Due Diligence Report on Social Safeguards

December 2015

IND: Rural Connectivity Investment Program — Project III

Rural Road Network Management Unit in Burdwan, West Bengal

Prepared by Ministry of Rural Development, Government of India for the Asian Development Bank.

CURRENCY EQUIVALENTS

Currency unit – Indian Rupees (INR)

INR1.00 = \$ 0.02 \$1.00 = INR 62.19

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ADB : Asian Development Bank

APs : Affected Persons

ARRDA Assam Rural Road Development Agency
ARR&TI : Assam Road Research & Training Institute

CEO : Chief Executive Officer

CGRRDA: Chhattisgarh Rural Road Development Authority

CPF : Community Participation Framework

DC : Deputy Commissioner EA : Executing Agency

FFA : Framework Financing Agreement

GOI : Government of India GP : Gram Panchayat

GRC : Grievances Redressal Committee

IA : Implementing Agency

MFF : Multitranche Financing Facility
MORD : Ministry of Rural Development
MOU : Memorandum of Understanding

MPRRDA: Madhya Pradesh Rural Road Development Authority

NRDA : Naya Raipur Development Authority

NRRDA : National Rural Road Development Agency

OSRRA: Odisha State Rural Road Agency
PIU: Project Implementation Unit

PIC : Project Implementation Consultants

PFR : Periodic Finance Request

PMGSY: Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana
PRDD: Panchayat and Rural Development Deptt

PWD : Public Works Department

RCIP: Rural Connectivity Investment Programme

RCTRC : Rural Connectivity Training And Research Centers

RD : Rural Development

RES : Rural Engineering Services RRL : Road Research Laboratory

RRNMU : Rural Road Network Management Units

RRSIIP Rural Road Sector II Project

SIRD : State Institute of Rural Development SRRDA : State Rural Road Development Agency

TA : Technical Assistance TOR : Terms of Reference

TSC : Technical Support Consultants

WALMI : Water and Land Management Institute

WBSRDA: West Bengal State Rural Development Agency

NOTE

In this report, \$ refers to US Dollars

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RURAL CONNECTIVITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM: WEST BENGAL - PROJECT 3 SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS COMPLIANCE - RRNMUs

Α. **Context and Purpose of the Report**

- As one of the key features of the Government's poverty reduction agenda for the rural sector, the Government of India (GoI) is implementing a nation-wide rural road investment program, Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY). PMGSY aims to provide all-weather road connectivity to currently unserved habitations in India's rural areas, where 70% of the population live.
- 2. The Government of India (GOI) launched "The Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojna (PMGSY) in year 2000. The objective of PMGSY is to provide all-weather road connectivity to all rural habitations with a population of more than 500 persons in plains and 250 persons in hill states. This program is being implemented through National Rural Road Development Authority (NRRDA) under Ministry of Rural Development (MORD) at central level and through State Rural Road Development Authority/Agencies (SRRDA) at state level. The Rural Connectivity Investment Program (RCIP) is continuation of Rural Road Sector II Program (RRS IIP) and is a multi-tranche financing facility (MFF) that aims to construct or upgrade to the all-weather standard about 9,000 km of rural roads connecting around 4,800 habitations in the states of Assam, Chhattisgarh, Odisha, Madhya Pradesh and West Bengal.
- Later during RCIP Project 3 (Tranche 3) approximately five additional RRNMUs (30 RRNMUs in total) are planned to be created, including 4 in West Bengal. The RRNMUs shall be created based on the existing PIUs for rural roads and shall have staffing, equipment, and facilities adequate to provide effective management of the rural road network. The States shall ensure full RRNMU staffing and budget adequate for the full implementation of RRNMU tasks. The States shall prepare the design of RRNMU facilities. The West Bengal State Rural Development Agency (WBSRDA) is the implementing agency (IA) for the ADB funded subprojects in the state.
- 4. ADB has approved in November 2015 the third Periodic Finance Request (PFR) covering state of West Bengal. The Social Due Diligence Report on Rural Roads and the Social Due Diligence Report on the pilot RRNMU and RCTRC has been disclosed on ADB website.¹ This report has been prepared to serve the purpose for compliance with ADB's social safeguards on involuntary resettlement and indigenous peoples during preparation of the RRNMUs projects in the state of West Bengal.

B. Status of RRNMUs in West Bengal

The proposed location of the RRNMU is at mouza Gopalnagar in Burdwan district. The RRMNU building is proposed in land belonging to Panchayat and Rural Development Department, Govt. of West Bengal, parent department of WBSRDA.

