Interpreted Cofemends Date Cheet (ICDC)				
Integrated Safeguards Data Sheet (ISDS) Section I – Basic Information				
Date ISDS Prepared/Updated: September 28	, 2004 Report No.:31152			
A. Basic Project Data				
A.1. Project Statistics	D ' 4 ID D070544			
Country: Georgia	Project ID: P078544			
Project: RURAL DEVELOPMENT	TTL: Rapeepun Jaisaard			
PROJECT - GE				
Total project cost (by component):				
Component 1: Agricultural Supply Chain De	evelopment US\$4.38m			
Component 2: Rural Finance Services US\$2				
Component 3: Institutional Modernization U				
Component 4: Project Management US\$2.12m				
Component 4. 1 Toject Wanagement 05\$2.12m				
Appraisal Date: October 31, 2004	Loan/Credit amount(\$m):			
Appraisar Date. October 31, 2004	IDA: 10 million			
Roard Data: March 21, 2005	IDA. IO IIIIIIOII			
Board Date: March 31, 2005				
Other financing amounts by source:	IFAD & Japanese Trust Fund (\$15.3m)			
Managing Unit: ECSSD	Sector: Crop (50%); Agricultural marketing			
	and trade (25%); Agro-industry (25%)			
Lending Instruments: Specific Investment	Specific Investment Loan (SIL)			

A.2. Project Objectives

Environmental Category: FI

Loan

recovery?

The objective of the project is to develop the productivity and profitability of the private agriculture sector. This would be achieved by facilitating the access of Georgia's mainly small and medium-scale farmers to supply chains, improving the competitiveness of the supply chains and strengthen the capacity of selected agricultural and financial institutions serving private-sector agricultural market activity. This would increase incomes and employment and reduce poverty in rural areas.

Yes?

Safeguard Classification: SF

[]

No?

[x]

A.3. Project Description

The proposed project has four components.

Is this project processed under OP 8.50 (Emergency

Component 1: Agricultural Supply Chain Development (Estimated Cost US\$ 4.38 million)

With the agriculture supply chain development component, the proposed project aims to support the development of marketing/supply chains for commodities that have a demonstrated market potential, with the view to expand profitable domestic and export market opportunities. The proposed project would also, through a competitively allocated Agricultural Supply Chain Development Fund (ASCDF), work with all agents in selected, potentially profitable agricultural supply chains to develop and implement a holistic strategy for identifying and addressing weaknesses and bottlenecks. The project would also assist farmers and communities to deal with commodity supply chains through linkages to farm community programs.

Component 2. Rural Finance Services (Estimated Cost US\$ 27.22 million)

This component aims to increase the capacity of participating financial institutions (commercial banks, non bank financial institutions and credit unions) to lend to the farmers, processors, traders and agri-business enterprises involved in the marketing/supply chains of selected agricultural commodities by (a) providing them with additional capital for lending to agriculture, particularly medium- and long-term loans for investment and (b) strengthening their capacity for sustainable rural lending.

Component 3: Institutional Modernization (Estimated Cost US\$ 4.0 million).

This component would focus on specific key legal and institutional reforms that impact directly on the competitiveness of Georgian agriculture and the marketability of its products and enable Georgia to meet its international sanitary and phytosanitary obligations. Project interventions would be strategically focused on (a) modernizing the legal framework, (b) developing strategies and action plans for institutional change, (c) supporting selected programs that fit specific needs of the selected commodity chains and (d) continuing to support the land cadastre and registration.

Component 4: Project Implementation. (Estimated Cost US\$ 2.12 million)

The proposed project would be managed under the umbrella of the existing World Bank Project Coordination Center (PCC) within Ministry of Agriculture. The PCC would be responsible for all aspects of project administration, including program management, TA, goods and materials procurement, and financial control. The day-to-day management of the project would be with the technical Project Implementation Unit (PIU) within the PCC. A Project Steering Committee (PSC) including representatives from government, private sector and donor agencies would provide project oversight and ensure national program integration.

A.4. Project Location and salient physical characteristics relevant to the safeguard analysis:

Countrywide

B. Check Environmental Category A [], B [], C [], FI [x]

Comments: Environmental and safeguard issues are foreseen in the investments in agroprocessing and public sector infrastructure (such as storage facilities, collection points,
wholesale markets and possibly feeder roads), some of which are likely to be
Environmental Category B and others Category C. There would be no Environmental
Category A sub-projects financed under the project. Agro-processors would have
potential environmental impacts from solid and liquid waste emissions, smoke, airborne
particles and gaseous discharges, transport, and machinery noise that would need to be
mitigated to National and Bank Standards. Also National safety measures for personnel
in the vicinity of operating machinery would have to be incorporated. Some investment
may also involve minor environmental issues related to the use and storage of agricultural
chemicals, waste management at farms, site preparation for facilities and natural
resources management in rural areas, including forests, biodiversity, soil and water.

