

Resettlement Planning Document

Project Number: 40648-034 February 2016

IND: Infrastructure Development Investment Program for Tourism - Tranche 3

Sub Project : Restoration, adoptive reuse & revitalization of Champawat Fort

Submitted by Program Management Unit, Government of Uttarakhand, Dehrdaun

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Asian Development Bank



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2-10-ADB/IDIPT/PMU/ 248 / 2014 -2015 3375

Date: 29-01-2016

To,

The Country Director India Resident Mission (INRM) Plot No.-4 San Martin Marg, Chankyapuri New Dehli 110021 PB No: 5331(HPO)



Sub: IDIPT UK Tranche-III: Submission of revised DDR of "Restoration, adoptive reuse & revitalization of Champawat Fort" sub-project (Package No: UKIDIPT-III/BHT/ 04)

Dear Madam,

Please find herewith enclosed revised involuntary Resettlement Due Diligence Report of "Restoration, adoptive reuse & revitalization of Champawat Fort" sub-project (Package No: UK/IDIPT-III/BHT/04) for your kind perusal and approval.

Encl: As above

Sincerely,

Addl. Program Director



Involuntary Resettlement Due Diligence Report

DOCUMENT STAGE : DUE DILIGENCE REPORT ADB LOAN NO : 3223 TRANCHE : 3 SUB PROJECT PACKAGE : UKIDIPT-III/BHT/ 04 JANUARY 2016

India: Infrastructure Development Investment Programme for Tourism, Uttarakhand

Subproject: Restoration, adoptive reuse & revitalization of Champawat Fort

There will be no Land Acquisition and Involuntary Resettlement impact involved in the subproject. All the proposed works will be executed on available Government lands. Hence this brief due-diligence report (DDR) has been prepared for the documentary requirement of ADB.

Prepared by the Government of Uttarakhand for the Asian Development Bank.

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ABBREVIATIONS

ADB	_	Asian Development Bank
BPL		Below Poverty Line
СВО		Community Based Organization
CLC		City Level Committees
DSC		Design and Supervision Consultants
KMVN		Kumaun Mandal Vikas Nigam
Gol		Government of India
GoUK		Government of Uttarakhand
GRC		Grievance Redress Committee
IDIPT	—	Infrastructure Development Investment Programme for Tourism
LAA		Land Acquisition Act
LSGD		Local Self Government Department
MFF		Multitranche Financing Facility
NGO		Non-Governmental Organization
NRRP		National Resettlement and Rehabilitation Policy
O&M		Operations and Maintenance
OMC		Operations and Maintenance Contractors
PAF		Project affected family
PAH		Project affected household
PIU		Program Implementation Unit
PMC		Program Management Consultants
PMU		Project Management Unit
RP		Resettlement Plan
SDS		Social Development Specialist
SPS		Safeguard Policy Statement
SO		Safeguard Officer
ULB		Urban local body
UTDB	—	Uttarakhand Tourism Development Board

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A- INTRODUCTION

1- The Infrastructure Development Investment Program for Tourism under Multitranche Financing Facility (the Facility) will develop and improve basic urban infrastructure and services in the four participating states of Himachal Pradesh, Punjab, Uttarakhand and Tamil Nadu—to support the tourism sector as a key driver for economic growth. It will focus on: (i) strengthening connectivity to and among key tourist destinations; (ii) improving basic urban infrastructure and services, such as water supply, road and public transport, solid waste management and environmental improvement, at existing and emerging tourist destinations to ensure urban amenities and safety for the visitors, and protect nature and culture-based attractions. Physical infrastructure investments will be accompanied by: (iii) capacity building programs for concerned sector agencies and local communities for better management of the tourist destinations and for more active participation in the tourism-related economic activities, respectively.



Map 1 – Sub-project location

B- BACKGROUND

- 2- The district of Champawat is one of the easternmost towns of Kumaon divisions in Uttarakhand state perched at an elevation of 1,670mts above sea level. Champawat is a beautiful town with breathtaking landscapes and terraced fields, which offers the tourists with virtually everything they expect from nature, ranging from pleasant climate to varied wildlife and good places to trek. It is known for its beautiful architecture and carvings on the temples.
- 3- The subproject "Restoration, Adaptive-Reuse and Revitalization of Champawat Fort" involves the restoration of Champawat Forts – Rajbhunga Fort (Champawat tehsil)





and Banasur Fort (Lohaghat tehsil) and minor restoration works in Golu Devta temple (3 kms from the Rajbhunga fort) and Goraknath temple (40 kms from Champawat) located in the Champawat town which is the district headquarters of the same name. Both, Rajbunga and Banasur Forts house the Tehsil office of district administration, which is the main focus of the DDR.

4- The people of Champawat are rich in cultural heritage and they still perform the rituals and fairs with equal interest, which they used to perform in 10th century. Champawat is also a meeting ground of cultural crosscurrents from India, Nepal and even far southeast. It was primarily a trading outpost in the past and such junctures have interesting historical narratives. But for Champawat, the narratives have seldom come into the public domain. It is the endeavor of this project to restore the culturally significant site of the Rajbhunga Fort, Banasur Fort or collectively the Champawat Forts and interpret the historical anecdotes of the region for the visitor.

C- NEED OF SUB-PROJECT

- 5- Champawat is a unique destination that has the capacity of emerging as the CULTURAL CAPITAL of Uttarakhand State. The natural, cultural and mythical environments coalesce here to create a unique experience. The objective of the project is to highlight these aspects in order to project Champawat town as a hub of cultural activities, the arts and sustainable tourism promotion.
- 6- Every town has a social fabric and it is significant to create this unique perspective when projecting it to an international audience, hoping many of them will emerge as prospective clients for the tourism product that the town will grow into. The main objective of the Champawat Forts (along with Temples) Restoration Masterplan (CFR-MP) is to create the fort precinct into as an institution that spearheads the future development and growth of the town into a sustainable tourism destination, firmly rooted in its unique context and cultural-environmental milieu.

D- PRESENT STATUS OF SUBPROJECT AREA

7- The Fort's historical importance and its image as an important part of the town's historic evolution is practically unknown to visitors. This loss of historical and cultural association to the forts by the local community is largely due to absence of appropriate usage of these historical edifices. The current usage of these forts as the Tehsil office is not conducive to create and sustain any form of cultural or historical association with the Forts.

Identified Problem areas:

- Unregulated Development
- Lack of re-use strategy
- Insensitive Additions and Repairs to the Site
- Complete Absence of Solid Waste Management and Disposal Systems
- Absence of Sanitation
- Lack of Accessibility
- Uncertainty in Terms of Long Term Site Management
- Lack of Balance between Natural Surroundings and Historic Elements
- Inadequate Parking Facilities and Walkways
- Lack of Tourism Infrastructure
- Potential of the Site is Under-utilized.

E- SCOPE OF THE SUBPROJECT

- 8- The scope of this sub-project broadly includes:
- a) **Restoration of the historic sites:** Rajbhunga Fort and Banasur Forts, or collectively Champawat Forts, Restoration of Golu Devta temple (3 kms from the Champawat fort) and Goraknath temple (40 kms from Champawat)
- b) **Revitalization of the entire precinct** as a public space for experiencing regional history and culture, through creation of facilities.

(i) Rajbhunga Fort:

- Removal of existing and undesirable structures
- Remodelling and reconstruction of existing structures: Old Fort & Tehsil Office and SDM Office, Durga Devi Temple, Courtyard and Ramparts.
- Providing Tourist Facilities and Amenities at fort like Ticket Counter, Tourist Interpretation Centre, Cafe & Shop, Souvenir Shop, Library, Toilet Block, Creation of link walk way & Improving the existing road and Lanes, 12 Bed Hotel, with 2 suites, Entrance way & Reception, Water & Waste Management, Solar lights.

(ii) Banasur Fort:

- Removal of existing and undesired structures and relocation
- Remodelling and reconstruction of existing structures: 03 Gazebos en route, shed on hilltop for café
- Preparation of platform etc. on site for Adventure Sport

(iii) Golu Devta Temple:

- Repair of Approach to Golu Devta Temple
- Improvement of Worship Space at Golu Devta Temple

(iv) Guru Goraknath Temple:

- Shed and Railing at Gorakhnath Temple
- Restoration of Wall at Gorakhnath Temple
- Gazebos *en route* Gorakhnath Temple

(v) Other scope:

- Assisting in building capacities among rural communities and their organizations engaged in the practice of local art forms, craft and village based organic produce
- Training on heritage management and tourism-related skills in Champawat town to community people, giving equal opportunities to women and marginalized,
- Developing a range of master plans and management plans for environmental protection, restoration and development guidelines, cultural preservation, and pilgrim management.
- Assisting in building the institutional/organizational capacities of various sector agencies in management, reuse and revitalization of the historic site.
- Printing and publishing of literature on the site and its nearby attractions, for instance books, brochures, guide maps etc.
- Effective social media management.

- Creating a dedicated website leading to more effective web presence for the region.
- c) Construction of new Tehsil building
 - G+2 Tehsil building in 1400 m² out of total land of 5400 m² (Land to be transfer to tourism dept. from KMVN)
 - 1 number Type II quarter and 1 number Type IV quarter
 - Garage facility and car parking
 - Litigation room
 - Boundary wall for whole area
 - Approach road to site

F- REQUIREMENT OF DUE DILIGENCE REPORT

9- The DDR has been prepared based on the engineering design, site visit, transact work, consultations etc. There is no involuntary resettlement involved in this sub-project; hence preparation of RP is not required. The subproject has been categorized as "C" for Involuntary Resettlement and Indigenous People. This brief due-diligence report has been prepared as per the requirement of ADB for project processing and clearance. This report summarizes the project impact and outcome, describes the findings and provides copies of relevant maps and legal documents. Shifting of Tehsil offices from Rajbunga and Banasur Forts is the main focus of the DDR, for which NOCs are already obtained and Annexed as 5-8.

G- PROJECT IMPACT AND OUTCOME

10- The proposed sub-project seeks to:

- Provide opportunities for the international visitor to develop an understanding of Kumaoni culture and ways of living in a historic setting.
- Enhance substantially the visitor experience through an interpretation of history.
- Allow the visitor to experience the Himalayas through participation in folk ways of living, viz. making craft objects, singing, dancing, and sampling local cuisines.
- Substantially improve basic infrastructure and services on site.
- Build capacities among frequently marginalized stakeholders: women entrepreneurs and practitioners of dying art forms, especially folk music, dance and crafts.
- Create opportunities for marketing of local organic produce and art objects.
- Improve last mile connectivity between natural and cultural edifices; and strengthen capacity of sector agencies and local communities for planning, development, management, and marketing of tourist/pilgrims destinations and attractions.

