Is poor household (poor household certified by local government)? : [] (1=Yes; 2=No)	
1.8 Household with policy, social benefits: []	
(1=Single woman; 2=Handicap; 3=Alone Elder; 4=People with social benefits; 5=Ethnic minority,)
1.9 Affected areas of the project (if household with land plots and assets on different areas, the	en clearly mark all
areas where affected household).	
Sau Vo Lake and Access road	[]
2) Dong Mong Landfill	[]
3) Dredged area of Phan River (fromThuong Lap – Lap Y)	[]
4) Three rivers of Binh Xuyen (including Cau Ton and Cau Sat)	[]
5) Other (Specify)[]	

B. ECONOMIC SURVEY ON THE AFFECTED AREAS

_	Household me	URVEY ON THE A	AIILCILD	AILA	3			
No	Name	Gender 1- Male 2- Female	Relatio nship with househ old owners 1- husband /wife 2=Mothe r/father 3=offspri ng 4=offspri ng in law 5=Grand children 6=Other brothers /sisters	Age	Minority 1=Kinh 2=Thai 3=Tay 4=Nung 5=Muon g 6=Hoa 7=Other (specified)	Main job 1= Nông nghiệp (làm ruộng) 2=Chăn nuôi 3=Bán hàng 4=Dịch vụ ăn uống, 5=Công nhân tại nhà máy, SX xưởng 6=Cán bộ, nhân viên chính phủ 7=Làm việc cho công ty tư nhân 8=Làm việc cho lĩnh vực vận tải 9= Học sinh, sinh viên 10=Phục vụ công việc nhà 11=Làm thuê 12=Khác(ghi rõ)	Education Level 0 = Illiteracy 1 = Primary 2 = Secondary 3 = Economy 4 = Intermediate and College 5 = University and graduates 6 = Other (specify)	Note
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								

