

Resettlement Planning Document

Project Number: 40648-034

March 2016

IND: Infrastructure Development Investment Program for Tourism - Tranche 3

Sub Project : Conservation and adaptive reuse at Gobindgarh Fort - lot 1: Buildings & lot 2: Structures (PB/IDIPT/T3/08/09 (lot 1 & 2))

Submitted by

Program Management Unit, Punjab Heritage and Tourism Board, Chandigarh

This resettlement due diligence report has been prepared by the Program Management Unit, Punjab Heritage and Tourism Board, Chandigarh for the Asian Development Bank and is made publicly available in accordance with ADB's public communications policy (2011). It does not necessarily reflect the views of ADB.

This resettlement due diligence report is a document of the borrower. The views expressed herein do not necessarily represent those of ADB's Board of Directors, Management, or staff, and may be preliminary in nature. In preparing any country program or strategy, financing any project, or by making any designation of or reference to a particular territory or geographic area in this document, the Asian Development Bank does not intend to make any judgments as to the legal or other status of any territory or area.

Asian Development Bank

SGS VV

Punjab Heritage and Tourism Promotion Board

Infrastructure Development Investment Programme for Tourism (ADB Assisted Project)



The Country Director, **South Asia Department India Resident Mission** 4, San Martin Marg, Chanakyapuri New Delhi 110021, India

PHTPB/IDIPT/2016/7140-414

Date: 03 03 2016

Subject: Submission of Due Diligence Report (DDR) of Conservation at Gobindgarh Fort - Lot 1 Buildings, Lot 2: Structures (DDR contains both contractt packages) (Package No.: PB/IDIPT/T3/08/09)" for Loan 3223-IND

Kindly find Social Safeguards Due Diligence Report (DDR) of contract package Conservation at Gobindgarh Fort - Lot 1: Buildings, Lot 2: Structures (DDR contains both contract packages) (Package No.: PB/IDIPT/T3/08/09)" enclosed with this letter for your approval.

Additional Project Director

CC:

- 1. PA to PD, IDIPT-PB
- 2. CGM, PHTPB
- 3. TL, PMC, IDIPT-PB
- 4. TL DSC, IDIPT-PB







INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT PROGRAM FOR TOURISM (TRANCHE 3) STATE OF PUNJAB

CONSERVATION AND ADAPTIVE REUSE AT GOBINDGARH FORT - LOT 1: BUILDINGS & LOT 2: STRUCTURES (PACKAGE NO. PB/IDIPT/T3/08/09 (LOT 1 & 2))



DECEMBER 2015

PREPARED BY
PHTPB-The Government of Punjab for the Asian Development Bank



CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION	1
2.	DESCRIPTION OF SUB-PROJECT	1
	.1.1 Resettlement Framework (RF)	4
	.1.2 Initial Environmental Examination Report (IEE)	
3.	OBJECTIVE OF DUE DILIGENCE REPORT	4
4.	REQUIREMENT OF DUE DILIGENCE REPORT	4
5.	SCOPE OF DUE-DILIGENCE EXERCISE	
6.	APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY	5
	6.1 ACTIVITY 1: REVIEW AND APPRAISAL OF SUB-PROJECT REPORTS AND DOCUMENTS	
	6.2 ACTIVITY 2: CONSULTATIONS WITH THE PIU & CONTRACTOR	
	6.3 ACTIVITY 3: SITE VISIT AND ON-SITE OBSERVATIONS	
7.	SOCIAL SAFEGUARD DUE DILIGENCE	
	7.1 ASSESSMENT/REVIEW OF SOCIAL ISSUES	
	7.2 DETAILS OF LAND	
	7.3 RESETTLEMENT IMPACTS	
	7.4 IMPACT ON SCHEDULED TRIBE / INDIGENOUS POPULATION	
	7.5 GENDER ISSUES	8
	7.6 WAGES AND LABOUR REGISTER	8
	7.7 LABOUR CAMP SITE	8
	7.8 PUBLIC CONSULTATION DURING PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION STAGE	
	8.1 Public Consultation conducted during Project/IEE Preparation	
	.8.2 Public Consultation conducted during DDR Preparation	
	7.9 PROJECT ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE	
	7.10 GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL MECHANISM	
	7.11 EMPLOYMENT POTENTIAL	
	7.12 OTHER SOCIAL ISSUES	
	12.2 Child Labour	
	7.13 OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH & SAFETY	
	7.14 DISCLOSURE PROCESS FOLLOWED FOR SAFEGUARD AND OTHER RELATED DOCUMENTS	
	7.15 SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS IMPACT CATEGORIZATION	14
	7.16 COMPLIANCE TO SOCIAL IMPACTS MITIGATION DURING PROJECT PLANNING, DESIGN AND	
	IMPLEMENTATION STAGES	
8.	SUMMARY FINDINGS/ RECOMMENDATION	15
LIS	OF FIGURES	
-	1: Project Location GGF	
Figu	2: Google satellite map showing the plan of Gobindgarh Fort	3
	OF TABLES	
Table	: Public Consultation held during project preparation	9
LIS	OF APPENDIX	
APP	IDIX 1: MOU SIGNED BETWEEN SECRETARY PUNJAB TOURISM AND GENERAL OFFICER COMMAND	ING
	15 INFANTRY DIVISION	
	IDIX 2: PROJECT MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE (AS PROPOSED IN PAM)	
	IDIX 3: GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL MECHANISMS (AS PROPOSED IN RF/IEE)	
	IDIX 4: CONTRACT PAGE OF AGREEMENT FOR OH&S	
	IDIX 5: INVOLUNTARY RESETTLEMENT IMPACT CATEGORIZATION FORM	
APP.	IDIX 6: INGENIOUS PEOPLE CATEGORIZATION FORM	





ABBREVIATIONS

ADB Asian Development Bank

AF Affected Family AP

BPL Below Poverty Line

CDO Community Development officer

Affected Person

COI Corridor of Impact

CPRs Community Property Resources

DF Displaced Family

DP Displaced Person

DSC Design Supervision Consultant

EA **Executing Agency**

FGD Focused Group Discussion

GoI Government of India

Government of Punjab GoP

HHHousehold

KII Key Informant Interview

Micro Plan MP

NGO Non-Government Organization

PH Physical Handicapped

PHTDB Punjab Heritage and Tourism Development Board

PIU Project Implementation Unit

PMU Project Management Unit **PMU** Project Management Unit

QENCA Quality Enhancement of Natural and Cultural Attractions

R&R Resettlement and Rehabilitation

ROW Right of Way

RP Resettlement Plan

SC Schedule Caste

SDU Social Development Unit

ST Schedule Tribe

ToR Terms of Reference





SOCIAL SAFEGUARD DUE DILIGENCE

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1. The Government of India has signed a loan with the Asian Development Bank (ADB) on 28-September-2015 for US \$ 123.51 million for tranche 3 of the Infrastructure Development Investment Program for Tourism (IDIPT) with an objective to continue upgrading tourism infrastructure and services in three states, Punjab, Uttarakhand and Himachal Pradesh. The loan is intended for development and conservation of places of tourist attractions as well as to improve basic tourism facilities, and to build the capacity of sector agencies and local communities in the three States. The third tranche loan is part of the \$250 million multi-tranche financing facility that ADB approved in 2010.
- 2. LEA Associates South Asia Private Limited, (LASA) in association with Simpson & Brown Architects (UK) and Addyman Archeology, UK (UK) has been retained as Project Management Consultant for Punjab Heritage and Tourism Promotion Board, Punjab, Project Management Unit (PMU) and the Project Implementation Units (PIUs) with an objective to ensure effective coordination and implementation of IDIPT. The Department of Tourism, Government of Punjab is the Executing Agency (EA) and Punjab Heritage and Tourism Promotion Board (PHTPB) is the implementation agency (IA) for the IDIPT for Punjab and the PMU has been set up at the PHTPB.
- 3. Shah Technical Consultants Private Limited in association with Grassroots Research and Consultancy (India) has also been engaged as Design Supervision Consultant (DSC) for Punjab Heritage and Tourism Promotion Board, Punjab.
- 4. This report presents the due diligence on Social Safeguards for one of the sub-projects of IDIPT, entitled, "Conservation and Adaptive Reuse at Gobindgarh Fort Lot 1: Buildings & Lot 2: Structures (PB/IDIPT/T3/08/09 (Lot: 1 & 2)), taken up under Tranche-3.

2. DESCRIPTION OF SUB-PROJECT

- 5. The subproject falls in the Western Circuit. The project aims to conserve and manage, the Gobindgarh Fort (Amritsar) with planned interventions. The city of Amritsar is identified as a Gateway destination by Ministry of Tourism, Government of India. It is the main international air gateway to Punjab. It contains the State's major pilgrimage and heritage attractions and has the largest tourist footfall in the state. The district is a part of three tourist circuits, Grand Trunk Road Trail (Imperial Highway), Sikh Heritage Trail and Freedom Struggle Trail identified under United Nations World Tourism Organization (UNWTO) Master Plan.
- 6. The Subproject is part of the Western Circuit which is located in the north-western segment of the state, in the district of Amritsar. The circuit borders Pakistan in the west and the River Beas flows in the eastern part. Amritsar City is identified as a Gateway destination by the Ministry of Tourism, GOI. It is the main international air gateway to Punjab, containing the State's major pilgrimage and heritage attractions, and has the largest tourism draw. The district of Amritsar is part of the Sikh Heritage Trail, the Freedom Struggle Trail and the Grand Trunk Trail which starts from Ambala in Haryana and ends at Wagah –Attari Border. (Source: As per Punjab Tourism Development Master Plan, 2008-2023; United Nations World Tourism Organization (UNWTO)).
- 7. Amritsar is a district headquarters, which is located at an approximate distance of 250 Km from Chandigarh (the state capital). The city of Amritsar symbolizes the spiritual heritage of Punjab. It is located in the north-west of Punjab State and is well connected with rail and road network. It is a major trade and



tourist centre. The city has developed around the most sacred religious place for the Sikhs, namely the Golden Temple (Harmandir Sahib). There are 12 gates to enter into the walled city which is a rich heritage zone. This zone comprises of Katras (bazaars), courtyard houses and bazaars. The importance of the holy city Amritsar is due to the presence of the Golden Temple and the Akal Takht one of the five Takhts of the Sikh religion.