H- SCOPE OF LAND ACQUISITION AND RESETTLEMENT

11- The sub-project will not entail any permanent land acquisition and resettlement impact. All the implementation activities will be confined to land under control of the government of the state. The sub-project envisages upgrading the infrastructure and adaptive reuse of existing Rajbhunga and Banasur Fort Complex and temples. The custodian of the Banasur Fort Complex is the State Culture Dept., which has been requested to grant NOC for the proposed works in the Banasur Fort. No additional land is to be acquired. For shifting of the Tehsil Office, in both the Forts, consultations have been carried out, and is under progress. Shifting of Tehsil Offices will be done prior to award of the contract. Letter of Program Director to the Secretary Tourism is enclosed as Annexure-2, Letter from Secretary Tourism to DM

Champawat is enclosed as **Annexure-3**. Letter to the State Culture Dept. for Banasur Fort, is enclosed as **Annexure-4**. No objection certificate from District Administration, for restoration of both the Forts is enclosed as **Annexure 5 & 6**. NOCs from Temple Committee of Golu Devta and Gorakhnath temple are enclosed as **Annexure 7 & 8**.

12- The scale of interventions does not trigger any Involuntary Resettlement (IR) of people. As per design and confirmation with design engineer, there are no expected impacts on private land, private properties like housing, shops, commercial buildings, religious and community infrastructure. In the Sub-Project intervention, full or partial, permanent or temporary, physical and economic displacements are conspicuously absent. Summarising, there are no Project Affected Persons; no land or structure is to be acquired, no common property resources are affected. (Annexure 12 for Screening Checklist). Since no encroachment was noticed during the site visit and transect walk, also there is no livelihood loss of the community due to the construction of these structures. The sub-project is ascertained as Involuntary Resettlement Category "C" as per SPS 2009.

Table 1: Description of the Subproject Components and its Impact on Land Acquisition and Resettlement

Sub project	Impact on LA & IR		Remarks	
	Permanent Impact	Temporary Impact	Land belong to revenue department, Govt. of Uttarakhand. Both, Rajbunga	
 a) Restoration of the historic sites :Rajbhunga Fort and Banasur Forts, or collectively Champawat Forts, Restoration of Golu Devta temple (3 kms from the Champawat fort) and Goraknath temple b) Revitalization of the entire precinct of Rajbhunga Fort, Banasur Fort, Golu Devta Temple, Guru Goraknath Temple 	no	no	and Banasur Forts house the Tehsil offices, required NOCs are already obtained from District Administration. NOCs from Temple committees have already obtained. NOC from local ASI office/culture department have already been obtained.	
c) Construction of new Tehsil building	no	no	Land belong to KMVN, Govt. of Uttarakhand. Getting NOC KMVN is under process	

I- INDIGENOUS PEOPLES

13- There will be no impact on Indigenous peoples (IPs). All the proposed construction activities will be done within the vacant government land. This sub project is categorized as "C" for Indigenous Peoples. No Indigenous Peoples Development Plan (IPDP) will be needed for the sub-project. (Annexure 13 for IP Checklist)

J- GENDER ISSUES

14- The proposed project does not have any adverse impact on women and/or girls or to widen gender inequality. The project will however have some positive potential employment scope. This sub-project is envisaged to encourage gender equality by increasing women's participation in tourism related activities especially those related to craft and cuisine. The existing local craft based activities can be further diversified to cater to an increasing number of tourists and also create new opportunities for local entrepreneurship (SHG) not only among men but also women force. To create awareness among the upcoming development activities and their livelihood opportunities that are likely to come up continuous consultation and focus group discussion with women community will be conducted throughout the project implementation period for participation in income generation and livelihood related activities.

K- STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATIONS

- 15- Stakeholder consultations were conducted by the project team to understand the possible impacts of the project. Preliminary consultations with key stakeholders have indicated that given the tourism potential of the site, they would be willing to support any effort towards restoration of the site. The other components proposed in the sub project were based on community's need and desire for restoration of the temples and Banasur Fort. During consultation meetings, participants were of the view that this sub-project is important and very much needed and all are pleased by the upcoming project and they supported this project. There was no opposition for this sub-project as this proposed project will be on open vacant land.
- 16-Census Survey was not undertaken because there is no physical or economic, temporary or permanent, IR impact. No person or community is being adversely affected by this sub-project. No land or asset acquisition is necessitated in this sub-project. So people and communities will not be physically or economically displaced due to the sub-project interventions. No CPR will also be affected. The vulnerable group, indigenous and other ethnic groups are not being impacted. Since there were no APs, Census and (Baseline) Socio-Economic Survey were not conducted. A summary of resettlement impact and the socio-economic table therefore is redundant.
- 17- During Project preparation, consultations have been held with the District Administration, Municipal Authority, Members of Bar Association, Department of Tourism, public representatives of project area villages, Hotel Owners, and tourists on project orientation, issues pertaining to conservation and management Champavat Fort, shifting of Tehsil which is at present functioning within Rajbhunga Fort premises and addressing the current gaps in provision of basics services and improvement of overall tourist infrastructure. These consultations summarized as in Table below provided inputs in identification of the felt needs of the communities and the relevant stakeholders. (Annexure 9)

Date	Members Consulted	Issues	Suggestions
27 th June, 2014	Certain groups of traders from the market, visitors at the Tehsil and the office bearers of the Bar Association were consulted	It was explained that the Tehsil was proposed to be vacated in order to restore the site and reused for tourism related activities	A general consensus emerged that the site of the Tehsil Office could be shifted to adjacent block of State Government office if the site is to be utilized for public good
7t ^h July, 2014	District administration officials	Presentation was shown on the proposed reuse and restoration plan for the Champavat Fort Complex	Restoration was appreciated but wider public consultations were suggested before any move to shift the administrative offices. Consensus was not obtained in the meeting as the administration expressed reservations about the public reaction to the proposal of shifting the administrative offices. They apprised that they were willing to shift in the public interest. Demand was raised by the participating stakeholders to include Banasur Fort and Golju Mul Temple, along with Shri Gorakhnath Temple in the restoration plan.
16 th August, 2014	NagarPalikaParishadortheMunicipalAuthorities, The BarAssociation,TheHotelandRestaurantAssociation,Association,TheDepartmentofCulture,GovernmentGovernmentofUttarakhand,TheTraders'AssociationofChampawat,PublicRepresentatives,	A presentation on the present state of the heritage structures, restoration and reuse plans was shown. Briefing about the sub project components	Many stakeholders expressed concern over the increasing breakdown of civic amenities in the town and the overcrowding. They were assured that the project will also look into upgrading the civic amenities, including improvement of the market areas. Concerns were also expressed that the other heritage sites in the town were immense stress and in

	Members of the Media		advanced stages of deterioration. It was assured that the sites would also be included in the sub-projects. A general consensus emerged on relocation of the administrative offices with the provision of efficient and inexpensive transport facility to the new complexes.
24th August, 2014	Members from Municipal Authorities, Bar Association, The Hotel and Restaurant Association, The Department of Culture, Government of Uttarakhand, The Traders' Association, Public Representatives and Members of the Media	As a follow up of earlier meeting, for a wider disclosure	Once again, the issue of relocation was discussed threadbare. There is a general agreement on the need for shifting the Tehsil office. Alternate site with building has been identified. With the sanction of money for minor repair of new location where the Tehsil can be shifted, the Tehsil office can shift. NOC has been obtained, along with NOCs from other sites such as Golju Mul Temple, Gorakhnath Temple. Banasur being an unoccupied site offers no such impediments towards restoration efforts.
10 th , 11 th and 12 th Septem ber 2014	 Mr. Mahendra Singh Chaudhary, District Magistrate, Champawat Naresh Durgapal, Sub District Magistrate, Champawat Mr.Paritosh Verma, Sub District Magistrate, Lohaghat 	 The site must be restored and adaptive reuse suggested for tourism related purposes. Related fort of Banasur, not very far from the Rajbhunga Fort, where the public offices are situated, must be taken up for restoration. The Ram Lila stage and seating, at the entrance of the fort should be incorporated in the plans for adaptive reuse. The Nagnath Temple, in the vicinity of the fort, must also be included in 	The general consensus favourable and welcomed the adaptive reuse project and relocation of the administrative buildings

	restoration plans. 5. Gorakhnath Temple must also be included in restoration plans. 6. Durgadevi temple must remain open to public worship. 7. Capacity building of the local community must be ensured in the project.	
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L- FINDINGS

18- The sub-project will not entail any permanent land acquisition and resettlement. Shifting of Tehsil Offices will be done prior to award of contract. The project will not result in any permanent or temporary impact to structures (such as residential and commercial), and common properties. Based on the field visit of project team, it can be surmised that there are no expected impacts on private land, private properties like housing, shops, commercial buildings, religious and community infrastructure. No encroachment was noticed during the site visit and transect walk, also there is no livelihood loss of the people due to the project intervention. The proposed sub-project does not have any adverse impact on women headed households, physically handicapped, scheduled caste, scheduled tribes/indigenous & BPL categories. The sub-project is ascertained as Involuntary Resettlement Category "C" of SPS 2009.

M- OTHER SOCIAL MEASURES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- 19- Most of the works will be undertaken within government lands so there will be no need to acquire land, and thus there will be no impacts on the asset or landowners or tenants etc. However construction works will impede the access of tourists to the Champavat Fort, Rajbhunga Palace, Banasur Fort, Durga Devi, Golu Devta and Goraknath temples and thus construction contractor and site Engineer should adopt good engineering practices during execution/implementation to reduce the disturbances to the tourist as well as locals. During implementation, following points should be considered:
 - Provide walkways and metal sheets where required to maintain access across trenches for people and vehicles
 - Increase workforce in front of temple, so works should be completed on time
 - Provide sign boards for pedestrians to inform nature and duration of construction works and contact numbers for concerns/complaints)
 - Ensuring all safety rules at work, and provision of adequate health and safety measures such as water, food, sanitation, personal protective equipment, workers insurance, and medical facilities
 - The Contractor shall consult with members of temple trust as well as local residents before and during execution of works, because they are familiar of the site, conditions etc
 - All works will be carried out without unreasonable noise and air pollution.
 - Regularly remove trash from the site on scheduled clean-up days

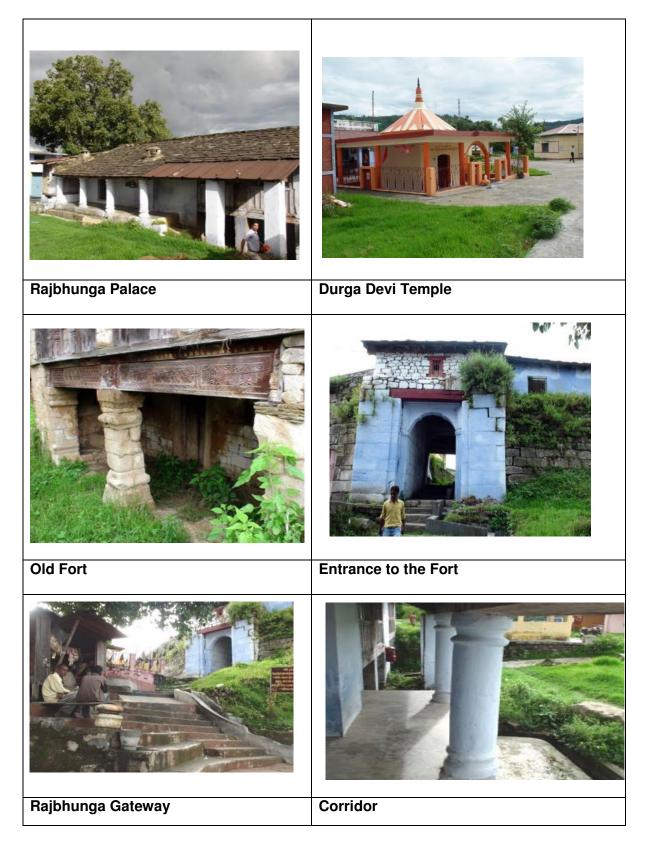
- Entire area will be declared as plastic free, smoking free and silence zone and sign boards for the purpose should be displayed at site.
- Prior to commencement of site activities and mobilization on ground, the Contractor will prepare and get approved by the Engineer, circulation plan during construction stage for safe passage of tourists/pilgrims, including development of alternative access routes, traffic regulations, signage, etc., during construction. The Contractor with support of the PIU will carry out dissemination of these information and circulation plan at key entry points to the respective destinations.