10									
3.						the annual inco			
	1)	The agri breeding)						VND	
		2) Trade, sal	es					VND	
	3)	3) From sala	ry					VND	
		4) From		rces	(such	ıs		VND	
		remittances,)						
	4. T	he average	monthly exp	pendit	ure of ho	useholds			
		1) monthly li	•					VND	
		2) Family He						VND VND	
		 Expenditu Accrued v 						VND VND	
		5) Other exp							
	_ ′	he househo		,					
								oan Purpose	
					_			= Agricultural Prod = Business sale	uction
Loa	ns				Loan amo	ount	3	= Family expenditu	
								= Building, repairin	g house
1)	Loan fro	m bank					- 0	= Other (specify)	
2)	Loan fro	m other orga							
		m relatives a	nd friends						
	Other	ou nlease te	Il me the ni	ımher	of existin	ng assets and of	her faciliti	es in your family?	
	ssets	Quantity	Asset ty		Quantity		Quantity		Quantity
1	type	Quantity	ASSELTY	pe	Quantity	7.	Quantity	10. Gas Cooker	Quantity
			4 Diamete					To. Gas Cooker	
1. R	adio		4. BICYCIE						
1. R	adio		4. Bicycle			Refrigerator			
2.				ectric		8. Pump		11.hot wate	r
2.	adio Video			ectric				11.hot wate containers	r
2.			5. Ele						r
2. Tivi/			5. Ele			8. Pump		containers	r
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto	Video orbike	have private	5. Ele Fans 6. Rice Co			8. Pump 9. Washing		containers	r
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto	Video orbike	have private	5. Electrons 6. Rice Control toilet?			8. Pump 9. Washing		containers	г
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto	Video orbike		5. Ele Fans 6. Rice Co			8. Pump 9. Washing		containers	r
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto	Video orbike Do you	Yes No s it indoor o	5. Electrons 6. Rice Constitution (Constitution) toilet?	oker	tigators s	8. Pump 9. Washing	erve by the	containers 12. Computers	r
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto	Video orbike Do you	Yes No s it indoor or Indoor	5. Electrons 6. Rice Constitution (Constitution) toilet?	oker		8. Pump 9. Washing machine		containers 12. Computers mselves)	r
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto	Video orbike Do you	Yes No s it indoor o	5. Electrons 6. Rice Constitution (Constitution) toilet?	oker	(1) Sep	8. Pump 9. Washing machine hould also obsettic	(2) Semi-	containers 12. Computers mselves)	r
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto	Video orbike Do you	Yes No s it indoor or Indoor	5. Electrons 6. Rice Constitution (Constitution) toilet?	oker	(1) Sep (3) Two	8. Pump 9. Washing machine hould also obsettic part	(2) Semi- (4) One p	containers 12. Computers mselves) septic art	
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto	Video orbike Do you	Yes No s it indoor or Indoor	5. Electrons 6. Rice Constitution (Constitution) toilet?	oker	(1) Sep	8. Pump 9. Washing machine hould also obsettic part	(2) Semi- (4) One p	containers 12. Computers mselves)	
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto	Video orbike Do you If yes, is	Yes No s it indoor of Indoor Outdoor	5. Electrons 6. Rice Control etoilet? [] [] r outdoor? ([] []	oker (invest	(1) Sep (3) Two (5) Byp	8. Pump 9. Washing machine hould also obsettic (ass) in each househ	(2) Semi- (4) One p (6) Other	containers 12. Computers mselves) septic art (specify) he box correspond	
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto 7.	Video orbike Do you If yes, is Use of 1) D	Yes No s it indoor or Indoor Outdoor water: wate	5. Electrons 6. Rice Control etoilet? [] [] r outdoor? ([] []	oker (invest	(1) Sep (3) Two (5) Byp	8. Pump 9. Washing machine hould also obsettic (ass) in each househ	(2) Semi- (4) One p (6) Other	containers 12. Computers mselves) septic art (specify) he box correspond	ding x)
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto 7.	Video Do you If yes, is Use of 1) D 2) Ta	Yes No sit indoor or Indoor Outdoor water: wate ug wells, wel	5. Electrons 6. Rice Control toilet? [] [] r outdoor? ([] [] r main sour	oker (invest	(1) Sep (3) Two (5) Byp	8. Pump 9. Washing machine hould also obsettic o part ass in each househ 5) Well villa 6) Rainwat	(2) Semi- (4) One p (6) Other old? (tick tages, publicater	containers 12. Computers mselves) septic art (specify) he box correspond	ding x) [] []
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto 7.	Video Do you If yes, is Use of 1) D 2) Ta 3) R	Yes No sit indoor of Indoor Outdoor water: wate ug wells, well ap water ivers, stream	5. Electrons 6. Rice Constitute (Constitute) 5. Electrons 6. Rice Constitute (Constitute) 6. Rice Constitute (Constitute) 7. outdoor? (Constitute) 8. remain source (Constitute) 9. remain	oker (invest	(1) Sep (3) Two (5) Byp	8. Pump 9. Washing machine hould also obsettic o part ass in each househ 5) Well villa 6) Rainwat 7) Water to	(2) Semi- (4) One p (6) Other old? (tick tages, publicater o buy	containers 12. Computers mselves) septic art (specify) he box correspond	ding x) [] []
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto 7.	Video Do you If yes, is Use of 1) D 2) Ta 3) R	Yes No sit indoor or Indoor Outdoor water: wate ug wells, wel	5. Electrons 6. Rice Constitute (Constitute) 5. Electrons 6. Rice Constitute (Constitute) 6. Rice Constitute (Constitute) 7. outdoor? (Constitute) 8. remain source (Constitute) 9. remain	oker (invest	(1) Sep (3) Two (5) Byp	8. Pump 9. Washing machine hould also obsettic o part ass in each househ 5) Well villa 6) Rainwat	(2) Semi- (4) One p (6) Other old? (tick tages, publicater o buy	containers 12. Computers mselves) septic art (specify) he box correspond	ding x) [] []
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto 7. 8.	Video Do you If yes, is Use of 1) D 2) Ta 3) R 4) W	Yes No sit indoor of Indoor Outdoor water: wate ug wells, well ap water ivers, stream	5. Electrons 6. Rice Constitute (Constitute) etoilet? [] [] r outdoor? (Constitute) r main source ls s, ponds, lake	(invest	(1) Sep (3) Two (5) Byp daily use [] []	8. Pump 9. Washing machine hould also obsettic o part ass in each househ 5) Well villa 6) Rainwat 7) Water to 8) Other (S	(2) Semi- (4) One p (6) Other old? (tick tages, publicater o buy	containers 12. Computers mselves) septic art (specify) he box correspond	ding x) [] []
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto 7. 8.	Video Do you If yes, is Use of 1) D 2) Ta 3) R 4) W	Yes No sit indoor of Indoor Outdoor water: wate ug wells, wel ap water ivers, stream ater from ray	5. Electrons 6. Rice Constitute (Constitute) etoilet? [] [] r outdoor? (Constitute) r main source ls s, ponds, lake	(invest	(1) Sep (3) Two (5) Byp daily use [] []	8. Pump 9. Washing machine hould also obsettic o part ass in each househ 5) Well villa 6) Rainwat 7) Water to 8) Other (S	(2) Semi- (4) One p (6) Other old? (tick tages, publicater o buy	containers 12. Computers mselves) septic art (specify) he box correspond	ding x) [] []
2. Tivi/ 3. Moto 7. 8.	Video Do you If yes, is Use of 1) D 2) Ta 3) R 4) W The mai 1) Grid	Yes No sit indoor of Indoor Outdoor water: wate ug wells, wel ap water ivers, stream ater from ray	5. Electrons 6. Rice Control toilet? [] [] r outdoor? ([] [] r main sour ls s, ponds, lake tine	(invest	(1) Sep (3) Two (5) Byp daily use [] [] []	8. Pump 9. Washing machine hould also obsettic o part ass in each househ 5) Well villa 6) Rainwat 7) Water to 8) Other (S	(2) Semi- (4) One p (6) Other old? (tick tages, publicater o buy Specify)	containers 12. Computers mselves) septic art (specify) he box correspond	ding x) [] [] []