C. Safeguard Policies Triggered

	Yes	No
Environmental Assessment (OP/BP/GP 4.01)	[x]	[]
Natural Habitats (OP/BP 4.04)	[]	[x]

Pest Management (OP 4.09)	[]	[x]
Cultural Property (draft OP 4.11 - OPN	r 1	[v]
<u>11.03</u> -)	L J	[x]
Involuntary Resettlement (OP/BP 4.12)	[]	[x]
Indigenous Peoples (OD 4.20)	[]	[x]
Forests (<u>OP/BP</u> 4.36)	[]	[x]
Safety of Dams (OP/BP 4.37)	[]	[x]
Projects in Disputed Areas (OP/BP/GP 7.60)*	[]	[x]
Projects on International Waterways	F 1	[v]
(<u>OP/BP/GP</u> 7.50)	L J	[x]

Section II - Key Safeguard Issues and Their Management

D. Summary of Key Safeguard Issues.

D.1. Describe any safeguard issues and impacts associated with the proposed project. Identify and describe any potential large scale, significant and/or irreversible impacts.

The project would not finance any major infrastructure, and sub-projects are unlikely to involve the acquisition of land through eminent domain. The project would not directly finance purchases of fertilizer and chemicals. Farmers are able, of course, to purchase them in the market or through farmer groups. Training would be provided for farmers under the project in appropriate application techniques and timing for fertilizers and pesticides, as well as handling of residues. This would be expected to contribute to reducing the negative impact of increased input use.

D.2 Describe any potential indirect and/or long term impacts due to anticipated future activities in the project area.

None

D.3. Describe the treatment of alternatives (if relevant)

None

D.4. Describe measures taken by the borrower to address safeguard issues. Provide an assessment of borrower capacity to plan and implement the measures described.

Sub-projects financed through project credit lines must be in compliance with the environmental laws and regulations of Georgia and with World Bank safeguard policies. Environmental risk management of sub-loans would become a part of sub-loan appraisal by the participating financial institutions (PFI's). Loan officers should be able to verify that sub-loans are in compliance with Georgian laws and regulations and would not cause enduring harm to the Georgian natural environment. The Bank environmental guidelines require financial institutions to undertake environmental screening of sub-projects. Loan officers (or environmental specialists employed by the PFI) would make decisions on environmental and safeguard compliance, providing that there are no complex environmental issues involved in the proposal. The Environmental Chapter of the OM provides guidelines that would assist PFIs to determine to what extent various project activities would affect the environment and to ensure that sub-loan applicants have incorporated all necessary measures to keep their proposed sub-projects compliant with Bank safeguard policies and Georgian environmental law.

* By supporting the proposed project, the Bank does not intend to prejudice the final determination of the parties' claims on the disputed areas

D.5. Identify the key stakeholders and describe the mechanisms for consultation and disclosure on safeguard policies, with an emphasis on potentially affected people.

"Environmental Management Plan and Environmental Guidelines for Project Loan Activities" has been prepared. The document includes a description of the project, a description of possible activities that the project might finance, potential environmental issues for each type of activity the project could finance, a description of the guidelines the financial institutions would follow in evaluating the impacts of each sub-project, a description of the World Bank and Georgian safeguards and EIA systems, and sample forms to be used in environmental monitoring. The document has been reviewed and cleared by the project environment specialist. It has been translated into Georgian and discussed with the staff of Georgian commercial banks and the Georgian Environmental Department, whose recommendations have been incorporated in the manual. The environmental report has been distributed in Georgia (placed in central and regional libraries and credit union offices) and sent to the Info Shop on July 9, 2004.

E. Safeguards Classification (select one)

- [] S_1 . –The project has significant, cumulative and/or irreversible impacts; where there are significant potential impacts related to several safeguard policies.
- [] S_2 . One or more safeguard policies are triggered, but effects are limited to their impact and are technically and institutionally manageable.
- [] S₃. No safeguard issues

[X] S_F. – Financial intermediary projects

F. Disclosure Requirements Date

Environmental Assessment/Audit/Management Plan/Other:

Date of receipt by the Bank July 6, 2004

Date of "in-country" disclosure .../.../...

Date of submission to InfoShop July 9, 2004

For category A projects, date of distributing the Executive Summary of the EA to the

Executive Directors Not Applicable

Resettlement Action Plan/Framework/Policy Process: NA

Date of receipt by the Bank
Date of "in-country" disclosure
Date of submission to InfoShop
Not Applicable

Indigenous Peoples Development Plan/Framework: NA

Date of receipt by the Bank
Date of "in-country" disclosure
Date of submission to InfoShop

Not Applicable
Not Applicable

Pest Management Plan: NA

Date of receipt by the Bank
Date of "in-country" disclosure
Date of submission to InfoShop
Not Applicable
Not Applicable

Dam Safety Management Plan: NA

Date of receipt by the Bank
Date of "in-country" disclosure
Date of submission to InfoShop

Not Applicable
Not Applicable

If in-country disclosure of any of the above documents is not expected, please explain why.