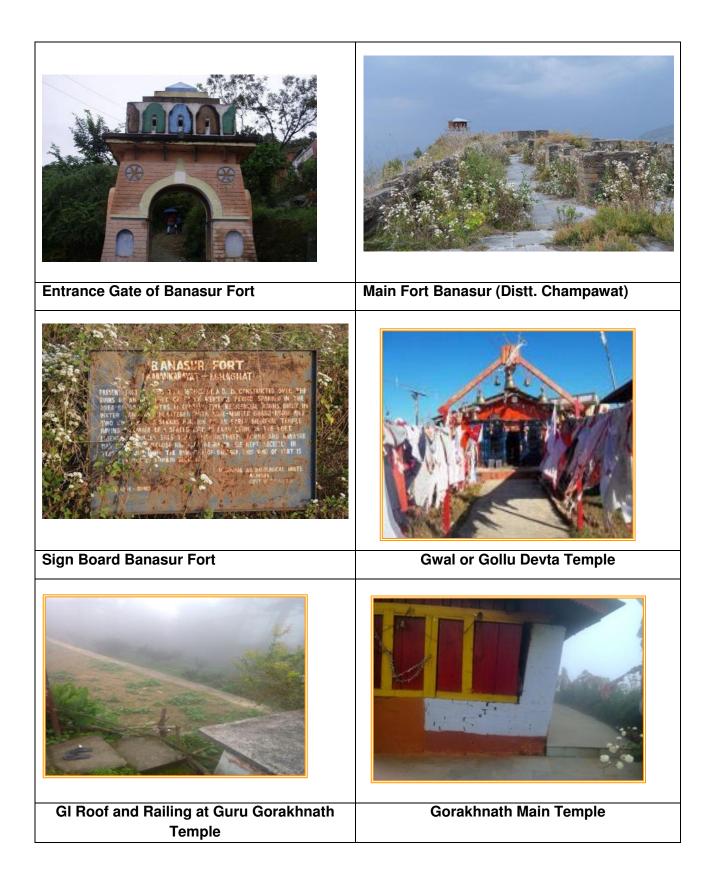
N- CONCLUSION:

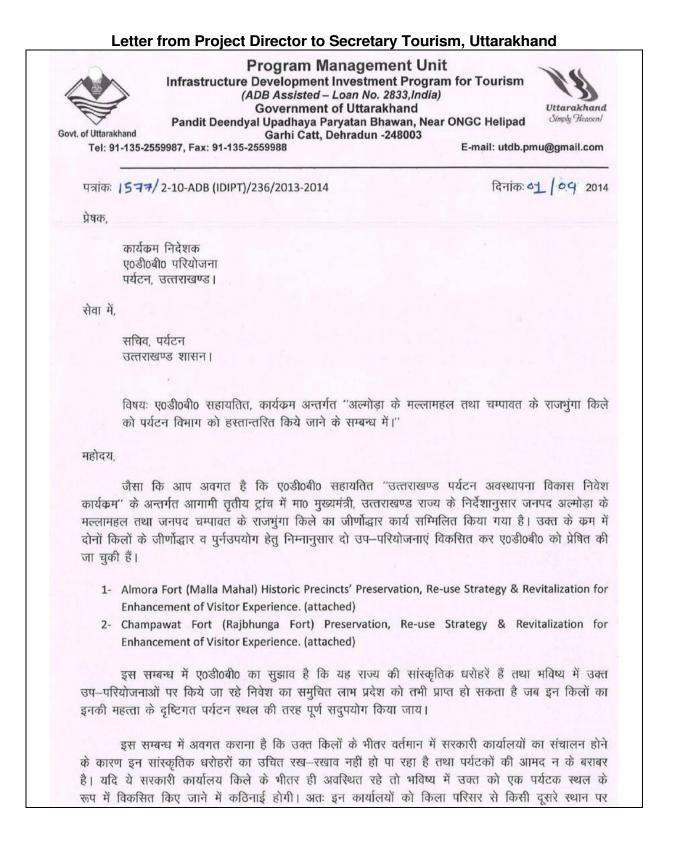
- 20- Therefore, this proposal for 'Champavat Fort Restoration' under the Infrastructure Development Investment Program for Tourism (IDIPT) envisages an environmentally and culturally sustainable and socially inclusive tourism development in Uttarakhand.
- 21- It is concluded from this due diligence study that: the proposed infrastructure improvements will not change substantially the present land use; there will be no issues of land acquisition and resettlement related to these subprojects. All facilities will be built on existing government land. Shifting of Tehsil Offices will be done prior to award of the contract. Due to project intervention, there will be no loss of income of any person or any assets, either privately owned or publicly owned. In case any claims or complaints are submitted during the construction period, an effective and efficient Grievance Redress Mechanism, needs to be formed which will enhance provision of timely and sensible hearings and facilitate solutions. The information will be disseminated during public consultations with stakeholders including locals in Champavat Town.

SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

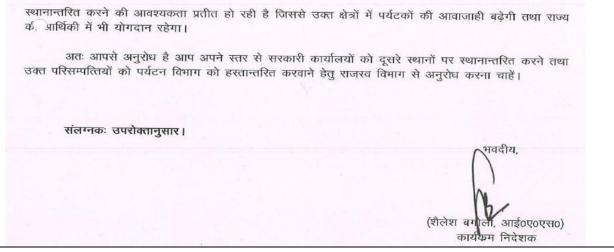
Annexure 1







Annexure 2 (contd)



English Transcript of Annexure 2 Letter No.: 1577/2-10-ADB (IDIPT)/236/2013-14

DATE: 01/09/2014

From: Project Director ADB Project Tourism, Uttarakhand To: Secretary, Tourism

Uttarakhand

Sub.: Transfer of Malla Mahal Fort in Almora and Rajbhunga Fort in Champawat to Tourism Department under ADB Assisted Project – regd. Sir.

As you are aware as per the direction of the Honourable Chief Minister, Maalla Mahal Fort in Almora and Rajbhunga Fort in Champawat have been included under Tranche 3 of ADB assisted "Uttarakhand Tourism- Infrastructure Development Investment Program for Tourism" (IDIPT).

For the preservation and re-use of the above mentioned forts, two sub-projects have been developed which have been forwarded/submitted to ADB. They are:

- 1. Almora Fort (Malla Mahal) Historic Precints' Preservation, Re-use Strategy & Revitalisation for Enhancement of Visitor Experience.
- 2. Champawat Fort (Rajbhunga) Preservation, Re-use Strategy & Revitalisation for Enhancement of Visitor Experience.

In connection with the above, this is to bring to your attention that at present Govt. Offices are in operation in these Forts and thus preservation and up-keep of this heritage site will not be possible if these offices continue to operate at existing places. Further, tourists will not be comfortable to visit due to presence of Govt. Offices.

ADB has suggested that unless the importance these historical and cultural heritage sites are not highlighted, the benefits of the investment on these sub-projects cannot be fully realised.

It is therefore requested to take up the matter at your level for shifting of existing offices from the Forts and handing over the same to Tourism Department suitably.

Sincerely, Shailesh Baguli, IAS Project Director IDIPT

Letter from Secretary Tourism to DM, Almora & Champawat	Annexure 3
उत्तराखण्ड शासन पर्यटन विभाग संख्याः 99 / /नि०स०/स०पर्य0/2014 देहरादून : दिनांकः 2.3 जुलाई, 2014	
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सेवा मे, जिलाधिकारी जिलाधिकारी अल्मोडा चम्पावत	
विषय : चम्पावत के राजबुंगा व बाणासुर किले और अल्मोडा के मल्ला महल के जीणेव्दार / संरक्षण के संदर्भ में	* _2
महोदय, अवगत कराना है कि दिनांक 24 मई 2014 को मा0 मुख्यमंत्री जी. उत्तराखण्ड की अध्यक्षता में पर्यटन विभाग की समीक्षा बैठक आहूत की गयी। बैठक में समीक्षा के उपरान्त मा0 मुख्यमंत्री जी ने अन्य कार्यो के साथ चम्पावत के राजबुंगा व बाणासुर किले और अल्मोडा के मल्ला महल के जीर्णोद्धार व संरक्षण के भी निर्देश दिये गये जिसका उदेश्य पर्यटन क्षेत्र को बढावा देना और समग्र विकास करना है। बैठक मे उक्त कार्यो को पर्यटन विभाग के माध्यम से ए०डी०बी० (आई0डी0आई0पी0टी0) के द्वारा सम्पन्न करने का भी निर्णय लिया गया।	ж.
उपरोक्त के संर्दभ में यह भी अवगत कराना है कि ए०डी०बी० (आई०डी०आई०पी०टी०) के अधीनस्थ पी०आई०यू० भीमताल और डी०एस०सी० भीमताल इस संबंध में आवश्यक कार्यवाही कर रहे है । अतः आपसे अनुरोध है कि उपरोक्त कार्यों के सुचारू रूप से सम्पादन हेतु पी०आई०यू० भीमताल/डी०एस०सी० मीमताल को अनापत्ति पत्र व अन्य यथासंभव सहायता प्रदान करने के लिए संबन्धित को आवश्यक दिशा निर्देश जारी करने का कष्ट करें ।	
तिलिपि : (डा० उमाकान्त पंवार) 1. आयुक्त कुमाऊ मण्डल – कृपया सूचनार्थ हेतु प्रेषित । 2. एठडी०बी० (आई०डी०आई०पी०टी०) – कृपया सूचनार्थ एवं अग्रिम आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित । – संचिव पर्यटन	*

Transcript: Letter from Secretary, Tourism to DM, Almora and Champawat-seeking his NOC and co-operation for the IDIPT works

Annexure 4 Letter to ASI from PM, PIU Bhimtal for getting NOC for restoration works in Rajbhunga and Banasur Forts.



Govt. of Uttarakhand

परियोजना कियान्वयन ईकाई पर्यटन संरचना विकास निवेश कार्यक्रम उत्तराखण्ड शासन



Uttarakhand Simply Heaven!