11. M	ain energy used for cooking?						
	1) Grid		[]	5)	Biogas		[]
	2) Generator			6) 7\	Other		
	3) Gas/oil4) Woods/coal		[]	7)	No answer		l J
	12. The common diseases in t	he comr	ีเ 」 nunity (nam	ed diseases	- select mult	inle ontions)
	1) cold		()		dysentery	.p.o op.io.io	, ()
	2) Influenza		()	7) H	Hepatitis		()
	3) respiratory disease		()	8) F	Poisons		()
	4) Malaria		()	9) (Other		()
	5) Cholera			10)	No answer		()
	13. Access to health services	of the ho	ousehold? (Just ask tho	se approache	ed)	
Health	service	1=Yes	2=No	Under 1	1 = from 1	2= from :	
Health	n services			km	to 2 km	to 5 km	5 km
1. Con	nmune health stations						
2. Dist	rict/city hospitals						
3. Clin	ic / midwife						
4. Pha	rmacies						
5. Tre	eatment of traditional medicine						
(traditi	onal medicine)						
Educa	ation						
6. Kind	dergarten						
7. Prin	nary School						
8. Sec	ondary School						
9. Higl	h School						
10. Vo	cational School						
The w	ork culture, creed						
11. Ma	arket						
12. Sta	adium, sport centers						
13. Su	spension / temple / church						
14.	entertainment area, other						
enterta	ainment						
	14. Have economic conditions	of hous	eholds beer	changed in	recent 3 vea	irs?	
	1) Unchanged []; Reason	ı:					
	2) Better [];Reason: 3) Worse []; Reason						
	15. Do you support the impler		n of this pro	ject?			
	1) Yes []	•	2) No)	[]	
if yes,	specify the reason that you su	pport:					
if not,	specify your concerns/worries						
16.41							
if the	deployment project is impleme	ntea, wh	cn positive	aspects do	you see?		
Accor	ding to you, how will local ecor	nomic-sc	cial develop	ment benef	it from irrigat	ion develop	ment ?
	40						
	16. Division of labor in the fan	nily?			1		
No	Tasks			Male	Female	Both	
1	Main crops						

1.1	- Soil	
1.2	- Crop	
1.3	- Seeding	
1.4	- Weeding	
1.5	- Spraying	
1.6	- Harvest	
2	Vegetable growing	
3	Castles raising	
4	Small business	
5	Employee	
6	Migrant workers (domestic)	

17. Social activities

Activity	Female	Male	Both			
Attend community meetings						
2. Participate in decision making						
3. Joining local organizations						
4. Other						

C. AUDIT DAMAGE OF AFFECTED AREA

18. The land use of household (affected land is only in area needed for construction projects)

	Type of land 1= Urban land 2= Rural land 3= Rice cultivation land 4= Garden Land 5= Land for Aquaculture and Fishery 6= Land for non agricultural business 7= Forest land 8= Other Type Plot?		Гуре of land		Influence level of each plot		The legal status of the land plot	Items of Building
Мар			Total areas with Plot (m²)	with		1 = Owner of Lot 2 = Land Lease	1= With Land ownership certificate 2= Without Land ownership certificate but with full legal conditions for certification 3=Ineligible for Land ownership certificate 4= Leased land 5= Land for transport corridors	River 5= Three rivers of Binh Xuyen 6=Other
	Туре	Plot?						
	Total							

19. Building affected by project

Type	of	Total floor area	Use Status	Influence level	Items	of	l
buildin	q	of building (m ²	USE Status	illiluelice level	Building		

Note: A household may have one affected building, so complete the information of all the affected building.