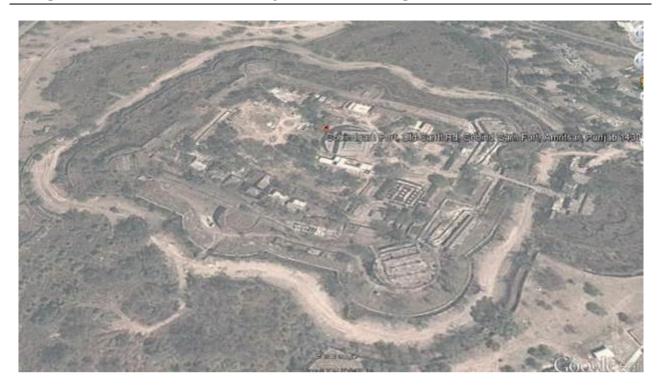
1. The city of Amritsar experiences a daily inflow of more than 30,000 tourists and around 300 foreign tourists, (Source, Statistics Unit, PHTPB Chandigarh-2014). The subproject sites are part of the walled city which reflects historic, architectural, cultural and socio-economic importance of the Amritsar city. There is a need to enhance, revive, restore and showcase the significance of resources of national and local value for sustainability of these values in perpetuity. Also, it is important that development should act as a catalyst for future development and revitalization of walled city. The subproject includes following components in two lots and is located within Gobindgarh Fort. Gobindgarh.

• Conservation and Adaptive Reuse at Gobindgarh Fort - Lot 1: Buildings & Lot 2: Structures

- 8. Gobindgarh Fort is located at an approximate distance of 3 km from the Golden Temple; it is a monument of cultural and historical importance for the state of Punjab. It has witnessed many historical events and numerous occupants during the last 230 years of its existence. It is a narrative of Sikh history and cultural traditions. The fort was originally built by a Sikh chieftain of the Bhangi Misl. It was taken over by Maharaja Ranjit Singh and named after the tenth Sikh Guru, Guru Gobind Singh. The fort became an iconic space associated with Maharaja Ranjit Singh. It had the repository of his royal treasury (Toshakhana), the royal treasury, and was said to house the Kohinoor diamond. Due to this only a few people were allowed access to the fort. The fort was taken over by the British-led Bengal army during the Anglo Sikh wars in 1849. It was under military occupation since then it was handed over to the Punjab Government in 2006. Gobindgarh in its material, layout and the philosophy underlying its structures, symbolizes the fighting spirit and military ideals of the people of Punjab.
- 9. In the management plan of Gobindgarh Fort, the works on different structures/areas for the Fort was divided into phases. As per this, the Tranche 1 of IDIPT works for Gates, NE Bastion, Colonial Bungalow, Toshakhana, Khas Mahal, Darbar Hall, and landscaping as well as infrastructure utility services were already taken up. Balance works for the structures/areas under this subproject are proposed to be taken up in Tranche 3. The proposed sub-project location is shown in Figure 1: Project Location GGF







10. Figure 2.



Figure 1: Project Location GGF





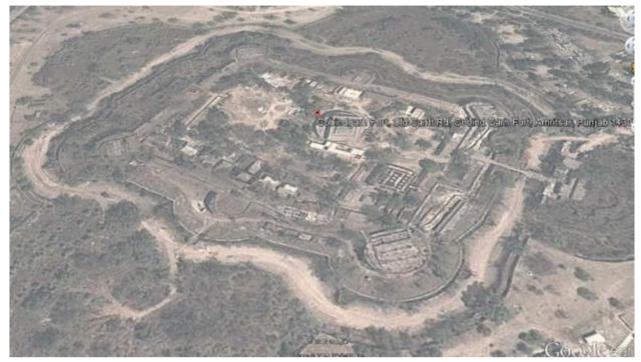


Figure 2: Google satellite map showing the plan of Gobindgarh Fort

2.1.1 Resettlement Framework (RF)

11. A Resettlement Framework is in place for guidance in preparation of resettlement plans and overall safeguards management under IDIPT. The RF prepared for IDIPT tranche 1, has been modified to include the development with respect to new land acquisition Act, and for implementation of Tranche 3 sub-projects. The RF reflects the national and state level acts and policies with respect to land acquisition, involuntary resettlement, as well as ADB's safeguards policy statement (SPS, 2009). This RF is applicable to all sub-projects under IDIPT and is subjected to review and updating, ensuring relevance and consistency with applicable country/state legal framework and ADBs SPS, 2009. The following web link may be referred for Resettlement Framework Document. http://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/project-document/148689/40648-034-rf-02.pdf

2.1.2 Initial Environmental Examination Report (IEE)

12. An Initial Environmental Examination (IEE) Report is in place for the sub-projects under IDIPT, which classifies the proposed interventions, the subprojects as Environmental Category B as per the SPS, 2009 as no significant impacts are envisioned. Accordingly, this IEE has been prepared to assess initial environmental/social impacts, if any and to provide mitigation and monitoring measures to ensure no significant impacts arises as a result of the sub-project. The following web link may be referred for IEE Report. http://www.punjabtourism.gov.in/UploadedFiles/ADB%20Safegaurds/Punjab%20IEE%20&%20EMP%20combined.pdf

3. OBJECTIVE OF DUE DILIGENCE REPORT

13. Objective of Due Diligence Reportis to:





- Determine whether the subproject is free of involuntary resettlement impact such as land acquisition, displacement, adverse impact on income and livelihood, community properties or any other impacts.
- Review the existing field circumstances of this subproject in accordance with ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS) 2009.

4. REQUIREMENT OF DUE DILIGENCE REPORT

14. The conservation/renovation under this subproject does not envisages temporary or permanent land acquisition and resettlement impact at any of the sites, because all the components will be conserved or renovated within the Gobindgarh Fort. Since, Gobindgarh Fort is not having any encroachment, land acquisition and resettlement; therefore no negative impacts on private/public land, structures etc., or on livelihood are envisaged. Hence, no Resettlement Plan is needed and Due Diligence Report fulfil the requirement of ADB's safeguards policy.

5. SCOPE OF DUE-DILIGENCE EXERCISE

- 15. PMC has looked into the following aspects while preparing the DDR:
- Review the system and procedures for project management, implementation and monitoring of the progress;
- Review measures taken to minimise land acquisition and other social impacts;
- Monitor the process if government land transfer is involved, the process followed for making such land available to the project and the land-use of those government lands and description of any encumbrances;
- Gather the documentation regarding agreement reached with or consultation held to reach agreement, in case of purchase of land directly from the community / panchayat;
- Gather details of affected properties including private, government, community, religious etc;
- Verify R&R provisions made applicable to the project;
- Gather details of total affected land holders and details of any Scheduled Tribe (ST) families and non-titleholders affected, if any;
- Details of public consultation during planning and construction stage and how the outcome of consultations was integrated into the project design;
- Details of entitlement matrix or compensation and assistance details formulated for the Project Affected Families for loss of assets which should also include compensation criteria adopted for affected structured due to project facilities. Details of additional assistance provided to the affected ST families;
- Gather details of non-titleholders and R&R assistance provided, if any, to respective categories;
- Details of compensation paid for crop and other damages for the affected landholders, if applicable.
- Details of grievance redress mechanism followed for the project, mentioning if any grievances received from the local people and the action taken against those grievances;
- Details of any pending litigation cases related to land acquisition and compensation, if any;
- Details of institutional arrangement for social safeguard implementation;
- Details of the community consultation or development activities, if carried out by the contractor;
- Compliance with respect to Resettlement Framework (RF);
- Disclosure process followed for safeguard and other related documents;
- Gather any other information and data related to social impacts;





 Suggest suitable measures for identified gaps and shortcomings in mitigating the social impacts, if any, based on the due diligence exercise.

6. APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY

16. As part of the due diligence, the team visited the project area and carried out detailed interactions with implementing agency, contractors, and carried out consultation with communities. A review of the project DPR, design, drawings was also carried out. The Due Diligence Report has been prepared based on the scope of work of the consultancy service, and Safeguard Policy Statement of the Asian Development Bank, and the Resettlement Framework (RF) agreed for the IDIPT. The methods followed for the preparation of Due Diligence Report has been discussed in this section.

6.1 Activity 1: Review and Appraisal of Sub-Project Reports and Documents

17. The reports and relevant documents related to social safeguards available with the PMU have been reviewed and appraised. The documents included Loan Agreement- ADB and Punjab State Government, Project Agreement - ADB and Punjab state government; Sub-project Appraisal Report (SAR), Initial Environmental Examination (IEE) Report, Resettlement Framework, NOC's and Certificate and Undertaking issued from the Punjab Ancient and Historical Monuments and Archaeological Department as well as other departments and Contract Documents etc.