विकास भवन,भीमताल-263136 जिला-नैनीताल, (उत्तराखण्ड)

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पत्रांक स0:<u>4.08</u>. Gen Corp./PIU-Bhimtal/.<u>415</u>./1-B/2014/15

दिनांकः 23.09.2014

सेवा में,

क्षेत्रीय पुरातत्व अधिकारी, अल्मोड़ा।

विषयः--अनापत्ति प्रमाण पत्र प्रदान करने के संबंध में।

महोदय,

ए.डी.बी. सहायतित पर्यटन विकास योजना के अर्न्तगत पर्यटन विभाग (आई.डी.आई.पी.टी.) द्वारा पर्यटन को बढ़ावा देने हेतु अल्मोड़ा स्थित (मल्लामहल) एवं चम्पावत के (राजबुंगा व बाणासुर) किले का सौन्दर्यकरण एवं संरक्षण का कार्य प्रस्तावित है।

कृपया उपरोक्त कार्यो हेतु अनापत्ति प्रमाण पत्र प्रदान करने की कृपा करें।

धन्यवाद,

ॣ भवदीय,

परियोजना प्रबन्धक पी.आई.यू..भीमताल

Letter of SDM to DM, Champawat, confirming the possibilities for shifting Tehsil Office to another location to start **"Restoration, adoptive reuse & revitalization of Champawat Fort"** with a request to allocate funds for renovation of new office location.

प्रेषक. उप जिलाधिकारी (सदर) दम्पावत। सेवा में. जिलाधिकारी, चम्पावत। /तहसील कार्यालय भवन/2014 दिनांक : 23 अगस्त, 2014 संख्या तहसील परिसर चम्पावत के कार्यालयों को शिफ्ट करने के सम्बन्ध में। विषय -48 44. 75.931 लपरोक्त विषयक अपने कार्यालय संख्या 13 र--10444/31-विविध/2014 दिनांक 07 अगस्त, 2014 का सन्दर्भ ग्रहण करने की कृपा करें। महोदय, उक्त के अनुपालन में सादर अवगत कराना है कि उक्तराखण्ड शासन, पर्यटन विभाग के पत्र संख्या 99/नि०स०/ स0पर्य0/2014 देहरादून, दिनांक 23 जुलाई, 2014 के कम में तहसील परिसर चम्पावत के जीणोंद्वार, संरक्षण कार्यों के लिए अधोहस्ताक्षरी द्वारा अनापत्ति प्रमाण पत्र प्रदान किया गया है। महोदय, तहसील परिसर चम्पावत का जीर्णोद्धार एवं संरक्षण हेतु पर्यटन विभाग को सौंपे जाने पर तहसील चम्पायत परिसर में स्थापित तहसील कार्यालय, उप जिलाधिकारी कार्यालय, निबंधन कार्यालय तथा नियत प्राधिकारी, विनियमित क्षेत्र चम्पावत कार्यालयों को अन्यत्र शिफ्ट किया जाना है, जिस हेतु पुराने ब्लाक कार्यालय के भवन में उक्त कार्यालय स्थापित करने हेतु चम्पावत में स्थित अन्य भवनों की अपेक्षा पर्याप्त कक्ष है। जहाँ पर तहसील कार्यालय शिफ्ट किया जा सकता है। उक्त प्राना ब्लाक कार्यालय वर्तमान में काफी पुराना होने एवं लगातार उपयोग में न आने से भवन के अधिकांश भाग, लकडी से निर्मित दरवाजे एवं खिड़कियाँ क्षतिग्रस्त हो चुके हैं तथा वर्षा के समय छत टपकती है. जिसका पुनर्निर्माण / जीणोंद्वार किये जाने में लगभग रू० 8 से 10 लाख खर्च होने की सम्भावना है। जन नहीनन से अनुसेव 🕯 कि जात ताक काम के पुबर्बिणीय / किर्णीटाप्ट के लिए धनराशि आवंटन करने हेतु कार्यक्रम निदेशक, आई०डी०आई०पी०टी० देहरादून जिनका पता 15 տուծ, ոչ արտաստան արտաններին ներաներին էն ներաներին հարուներին հարուներին հարուներին հարուներին հարուներին հ PRETAILS IN MICHAEL THE ALL STORES ħ पता निम्नवत है--कार्यकम निदेशक, आई०डी०पी०पी० देहरादून, भवदीय पंठ दीन दयाल उपाध्याय, पर्यटन मवन, ओठएन०जीठसी० हैलीपैड के सामने. गढी कैण्ट देहरादून (उत्तराखण्ड) उप जिलाधिकारी (सदर) चम्पावते । प्रतिपिपि – परियोजना प्रबंधक, पी0आई0यू० भीमताल, विकास भवन् भीमताल, नैनीताल को सूचनार्थ एवं आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु प्रेषित। उप जिल पिकारी (सवर) नमात्वत् ।

NOC from SDM, Lohaghat for Restoration, adoptive reuse & revitalization of Banasur Fort, Lohaghat

अनापत्ति प्रमाण पत्र

उत्तराखण्ड शासन पर्यटन विभाग के पत्र संख्या-99/नि०तः (२०५२० / २०१४ देहरादून दिनांक 23 जुलाई 2014 एवं जिलाधिकारी चम्पावत के पत्र संख्या २-10444/31 विविध /2014 दिनांक 07 अगस्त 2014 के कम में तहसील लोहाधाट अन्तर्गत ग्राम रौतेलीमहरा के गेर /2014 दिनांक 07 अगस्त 2014 के कम में तहसील लोहाधाट अन्तर्गत ग्राम रौतेलीमहरा के गेर जबबिव खतौनी खाता संख्या-176 खेत नंग-274 रकवा 0.115 हैं0 में कोट नाम से अंकित है. जबबिव खतौनी खाता संख्या-176 खेत नंग-274 रकवा 0.115 हैं0 में कोट नाम से अंकित है. बोत्रान्तर्गत प्रवलित नाम बाणासूर का किला कहा जाता है । उक्त कोट/बाणासूर के किले को पर्यटन विभाग द्वारा जीर्णोद्वार एवं संरक्षण आदि कार्य करने हेतु अनापत्ति प्रमाण पत्र प्रदान किया जाता है ।

जिलाधिकारी

लोहाघाट ।

कार्यालय उप जिलाधिकारी लोहाधाट ।

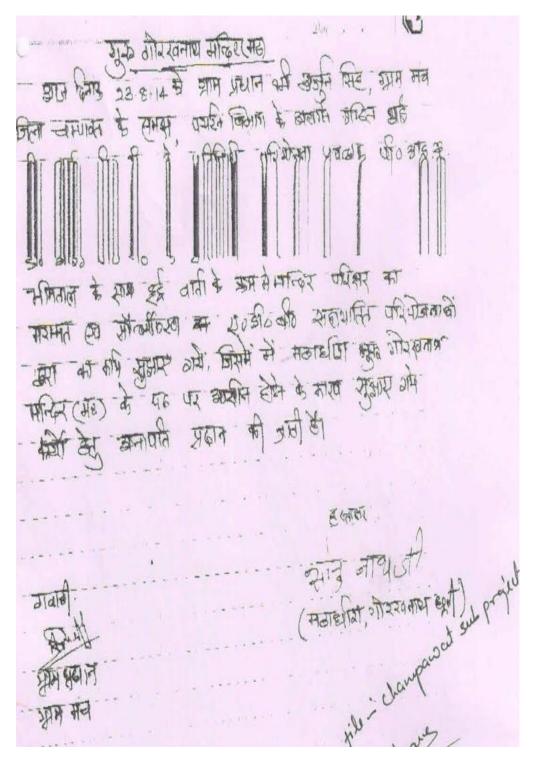
संख्या साए / रीडर-अनापत्ति प्रमाण पत्र / 2014 दिनांक अगरत 24,2014

प्रतिलिपि - जिलाधिकारी महोदय चम्पावत को सादर सूचनार्थ प्रेषित ।

उप जिलाधिकारी

लोह घाट ।

NOC from Guru Goraknath Temple Committee for restoration works in temple premises.



NOC from Goljyu Devta Temple Committee for restoration works in temple premises.

पत्रावला सरसा NLH 120 show a antimer that in the is after the second size चित्र गर्व जन कल्याण समिति, चम्पाबत पत्रांक...... संरक्षक हरीका चल पाएडेय A1812014 THE 7000000266 BANKEN STANKAD 5月月1月日間、 टेवी लाल वर्मा Alum yalinny yours herey A. HIS. J. MARIE "MARIE" Ho-9412923942 अष्टाश meter white - wards & fire Wart रया। सिंह फाणी (एडवोकेट) मो०-9412977718 d'anyst" उपाध्यक्ष TEGY & the resture yam in the Eist जगतः नाग HERLIZE ATELibritit & arené sing Gaer mige Hio-9760213537 -aming it for all a to the state of the summer to the first सचिव אוֹא לאך אותר באוא על ביונו שותועומי אוטוי עם-सुभीर चन्द्र साह your per mille, मो०-9412439009 उपसचिव मान्दर एव भगवतशरण राय

Multistakeholder Meetings and Consultations (as on 12th September'14) with reference to Champawat Forts (Rajbhunga and Banasur)

During the course of the preparation of the SAR and DPR, several public consultations were conducted in order to create consensus on the vacation of the Heritage Sites within the fort complex by the District Administration and in order to involve the public stakeholders in the process of the development of the project with the requisite public participation and capacity building. A brief on the Public Consultations is given herewith:

To commence the public consultations, an informal meeting was organised on the 27th June'14 wherein certain groups of traders from the market, visitors at the Tehsil and the office bearers of the Bar Association were consulted. It was explained that the Tehsil was proposed to be vacated in order to restore the site and reused for tourism related activities. A general consensus emerged that the site of the Tehsil could be shifted to another location if the site is to be utilized for public good. It was suggested by the stakeholders that the



Consulting with officials at site Experts in consultation with local public representatives Banasur Fort also be included in the project.

In a series of public consultations, a series of meetings with the district administration officials were organized on 7th July'14. A team was duly constituted, that met the District Magistrate, The ADM and the SDM. The officials also called for a general meeting in the evening the proposed reuse and restoration plan for the Champawat Fort was presented. Once again a demand was raised by the participating stakeholders to include Banasur Fort and Golju Mul Temple, alongwith Shri Gorakhnath Temple in the restoration plan. Consensus was not obtained in the meeting as the administration expressed reservations about the public reaction to the proposal of shifting the administrative offices. They apprised that they were willing to shift in the public interest.