20. Impacts of business (in Project	Area)	i
-------------------------------------	-------	---

1)	Impact	s of business [] (1=Yes; 2= No, If Yes, then continue following questions
	a.	Business Location [] (1=in building; 2=not in building)
	b.	Business Mode [] (1=Company; 2=Store; 3=Household)
	C.	Business Registration [] (1= Yes; 2=No)
	d.	Business Type:
	e.	Monthly income from business activities:VND (Just ask household with
		affected business)

21. All buildings and other structures on affected land and facilities

(Audit of independent buildings outside the affected buildings listed above, and the living facilities) Items of Building 1= Road 2= Sau Vo Lake Construction type 3= Landfill **Buildings/ other facilities** (corresponding to sub-Unit Quatity 4 Dredged structures) River 5= Three rivers of Binh Xuyen 6=Other (specify) 1. Temporary Independent kitchen m^2 2. Equivalent to a Class 4 outside the main house building 1. Temporary Pigpen/beef/chicken 2. 2. Equivalent to a Class 4 m^2 house building Power meter Piece 4. Water meter Piece Length Estimated m Water piping 6. Fixed Phone with wire Piece 1. Brick m^2 7. Fences 2. Steel thorns or wood 1. Wall m^2 8. Gates 2. Steel 3. Wood / Bamboo 9. Restrooms, showers 1. Brick, concrete m^2 (separate from the 2. Bamboo house) 10. Land Tomb Piece a) at cemetery b) isolated 11. Other Tomb (by brick, cement) Piece at cemetery b) solated

12. Well	1. Drilling 2. Dig	m	
13. Water tank	 Brick / concrete Inox Plastic 	m ³	
14. Courtyard (only cement or tiled courtyard)		m ²	
15. Fishpond (volume of digging)		m ³	
16. Other buildings (name of the building and the area affected)			

22. Types of trees and crops affected (Only audit old trees affected)

Type of Tree and Group of agricultural products	Specification	Unit	Quality	Remark
a) Fruit tree (Main tree)	Years of planting	Tree		
1)				
2)				
3)				
4)				
5)				
b) Wood tree (Main tree)	Years of planting	Tree		
1)				
2)				
3)				
4)				
5)				
c) Decoration Tree (Main tree)	Growing on pot / land			
c) Decoration Tree (Main tree)	Growing on pot / land			
2)				
3) 4)				
5)				
d) Crops (Main Tree)		m²		
1) Rice				
2) Corn				
3) Potatoe				
4) Groundnut				
5) Bean				
e) Water surface areas for		2		
Fishery & Aquaculture		m ²		

D. CONSULTING QUESTIONS						
	out	cti	ive land i	s affected (reclaimed), which compe	nsa	ation
families will choose?						
a) Land-for-land (if existing alternative la	and	ıi b	in the comr	nune) with same type of land and area/pro	ofita	ability
[]			r 1			
b) Cashc) Not yet decided			[] []			
24. Just ask those that have affected r	201	:id	L J Hantial land	۸.		
If they cannot rebuild houses on the remai					Om	12 or
100m2 of rural land, which form households					•	
 a) Self relocated to other places to 						
b) Self relocated to other places v						
 c) Move to the resettlement area 				[]		
 d) Relocation to resettlement site 	ar	rra	anged by lo	cal authorities []		
e) Undecided				[]		
25. How does the family plan to use the	ıe l	la	ind compe	nsation?		
1) Build or repair homes						
2) Buy new land						
3) Purchase other property		,		[]; Property name		
4) Investments in small businesses [J				
5) Savings in bank []						
6) Expense on the study of children []7) The other provisions				[]; Specify		
				[], Specify		
E. LIVELIHOODS	,					
If they are supported, what will the family do? 1) Investment in agriculture	_	1	1 5\	Other business	г	1
,	L	J	- '		L	1
2) Livestock	[]] 6)	Purchase motorcycles and automobiles	[]
			to	run business		
3) Build House	[]] 7)	Expense on employment for children	[]
4) Start the business at home	[]] 8)	Other	[]

Thank you for helping us with the questionnaire!