Section III - Compliance Monitoring Indicators at the Corporate Lev	el	
OP/BP 4.01 - Environment Assessment:	Yes	No
Does the project require a stand-alone EA (including EMP) report?	$\frac{\text{Yes}}{\text{X}}$	
If yes, then did the Regional Environment Unit review and approve the	X	
EA report?	Λ	
Are the cost and the accountabilities for the EMP incorporated in the	X	
credit/loan?	Λ	
OP/BP 4.04 - Natural Habitats:	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
Would the project result in any significant conversion or degradation of		X
critical natural habitats?		Λ
If the project would result in significant conversion or degradation of		
other (non-critical) natural habitats, does the project include mitigation		X
measures acceptable to the Bank?		
OP 4.09 - Pest Management:	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u> X
Does the EA adequately address the pest management issues?		X
Is a separate PMP required?		
If yes, are PMP requirements included in project design?		
Draft OP 4.11 (OPN 11.03) - Cultural Property:	<u>Yes</u>	No X
Does the EA include adequate measures?		X
Does the credit/loan incorporate mechanisms to mitigate the potential		X
adverse impacts on physical cultural resources?		
OD 4.20 - Indigenous Peoples:	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
Has a separate indigenous people development plan been prepared in		X
consultation with the Indigenous People?		
If yes, then did the Regional Social Development Unit review and		X
approve the plan?		
If the whole project is designed to benefit IP, has the design been		X
reviewed and approved by the Regional Social Development Unit?	T 7	
OP/BP 4.12 - Involuntary Resettlement:	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
Has a resettlement action plan, policy framework or policy process been		X
prepared?		
If yes, then did the Regional Social Development Unit review and		X
approve the plan / policy framework / policy process?	3 7	NT -
OP/BP 4.36 – Forests:	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
Has the sector-wide analysis of policy and institutional issues and constraints been carried out?		X
Does the project design include satisfactory measures to overcome these		
constraints?		X
Does the project finance commercial harvesting, and if so, does it		
include provisions for certification system?		X
OP/BP 4.37 - Safety of Dams:	Yes	No
Have dam safety plans been prepared?	158	$\frac{\text{No}}{\text{X}}$
Trave dain surery plans been prepared:		11

Have the TORs as well as com Experts (POE) been reviewed	apposition for the independent Panel of and approved by the Bank?		X
	ess Plan (EPP) been prepared and		X
OP 7.50 - Projects on Interna		Yes	No
Have the other riparians been			X
_	f the exceptions to the notification		
1 2	n cleared with the Legal Department, and		X
the memo to the RVP prepared			
What are the reasons for the ex			X
Please explain:	icopusii.		1.
Has the RVP approved such as	n exception?		X
OP 7.60 - Projects in Disputed		Yes	No
	ertinent information on the international	105	110
	g the procedures to be followed, and the		
	with the issue, been prepared, cleared with		X
the Legal Department and sent			
	ne standard disclaimer referred to in the		
OP?	ie standard discramici referred to in the		X
BP 17.50 - Public Disclosure:		Yes	No
	les documents been sent to the World		110
Bank's Infoshop?	ies documents been sent to the world	X	
<u> </u>	disclosed in-country in a public place in		
	nderstandable and accessible to project-	X	
affected groups and local NGC		11	
	75:	Vac	No
All Safeguard Policies:	deat and alast institutional responsibilities	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
	dget and clear institutional responsibilities	X	
	en prepared for the implementation of the safeguard measures? ave safeguard measures costs been included in project cost?		
_	2 5	X	
	osts be funded as part of project	X	
implementation?	vation avatam of the project include the		
	uation system of the project include the	X	
monitoring of safeguard impact			
	ion arrangements been agreed with the	X	
documents?	dequately reflected in the project legal	Λ	
	NT-	ъ	.4
Signed and submitted by:	Name	<u>Da</u>	
Task Team Leader:	Rapeepun Jaisaard	09/28	/2004
Project Safeguards Specialist	Rita Kless	01/26	/2004
1:			
Project Safeguards Specialist	Shahridan Faiez	08/24	/2004
2:			
Project Safeguards Specialist			
3:			
Approved by:	<u>Name</u>	<u>Da</u>	<u>ite</u>
Regional Safeguards			

Coordinator:

Comments:

Sector Manager: Comments: Juergen Voegele 10/15/2004