Another public consultation was held in the Collectorate premises was held on 16th August'14 wherein besides top officials of the district administration, the following stakeholder groups were also invited:

- 1. Nagar Palika Parishad or the Municipal Authorities
- 2. The Bar Association
- 3. The Hotel and Restaurant Association
- 4. The Department of Culture, Government of Uttarakhand
- 5. The Traders' Association of Champawat
- 6. Public Representatives
- 7. Members of the Media

A presentation on the present state of the heritage structures, restoration and reuse plans was shown. The following rationale for vacation was given:

The site includes an ancient (12th century) temple and structures more than two hundred years old. They are extremely significant from the heritage point of view and are under extreme stress due to lack of maintenance and conservation. The ADB tourism project will help develop the site for tourism in the following manner:

1. Restoration of the historic sites

2. Revitalization of the entire precinct as a public space for experiencing regional history and culture, through creation of facilities such as:

i. Develop cobblestone-paved courtyard as a performance arena.

ii. Create a Museum on Kumaon culture in the main building.

iii. Create a interpretation centre in the Tehsil court building, adjacent to the main palace.

iv. Restoration of the historic sites with proper access and signage, retaining the sanctity of this significant edifice.

v. Creation of craft demonstration areas.

vi. Removal or concealment some buildings through strategic landscaping and foliage coverage of structures that create visual discord.

vii. Create facilities in the town to enable it to emerge as a complete destination with secular spaces for experiencing the true flavor of Kumaon.

viii. Improve access routes that lead up to the fort and temple leading to enhanced experience quality through interpretation and upgraded visitor amenities and facilities in and around the historic/archaeological site.

ix. Improve accessibility, from bazaar to the site.

viii. Improve basic tourist and pilgrim facilities and amenities in this significant area of cultural/ historical/ archaeological significance, as well as satellite sites.

ix. Improve vehicular parking facilities for about 100 vehicles in the town.

x. Improve basic environmental services like solid waste and wastewater management.

xi. Enforcing strict standards for cleanliness and upkeep

xii. Improving tourist/visitor wayside amenities along approximately 10 kms of vehicular access.

xiii. Improving access to places of tourist/pilgrim attractions by way of 15 kms of connectivity improvement inclusive of roadside infrastructure and improved signage.

xiv. Improving about 4 km of pedestrian environment connecting the heritage site with different parts of the town.

xv. Assisting in building capacities among rural communities and their organizations engaged in the practice of local art forms, craft and village based organic produce.

xvi. Training around 50 individuals, giving equal opportunities to women and marginalized communities in heritage management and tourism-related skills in Champawat town.

xvii. Developing a range of master plans and management plans for environmental protection, restoration and development guidelines, cultural preservation, and pilgrim management.

xviii. Assisting in building the institutional/organizational capacities of various sector agencies in management, reuse and revitalization of the historic site.

xix. Printing and publishing of literature on the site and its nearby attractions, for instance books, brochures, guide maps etc.

xx. Effective social media management.

xxi. Creating a dedicated website leading to more effective web presence for the region.



The project will thus lead to enhancement of:

- 1. Local employment opportunities,
- 2. Development of Bazaar precinct for tourism,
- 3. Provide a good infrastructure for the Tehsil itself, with modern amenities and safety mechanisms,
- 4. Safeguard the state's valuable heritage, and
- 5. Give a new identity to Champawat and link the forts here to the one in Almora creating a tourism circuit of forts.
- 6. Bring in more tourists keeping in view the restoration and publicity for forts of Pithoragarh and Almora already under restoration.

The house was also apprised of the success stories of conservation in other parts of the country.

Many stakeholders expressed concern over the increasing breakdown of civic amenities in the town and the overcrowding. They were assured that the project will also look into upgrading the civic amenities, including improvement of the market areas.

Concerns were also expressed that the other heritage sites in the town were immense stress and in advanced stages of deterioration. It was assured that the sites would also be included in the sub-projects.

A general consensus emerged on relocation of the administrative offices (Tehsildar Office) with the provision of efficient and inexpensive transport facility to the new complexes.



Discussions with local opinion makers

Another meeting was called on the 24th August'14.

This meeting also saw the participation of the following stakeholders:

- 1. Officials of the District Administration including District Collector, ADM, SDM and the estate officials.
- 2. Members of the political class from various party affiliations.
- 3. Nagar Palika Parishad or the Municipal Authorities
- 4. The Bar Association
- 5. The Hotel and Restaurant Association
- 6. The Department of Culture, Government of Uttarakhand
- 7. The Traders' Association of Almora
- 8. Public Representatives
- 1. Members of the Media

Once again, the issue of relocation was discussed threadbare. There is a general agreement on the need for shifting the Tehsil. Alternate site with building has been identified. With the sanction of money for relocation, the Tehsil can shift. NOC has been obtained, along with NOCs from other sites such as Golju Mul Temple, Gorakhnath Temple. Banasur being an unoccupied site offers no such impediments towards restoration efforts.

Further consultations were held by the experts on the 10th, 11th and 12th September when they met the following officials:

- 4. Mr. Mahendra Singh Chaudhary, District Magistrate, Champawat
- 5. Naresh Durgapal, Superintending District Magistrate, Champawat
- 6. Mr.Paritosh Verma, Superintending District Magistrate, Lohaghat

The abovementioned public officials informed our team that they had initiated detailed public consultations in several rounds with public stakeholders like traders' bodies, staff trade unions and influential individuals. The following points had emerged:

- 1. The site must be restored and adaptive reuse suggested for tourism related purposes.
- 2. Related fort of Banasur, not very far from the Rajbhunga Fort, where the public offices are situated, must be taken up for restoration.
- 3. The Ram Lila stage and seating, at the entrance of the fort should be incorporated in the plans for adaptive reuse.

- 4. The Nagnath Temple, in the vicinity of the fort, must also be included in restoration plans.
- 5. Gorakhnath Temple must also be included in restoration plans.
- 6. Durgadevi temple must remain open to public worship.
- 7. Capacity building of the local community must be ensured in the project.

The experts assured the members of the community as well as the administration, that the same shall be taken care of, while proposing the adaptive reuse. The community seemed enthusiastic at the prospect of an asset being added to their cultural and economic landscape.



Minutes of Meeting

Date: - 24-8-2014, Time: 12:30 Venue: - Champawat, SDM Office Chairman: - SDM, Sadar Champawat

Attendance-

- 1. Balwant Singh
- 2. Prakash Tiwari, President Nagar Palika.
- 3. Narendra Bora
- 4. Basant Tagari
- 5. Rajendra Mehar
- 6. Jagdish Joshi
- 7. Koaushal Shaha
- 8. Sahi Verma
- 9. Ajay Prahari
- 1. Proposal was explained to the participant by IDIPT representative, Balwant Singh Project Manager.
- 2. SDM Champawat supported the project and commented that renovation of that particular heritage building is paramount and need of hours.
- 3. President Nagar Palika enquired about whether the proposed site be handed over to ASI after renovation.
- 4. IDIPT representative responded that assets could not be handed over to ASI since it is state government property, would remain as same after renovation.
- 5. Some member also raised the question that weather Tehsil office would be shifted.
- SDM Champawat and IDIPT representative explain that office could be shifted since whole complex need to change into cultural and heritage site for tourism point of view that could be possible only after getting NOC from District Administration.
- Participants were agreed to conversion of office into cultural and heritage site for promoting tourism and also suggested that Tehsil complex could be shifted in residential colony of Tehsil premises.
- 8. SDM Champawat issued NOC and directed IDIPT a presentation of Project would be displayed in next month on public consultation meeting.

SDM Champawat concluded the meeting with thanking every participants.

ct Manager **IU-Bhimtal**

DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO PUBLIC CONSULTATIONS FOR RURAL TOURISM DEVELOPMENT AROUND CHAMPAWAT

VILLAGES TO BE INCORPORATED IN VILLAGE TOURISM DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS INCLUDE DOONGRI FARTYAL, FARTYALI, KALCHOG, KALCHORA, MAHRAGAON, FORTI, CHAURA RAJPURA AND MALLA KHAIKOT



Public Consultation at Devidhura



Local Crafts to be promoted





Picturesque home-stays like this one at Doongri Fartyal Village to be developed

View from Village Forti



Capacities to be developed for accommodating tourists



Preparations for Public Consultations

Minutes of Open Meeting at Village Panchayat Malla Khaikot, Block Lohaghat, showing interest of local community participation in Rural Tourism.

(2) आज दि 121812014 को जाम प-9 थ्रा जाम पेचामत छ लला (बामका) विकासरबाइ लार्राधार जिला यागावर में एक खुली बैंडक का आयोजन किया गया, जिसमें २० डी वी. सहकारित परिभोजना गांभीना प्रयूत" (पयान किमाम उत्यस्तर्वें हारा प्रस्तातित) उत्तरा कर के जामेन क्रेति में घवरन की बदाया देने हेन्द्र विचार विभवी किया गया, विआमीम कल्लचारीयों रुवुं र्यामिको के महय चर्चा के उपरात्त उपरेशन आम / गाम पंयामत को ग्रामीन पर्यात हेयू चुने जोने का प्रस्तान ररवा, रूवं पत्रकों को उत्तिन सुविधा मुहिभा करामें जाने हेतू जिल्न कार्म को प्राथमिकना देते हुए पर्मय निमाग दाश कराणे जाने हेतू प्रस्तावित (आकेडित किया जाता है। (A) उनाधारभूत संखनना किकास के अन्तेजात मिनन कामी को सामिल किमा गाग ह (1) प्रयथकों को कन्मने (विष्ठाय हेन्द्र पुर्जने (पार्रेपारेक) मुकनों की अर्यप्यत (आर्थि) (३) झीचालय रूक रूनानागरी का निमाला भरम्भर मार्म (3) मेमजल सुविधा हेत् मेलों का जीवादार /नजरीकी सोह से पेमजल उपलब्ध माना। (4) मुख्य माहर मार्ज से जॉन लेग) आत्मरिंड पेदल आगी का सुद्री हरण, (5) मोल के स्थिव केडिरो का जीकी द्वारा (6) जनारेजन हेन्द्र पाकी आपर का निर्घाल। उपरेकन कार्यों को संपाछित दिने जाने हेत् याक पंचायत । ग्राम / ध्यकिमर (माभाषी) कुवर समुद) जनता की उनके झेल / जमीन के लिये जाने पर किसी. छकार की आपतित नहीं है। इग्वें शोर की जनता अपना प्रूर्व सहयोग देवी, परियोजन के प्रूरी होने पर मोजना को संयालन कुछे ररबरद्यान आम भेयाग्र करेगी। समा में उपरिषट जनता का क्रीरा माम CIIS (1) 317576 (12) (3) 9801 LIN (a) maros Kumils GILL (16) 17 (IF) (19) (3) 20) (10) प्रधान 11215 ग्राम पंचायत मल्ला ग्राम पंचायत मल्ला खाइकोट विञ्चल- लोहाघाट (विञ्ख०- लोहाघाट (चम्पावत) ショかりちょう