6. The proposed area under the one unit are as under:

RRNMU The total land area is approximately 0.28 acre (1132.0 Sq.m)

¹ http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/project-document/159901/40423-053-sddr-07.pdf

C. Social Safeguards in the Project

7. The RRNMU building is proposed in land owned by Panchayat and Rural Development Department (PRDD), Govt. of West Bengal (GoWB) and the land for the RRNMU is in the process of transfer to PRDD, GoWB. Locations of additional RRNMUs are yet to be finalized. To mitigate the possible adverse impacts of the subprojects, the community participation framework (CPF) lists various types of impact categories and mitigation measures which would apply to the subprojects, based on the specific project impacts.

Mitigation Measures Matrix

Mitigation Measures Matrix					
Impact	Mitigation Measures	Responsibility			
Category					
Loss of	Willing transfer of land by means of MOU	GP, PIU and			
Agricultural	Advance notice to harvest standing crops	land revenue			
Land	• For vulnerable affected persons (APs),	department			
	assistance/support by means of (a) alternate land sites provided by GP, or (b) cash assistance as per replacement cost² by the Gram Panchayat (GP) to meet loss of land; and inclusion as beneficiaries in the existing poverty alleviation/livelihood restoration programs (see Annex of relevant state Community Participation Framework) • For land involving traditional and tenurial rights, the legal provisions applicable of the central and state governments pertaining to transfer of land will be followed. Existing customary rights of the tribal communities on various categories of land shall be taken into account				
1	during the process of land transfer.	CD DILL and			
Loss of Structure	 Provision of alternate plot of land and structure of equivalent quality and value to be provided as per AP's choice, or cash assistance by GP to meet the loss of land and structure allowing the AP to purchase land & rebuild 	GP, PIU and land revenue department			
	structure of equivalent standard				
	For loss of boundary walls and fences, willing transfer				
	by means of MOU. In case voluntary donation of such				
	structures are not possible, cash assistance as per				
	replacement cost by GP to meet loss of such structures, or				
	provision of materials and/or labor by GP to allow the AP to				
	replace/rebuild the same				
	• For vulnerable APs, inclusion as beneficiaries in the rural				
	development (RD) programs/housing schemes (see Annex of relevant state Community Participation Framework)				

² Replacement cost means the "cost" to replace the lost asset at current market value or its nearest equivalent, plus any transaction costs such as administrative charges, taxes, registration and titling costs allowing the individual / community to replace what is lost and their economic and social circumstances to be at least restored to the pre-project level.

Impact	Mitigation Measures	Responsibility
Category		
Loss of Structure (Contd.)	 For tenants, assistance to find alternative rental arrangements by GP, or cash assistance equivalent to advance payments made to the owner For squatters, provision of alternative relocation site, or cash assistance as per replacement cost, or provision of building material and/or labor by GP, or inclusion as beneficiaries in the RD programs/housing schemes. For land and structure involving traditional and tenurial rights, the legal provisions applicable of the central and state governments pertaining to transfer of land will be followed. Existing customary rights of the tribal communities on various categories of land shall be taken into account during the process of land transfer. 	GP, PIU and land revenue department
Loss of livelihood	 For vulnerable APs, inclusion as beneficiaries in the existing poverty alleviation /livelihood restoration programs (enumerated in Annex 9). In case of non inclusion in such programs, cash assistance to meet the loss of income during transitional phase and for income restoration. Assistance for asset creation³ by community and Gram Panchayat. 	GP and PIU
Loss of Assets such as Trees, Well, and Ponds	 Willing transfer of the asset by means of MOU. For vulnerable APs, assistance for the loss of these assets through inclusion as beneficiaries in the existing poverty alleviation/livelihood restoration programs (enumerated in Annex 9). In case of non inclusion in such programs, cash assistance by GP to meet the loss of assets and income. 	GP, PIU and land revenue department
Loss of community owned assets such as temple, wells, ponds, grazing land etc	 Relocation or construction of asset by GP with technical inputs from PIU Consultations with the concerned section of the community in case of grazing land, etc 	GP, PIU and land revenue department
Temporary impacts during construction Other	Civil works contract conditions to include provisions to obligate the contractor to implement appropriate mitigation measures for the temporary impacts include disruption of normal traffic, increased noise levels, dust generation, and damage to adjacent parcel of land due to movement of heavy machinery to be included the Civil Works Contract Unforeseen impacts will be documented and mitigated based.	PIU
impacts not identified	in this Framework.	on the philopies

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³ Assistance for asset creation shall comprise of assistance for creation of cattle shed, shop, production unit or any other form of income generating asset that will enable the affected household in restoring their livelihood.

D. Approach and Methodology for Assessing Social Safeguards Compliance during preparation of the subprojects

- 8. The consultants visited the site for proposed RRNMU building at Mouza Gopalnagar in Burdwan District and carried out consultations with the officials of PNRDA, PIU. The site is vacant and free from any encumbrances. They also carried out a desk review of the documents prepared for the project design, tender documents and the departmental orders for locating the proposed centre at the designated location.
- 9. The SRRDA with assistance from TSC conducted social safeguard screening of the proposed site for RRNMU. For the screening purpose a Social Safeguards Checklist_was adopted that is presented in the appendices. As RRNMU buildings are proposed in land owned and under possession of Deptt. Of Panchayat and Rural Development, Govt. of Best Bangal, there will be no need for monitoring of adverse impacts due to land requirement. However, PIC will provide monitoring support to the SRRDA for issues might arise during execution of the project.