6.2 Activity 2: Consultations With the PIU & Contractor

18. Two-stage consultation process has been conducted towards preparation of the Due Diligence Report (i) consultation with PIU officials prior to the site visit to appraise about the project, and (ii) consultation after the site visit to ascertain the compliance procedures adopted or planning to be adopted by the PIU/Contractor for various safeguard issues observed at the site.

6.3 Activity 3: Site Visit and On-Site Observations

19. Visit to the sub-project site have been an integral part of the preparation of Due Diligence Report. PMC social safeguards specialist has visited the project site on 7th November 2015 and had discussions with the Community Development Officer at PIU Amritsar, proprietor of civil contractor and labourers working in the sub-project etc.

7. SOCIAL SAFEGUARD DUE DILIGENCE

7.1 Assessment/review of Social Issues

- 20. The Tranche-3 sub-project is categorized as "C" for involuntary resettlement (IR) as well as Indigenous People Development as per ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS-2009). The sub-project will be executed within the existing Gobindgarh Fort. The conservation/construction work has already been started when due diligence team visited the site.
- 21. In the management plan of Gobindgarh Fort, the works on different structures/areas for the Fort was divided into phases. As per this, the Tranche 1, of IDIPT works for Gates, NE Bastion, Colonial Bungalow, Toshakhana, Khas Mahal, Darbar Hall, and landscaping as well as infrastructure utility services were already taken up. Balance works for the structures/areas under this subproject are proposed to be taken up in





Tranche 3. Formally the Civil Contract has been signed and the LOA was issued on 15th June 2015. The contractor has been issued the notice to proceed. The contract completion date is 26th January 2017 (18 months from start date). Work has been started in Lot 2-Structures and 15% physical progress has been achieved till 31st December 2015 while in Lot 1, work has yet to start.

7.2 Details of Land

- 22. The Gobindgarh Fort is one of the most striking edifices in Punjab. It is located outside the walled city, at an approximate distance of 3 km from Golden Temple (Harmandir Sahib). It was previously known as Bhangian Da Kila. The fort was built in 1760, and occupied a unique place in the Indian military history. The Grand Trunk Road lies on the northern side of the fort. As per SAR the fort covers a total area of 42.26 acres. The ramparts of the fort are 8 m high while a moat of about 5.5 m depth surrounds it on all sites. The imposing height of the inner walls of the fort has been laid in a concentric pattern. Four grand bastions surmount the four corners of the fort, giving it a formidable form.
- 23. The fort was taken over by the British-led Bengal army during the Anglo Sikh wars in 1849. It was under military occupation since then it was handed over to the Punjab Government in 2006 through MOU. The copy of MOU and Records of Right (Jamabandi) is placed as Appendix 1.













Inner Moat Wall

7.3 Resettlement Impacts

- 24. There will not be any resettlement impact due to the sub-project. Encroachment of any form, squatting or any informal use of land or asset of the GGF is not observed.
- 25. **Details of affected properties:** There will not be any impact on built-up structure of other properties.
- 26. **Impact on Trees:** No trees have been affected due to this sub-project.
- 27. **No title holder** is being affected or will be affected due to the project.

7.4 Impact on Scheduled Tribe / Indigenous Population

28. There will be no impact on Indigenous peoples (IPs). All the proposed construction activities will be done within the GGF complex. This sub-project is categorized as "C" for Indigenous Peoples. Amritsar district is not part of the notified Fifth Schedule area¹. Further, as mentioned in the Indigenous Peoples Planning Framework of ADB (July 2010) Scheduled tribes are in all States and Union Territories except in the States/Union Territories of Haryana, Punjab, Delhi, Pondicherry, and Chandigarh.

7.5 Gender Issues

29. The proposed project does not have any adverse impact on women. The project certainly has some benefits for women in terms of employment opportunities. RF suggests carrying out continuous consultation with women community throughout project implementation to create awareness regarding upcoming development activities and the livelihood opportunities that are likely to come up. This is with the objective to ensure participation in income generating and livelihood enhancing entities. However, presently IA and EA of the sub-project have been carrying out consultations among labourers and other stakeholders. In Tranche-3 sub-project has the scope for promoting gender equality in form of employment in construction work. Women labourers have been engaged by the contractor in civil work and in handling of crèche (day care facility for children of labourers) in GGF.

7.6 Wages and Labour Register

30. The Labour Register is maintained in this Sub-Project, in which the names of men as well as women labourers are mentioned. However, the wages given to respective labourers are not mentioned in the labour register. Contractor has been informed that equal wages for equal works are to be paid to both men and women labourers. Contractor has been advised to engage at least 30% of women workforce in civil work or other activities.

7.7 Labour camp site

31. The due diligence related consultation has revealed that the labourers at this subproject were mostly from Bengal, Odisha and other part of country. Labour does not inhabit at the project site and is accommodated locally by the contractor; hence labour camp was not setup in GGF. The contractor has been advised to provide clean and better accommodations to the labourers as per contract and labour law.

¹ Fifth Schedule under Article 244(1) of Constitution defines "Scheduled Areas" as such areas as the President may by order declare to be Scheduled Areas after consultation with the Governor of that State. The criteria for declaring any area as a "Scheduled Area" under the Fifth Schedule are; (a) preponderance of tribal population, (b) compactness and reasonable size of the area, (c) a viable administrative entity such as a district, block or Taluka, and (d) economic backwardness of the area as compared to the neighbouring areas.





7.8 Public Consultation during Planning and Construction Stage

7.8.1 Public Consultation conducted during Project/IEE Preparation

32. There is no physical or economic, temporary or permanent, IR impact. No person or community is being adversely affected by this sub-project. No land or asset acquisition is necessitated in this sub-project. So people and communities will not be physically or economically displaced due to the sub-project interventions. No Common Property Resource (CPR) will also be affected. Poor, indigenous and other ethnic groups are not being adversely impacted. Public consultations were conducted by the PMU safeguards team during project and IEE report preparation with an objective to disclose the draft IEE reports and also to assess the possible impacts of the project, if any. Table 1 is presented the date wise public consultation conducted with various stakeholders.

Table 1: Public Consultation held during project preparation

				<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Sl. No.	Date of Site Visit	Site visited	Name of the Officials met		Issues Discussed
1	05.11. 2013	All Sub Project Sites of Tranche III	Owners of the site, Amritsar Municipal Corporation, DC office,	(i)	Ownership of the assets under the site and accessibility to the sites.
				(ii)	Development activities required at the site for its enhancement/ or adaptive reuse.
			community people, women groups around the site.	(iii)	Responsible agencies for the O& M of the site.
4	19.11. 2013	All Sub Project Sites of Tranche III	Regarding NOCs and undertaking	(iv)	Confirmation and consensus for the required interventions through the agencies.
				(v)	Key gender issues and requirements of the local women groups in the area.
	20.11. 2013	All Sub Project Sites of Tranche III		(vi)	Income generating activities which can be taken up by the local community, tourists guides, Solid waste management and community involvement
	28.11. 2013	All Sub Project Sites of Tranche III		(vii)	Expected benefits of the project by the local community and the stakeholders
				(viii)	NoC and undertakings required for development of the site.

Source: IEE Report, October 2014

7.8.2 Public Consultation conducted during DDR Preparation

33. There is no physical or economic, temporary or permanent, IR impact. No person or community is being adversely affected by this sub-project. No land or asset acquisition is necessitated in this sub-project. So people and communities will not be physically or economically displaced due to the sub-project interventions. No Common Property Resource (CPR) will be affected. Poor, indigenous and other ethnic groups are not being adversely impacted. Contractor is taking care of all the necessary steps to comply with the ADB's safeguards requirement.





7.9 Project Organization Structure

- 34. The implementing agency PHTBP had already established two PIUs, one for each circuit (Eastern and Western) at Rupnagar (Ropar) and Amritsar respectively for the implementation and monitoring of subprojects. It comprises the personnel drawn from relevant line departments and outsourced, and each headed by a project manager and supported by Community Development Officer (CDO) for effective implementation of the RF and ensures the safeguard compliance provisions of the investment program. The PIUs are mainly responsible for:
 - i. Prioritizing and preparing subproject proposals;
 - ii. Providing day-to-day assistance, supervision and guidance to the design and supervision consultants (DSC);
 - iii. Conducting detailed assessments and surveys including public consultation and input from stakeholders;
 - iv. Preparing detailed designs, specifications, schedule of quantity, bidding documents, and related documentation:
 - v. Implementing civil works and related activities;
 - vi. Reporting to PMU;
 - vii. Preparing regular progress reports for the SLEC, the executing agency and ADB through PMU;
 - viii. Supervising construction, conducting quality control, approving progress payments to contractors; and
 - ix. Maintaining records and accounts on an up-to-date basis and making these available to ADB, its missions, or auditors for inspection.
- 35. In present organizational setup two PIUs have been established at Amritsar and Ropar headed by Project Manager (PM) and assisted by Community Development Specialist (CDO) for smooth functioning and monitoring of safeguards activities. PM PIU is overall responsible for safeguards implementation and reporting monthly to PMU. Environment Safeguards Specialist, PMU further reporting to GoP and ADB as per agreed reporting schedule. After review mission visited the IDIPT project in the month of November 2015, PMC has mobilized their Social Safeguard Specialist. DSC has also mobilized the Social Safeguards Specialist. However, the performance of the DSC Social Safeguards Specialist is not up to the requirement of the project. Role and responsibilities are tabulated below as per approved Terms of References. Detailed project organisation structure as proposed in PAM is placed at Appendix-2.