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(3) उनगपना जमान पत रुशियन उनलक्षेंट मेंच रसराधतिर परियोजना के अन्तेगत (पर्यटन विभाग उन्तरारंग्ड हारा प्रस्तावेल) "ग्रामीठा पर्यटन" के अन्तेगत एपरन की यहाता देने हेत् याम पंचायत के अन्तेनट किये जाने माले आधारभूर संस्कात्मकु कोमां के पर्यटन विभाग (उत्तराखे) हारा किमे काने पन् ग्राम पेयामत को किसी छनार की आपत्वि नही है, रूव प्रदेश को आवासी में रहकिया छदान करने पर भी छोत्र की जनता/ग्राम पंचायत को किसी छकार की आपत्ति नही हैं। रूव छाम पंचायत खरमार टारा म्हार्म जाने वाले स्वत्रस्त मार्ग में छापना चूर्ल खरमाज छदान करेगी; Jufretter प्रधान ग्राम पंचायत मल्ला खाइकोट विञ्ख०- लोहाबाट (चम्पावत) Ichiai ন্যাস তথ্ন प्रमाग पन ए.डी. बी सहापतित पर्यटन पोजना हे अन्तर्गत भी आई यू भोमताल द्वारा -पपनित ग्राम सभा किमी मल्ला में village Tourism हे गाम रवाईकाट सभा बहमत हे एवं प्रतावित होम ही में 5-10 curferent के करने रवाने को व्यवस्था लाभाहों द्रारा आध्रानेक भानको के अन्द्रक्र किया जापेगा रूवं भविवय में द्येम हरे का ररवररवाव (OEM) B N Encender प्रधान ग्राम बंचायत मल्ला खाइकोट दिव्खक लोहाघाट (चन्यावत) लाभार्दी । पार्था स्वपं कर्रगा लाभाद्य लिक्सरी दरा गाम प्रधान (1) लाहमी दत्त 5/0 जोई दत्ता 8958453246 लोक - 11-2451 गाम - मभा _ मल्लार्ग्र की 2 तहसील _ लोहाहार जिला - न्यरपावत ATASOUA (2) मानरेज 5/02 दार्मानइ

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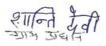
Minutes of Open Meeting at Village Panchayat Dungri Fartyal, Block Lohaghat, showing interest of local community participation in Rural Tourism

आया दिल 11 18 12014 को जाम करने जाम पंचामत हैगरी unching विकास २००४ लोटाया दिजिला या multo में यम रक्ती केंटन का आयोजन किया मागा जिसमें २० डी की सहमादित परिमाजना मात्रीला प्यत्न" (पदान विभाग उत्तराखंड हारा प्रस्तालिट) उत्तराखंड के जाभीवा होतों में घयन क्या वहायां देने हेन्द्र विचार विमर्श किया गया, विमात्रीय कर्मचारीयों रज्य रामिनों के मध्य चर्च के उपरांत उपरोक्त आम / याम पंथामर की ग्रामीन भयुरम हेन् जोने का अस्तान ररवा, रूवं फारकों को उत्तित सुनिधा मुहिया ब्लगमें जाने हेत निज्न कार्म की प्राथमिकना देते हुर पर्मटन किमाग दारा करोले जाने हेल प्रस्ताकित (आकेडित किया जाता है) (4) आधारभूत संयवना विकास के अन्तेगत मिन्नवामी को सामिल किना गाने (1) प्रकटकों को रुक्ते (बिछाम हेत् पुर्ज्ञो (पारेषारेक) मुक्ते की अर्यप्रात (आवीर) (2) शीचालय रूव रूनानागरि का रनमाला भरम्मार मार्म। (3) पेमजल खुविधा हेद मेलां का जीठादार (नजरीकी सोर से पेमजल उपलब (मान) (4) मुख्य माटर मार्ज से गॉन ला। आत्मारेड पेदन मार्ग का सुरुडी छन्। (5) शोल मे स्थित मेडिरो का डीलीहारा (6) मनारेजन हेलू प्लाकी आपि का निकाल। उपमालना कार्यों को संपारित दिने जाने हेत् छाल पंयायत । ग्राम (ध्यकिश्व (माभाषी | 2000 समुद | अनता की उनेठ झेल / जमीन में लिने जोने पर सिती. छराम की आपतित नहीं है। राव श्रोत की जनता अपना हरी सहयेगा देत्री, / परिमानन के प्रही होने पर मोजना को सेपालन करें रस्तरवान याम पेयापत करेजी, समा भे उपरिश्व जनता का कमेरा:-ACOTHIES 9997446742 (12) (21 241115 2 (3) Aginib (13) Aget this (14) 2241 Uncertor (4) (5) 2(Gimruid (The CPOUBHI (6) ater Sui (7) EA ? (F) M (B) 91-A (18) () भूवन कुआर (19) (10) शान देवी (4413) (20) P.T.n. daz14/359415

(3)

आनापनि आमान पत्र रुशियन उनलव्येट वेंच व्याधातिर परिवोजना के अन्तेगत (पर्यटन विभाग उन्लरार्येड सारा प्रस्तालिन) "मार्गिता पर्यटन" के अन्तेगत एपरन का वदावा देने देख गाम पंचायत के अन्तेत्र किये जाने नाल आधारभूव संस्कात्मक कोई की पर्याद किमाज (उत्तराख्य) हाग किमे जाने पर ग्राम का पर्यादन किमाज (उत्तराख्य) हाग किमे जाने पर ग्राम पंथामत को किसी फ्रजार की आपति नहीं है, रूवे पर्यटको को आवासीम रज्जिया ज्वदान करने पर भी छोत्र की जनवा/ग्राम पंथामत को किसी जकार की आपति नहीं हैं। रुव ज्याम पंथामत रार्थ्स हारा क्यांने जाने वाले स्नामरत काफी में जापना जूकी सरमाज ख़दान करेगी।

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NOC and Expression of Interest from Village Panchayat Dungri Fartyal, Block Lohaghat to consider their Village under Rural Tourism.

र डी की सहायतित पर्यटन योजना के अन्तर्गत भी आई पू. -भोमतात हारा - पर्यानत गाम सभा . इगरी फरीपाल . के Village Tourism से माम सभा सहमत हे एवं प्रतावित हेष हो में 5 हे 10 त्यासित्यां के इने सान की त्यायाता लाभावां होत आह्यानिक भानकों के अनुरुप किएा आर्पता भने भाषित्य में होम हो का स्वरखाय की जिन्द्रेवारी लाभा की / आहाँ करेगा क्रियाम विष्य प्रत्यीत के लामाद्यां शानि हेनी (1) 9639 038014 गाम प्रधान हजारी प्रत्याल (m) 8109377096 37-47:-तहसीय लोहाया Gal - - 424/91)

Minutes of Open Meeting at Village Panchayat Kalchauda, Block Lohaghat, showing interest of local community participation in Rural Tourism

- - बैठन 18/2014 को जाम केल्यों। जाम पेयामत -----SAIDA 120 विकासरबाड ही दा दा जिला - यम्पाषा में घठ खुली बैंटक का आयोजन किया गया। जिसमें २० डी की सहमाहित परिमोजना "आमेग प्र्यूटन" (पर्वटन किमाम उत्तराखंड हारा परनानित) उत्त्वा घंड के जामेग मेंग्रे में यहेटन को वहाया देने हेत्द विचार किम्री किया मया विमामीय कर्मचारीयों रुखुं र्शामानी के मध्य चर्चा के उपरात्त उपरोधन राम) गाम पंथापत को ग्रामीन पर्यास हेरी चुने जोने का अस्ताव रखा, रूवं पर्यव्यों को उचित सुनिधा मुहिभा कराफे जाने हेर्स निल्न कार्फी की प्राथमिकता देते हुरू पर्यय निभाग दाश करोले जोने हेर्द प्रस्तावित / आकृति किया जाता है (4) उनाधार्भ्यत संयवना निकास के अर्हात निन्नकामी को आमिल किया गा। है। (1) प्रकटकों को रुनने (बिछाम हेन्द्र पुरुते (पारेषारेक) सूबनें की अरफ्सर (आर्येड) (a) शीचालय , रुव क्लानाआरों का निमाला भरम्भर मार्म। (3) पेमजल सुविधा हेळ तीलों का जीवनिहार / नजरीसी सोह से पेमजल उपलब्ध मान, (4) मुख्य माहर मार्ज से जॉल तक / आत्मारेड पेदल काणी का सुदुरी हरण, (5) श्रोल के स्थिव मेडिरो का जोशीद्वारा (6) मनारेजन हेद्द पाकी आपर का निकाल, अपरेकना कामों को संपादित किमे जाने हेत् छाऊ पंचामत । ग्राम । ध्यविश्वत लगाभाष्मे । कृषक समुद्द। जनता को उनेऊ झेल / जमीन जे लिने जाने पर किसी. छक्त की आपत्ति नदी है। इग्व शोन की जनता अपना छूवी सब्सेग देशी, धारेमेलन के प्रूण होने पर मोलना को संचालन रुव्वं ररब्दद्वान याम पंचाम्त्र करेशी, राभा भे उपस्थित जनता का टमीरा: माम नाम राभा भे उपस्थित जनता का टमीरा: गाम सरेप, न, (11) मनोजासिंह सरेप, न, (12) मनोजासिंह सरेप, न, (12) मनोजासिंह (21 (3) II 7 21 XTH 21009 1211 (3) (93, 412) (4) विभिन बुसार 9756811048 (14) 973-16 (5) स्विन यम रामि (B) रितिक बिंह फार्याता H.C. Shooren PIU Bhitel A (17) HEPATT मलील कुमार 19) (9) form 20) P.T.A.

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NOC and Expression of Interest from Village Panchayat Kalchauda, Block Lohaghat to consider their Village under Rural Tourism.

(3) स्तापनि जमान पत रगशियन उनलकोर बेंच सराधतिर परियोजना के अन्तेगत (पर्यटन निभाग उन्तरार्येंड हारा अस्तान्ति) 'ड्रामीना पर्यटन'' के अन्तेगत एपटन की महाना देने हेलू याम पंचायत के क अन्ते रहे प्रथम को बाना की रेख याम पंचायत के अन्हे जाने जाने जाने आधारभूत संरचनात्यत कोर्मा को पर्यटन किमाग (उत्तरारंग) हारा किमे जाने पर प्राप्त पंथायत को किसी फ्रजार की आपत्ति नहीं है, रूने पर्यटको को आपासीम रहकिया खदान करने पर भी झेन्ज की अनता/शाम पंचायत को किसी जकार की आपत्ति नहीं हैं। रूने याम पंचायत का किसी जकार की आपत्ति नहीं हैं। रूने याम पंचायत खरभार टारा कार्म जाने वाले समस्त कार्मों में आपना पूर्ल सरमाग खदान करेगी। जाम पंचायत कलची विव्खुः झोहाघाट (चम TStigs 11/8/14

Minutes of Open Meeting at Village Panchayat Mahargaon, Block Pati, showing interest of local community participation in Rural Tourism