Surveyor

Household owner/family representative

ANNEX 7 SOME OF CONSULTATION PICTURES













ANNEX 8 LIST OF PARTICIPATED PEOPLE IN THE CONSULTATION MEETING

Or.	Full Name	Address/Position	Male	Female
Binh Xuy	en District, Huong Canh Town			
1	Nguyen Thi Sen	Lang Bau Village		1
2	Nguyen Thi Duong	Lang Bau Village		1
3	Nguyen Van Bo	Lang Bau Village	1	
4	Nguyen Thi Lan	Lang Bau Village		1
5	Nguyen Duc Mau	Lo Ngoi Village	1	
6	Nguyen Thi Tan	Lang Bau Village		1
7	Nguyen Thi Hong	Lo Ngoi Village		1
8	Nguyen Thi Khanh	Lang Bau Village		1
9	Dinh Thi That	Lo Ngoi Village		1
10	Nguyen Thi Nhac	Lang Bau Village		1
11	Duong Thi Kiem	Kim Phuong Village		1
12	Ta Thi Mui	Kim Phuong Village		1
13	Nguyen Van Tinh	Lang Bau Village	1	
14	Nguyen Thi Ly	Lo Ngoi Village		1
15	Truong Duc Tam	Kim Phuong Village	1	
16	Nguyen Van Dien	Kim Phuong Village	1	
17	Nguyen Thi Binh	Lang Bau Village		1
18	Doi Van Hoc	Lang Bau Village	1	
19	Nguyen Van Nam	Lang Bau Village	1	
20	Nguyen Thi Chat	Lang Bau Village		1
21	Nguyen Thi Ngat	Lang Bau Village		1
22	Nguyen Thi Hoa	Lang Bau Village		1
23	Nguyen Thi Thinh	Lang Bau Village		1
24	Nguyen Thi Hoan	Lang Bau Village		1
25	Nguyen Thi Ty	Lang Bau Village		1
26	Nguyen Van Thom	Kim Phuong Village	1	
27	Tran The	Kim Phuong Village	1	
28	Nguyen Trieu Nguyet	Yen Huong Village	1	
29	Tran Dinh Hung	Lang Bau Village	1	
30	Duong Van Van	Lang Bau Village	1	
31	Tran Ngoc Thanh	Lang Bau Village	1	
32	Trần Thị Hồng	Lang Bau Village		1
33	Nguyen Thi Cay	Lang Bau Village		1
34	Nguyen Thi Dinh	Lang Bau Village		1
35	Nguyen Thi Khanh	Lang Bau Village		1
36	Nguyen Thi My	Lang Bau Village		1
37	Nguyen Huu Luong	Lang Bau Village	1	
38	Nguyen Thi Huyen	Lang Bau Village		1
39	Nguyen Thi Ngo	Lang Bau Village		1
40	Do Thi Hiep	Lang Bau Village		1

			,	
41	Nguyen Thi Cu	Lang Bau Village		1
42	Nguyen Thi Hong	Lang Bau Village		1
43	Nguyen Van Vien	Lang Bau Village	1	
44	Nguyen Van Muoi	Lang Bau Village	1	
45	Tran Van Vinh	Lang Bau Village	1	
46	Nguyen Hoang Gia	Lang Bau Village	1	
47	Nguyen Van Thuong	Lang Bau Village	1	
48	Nguyen Thi Dung	Lang Bau Village		1
49	Nguyễn Thị Tám	Lang Bau Village		1
50	Dương Văn Tẽo	Lang Bau Village	1	
51	Nguyễn Hữu Liên	Chuoi Na Village	1	
52	Nguyễn Văn Vinh	Chuoi Na Village	1	
53	Nguyễn Thị Bình	Chuoi Na Village		1
54	Nguyễn Thị Bé	Chuoi Na Village		1
55	Hoàng Thị Hoa	Cho Canh Village		1
56	Nguyễn Minh Tiến	Cho Canh Village	1	
57	Bùi Thị Lương	Cho Canh Village		1
58	Nguyễn Kim Tho	Chuoi Na Village	1	
59	Nguyễn Hữu Lập	Chuoi Na Village	1	
60	Nguyễn Văn Vĩnh	Cua Dong Village	1	
61	Nguyễn Khắc Thực	Cua Dong Village	1	
62	Nguyễn Văn Trọng	Cua Dong Village	1	
63	Nguyễn Xuân Kỳ	Chuoi Na Village	1	
64	Trần Văn Tùng	Chuoi Na Village	1	
65	Nguyễn Thanh Bình	Chuoi Na Village	1	
66	Nguyễn Ngọc Lam	Cho Canh Village	1	
67	Nguyễn Văn Ngân	Cho Canh Village	1	
68	Nguyễn Văn Vân	Cho Canh Village	1	
69	Nguyen Van Manh	Cho Canh Village	1	
70	Nguyen Van Trung	Cho Canh Village	1	
71	Nguyen Thi He	Cho Canh Village		1
72	Nguyen Thi Ha	Cho Canh Village		1
73	Nguyen Thi Y	Cho Canh Village		1
74	Nguyen Van Vinh	Cho Canh Village	1	
75	Nguyen Thi Binh	Cho Canh Village		1
76	Nguyen Thi Vin	Cho Canh Village		1
77	Bui Thi Xuan	Cho Canh Village		1
78	Nguyen Huu Tung	Cho Canh Village	1	
79	Nguyen Thi Hoan	Cho Canh Village		1
80	Nguyen Thi Loan	Cho Canh Village		1
81	Bui Quang Trieu	Cho Canh Village	1	
82	Nguyen Thi Thao	Cho Canh Village		1
83	Nguyen Huu Yen	Cho Canh Village	1	
84	Nguyen Thi Lien	Cửa Đồng		1
85	Tran Dinh Trang	Cửa Đồng	1	
86	Nguyễn Thị Thực	Nội Giữa		1