Project Implementation Organizations – Roles and Responsibilities

Implementation	Management Roles and Responsibilities
Organization	
Environment Safeguards Specialist (ESS), PMU	 ESS is discharging the following duties: Review of IEE documents and contract clauses and ensure adequacy under ADB's EA guideline 2003 and the updated safeguard policy statement, 2009; Ensure that the project design and specifications adequately reflect the IEE Monitor construction activities to ensure that appropriate control measures are effective and in compliance with the IEE and advise PIU for compliance with statutory requirements.
	 Develop training program for the PMU/PIU staff, the contractors and other involved in the project implementation, in collaboration with the Environmental Specialist of the PMC and DSC. Review and approve contractors implementation plan Liaise with the Contractors and Consultant on the implementation of environmental measures proposed in IEE Liaise with various government departments.
	Review the environmental performance of the project
	• Provide support and assistance to the government agencies and the ADB to supervise the implementation of IEE
	 Document the good practices in the project Assist in preparation of SARs for T2 subproject including IEE Monitor all design result framework of IDIPT project
	Establish dialogue with the affected community
	Provide support to PMU and design team in preparation of implementation of ADB resettlement plan if any
	 Overseeing the implementation of resettlement plans Helping in issues related to health and overall welfare and development of the labour settlement involved in the project
Community Development Officer (CDO), PIU	Support PMU and the design team in Prepare ToRs and lead/ coordinate community mobilisation and related product development actions Lead workshops and community consultations.
	Lead workshops and community consultations Define only projects elements and the costs.
	Define sub projects elements and the costs Coordinate base line study requirements with the DSC teams.
	 Coordinate base line study requirements with the DSC team; Preparation and implementation of ADB compliant resettlement plans if any based on the approved framework; and
	Preparation of performance monitoring reports
	Apart from the above duties the following tasks are defined for the CDO Responsibilities towards SIA
	 Preparation of Rural Tourism circuit (route) plan and assess impact on the rural community in terms of physical, socio-economical, life-style, etc aspects Awareness program for the key stakeholders including local community on
	importance of the wetland and need for it conversation and community based rural tourism potential in general
	 Monitor social impacts and undertake safeguards measures as necessary during implementation of IDIPT projects Responsibilities towards Capacity Building Activities:-
	Training of local youth as nature guides and promote involvement in tourism development
	 Formation of SHGs for traditional activities, such as handicraft and local cuisine Training of local communities for encourage home-stay based on standard
	guidelines • Conduct regular meeting with village level communities
	Formation of village level tourism committees
	Organising local events and festivals and promote community involvement





Implementation	Management Roles and Responsibilities
Organization	
	Responsibilities towards Capacity Building Activities:-
	• Ensure women's participation in all consultative processes
	Ensure equal job opportunities for female workers in the villages
	• Systematic incorporation of the women's need in the preparation of all programmes
	• Providing the women workers with good health, safety, welfare, sanitation and working condition
	Specific project tasks:
	• To conduct participatory rural appraisal involving all the villages under Amritsar/Ropar Rural Tourism Project to identify basic needs of the village
	• Formation of T-2 subproject involving local community participation
	• Help in conducting the community-based activities, festivals and events in Eastern Circuit, such as Heritage walk, Holla Mohalla, Quila Raipur
	Promotion of homestay and farm tourism in Eastern Circuit
	• Identify training needs based on specific programs and organise training
	programmes
Social Safeguards	Support PMU and the design team in
Specialist (SSS), DSC	• Lead all baseline surveys required for preparation resettlement plans;
	• Preparation and implementation of ADB compliant resettlement plans if any based on the approved framework;
	 Lead community consultation during design phase
Community Development	Lead value chain analysis and lead community mobilization activities;
Specialist (CDS), DSC	 Lead workshops and community consultations;
P	 Coordinate all activities of this component;
	 Supervise all activities under this component;
	 Implementation of ADB compliant resettlement plans if any based on the approved
	framework;
	 Oversee implementation of Resettlement Plans, if any;
	Preparation of performance monitoring reports
Social Safeguards	Support PMU and the design team in
Specialist (SSS), PMC	• Coordinate base line requirements with the DSC team;
	• Preparation and implementation of ADB compliant resettlement plans if any based
	on the approved framework;
	Oversee implementation of Resettlement Plans; and
	Preparation of performance monitoring reports

7.10 Grievance Redressal Mechanism

- 36. It would be pertinent here to refer the Asian Development Bank's policy, which requires proper mechanisms for resolution of disputes that may arise from any aspect of the project and development process. The mechanisms should be "affordable and accessible," and third parties independent of the implementers should be available at the appropriate point in the process. The grievance procedure need to be simple, administered in the first instance at the local project level to facilitate access, flexibility and open to various proofs taking into account the need for speedy, just and fair resolution of any grievances.
- 37. During preparation of social due diligence exercise, the RF and IEE report have been reviewed and noted that effective and interactive mechanism in which participation of the community is ensured through dialogues and frequent meetings with town/village heads, with respect to any grievances.
- 38. Team Leader, has communicated to PMU regarding effective formation and functioning of GRC. E mail communication has been made by TL, PMC to PMU on grievance redress mechanism (as proposed in RF document) and necessary instructions from Additional Project Director to both the PIUs have been issued. Accordingly, Project Manager PIU Amritsar has requested to Deputy Commissioner and Municipal Corporation for nomination of member and necessary approval of GRC. The GRC structure proposed in RF





documents and communications made from TL, PMC to PMU and onwards letter issued by PM, PIU Amritsar to Deputy Commissioner and Municipal Corporation is placed in Appendix-2.

7.11 Employment Potential

39. The proposed sub-project will create direct and indirect employment opportunities. Approximately 45-50 skilled and unskilled labourers are getting employment during the conservation work apart from other technical staff. In addition to that other types of employment can also be obtained by suppliers of construction materials, tractor/dumper operators, etc., during construction phase. During operation phase, indirect employment creation is envisaged for local shopkeepers, tourist guides, taxi operators, rural artisans etc. The overall components of the subprojects will enhance livelihood opportunities for the local community. The proposed subproject emphasizes on development and showcasing of the existing inherent character of the old city. Enhancement of the aesthetic quality along the route will improve the business potential for the shops lined around the GGF which provides an opportunity to show-case the traditional craft skills of Punjab.

7.12 Other Social Issues

40. No other issue noticed.

7.12.1 HIV/AIDS Awareness

41. Considering the possible presence of labourers from outside the project area for construction work, EA/IA should take proper care during construction to conduct information and education campaigns on the risks of HIV/AIDS and other health issues, targeting construction workers at campsites from time to time. The civil works contractors requires (i) to disseminate information at worksites on risks of sexually transmitted diseases and (ii) HIV/AIDS awareness as part of health and safety measures for those employed during construction. During due diligence visit it has been noted that information board, signage and safety slogans are in place. First Aid box is also available for the emergency and 108 service no. is also displayed at noticeable locations.

7.12.2 Child Labour

42. It has to be ensured by EA/IA that the civil contractors are not employing or using children for labour. Accordingly no child labour has been engaged at this subproject. Children are attending crèche in day time and getting study material and toys for education/ recreation. CDO and community mobilizer are maintaining/ monitoring the crèche on daily basis. The crèche is being maintained jointly by a group of contractors as some other packages of works are also in progress in GGF.

7.13 Occupational Health & Safety

- 43. PIU with the help of DSC needs to monitor the implementation of the Occupation Health and Safety (OHS). The same have been included in the contract document of civil contract. Accordingly, the contractor has to ensure the safety of all workers, materials, plant and equipments belonging to him or to others working at the site through effective safety management systems. The provisions of OHS proposed in IEE report is presented in the box below.
- 44. The OH&S components of IEE need to be followed as Appendix 4. The implementation of the following should be closely monitored.





The Contractor shall, in accordance with the safety and health provisions specified in the EMP, provide workers with a safe and healthy working environment, in the work areas, through application of preventive and protective measures consistent with international good practice, as reflected in internationally recognized standards such as the ADB's Environment, Health and Safety Guidelines. The borrower/client will take steps to prevent accidents, injury, and disease arising from, associated with, or occurring during the course of work by -

- ➤ Providing preventive and protective measures, including modification, substitution, or elimination of hazardous conditions or substances;
- Providing appropriate equipment to minimize risks and requiring and enforcing its use;
- Training workers and providing them with appropriate incentives to use and comply with health and safety procedures and protective equipment;
- > Documenting and reporting occupational accidents, diseases, and incidents; and
- ➤ Having emergency prevention, preparedness, and response arrangements in place.
- Provide first aid facilities in all the work sites and workers camp and having qualified first aider to give first aid at the time of any accident.
- > Contractor should provide safe drinking water, clean eating and resting areas and sufficient amenities at work site and workers camps.
- ➤ Contractor should have prepared emergency response plan with full details and methods of emergency response during any accident and shall have and display the emergency contract numbers at site.
- ➤ Contractor should follow all the applicable rules and regulations for workers safety
- Workers complaint registers must be available at site.
- > Housekeeping conditions can be improved.
- > Sign boards and contact numbers should be displayed at visible locations.
- ➤ All the emergency numbers should be displayed in Hindi script at the construction site.
- ➤ All safety rules at work and provision of adequate health and safety measures such as water, food, sanitation, and personal protective equipment, workers insurance and medical facilities should be made available.
- Accident and Grievances Register should be maintained at the construction sites.
- > Dust bin should be made available for collecting the garbage at the construction sites.
- Provision of crèche can be done wherever found necessary.