ड्याम- बेट्स 18/2014 को जाम महराया जाम पथामत... उनाज दिं विकासरबाइ पारी - जिला - गुभावत - में राम खुली केंड का आयोजन किया गया, जिसमें २० डी की सहक्षाहित परियोजना गामीन प्रयत" (पर्यान किमाम उत्वराखंड हारा प्रस्तालिट) उत्तमञ्चड के ट्रामील मोते में घर्वटन को वटाया देने हेत्र विचार विमर्श किया मया, विमाभीय कर्मचरीयों रुवुं र्यामानी के भध्य संस के उपरात्त उपरोक्त याम (याम पेयामत की यामीक) पर्यात हेन्द्र चुने जोने का अस्तान रखा; रूवं पत्रकों को उचिन सुनिधा मुहिया करोंगे जाने हेर निहन कार्मी की प्राथमिकना देते हुर पर्यटन विभाग दारा करोले जोने हेन्द्र प्रस्तावित (आकेडित किया जाता है, (4) उनाधार भूखनना निकास के अन्तेगत निन्नकामी को सामिल किमा गाम ह (1) प्रकटकों को रूमने (विष्ठाय हेन् पुरोगे (पार्वपारेक) स्वनों की अरम्यत (आवींड) (2) शीचालय रूव रूनानागरी का निमाना भरम्भर मार्म, (3) पेमजल सुविधा हेत् नीलों का जीवादार / नजरीकी सोत से पेमजल उपलब्ध माना (4) मुख्य मोटर मार्ज के बॉन त्या) आन्तर पंदल आगी का मुट्डी ठरण, (5) शोह के स्थित मेडिरो का जोकी द्वारा (6) मनोरेजन हेद पाकी आदि का निर्जाल, उपरोजन कार्यों को संपारित किमे जाने हेत् छाठ पंयामत । ग्राम (ध्यविजत लगाभाष्ट्री (क्षेष्ठ समुद्द । जनता की उनेठ झेल /जमीन में लिमे जाने पर जिसी: 'छकार की आपत्ति नहीं है। रूवें शोर की जनता अपना प्रूर्व सहयोग देजी, परियोजन के प्रकी होने पर मोजना की सेपालन रूवे ररबररवान राष्ट्र पेयान्त्र करेजी, समा में उपार्थत जनता का कर्मरा-काप.ज. CIII WJOAA 4 5181 (Emeritim 12) (3) (13) (4) (14) 17 (IF) (19) 20) P.T.A.

(3)

NOC and Expression of Interest from Village Panchayat Mahargaon, Block Pati, to consider their Village under Rural Tourism.

अनापाला प्रमान पत्र

रुशियन उनलकोर बैंच सराधतिर परियोजना के अन्तेगत (पर्वटन निभाग उन्तरारंग्र हारा प्रस्वाबित) 'ग्रामीका पर्यटन'' के अन्तेगत पर्यटन की बदाना देने देख ग्राम पंचायत के अन्तेगत पर्यटन की बदाना देने देख ग्राम पंचायत के पर्यटन निभाग (उत्तरारंब) हारा किमे जाने पन् ग्राम पंथायत को किसी फ्रजर की आपत्ति नही है, रुवे पर्यटनो को जातालीम रुजिया छदान करने पर भी झोब सी अनता /ग्राम पंचायत को फ्रिसी फ्रजर की आपत्ति नही है। रुवं ग्राम पंचायत को फ्रिसी फ्रजर की आपत्ति नही है। रुवं ग्राम पंचायत को फ्रिसी फ्रान की आपत्ति नही है। रुवं ग्राम पंचायत को फ्रिसी फ्रान की आपत्ति नही है। रुवं ग्राम पंचायत को फ्रिसी फ्रान की आपत्ति नही है। रुवं ग्राम पंचायत की फ्रान फ्राम जाने वाले स्वस्त्व कार्मों में

रेतानां

प्रमाग पन

र् डो की सहापतित पर्यटन पोजना है अन्तर्गत मी आई प्र भोमताल हारा -पपनित ग्राम सभा - घ्रह्माग्रंक में village Tourism हे गाम सभा इहमत हे एवं प्रतावित होम ही में 5-10 ट्यास्त्वो है अस्ते रवाने की व्यवत्था लाग्धाहाँ द्वारा आधुनिक भानको के अन्द्रप्र किपा आपेगा रूवं भविवम में होम ही का ररवररवाव (OEM) लाभार्झी [पार्थ ह्वमं करेगा

भी मित्राज सिंह देखा (मित्राज सिंह देखा (याह प्रयापन अहराजी

गाम <u>मिन्न</u> मैन्द्र 4844 1 गाम - सभा - मारागार तहासील _ लाहायाट For - antal 9412104717

NOC and Expression of Interest from Village Panchayat Forti, Block Lohaghat, to consider their Village under Rural Tourism

(3) राशेयन उनलनमें हे सेंच सराधतिर परियोजना के अन्तिगत (पर्यटन निमार उन्तरारंग राहा प्रस्ताविन) "रामित प्रदेन" के अन्तेगत प्रिंत की यहाना के देख याम पंचायत के अन्तेत्रत किर्य जाने नाल आधारभूल संघलनात्मतु कोर्मा की पर्यटन किमाग (उल्तराखे) द्वारा किमे जाने पन् छात्र पेथामू पयरन गमाग (अलगरक) हारा किम जाम पर गाम प्यामत को किसी छकार की आपतित नही है, रूव पर्यटको को आवासीम रहकिया छदान करने पर भी छोत्र की जनता/ग्राम पंयापत को किसी छकार की आपतित नही हैं। रूव छाम पंयापत को किसी छकार की आपतित नही हैं। रूव छाम पंयापत रहरगार हारा क्यांने जाने वाले स्वम्न को में छपायत खरमार हारा क्यांने जाने वाले स्वम्न को में छपना पूर्व सरयाज छदान करेगी। ग्राम पंचायत फोर्ती विवज्जन ज्योहाघाट (चम्पावत) िनाक समा में उपार्थत जनता का ल्यारा देलावाना हु जामेरा) जाम . च्योप.ज. BE.U. m2A-975659152 (12) (13) (4) (14) (5) ATE # 507 (15) (n ar 203 804 (6) (16) (7) THEAT THEAT (7) (8) वीना जीर्शा (19) () abri Gizt (20) (10) P.T.D.

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Annexure 11

Summary Policy Framework

The policy framework and entitlements for the Program are based on national laws: **The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013** and ADB'S Safeguard Policy Statement, 2009 (SPS). The salient features of Government and ADB polices are summarized below.

1. Government Policy

a. The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013 (The Central Government has notified January 01, 2014 as the effective date of the act,)

The act provides for transparent process and fair compensation to land owners and those affected by land acquisition, for land acquired for public purpose. In determining market price, (Sec 26 read with 1st Schedule) the land owner in urban area will get twice, due to the 100% solatium and in rural area, the multiplying factor is 1 to 2 depending on distance from nearest urban centre, to be notified by appropriate government, and then 100% solatium.

Traditionally R&R has been in the form of a one-time compensation, which was decided using the last registered sale or a similar sale in the vicinity of the land as a base. After the proposed project is set up, the land prices rise owing to the benefits of the development. This creates considerable dissatisfaction amongst the displaced people. To prevent such issues, the entire R&R package stipulates the provision of employment by the project owner in cases where jobs are generated by the project and basic infrastructure including drinking water, individual electric connections, health centre etc for the resettled. Over and above this, delivery of the compensation and the R&R are proposed to be preconditions to the transfer of the land title.

The procedure for acquisition and R&R will include a Social Impact Assessment (SIA) which will cover the investigation of public purpose, minimum extent of land required thereof, estimation of displacement and social impact on affected families apart from the overall cost versus benefit analysis for the proposed project.

The act restricts the use of emergency clause to defence, national security and natural calamities.

Since there is no land acquisition in "legal terms" in this subproject, therefore this is not applicable.

However, according to the new Act, certain provisions have been made for the DPs which have been included in the R&R budget. They are as follows:

- Transportation cost for displaced families Each affected family which is displaced shall get a one-time financial assistance of Rs. 50000/- as transportation cost for shifting of the family, building materials, belongings and cattle. In this case, commercial structure of one of the DPs will be demolished which will not result in displacement but will involve transportation of building materials salvaged.
- Each affected family which is displaced from the land acquired shall be given a monthly subsistence allowance equivalent to Rs. 3000/- per month for a period of one year from the date of award. This is applicable to those families whose livelihood is primarily dependent on land acquired. In this sub-project, the livelihood of DPs is

not primarily dependent on land to be cleared. As such, assistance for temporary livelihood disruption is provided for six (6) months @ Rs. 3000/- per month.

• Each affected family having cattle or having a petty shop shall get one-time financial assistance of such amount as the appropriate Government may, by notification, specify subject to a minimum of Rs. 25000/- for construction of cattle shed or petty shop as the case may be. In this sub-project, 3 petty shops will be impacted. A minimum of Rs. 25000/- each has been provided for these petty shops.

2. ADB'S Safeguard Policy Statement, 2009 (SPS)

1. The three important elements of ADB's involuntary resettlement policy are (i) compensation to replace lost assets, livelihood, and income; (ii) assistance for relocation, including provision of relocation sites with appropriate facilities and services; and (iii) assistance for rehabilitation to achieve at least the same level of well-being with the project as without it.

2. For any ADB operation requiring involuntary resettlement, resettlement planning is an integral part of project design, to be dealt with from the earliest stages of the project cycle, taking into account the following basic principles:

- (i) Involuntary resettlement will be avoided whenever feasible.
- (ii) Where population displacement is unavoidable, it should be minimized.
- (iii) All lost assets acquired or affected will be compensated. Compensation is based on the principle of replacement cost.
- (iv) Each involuntary resettlement is conceived and executed as part of a development project or program. Affected persons need to be provided with sufficient resources to re-establish their livelihoods and homes with time-bound action in co-ordination with civil works.
- (v) Affected persons are to be fully informed and closely consulted.
- (vi) Affected persons are to be assisted to integrate economically and socially into host communities so that adverse impacts on the host communities are minimized and social harmony is promoted.
- (vii) The absence of a formal title to land is not a bar to ADB policy entitlements.
- (viii) Affected persons are to be identified and recorded as early as possible to establish their eligibility, through a census which serves as a cut-off date, and prevents subsequent influx of encroachers.
- (ix) Particular attention will be paid to vulnerable groups including those without legal title to land or other assets; households headed by women; the elderly or disabled; and indigenous groups. Assistance must be provided to help them improve their socio-economic status.
- (x) The full resettlement costs will be included in the presentation of project costs and benefits.