07	Nguyễn Thị Trinh	NA: Ciữa		4
87	Nguyễn Thị Trinh	Nội Giữa	4	1
88	Nguyễn Văn Bích	Nội Giữa	1	
89	Nguyễn Văn Hợi	Nội Giữa	1	1
90	Phạm Thị Ngọt	Nội Giữa		1
91	Nguyễn Thị Xinh	Nội Giữa		1
92	Tạ Thị Cải	Nội Giữa		1
93	Nguyễn Thị Vi	Nội Giữa	_	1
94	Nguyễn Văn Phường	Nội Giữa	1	
95	Nguyễn Hữu Bích	Nội Giữa	1	
96	Nguyễn Tiến Quý	Nội Giữa	1	
97	Nguyễn Thị Hợi	Nội Giữa		1
98	Nguyễn Thị Xuân	Nội Giữa		1
99	Lê Thị Dục	Nội Giữa		1
100	Nguyễn Thị Hương	Nội Giữa		1
101	Nguyễn Văn Long	Nội Giữa	1	
102	Nguyễn Hồng Quảng	Nội Giữa	1	
103	Nguyễn Văn Hải	Nội Giữa	1	
104	Nguyễn Văn Tý	Nội Giữa	1	
105	Nguyễn Thị Hiền	Nội Giữa		1
106	Nguyễn Thị Đục	Nội Giữa		1
107	Trần Trung Thành	Nội Giữa	1	
108	Tạ Quang Kiểm	Nội Giữa	1	
109	Trần Anh Đào	Nội Giữa	1	
110	Nguyễn Văn Hợp	Nội Giữa	1	
111	Nguyễn Thị Tin	Nội Giữa		1
112	Nguyễn Nước Viễn	Nội Giữa	1	
113	Dương Văn Thịnh	Nội Giữa	1	
114	Tạ Liên	Nội Giữa		1
115	Nguyễn Đức Hậu	Nội Giữa	1	
116	Nguyễn Văn Cần	Nội Giữa	1	
117	Nguyễn Văn Đồng	Nội Giữa	1	
118	Tạ Ngân	Nội Giữa	1	
119	Trần Cao Nguyên	Nội Giữa	1	
120	Nguyễn Văn Vần	Nội Giữa	1	
121	Nguyễn Trọng Hiền	Nội Giữa	1	
122	Nguyễn Văn Trung	Nội Giữa	1	
123	Tạ Đình Quảng	Nội Giữa	1	
124	Nguyễn Văn Chi	Nội Giữa	1	
125	Đỗ Thị Đảo	Nội Giữa		1
126	Nguyễn Hữu Tạo	Nội Giữa	1	
127	Nguyễn Kiên	Nội Giữa	1	
128	Nguyễn Thị Thắng	Đồng Nhất		1
129	Nguyễn Thị Lọc	Khu Phố 2		1
130	Nguyễn Thị Oanh	Lang Bầu		1
131	Nguyễn Thị Hoa	Khu Phố 2		1
132	Nguyễn Thị Thành	Đồng Nhất		1