7.14 Disclosure Process followed for Safeguard and other Related Documents

45. Resettlement Framework has proposed that public consultation meetings need to be undertaken throughout the implementation stage. All the five principles of information dissemination, information solicitation, integration, coordination and engagement into dialogue need to be incorporated. IEE Report suggests disclosure safeguards documents at prominent places for public information. During site visit of due diligence, it is observed that information and sign boards for public are in place to inform regarding the nature/ duration of construction works, contact number to lodge complaints / grievances etc.

7.15 Social Safeguards Impact Categorization

46. Based on the above assessment the Tranche-3 sub-projects including this were categorized as "C" for Involuntary Resettlement (IR) as well as Indigenous People Development as per ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS-2009). Table no. 2, below presents the social safeguards impact categorisation and the detailed screening forms for resettlement categorization and indigenous people are placed at Appendix 5 and 6.





Table 2: Project Social Safeguards Impact Categorization

Name of Project	IDIPT, Pu	njab Loan No. N	o. 3223– IND
Type of contract	Regular	Design Build	Combined
Safeguards Categorization	A	В	C
IR (Involuntary Resettlement Impact Categorization)	N.A.	N.A.	С
IP (Indigenous people Categorization)	N.A.	N.A.	С

7.16 Compliance to social impacts mitigation during project planning, design and implementation stages

Sl. No.	Social Safeguard Issues	Findings	Remarks
1.	Impact minimization measures	• The selected sites are exists on government land. Livelihood pattern of the any person will not affect due to the project.	The project categorized as "C" for involuntary resettlement (IR) as well as Indigenous people development as per ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS-2009).
2.	Census and socio- economic survey	• As no impact noticed, hence not carried out.	
3.	Land acquisition	 The proposed land is government land and NOC/undertaking obtained from concerned department. 	No LA required
4.	Entitlements	 ADB's policy of IR shall be applicable, if any impact seen. 	
5.	Public consultation and disclosure	Public consultation has been carried during the project preparation stage	Impacts on livelihood and people resettlement issues are not envisaged as part of the project. Hence disclosure document not required.
6.	Impact on tribal people	 Impact on tribal people is not envisaged as part of the project. Amritsar district as such is not part of the notified Fifth Schedule Area. 	-
7.	Resettlement sites	Resettlement site not envisaged.	
8.	Socio-economic rehabilitation measures	Not applicable	
9.	Implementation arrangement	• Social safeguard implementation is part of the contract of IDIPT. PMU along with the PIU personnel is the core group responsible for social safeguard implementation at the project site. PMU and PIU is assisting in overall implementation of social safeguards.	
10.	Grievance Redressal Mechanism	GRC is not in place and no information about the mechanism provided at site	TL, PMC has written an email regarding formation and functioning of GRC as suggested in RF/IEE document.

8. SUMMARY FINDINGS/ RECOMMENDATION

47. In this Sub-Project intervention, full or partial, permanent or temporary, physical and economic displacements are absent. There will not be any adverse impact on people, livelihood, land or structure and common property resources are observed. This sub-project has been categorized as "C" for Involuntary Resettlement (IR) impact as well as Indigenous People Development (IP) as per the ADB's Safeguard Policy





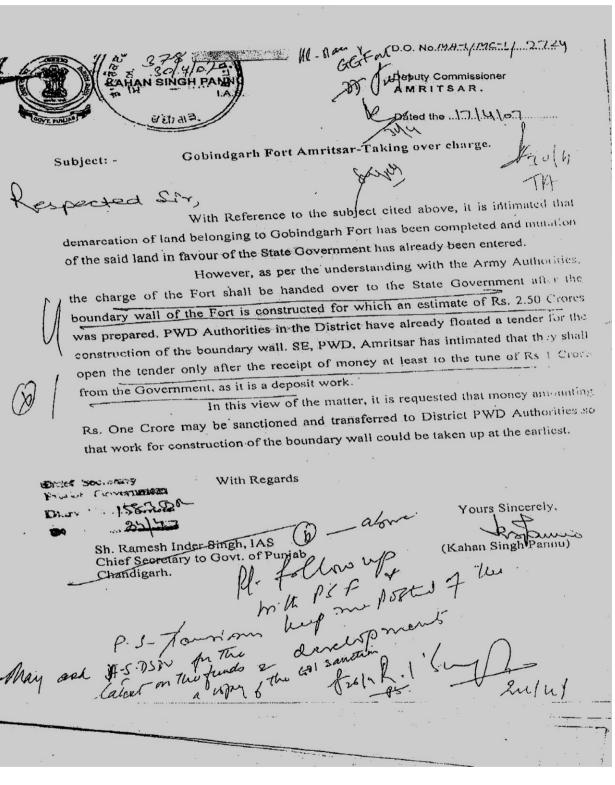
Statement, 2009 (SPS). Screening questions form for IR & IP categorization is placed as Appendix-5 and Appendix-6.

- 48. It is concluded from this due diligence study that, the proposed infrastructure improvements will not change substantially the present land use; there will be no issues of land acquisition and resettlement related to this sub-project. Due to project intervention, there will be no loss of income of any person or any assets, either privately owned or publicly owned.
- 49. The key observations of the due diligence on the social impacts are summarised as follows:
- As per SAR the fort covers a total area of 42.26 acres. The ramparts of the fort are 8 m high while a moat about 5.5 m deep surrounds it on all sites.
- The necessary permissions such as No Objection Certificates (NOC) and Undertaking for not involvement of any private land or structure have been obtained. The project site is fenced and no encroachment observed during due diligence site visit.
- PHTPB has carried out IEE of the project and had conducted public consultation during project preparation. The communities are aware of the project and have positively participated in the project activities;
- Safeguard implementation should follow the principles and methods suggested in the RF.
- Grievance redress committee should be made functional and information regarding the same should be disseminated, in order to create awareness among public and other stakeholders to lodge any grievances.
- Labour Register at construction site should be properly maintained when civil work will take place, with details of wages given to both men and women, PPE provided to respective labourers, etc.
- Awareness on HIV/AIDS and other health issues is not provided. Contractor should arrange to provide necessary awareness on these aspects.
- Occupational health and safety measures are not being implemented satisfactorily.
- 50. The due diligence study concludes that the project does not involve any outstanding social safeguards issues. At the same time, PMU/PIU may urge the CSC / Contractors to address the issues identified during the due diligence exercise. CSC/Contractor should prepare an action taken report for inclusion in periodic monitoring reports.



APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1: GGF TAKING OVER CHARGE





APPOINTMENT OF NODAL OFFICER BY PHTPB



Principal Secretary ਪ੍ਰਮੁੱਖ ਸਕੱਰਰ

Tele No. : ਟੇਡੀਵੋਨ ਨੇ, : 2742131

TO 1318-1383 DOIE-18-5-2007

Sovernment of Punjab ਪੰਜਾਬ ਸਰਕਾਰ

नेजी तास

Department of

Toursh Chandigarh, the

Subject:

Appointment of Nodal Officer.

As you are aware the Government of Punjab has transferred the Revenue record is placed below). Gobindgarh Fort to Tourism Department (the Revenue record is placed below). Accordingly, Mr.Balraj Singh, Tourist Officer, Amritsar has been nominated to act as Nodal Officer to handle the taking over of the Gobindgarh Fort and to set up an office there. His contact Numbers is 0183-2402452.

You are requested to nominate a similar Officer from the army who will coordinate the stock taking and the final physical handing over. In the meantime all matter concerning the Fort and the entry to it will be routed

It may be mentioned here that the Deptt. of Defence Services Welfare will shortly start the work of the boundary wall. The Deptt. of Tourism assures you that as per conditions of transfer the fort will be opened to public only after completion of the roads and boundary wall.

Yours sincerely,

Maj.Gen.K.M.I.S.Shergill, General Officer Commanding, 15, Infantry Division, C/o 56 APO

CC: P.S.Defence Services Welfare

D.C.Amritsar.

GOC, Western Command, Chandimandir.

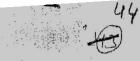
Secy to Minister.

DDT

Sh. Balva's Suigh To. TRC HER







PUNJAB HERITAGE & TOURISM PROMOTION BOARD, PLOT NO. 3, SECTOR 38A, CHANDIGARH.

To,

The Executive Engineer PWD, B&R Amritsar.

No.PHTBP/2007/ & 43/ Dated Chandigarh 1/19/67

SUB: Sanction of Rs. 1.00 Crore for construction of Gobindgerh Fort Amritsar.

Please refer to Punjab Govt. sanction issued vide memo no. 2/32/2007-5TC/1606 dated 20/8/07 (copy enclosed) and administrative approval issued vide letter dated 21/8/07(copy enclosed) on the subject cited above.

Enclosed please find herewith a cheque no.445701 dated 5/9/07 amounting to Rs. 25.00,000/- (Rs. twenty five lac only) drawn on State Bank of India, Chandigarh as 1st installment to start the work as per sanctioned plan.

This may be ensured that the work should be done strictly accordingly to the approved outlay/ approved estimates for the purpose.

It is also advised that the funds may be utilized for the project for which it being released and quarterly progress report of work along with U.C. may be submitted to this office.

Subsequent installment will be released after the XEN PWD certify that the earlier released amount has been fully utilized.

Kindly acknowledge the receipt.