Annexure 12

	NOUS PEOPLES IMPACT CATEGORIZATION CHECKLIST
Project Data	
Country/Project No./Project Title	INDIA/3223/ INPRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT PROGRAM FOR TOURISM, UTRAKHAND
Subproject title	RESTORATION, ADOPTIVE REUSE & REVITALIZATION OF
Project Executing Agency	PROJECT MANAGING UNIT, DEHRADUN, IDIPT, UK
Project Implementing Agency	PROJECT IMPLEMENTING UNIT, BHIMTAL, UK
Modality] Project Loan [] Program] Sector Loan [パMFF] Other financing modalities:	Loan [] Financial Intermediary [] General Corporate Finance [] Emergency Assistance [] Grant
impuot outogerinatiert] New [] Recategorization — Previous Category []
] Category A: Significant IP in	
] Category B: Non-significant	
Category C: No IP impact	its support of afforded
Subproject requires the broad condigenous Peoples communities	es
Prepared by:	
IDI	a Shasima, community Development Spatiation Unism Development Ba Nimbuwala Gatti Canti IPT, GOUK
For Project Implementing Agency (Na Date:	ame, title, signature) title, signature) H For (I.D.I.P.T.) P. I. U. Bhimtal (31170 abo sil711)

• Please attach subproject details, such SAR, DPR or a brief summary of subproject activities proposed

The project "Restoration, Adaptive-Reuse and Revitalization of Champawat Fort" involves the restoration of Champawat Forts – Rajbhunga Fort (Champawat tehsil) and Banasur Fort (Lohaghat tehsil) and minor restoration works in Golu Devta temple (3 km from the Rajbhunga fort) and Goraknath temple (40 km from Champawat) located in the Champawat town which is the district headquarters of the same name. The fort is located at 290 20' 11'' due North and 800 5' 14'' due East atop the city providing picturesque beauty of the town's landscape. Rajbunga Fort houses the Tehsil office of district administration. In detailed project stage an additional component like "construction of new Tehsil office" has been added which will be phased prior to fort restoration works. After construction of new Tehsil office present office located within the Fort will be shifted and then restoration works in Rajbhunga Fort shall be undertaken.

KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
A. Indigenous Peoples Identification				
1. Are there socio-cultural groups present in or use the project area who may be considered as "tribes" (hill tribes, schedules tribes, tribal peoples), "minorities" (ethnic or national minorities), or "indigenous communities" in the project area?		~		The sub-project will not entail any permanent land acquisition and resettlement impact. All the implementation activities will be confined to land under control of the government of the state.Hence this is not applicable.
2. Are there national or local laws or policies as well as anthropological researches/studies that consider these groups present in or using the project area as belonging to "ethnic minorities", scheduled tribes, tribal peoples, national minorities, or cultural communities?			*	NOT APPLICABLE
3. Do such groups self-identify as being part of a distinct social and cultural group?				NOT APPLICABLE
4. Do such groups maintain collective attachments to distinct habitats or ancestral territories and/or to the natural resources in these habitats and territories?				NOT APPLICABLE
5. Do such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture?				NOT APPLICABLE
6. Do such groups speak a distinct language or dialect?				NOT APPLICABLE
7. Has such groups been historically, socially and economically marginalized, disempowered, excluded, and/or discriminated against?				NOT APPLICABLE
8. Are such groups represented as "Indigenous Peoples" or as "ethnic minorities" or "scheduled tribes" or "tribal populations" in any formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels?				NOT APPLICABLE
B. Identification of Potential Impacts				10 C
9. Will the project directly or indirectly benefit or target indigenous Peoples?				NOT APPLICABLE
 Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance) 				NOT APPLICABLE
11. Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g., food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		-		NOT APPLICABLE

Indigenous PeoplesImpact Screening Checklist

Indigenous PeoplesCategorization Form

Annexure 13

	Date: 27.1.2016
Project Data	
Country/Project No./Project Title	INDIA/ 3223/ INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT INVESTIG
Subproject title	RESTORATION, ADOPTIVE REUSE & REVITALIZATION OF CHAMPAWAT FORT
Project Executing Agency	PROJECT MANAGING UNIT, DEHRADUN, IDIPT, UK
Project Implementing Agency	PROJECT I MIPLIMENTING UNIT, BHIMTAL, UK
Modality [] Project Loan [] Program [] Sector Loan []/MFF [] Other financing modalities:	Loan [] Financial Intermediary [] General Corporate Finance [] Emergency Assistance [] Grant
the second s] New [] Recategorization — Previous Category []
[] Category A: Significant IR in	mpact (200+ persons (not households!) are physically displaced from residence or lose more than 10% of productive (income generating) assets
[] Category B: Non-significant	IR impact
Category C: No IR impact	
Prepared by:	
Social Development Specialist (Name,	title, signature) SUARMA, COMMUNICITY DEUSCOPMENT SPECUAUXISTRAAN TOURS DEVELOPMENT Nimbuwala, Gant Development Bo
Date: 27. 1.2016 MAR. Become IDIPT	, GOUL
Date: 27. ו. 2014 רוא. לא שניים אין גערואין וחוים אין גערוא. אין גערוא. אין גערוא. דסר Project Implementing Agency (Nan Date: 27. ו. 2016	, GOUL

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• Please attach subproject details, such SAR, DPR or a brief summary of subproject activities proposed

The project "Restoration, Adaptive-Reuse and Revitalization of Champawat Fort" involves the restoration of Champawat Forts – Rajbhunga Fort (Champawat tehsil) and Banasur Fort (Lohaghat tehsil) and minor restoration works in Golu Devta temple (3 km from the Rajbhunga fort) and Goraknath temple (40 km from Champawat) located in the Champawat town which is the district headquarters of the same name. The fort is located at 290 20' 11'' due North and 800 5' 14'' due East atop the city providing picturesque beauty of the town's landscape. Rajbunga Fort houses the Tehsil office of district administration. In detailed project stage an additional component like "construction of new Tehsil office" has been added which will be phased prior to fort restoration works. After construction of new Tehsil office present office located within the Fort will be shifted and then restoration works in Rajbhunga Fort shall be undertaken.

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	NotKnown	Re	marks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land					
1.Will there be land acquisition?		~		permanent land resettlement imp implementation a confined to land	eact. All the activities will be under control of the ne state. Hence this
2. Is the site for land acquisition known?				NOT APPLICABLE	1
Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be acquired known?				NOT APPLICAB	LE
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?				NOT APPLICAB	LE
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?				NOT APPLICABLE	
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?				NOT APPLICABLE	
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?				NOT APPLICAB	LE
8. Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?		-		NOT APPLICAB	LE
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?				NOT APPLICABLE	
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on access to	legally o	designa	ted parks a	nd protected an	reas
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?				NOT APPLICAB	LE
11. If land use is changed, will ithave an adverse impact on social and economic activities?				NOT APPLICAB	LE
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?				NOT APPLICABLE	
Information on Displaced Persons:					
Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be display If yes, approximately how many?	ced by th	e Projec	1? []	No [] Yes	NOT APPLICABLE
Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulnerat	ole to pov	erty risk	s? []	No [] Yes	NOT APPLICABLE
Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic minority g	roups?		[]	No [] Yes	NOT APPLICABLE

Involuntary ResettlementImpact Categorization Checklist

ęs.,

Note: The project team may attach additional information on the project, as necessary.

Involuntary Resettlement Impact Categorization Form

Involuntary Resettlement Due Diligence Report Restoration, adoptive reuse & revitalization of Champawat Fort

Annexure 14

2234 / 10/10/30/21-3()/2014-15 संख्या

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उत्तरास	ण्य, देहरायून	11
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महोदय.

चरणुता गण्म, आखन दवा अल्माडा। बाणासुर किलाके अनुश्राण∕सौम्दर्यीकरण के सम्बन्ध में।

उपरोक्त विषयक अपने पत्र संख्या 280/दो. पु. इ./!!वग-20 (11)/2014 विनांक 04 अक्टूबर, 2014 का सन्दर्भ ग्रहण करने का कष्ट करें। जिसके हारा अवनत कराया गया है कि जनगद वायावत, प्राग कर्णकरायत में दिखत वाणासुर का किला मे पर्यटन विमाग हारा ए. डी. दी. सहायतित पर्यटन विकास योजना के तहतू स्मारक का सोन्धीकरण/अनुरक्षण किया जाना प्ररक्षायित है, जो निम्नवत् है।

- रमारक का रासायनिक छपचार।
- रमाएक की रक्षा प्राचीर में ब्रज लेप।
- रमारक रधाल तक पानी एवं विद्युत व्ययस्था।
- स्मारक रथल की सीमा से तीन सी मीटर की दूरी के बाद प्र्यटन को बढ़ावा
- दिये जाने हेतु छोटे-छोटे हट्स।
- पर्यटकों हेतु बनाये गये हद्स स्थल तक सङ्क मार्ग आदि।

अतः संरक्षित स्मारक के उक्त सौन्दर्योकरण/अनुरक्षण इत्यादि कार्य की अनुमारी इस अनुबन्ध के साथ प्रदान की जाती है कि स्मारक/रक्षल का मौलिक रवरूप

्राय पर अपुरूष के साथ प्रयान का जाता है कि स्मारक∕ स्थल का मोलिक स्वरूप प्रभावित न हो को दृष्टिगत रखते हुए अपने पर्यवेशण में उक्त कार्य सम्पादित करवाया जाना सुनिश्चित करे।

Transcript: Director Culture vide their letter dated 30 Nov 2014 states that permission for following conservation/beautification works of Badasaur fort has been granted with a condition that there will be no alteration in fundamental structure of monument/ place and ensure that work is to be executed in their supervision : -

- (a) Chemical conservation treatment of monument
- (b) Polymeric coating for conservation of monument
- (c) Electricity and water facility at Monument
- (d) Small huts at 300 mtr away from the monument for development of tourism.
- (e) Provision of road for huts for the tourists

प्रेषक क्षेत्रीय पुरातत्व अधिकारी, संस्कृति भवन,जाखनदेवी अल्गोदा । सेवा में परियोजना प्रबन्धक पी०एम०यू० पर्यटन विभाग भीमताल, मैनीताल । सं0 3.5 / / क्षे040इ0 / प्रथम-20(/ २)/14. दिनांक 0_5 दिसम्बर 2014 संरक्षित स्वल बागासुर का किला,चंपावत के अनुस्तमा/सौन्दर्यीकरण कार्य के विषय---सम्बन्ध में। महोदय.

महोदय, कृष्या उपरोक्त विषयक अपने कार्यालय के पत्र संग 408/पी.आई.पू/ 415/15[देनांक 23.09.2014 एवं इस यार्यालय के पत्र संग 250/दे0पुरुद0/प्रयम-20 (11)/14[देनांक 04 अल्टूबर, 2014 का अपलोकन करने की कृषा करें। इस क्रम में निदेशक संस्कृति निदेशालय, उलसलखण्ड, देहरादून के पत्र संग 2234/संगनिण्ठ0/ यो-3/14-15[देनांक 30 नयमर2014 होंग पत्र में योपिंत बिन्दुओं एवं इस अनुस्य के साथ स्वीकृति प्रदान की गयी है कि <u>अनुस्वाण/सौन्दर्यों कर</u> कार्या से स्पारक-स्थल का मॉदिक सरक्षय किसी भी प्रकार से प्रमायित न हों। पत्र की छायाग्राति संलग्न की जा रही है। संलग- उपरोक्तानुसार।

भवदीह (डा० चन्द्र खिंह चौहान) प्रभारी । पुरातत्व इकाई अल्मोड्यू ।

Transcript: With reference to our letter No 408/PIU/415/15 dated 23 Sep 2014, Regional Archaeological Officer, Almora vide letter dated 05 Dec 2014 has referred Director Culture letter dated 30 Nov 2014 and intimated that approval for said conservation/beautification works may be accorded with a condition of non- alteration in fundamental structure of monument/ place. Involuntary Resettlement Due Diligence Report Restoration, adoptive reuse & revitalization of Champawat Fort