133	Trần Mạnh Hải	Đồng Nhất	1	
134	Trần Thị Hương	Đồng Nhất		1
135	Nguyễn Thị Tôn	Phố I		1
136	Trần Thị Năm	Phố II		1
137	Nguyễn Xuân Bảng	Đồng Nhất	1	
138	Nguyễn Văn Ngọc	Kim Phượng	1	
139	Trương Trọng Trường	Lang Bầu	1	
140	Trần Thị Sở	Lang Bầu	1	1
141	Phạm Thị Mai	Khu Phố 2		1
142	Lê Chứng	Lang Bầu	1	
143	Nguyễn Hữu	Khu Phố 2	1	
143	Lê Đình Bính	Khu Phố 2	1	
145	Lê Đình Phương	Khu Phố 2	1	
146	Trần Thị Xinh	Khu Phố 2	1	1
147	Trần Đình Dũng	Lang Bầu	1	1
	Trần Đình Lên			
148	Nguyễn Hữu Đát	Lang Bầu	1 1	
149 150	Nguyễn Thị Bầu	Lò Ngói	1	1
		Lang Bầu		1
151	Nguyễn Thị Sinh	Lang Bầu	1	1
152	Nguyễn Văn Quang	Khu Phố 2	1	
153	Phạm Văn Quân	Lò Cang	1	
154	Nguyễn Thị Thái	Khu Phố 2		1
155	Nguyễn Thị Nhâm	Khu Phố 2		1
156	Nguyễn Thị Hòa	Khu Đồng Nhất		1
157	Nguyễn Thị Cơ	Khu Kim Phượng		1
158	Nguyễn Thị Tư	Khu Kim Phượng		1
159	Nguyễn Thanh Châm	Khu Kim Phượng		1
160	Nguyễn Thị Lạc	Khu phố 2		1
161	Trần Thị Tỵ	Khu phố 2		1
162	Nguyễn Thị Xuân	Lò Ngói		1
163	Dương Thị Loan	Khu phố 2		1
164	Lê Thị Tình	Kim Phượng		1
165	Nguyễn Tất Cường	Kim Phượng	1	
166	Bạch Thị Ngô	Lang Bầu		1
167	Phạm Thị Lạc	Lò Cang		1
168	Phạm Thị Ngọ	Phố 2		1
169	Nguyễn Thị Đào	Phố 2		1
170	Nguyễn Thị Mùi	Phố 2		1
171	Nguyễn Thị Tâm	Đồng Nhất		1
172	Trần Thị Gia	Phố 2		1
173	Trần Văn Sở	Phố 2	1	
174	Nguyễn Văn Hảo	Phố 2	1	
175	Nguyễn Văn Hiếu	Đồng Nhất	1	
176	Nguyễn Văn Vi	Đồng Nhất	1	
177	Nguyễn Văn Vạn	Kim Phượng	1	
178	Nguyễn Phương Khoa	Kim Phượng		1

179	Nguyễn Văn Vụ	Lang Bầu	1	
180	Phạm Văn Minh	Đồng Nhất	1	
181	Nguyễn Khắc Oanh	Lang Bầu		1
182	Nguyễn Thị Hồng	Lang Bầu		1
183	Dương Thị Hương	Lang Bầu		1
184	Nguyễn Văn Hải	Phố 2	1	
185	Nguyễn Văn Đức	Kim Phượng	1	
186	Trần Thanh Hằng	Phố 2	1	1
187	Nguyễn Thị Nga	Phố 2		1
188	Trần Thị Xuân	Lang Bầu		1
189	Nguyễn Thị Ất	Phố 2		1
190	Nguyễn Thị Hiền Luận	Nội Giữa		<u>1</u> 1
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·		
191	Trần Thị Lan	Nội Giữa		1
192	Nguyễn Thị Ngoi	Nội Giữa		1
193	Nguyễn Thị Hiền	Nội Giữa		1
194	Nguyễn Hữu Dũng	Nội Giữa	1	
195	Nguyễn Thị Điểm	Nội Giữa		1
196	Nguyễn Thị Bình	Nội Giữa		1
197	Nguyễn Hữu Hợp	Nội Giữa	1	
198	Trần Văn Hợi	Nội Giữa	1	
199	Nguyễn Văn Quảng	Nội Giữa	1	
200	Trần Văn Mạnh	Nội Giữa	1	
201	Hoàng Công Nhàn	Nội Giữa	1	
202	Trần Thị Trung	Lang Bầu		1
203	Nguyễn Hữu Hùng	Lang Bầu		1
204	Trần Đình Tố	Phố 2	1	
205	Trần Đình Tâm	Phố 2	1	
206	Nguyễn Văn Quang	Phố 2	1	
207	Lê Xuân Quý	Lang Bầu	1	
208	Nguyễn Thị Lịch	Lang Bầu		1
209	Nguyễn Thị Căn	Phố 2		1
210	Nguyễn Văn Bách	Phố 2	1	
211	Trần Văn Trình	Phố 2	1	
212	Nguyễn Đức Và	Kim Phượng	1	
213	Dương Anh Tình	Lò Cang		1
214	Nguyễn Thị Vân	Lò Cang		1
215	Trần Văn Hương	Lò Cang		1
216	Dương Thị Oanh	Lò Cang		1
217	Nguyễn Văn Đức	Đồng Nhất	1	
218	Nguyễn Văn Xe	Phố 2	1	
219	Trần Thị Định	Phố 2		1
220	Nguyễn Thị Mậu	Phố 2		1
221	Nguyễn Văn Thái	Lang Bầu	1	
222	Tạ Đình Hùng	Phố 2	1	
223	Nguyễn Thị Đức	Phố 2		1
224	Nguyễn Văn Lim	Phố 2	1	