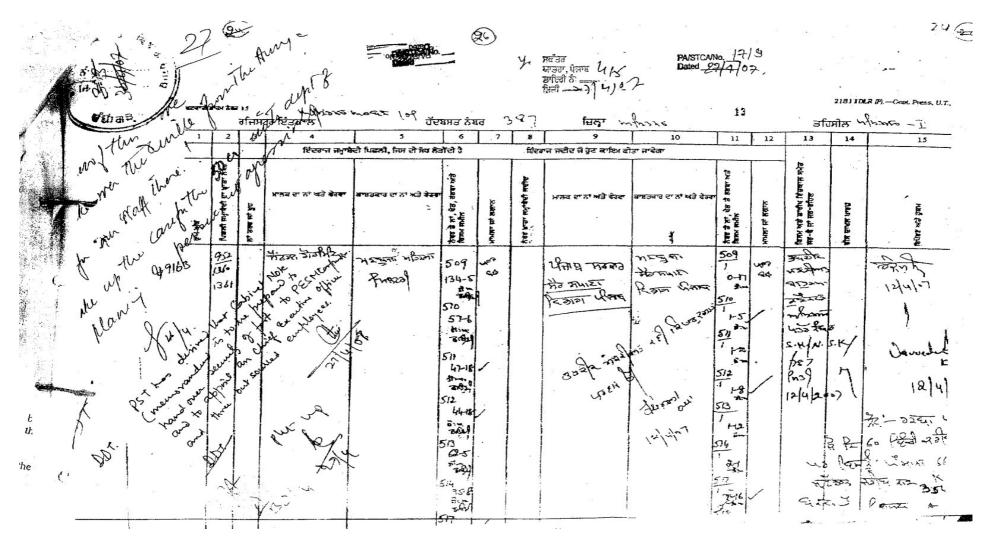
0/0

Member Secretary





RECORDS OF RIGHT (JAMABANDI OF THE LAND), GGF







RECORDS OF RIGHT (JAMABADI OF THE PROPOSED LAND), GGF

			* 10					ਤਹਿ	ਸੀਨ	
ਪਟਾਵਾਕੀ ਭਾਰਮ ਵੇਸ਼ਗ 15		ਜੋਵਬ	ਜਤ ਨੰਬਰ		ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ		11 1	2 13	14	15
ਰਜਿਸ	ਟਰ ਇੰਤਕਾਲ	5	6 7	.8	9	70	1 1			
1 2 3	4	हे फिटकी, स्थित से मेच होओ	ਦੀ ਹੈ	ਇੰਦਰਾਜ ਜਦੀਦ	ন বৃত কালে জীৱা		r	- E	Ì	
The same in the sa			515 8 TO 10		9=3		1000000000000000000000000000000000000	Mark and artic floors and	TAN AND HE	Van pu ang





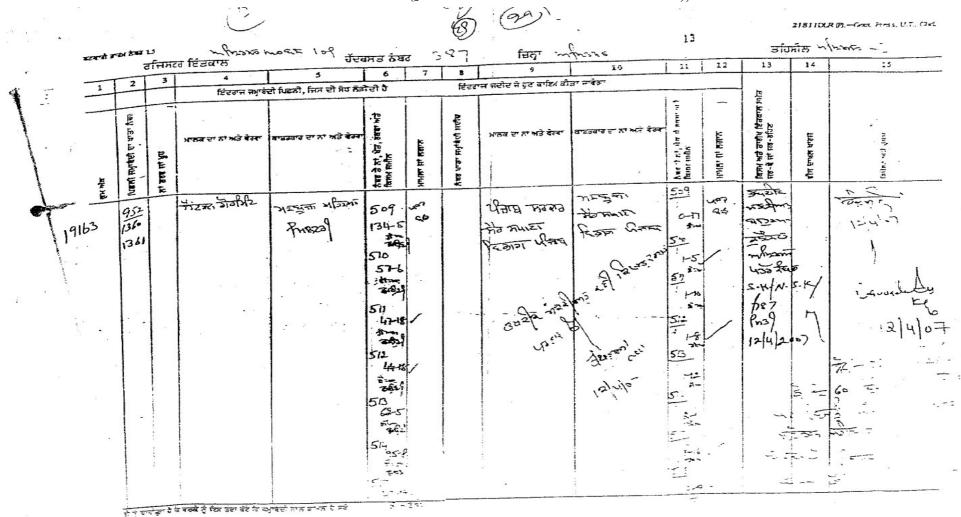
RECORDS OF RIGHT (JAMABADI OF THE PROPOSED LAND), GGF

			<u>::</u>		6				5°			21811DCR ਸੀਲ	pp.—Cool Press, U.T. Che
			39			~						14	15
	* *		83	J			ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ	10	11	12	13	1	
S. Perrola	CO Nursh my ted to war Auts	Dr as as at the	ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਦਾ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਦੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਦੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਦਾ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਦੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹ ਦੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹਾ ਦੇ	5 ਪਿਛਨੀ, ਜਿਸ ਦੀ ਸੋਧ ਨੇਵ	्र तस्य व तर, पव, वरापा भाव रियान प्रतिरित् ।।नात्तरा गरे स्थारित	क्ष्म पाना मानेपदी भरीन	9 ਜ ਜਦੀਦ ਜੋ ਹੁਣ ਬਾਣਿਮ ਕੰਤ ਮਾਲਕ ਦਾ ਨਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਵੇਰਵਾ ਉਜਾਨ ਨਿਕਾਰ		1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	A Michael Ht Source	ਸ਼ਿਲਮ ਅਤੇ ਰਾਹੀਪ ਇੰਕਸ਼ਾਨ ਸਮੇਤ ਜ਼ਿਲਮ ਅਤੇ ਰਾਹੀਪ ਇੰਕਸ਼ਾਨ ਸਮੇਤ	HEAL WAY IN THE STATE OF THE ST	אמה פאי פתף (





RECORDS OF RIGHT (JAMABADI OF THE PROPOSED LAND), GGF





APPENDIX 2: PROJECT ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE (AS PROPOSED IN PAM)

The Project management flow chart showing the reporting lines and key organizations involved in implementation of IDIPT is shown in Figures 1.

Project Implementation Organizations – Roles and Responsibilities

Implementation	Management Roles and Responsibilities
Organization	Wanagement Roles and Responsibilities
Executing agency	Government of Punjab through Department of Tourism (DOT)
Executing agency	Assume overall responsibility for the execution of the MFF and reporting;
	Engage acceptance of three term start to imprement and that ;
	Setup a state-level project management unit and project implementation units;
	Provide overall strategic guidance on technical supervision and project execution;
	and
T 1	Ensure overall compliance with the loan covenants.
Implementing agency	Punjab Heritage and Tourism Promotion Board (PHTPB)
	Project planning and budgeting;
	Day-to-day assistance, supervision and guidance for the project implementation
	units and their consultants;
	Review subprojects for due diligence requirements and approve subproject
	proposals;
	✓ Bidding, evaluation and contract award;
	✓ Managing and disbursing funds;
	Review compliance with loan covenants, contract specifications, work plans and
	quality control;
	✓ Consolidate and submit progress reports, finance and accounting / audit reports, and
	matters requiring higher-level decision to state level empowered committee (SLEC)
	and ADB
ADB	✓ Loan processing activities and signing of loan agreement;
	✓ Recruitment of implementation capacity development consultant;
	✓ Procurement supervision;
	✓ Disbursement;
	✓ Project administration reviews and missions;
	✓ Reviewing compliance with loan covenants;
	✓ Change in project scope or implementation arrangements; and
	✓ Reallocation of loan proceeds.
State-Level Empowered	✓ act as a policy making body;
Committee (SLEC)	✓ Provide overall advice and guidance to the state's EA and PMU; and
	✓ Accord all approvals under the MFF.

State Level Project Empowered Committee.

State-Level Empowered Committee (SLEC) have been established in Punjab, chaired by Chief Secretary, Govt. of Punjab with Principal Secretary/Secretary of the Department of Tourism as member secretary and comprised of secretaries from relevant line departments as indicated in the Facility Administration Manual (FAM). The SLEC have been empowered to take all decisions on behalf of the State and will (i) act as a policy making body, (ii) provide overall advice and guidance to the State's executing agency and project management unit (PMU), and (iii) accord all approvals under the Project.

The members of SLEC for the Punjab are as follows: Chief Secretary (Chair); the Principal Secretary / Secretary of the Department of Tourism; the Principal Secretary / Secretary of Finance; Finance Commissioner, Department of Forests and Wildlife Preservation; Principal Secretary / Secretary, Public Works Department; Principal



Secretary / Secretary, Department of Local Government; Secretary, Department of Rural Development and Panchayat; Principal Secretary / Secretary, Irrigation; Director, Department of Cultural Affairs, Archives, Archaeology and Museum; Representative, Archaeological Survey of India; Principal Secretary / Secretary, Department of Fisheries; Director, Department of Tourism; and Principal Secretary/Secretary, Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Executing Agencies:

The Department of Tourism (DOT), Government of Punjab is the executing agencies of the Punjab. All necessary powers to: (i) assume overall responsibility for the execution of the tranche; (ii) engage adequate permanent or fixed-term staff to implement the tranche; (iii) setup a state-level PMU and project implementation units (PIUs); (iv) provide overall strategic guidance on technical supervision and project execution; and (v) ensure overall compliance with the loan covenants, will be delegated to the respective executing agencies. The Project Implementation flow chart showing the reporting lines and key agencies involved in implementation is shown in Figure below.