Site for RRNMU – Mouza Gopalnagar BurdwanTown
Satellite Imagery showing proposed RRNMU site, Gopalnagar, Burdwan

E. Findings

1. Land Ownership

- 10. PNRD, GoWB, parent department of WBSRDA is the owner of the land for the proposed RRNMU at Burdwan town Town is under the process of land transfer.
- 11. **Site for the RRNMU Building at Gopalnagar.** RRNMU is proposed at Kharia Jalpaiguri. The land is vacant and is in possession of Panchayat and Rural Development Department, Government of West Bengal. The process of transferring the land to WBSRDA is ongoing. The site has clear approach from the road.

3. Types of Loss and Affected Persons

12. The land parcels proposed for various activities under RRNMU are vacant plots without any structure and encroachment. However, the plot is not fenced or have boundary walls on all sides.

4. Consultation with Affected Persons

13. Consultants had consultations with senior officers of WBSRDA, PIU Burdwan town (list attached in appendices). WBSRDA has already obtained required municipal approval applied for the RRNMU at Burdwan is under process.







5. Institutional Arrangements and Grievance Redress Mechanism

14. WBSRDA is the Implementing Agency. The land for RRNMU site belong to Panchayat and Rural Development Deptt., Govt. of West Bengal; the parent department of WBSRDA. There is no encroachment in any of the site. Government departmental procedures are in place to address any grievances that might arise. The recruitment of the TSC is in process and theu will assist WBSRDA in addressing the safeguard issues in the project and monitoring of the related aspects.

F. Conclusion

- 15. The site visit and review of social assessment checklist prepared RRNMU sites revealed that:
 - i) Land is owned and in possession of Panchayat and Rural Development Deptt., Govt. of West Bengal; the parent department of WBSRDA. While land for the RRNMU site has been process transfer to WBSRDA.
 - ii) The plot proposed for RRNMU are vacant and free from encroachment.
 - iii) There was consultation with senior officers of WBSRDA, PIU, Burdwan town. Required municipal approvals have been under process obtained for the RRNMU site.
 - iv) SRRDA has departmental procedure in place to address any grievance that might arise. Recruitment of PIC is in the and they will assist WBSRDA in monitoring of safeguard issues.

Appendix 1: Existing Site Conditions – Proposed RRNMU Site at Kharia



Appendix 2: Layout Plan for RRNMU Site - Kharia

Locations of the RRNMUs building is as under:

State : West Bengal

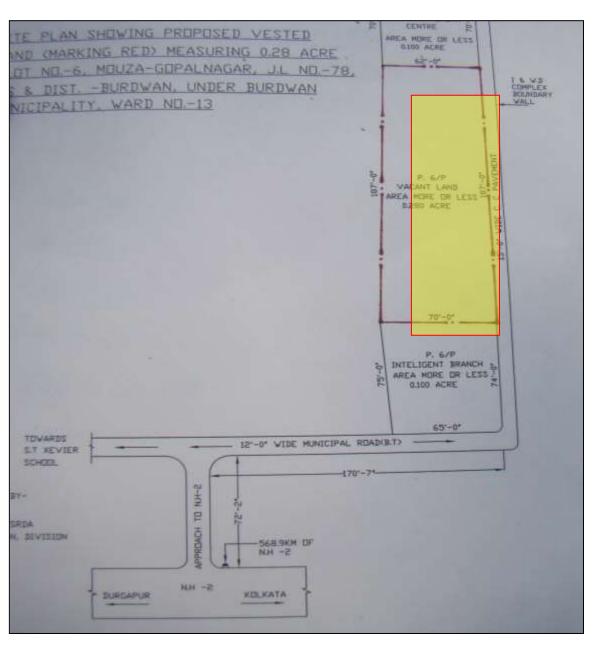
District: Burdwan

Town :Burdwan Mouza : Gopalnagar

PS :

JL No : 78 Plot No : 6

Area : 0.28 acre (1132.0 Sq.m)



Schematic diagram of proposed land



Appendix 3: List of Officials Consulted

- Mr. J Mitra, SE, Burdwan Circle
- Mr. Sajal Chatarjee Sr.AE PNRD Burdwan
- Mr. Devottam Mukhrji AE PNRD Burdwan

Safeguard Experts

- Dr. Dushyant Mishra, Team Leader (TSC)
- Mr. Satya Vrat Pandey (Social Expert TSC)
- Dr. Dibyendu Banerjee (Environmental Expert TSC)