225	Trần Văn Hiền	Lang Bầu	1	
226	Trần Thị Lạng	Lang Bầu	1	1
227	Trần Thị Hai	Lang Bầu		1
228	Nguyễn Thị Thúy Hằng	Town Woman Union		<u>_</u> _1
229	Trần Thị Thoa	Town Farm Union		1
230	Trần Minh	Vetaran Union	1	
231	Nguyễn Thị Thao		1	1
232	Trần Thị Hoàn	Town Young Union Castridal Officer		<u>_</u> _1
233	Tạ Ngọc Bích	Town President	1	
234	Nguyễn Thị Hoàn	Kim Phượng	1	1
235	Trần Thị Thúy	Chợ Cánh		1
236	Nguyễn Thị Đào	Chợ Cánh		1
237	Nguyễn Thị Đảo	Chợ Cánh		1
237	Nguyễn Thị Mai	•		<u>_</u> _1
239	Dương Thị Lai	Lang Bầu Chuối Ná		<u>1</u> 1
		Chuối Ná		
240	Dương Thị Thìn			1
241	Nguyễn Thị Oanh	Nội Giữa	-	1
242	Nguyễn Thị Hợi	Nội Giữa		1
243	Trần Thị Bích Quyên	Kim Phượng		1
244	Nguyễn Văn Kỷ	Nội Giữa	1	
245	Lê Dũng	Nội Giữa	1	
246	Lê Văn Phương	Kim Phượng	1	
247	Lưu Thị Hải	Chuối Ná		1
248	Nguyễn Du	Chợ Cánh	1	
249	Nguyễn DĐức Cơ	Chuối Ná	1	
250	Nguyễn Đức Sáu	Kim Phượng	1	
251	Nguyễn Đức Vũ	Kim Phượng	1	
252	Nguyễn Duy Hải	Kim Phượng	1	
253	Nguyễn Hữu Bảng	Phố I	1	
254	Nguyễn Hữu Cần	Chợ Cánh	1	
255	Nguyễn Hữu Cường	Chuối Ná	1	
256	Nguyễn Hữu Đính	Lò Ngói	1	
257	Nguyễn Thị Thêm	Nội Giữa		1
258	Trần Thị Ý	Lò Ngói		1
259	Nguyễn Thị Minh Nguyệt	Kim Phượng		1
260	Nguyễn Thị Thành	Kim Phượng		1
261	Bùi Thị Liên	Chuối Ná		1
262	Nguyễn Thị Hoa	Chuối Ná		1
247	Trần Thị Lạng	Lang Bầu		1
248	Phạm Thị Tính	Kim Phượng		1
249	Nguyễn Thị Thaỏ	Kim Phượng		1
250	Dương Thị Loan	Kim Phượng		1
251	Nguyễn Thị Thuận	Kim Phượng		1
252	Nguyễn Thị Hợp	Chợ Cánh		1
253	Nguyễn Thị Hoan	Lang Bầu		1
254	Nguyễn Thị Lan	Kim Phượng		1

255	TOTAL	135	150	
255	Nguyễn Ngọc Long	Lang Bầu	1	
254	Nguyễn Minh Tiến	Lang Bầu	1	
253	Nguyễn Minh Cương	Kim Phượng	1	
252	Nguyễn Mạnh Hùng	Lang Bầu	1	
251	Nguyễn Khánh Toàn	Nội Giữa	1	
250	Nguyễn Văn Thái	Nội Giữa	1	
249	Nguyễn Minh Cương	Kim Phượng	1	
248	Nguyễn Thế Mạnh	Nội Giữa	1	
247	Nguyễn Thanh Xuân	Lang Bầu	1	
260	Nguyễn Thanh Đồng	Chuối Ná	1	
259	Nguyễn Thanh Bình	Chuối Ná	1	
258	Nguyễn Thị Tân	Chuối Ná		1
257	Nguyễn Thị Thư	Lang Bầu		1
256	Nguyễn Thị Thảo	Lang Bầu		1
255	Nguyễn Thị Thư	Lang Bầu		1