Implementing Agency:

The Punjab Heritage and Tourism Promotion Board (PHTPB) is the implementing agency in Punjab

Project Management Unit:

PHTPB have a PMU, headed by a full-time Program Director (PD), and consisting of personnel drawn from relevant line departments and market. The PMU are being supported by a team of consultants including Environmental safeguard specialist. The PMU is the nodal agency for overall management of all program activities and are responsible for: (i) project planning and budgeting; (ii) providing day-to-day assistance, supervision and guidance for the project implementation units (PIUs) and their consultants; (iii) reviewing subprojects to satisfy ADB's due diligence requirements and approving subproject proposals submitted by PIUs and line departments; (iv) bidding, evaluation and contract award; (v) managing and disbursing funds; (vi) reviewing compliance with loan covenants, contract specifications, work plans and quality control; (vii) consolidating and submitting progress reports, finance and accounting/audit reports, and matters requiring higher-level decision, to the SLEC and ADB.

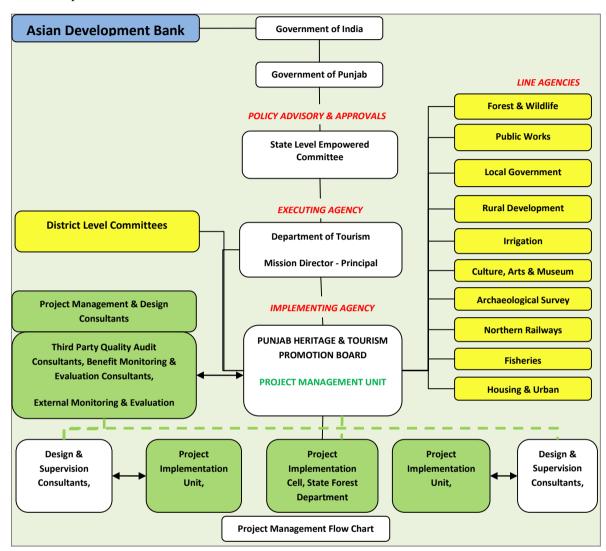
The State shall ensure that (i) specific divisions in the Project management units is staffed for financial management; (ii) transparent procedures are established for financial transactions; (iii) the PMUs follow government rules and procedures for all expense and revenue items including cash and for proper and accurate maintenance of financial records; and (iv) a project website remains established to provide information on Project implementation including procurement.

Project Implementation Units:

The implementing agency had already established two PIUs, one for each circuit (Eastern and Western) at Rupnagar (Ropar) and Amritsar respectively for the implementation and monitoring of subprojects. It comprises the personnel drawn from relevant line departments and outsourced, and each headed by a project manager and supported by Community Development Officer (CDO) for effectively implementation of the RF and ensures the safeguard compliance provisions of the investment program. The PIUs are responsible for: (i) prioritizing and preparing subproject proposals; (ii) providing day-to-day assistance, supervision and guidance to the design and supervision consultants (DSC); (iii) conducting detailed assessments and surveys including public consultation and input from stakeholders; (iv) preparing detailed designs, specifications, schedule of quantity, bidding documents, and related documentation; (v) implementing civil works and related activities; (vi) reporting to



PMU; (vii) preparing regular progress reports for the SLEC, the executing agency and ADB through PMU; (viii) supervising construction, conducting quality control, approving progress payments to contractors; and (ix) maintaining records and accounts on an up-to-date basis and making these available to ADB, its missions, or auditors for inspection.





APPENDIX 3: GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL MECHANISMS

The structure suggested of Grievance Redress Committee (GRC) in RF at PIU as follows. For all the IDIPT sub projects, the affected person/aggrieved party can give their grievance verbally to Site Engineer or in written to the Project Manager of PIU. Grievances of affected person will first be brought to the attention of the Site Engineer PIU, who can resolve the issue at site level. If the matter is not solved within 7 days period at site, it will be brought to the Grievance Redress Committee (GRC) constituted for the purpose in PIU. This GRC shall discuss the issue in its monthly meeting and resolve the issues within one month of time after receiving the grievance. If the matter is not resolved by GRC at PIU level within stipulated time, it shall be referred to GRC at PMU level by Project Manager PIU. If the matter is still not addressed, the same may refer to Executive Committee /State Level Empowered Committee (SLEC). The grievance redress process flow chart is shown in Figure.

In each PIU, there shall be one GRC, which will include mentioned members;

Project Manager (PIU), Chairperson

- District Tourist Officer of Department of Tourism, Govt. Of Punjab,
- Community Development Officer of PIU,
- Nominated representative of Deputy Commissioner and
- Nominated representative of Municipal Commissioner.

The committee required to meet at least once in every month. Agenda of meeting shall be circulated to all the members and affected persons/aggrieved party along with venue, date and time; informed in written at least 7 days in advance of meeting. The matters shall remain with GRC at PIU level for one month and if grievance is not resolved within this time period, at the matter shall be referred to GRC at PMU.

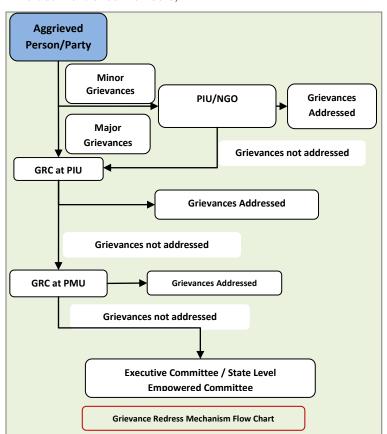
Grievance Redress Committee (GRC) at PMU. The matters not resolved by the GRC

at PIU level within one month shall come under GRC at PMU. GRC at PMU will include:

- Additional Project Director (APD),
- Community Development Specialist, and
- Environment Safeguards Specialist of PMU.

The Committee shall be headed by APD of PMU. This committee shall look the matters, which are referred to and not resolved by GRC at PIU level.

GRC at PMU shall discuss the issue and try to resolve it and inform the PIU accordingly. If the matter is not resolved by the GRC at PMU level within one month of time, the aggrieved person/party can bring the matter to The SLEC. The PIU shall keep records of all grievances received including contact details of complainant, date of





receiving the complaint, nature of grievance, agreed corrective actions and the date these were affected and final outcome.

COMMUNICATION FOR FORMATION of GRC

12/9/2015

Gmail - Grievance Redress Mechanism and Flow Chart.



Sangram Singh <sangram1980@gmail.com>

Grievance Redress Mechanism and Flow Chart.

2 messages

<cepmc.idipt@gmail.com>, Arvind K Solanki Project Monitoring Specialist cpmspmc.idipt@gmail.com>, Kawalnain Kaur <ar.pmc.idipt@gmail.com>, puneet inder <puneet_inder2000@yahoo.com>, Nitin Verma <aeeepmc.idipt@gmail.com>

Dear Misra Sahib,

 Please refer the Aide memoire of ADB mission dated 2-4 No. 2015 in which ADB instructed as under;

Grievance Redress System: The Mission learnt that the Grievance Redress Committee (GRC) is not operational and the community is not aware of any such system. The Mission advised that the GRC is made operational at the earliest and the details shared with the community on priority. The numbers where people can contact in case of any grievance needs to be displayed at all sub-project sites.

- A discussion was held today in PHTPB office in the chairmanship of ADD in which he instructed to form GRCs and other needful activities associated as per ADB rules.
- I am attaching a self explanatory note regarding Grievance Redress Mechanism and Flow Chart. As instructed by APD in the meeting it is advised to act upon accordingly.
- @ Mr. Ashok nanda PM PIU is advised to follow and carry out the same mechanism for Grievance Redress system for sub projects under PIU Ropar.

With Best Regards, Suneet Gupta Team Leader, Project Management Consultant IDIPT, Punjab Plot 3, Sector 38A, Chandigarh-160036, India +91-172-4562321, +919198983666

Grievance Redressal Mechanism and Flow Chart.doc 125K



NECESSARY INSTRUCTIONS ISSUED FROM ADDITIONAL PROJECT DIRECTOR to PIUS

Punjab Heritage and Tourism Promotion Board

Infrastructure Development Investment Programme for Tourism (IDIPT) (ADB Assisted Project Plot No. 03, Sector 38 A, Chandigarh, Ph. 0172-2625952, 5014495 Email:idipt.pb.office@gmail.com



To.

Project Manager, PIU, IDIPT Amritsar

> No. PHTPB/IDIPT/2015/5881-86 Dated: 0 1915

Subject:

Sub: Loan 2676 IND, 3223 IND: Infrastructure Development Investment Programme for Tourism – Implementation of Grievance Redress Mechanism

As per the requirements of Asian Development Bank (ADB) all the projects under Infrastructure Development Investment Program for Tourism (IDIPT) are required to implement Grievance Redress Mechanism.

An action plan in this regard is enclosed herewith for your implementation and subsequent reporting vis-à-vis given timelines, formats for information without any further delay.

Addl. Project Director

CC:-

CGM, PHTPB

Project Manager (Incharge) PIU

CDS, PMU

CDO, PIU, Amritsar

TL, DSC

TL, PMC

ow

End: As above



ANNEXIDE 2

	FORMAT FOR F	RECORDING THE	PROCEEDINGS O	E .
	GRIEVANCE	REDRESS COMM	IITTEES (GRCs)	
1. Name of the	complainant/s:			
2. National iden	tification number:			
3. Address:				
4. Date of the in	nquiry:			
5. Time:				
6. Whether com	plainant participated	or not:		
7. Grievance or	issue (in summary):			
B. Statement m	ade by the complains	nt/s:		
9. GRC recomm	nendation:			
10. Participants	in the GRC:			
11. Copies to:				



GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM

or any complaint/ suggestion related to this project kindly register your complaint/ suggestion in the "Grievance Register" available in the Site office.

For further information please contact:

GRIEVANCE REDRESS CELL

Project Manager, Project Implementation Unit (PIU)

Address: Punjab Heritage and Tourism Promotion Board (PHTPB), Infrastructure Development
Investment Program For Tourism (IDIPT), Admin Block, Surface Parking Near Gobindgarh Fort, Opp.
Punjab Roadways workshop, Amritsar (Punjab)

Contact	no.: Ph:
E mail:	



PROPOSED GRIEVANCE REDRESS REGISTERING AND MONITORING FORM

Complainant Information (Person Reporting)		
1 Name:		
2. Address:		
3. National ID:		
4. Gendar: _ Male _ Female		
5. Telephone:		
6. Email:		
7. Fax:		
Type of complainant:		
_ Affected person/s		
_ Intermediary (on behalf of the AP)		
_ CMI organization		
_ Service organization (e.g., local government institution)		
_ Others (specify)		
9, Registration (assigned):		
Complaint Details		
Mode of receiving the grievance:		
Leiter		
_ Phone call		
_Fax		
Emeil		
_ Verbal complaint (walk-in)		
_ Suggestion box		
Others (specify)		
11. Location of the problem/issue specified in the complaint:		
District:		
Divisional secretarial:		
division:		
12. Type of problem/grievance:		
_Trace		
- GENERAL		

Land acquisition	
Compensation	
Construction	
Resettlement site	
Others (specify)	
13. Short description of the problem	
11	
Short description of the factors of	causing the problem:
14. Short description of the factors of	causing the problem.
	causing the problem: _ Project implementing agency _ Affected _ Local political authority _ Civil organizations _ Funding
15. Person/agency responsible for oparties _ Service delivery agencies agencies _ Others (specify):	causing the problem: _ Project implementing agency _ Affected _ Local political authority _ Chil organizations _ Funding
15. Person/agency responsible for oparties _ Service delivery agencies _ Others (specify): 16. Past action/s taken by the comp	causing the problem: _ Project implementing agency _ Affected _ Local political authority _ Chil organizations _ Funding clainant (if any):
15. Person/agency responsible for courties _ Service delivery agencies _ Others (specify): 16. Past action/s taken by the comp	causing the problem: _ Project implementing agency _ Affected: _ Local political authority _ Chil organizations _ Funding clainant (if any):
15. Person/agency responsible for oparties _ Service delivery agencies _ Others (specify): 16. Past action/s taken by the comp. 17. Details of the focal point that recover of the person who received the person who receiv	causing the problem: _ Project implementing agency _ Affected: _ Local political authority _ Chil organizations _ Funding clainant (if any):
15. Person/agency responsible for oparties _ Service delivery agencies	causing the problem: _ Project implementing agency _ Affected: _ Local political authority _ Chil organizations _ Funding clainant (if any):



Action 1	Action 2	Action 3	Action 4
Short Description	Short Description	Short Description	Short Description
·	-		
Th	-		No.
Name of Action Officer	Name of Action Officer	Name of Action Officer	Name of Action Officer
Office	Office	Office	Office
Date	Date	Date	Date

Name of the person completing the form:

Signature:

Date:

ACTION PLAN FOR GRIEVANCE REDRESS C.

Infrastructure Development Investment Program For Tourism (IDIPT)

ACTION PLAN FOR ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATION OF GRIEVANCE REDRESS CELL

FOR ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK (ADB) ASSISTED PROJECTS UNDER

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT PROGRAM FOR TOURISM (IDIPT) FOR

TRANCHE I AND TRANCHE III PROJECTS

S. No.	Activities under GRC	To be implemented by	Last date for action	Report Action to
1.	Maintain a register at site office of each project / subproject under Tranche I and Tranche III for record of Grievances under Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM). A format for the same is provided in the Annexure 1.	Project Manager, PiU/ Site Engineer (responsible for safeguards) / Community Development Officer	15 th Dec. 2015	Addl. Project Director / Forest Conservation Specialist/ Environment Safeguard Specialist (ESS)
2.	Display boards should be maintained at all the project sites (in Punjabi and English) to inform all the stakeholders regarding the operation of GRIEVANCE REDRESS CELL under the subproject. The sample for the same is provided in the Annexure 2.	Project Manager, PIU/ Site Engineer (responsible for safeguards)	20 th Dec. 2015	Send photographs of the display boards to Addl. Project Director / Forest Conservation Specialist / Environment Safeguard Specialist [ESS].
3.	A committee for GRIEVANCE REDRESS CELL should be formed both at the level of PIU, Ropar and PIU, Amritsar to be headed by Project Manager, PIUs. Members of the Committee are as following: i. Project Manager, PIU ii. District Tourist Officer, Department of Tourism (DoT) iii. Community Development Officer iv. Representative of DC v. Representative of MC	Project Manager, PIU/ Site Engineer (responsible for safeguards)	25 th Dec. 2015	Send copy of the Office Note for constitution of the Committee with signature of all the members to Addi. Project Director / Forest Conservation Specialist / Environment Safeguard Specialist (ESS).
4.	After constituting the above committee letter should be sent to head office of both DC and MC, informing them about the	Project Manager, PIU	27 th Dec. 2015	Send copies of the letters sent and receipt of the letters to Addi.



ACTION PLAN FOR GRIEVANCE REDRESS CE... Infrastructure Development Investment Program For Tourism (IDDPT)

	constitution of the above committee and that they will be required to send a representative when a meeting will be held for GRM.		81 =	Project Director / Forest Conservation Specialist/ Environment Safeguard Specialist (ESS).
5.	A notice for monthly meeting should be sent to Chairman, MC and DC before the monthly meeting is conducted in PIU office or site office with information on time, venue and date of the meeting.	Project Manager, PIU	Every month	A copy of the notice should be sent to Addl. Project Director / Forest Conservation Specialist / Environment Safeguard Specialist (ESS).
6.	Minutes of the monthly meeting should be recorded and signed by all the committee members, headed by Project Manager, PtU. Format for recording the proceedings of GRIEVANCE REDRESS CELL is attached as Annexure 3.	Project Manager, PIU	Every month	A copy of the MoM should be forwarded to all the members of the committee and Addi. Project Director.
7.	Printing of leaflets regarding information on GRIEVANCE REDRESS CELL, in Punjabi and English.	Environment Safeguard Specialist (ESS), PMU	Feb. 2015	2000 leaflets each will be sent to PIU Amritsar and PIU Ropar for distribution to all the stakeholders for awareness on Grievance Redress Cell



LETTER ISSUED TO DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FOR FORMATION OF GRC BY PIU AMRITSAR

Punjab Heritagte and Tourism Promotion Board
Infrastructure Development Investment Programme for Tourism(Pb)

(ADB Assisted Projects)

Project Implementation Unit (IDIPT)

To

Deputy Commissioner, Gurdaspur.

No: PHTPB/PIU-ASR/15/**2287_9** Date :- **18/2/16**

Sub: Establishment and Operation of Grievance Redress Cell for Asian Development Bank(ADB) Assisted Projects under Infrastructure Development Investment Programme for Tourism(IDIPT)

Dear Sir,

It is submitted that as per requirement of Asian Development Bank, a grievance redress cell is to be established at PIU Amritsar level. The committee for the grievance redress cell is to be formed comprising of following:-

- a) Project Manager PIU;
- b) District Tourist Officer(Department of Tourism) (DOT);
- c) Community Development Officer;
- d) Representative of DC;

It is requested that an official from your office may kindly be deputed as member to attend monthly meetings in PIU Office or site office as explained at Point No 5 of the attached annexure. Meeting Notice for such meetings shall be separately issued from time to time.

Regards

A.R.Mishra, Project Manager

IDIPT, PIU, Amritsar

CC:

1. PA to PD

2. APD

3. FCS

4. ESS

LETTER ISSUED TO MUNICIPAL CORPORATION FOR FORMATION OF GRC BY PIU AMRITSAR

D:\Maninder\General Data\Word Files / Letter 2014

Punjab Heritage and Tourism Promotion Board
INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT PROGRAMME FOR TOURISM (PB)
(ADB Assisted Project)
Project Implementation Unit (IDIPT),

To

Commissioner, Municipal Corporation,

Municipal Corporation, Amritsar.

No: PHTPB/PIU-ASR/15//7 3/- 35

Date: - 15.12.2015

Sub: Establishment and Operation of Grievance Redress Cell for Asian Development Bank(ADB) Assisted Projects under Infrastructure Development Investment Programme for Tourism(IDIPT)

Dear Sir,

It is submitted that as per requirement of Asian Development Bank, a grievance redress cell is to be established at PIU Amritsar level. The committee for the grievance redress cell is to be formed comprising of following:-

- a) Project Manager PIU;
- b) District Tourist Officer(Department of Tourism) (DOT);
- c) Community Development Officer;
- d) Representative of DC;
- e) Representative of MC.

It is requested that an official from your office may kindly be deputed as member to attend monthly meetings in PIU Office or site office as explained at Point No 5 of the attached annexure. Meeting Notice for such meetings shall be separately issued from time to time.

A.R.Mishra, Project Manager IDIPT, PIU, Amritsar

Regards

CC:

1. PA to PD

2. APD

3. FCS

4. ESS

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY SUGGESTED IN IEE REPORT

18

MUNBAL

if any. Replacement species must be approved by District Forest Department.

1110

- 70. Impacts on Physical and Cultural Resources. There may be inconvenience to tourists, residents, businesses, and other road users due to construction activities in the proposed complexes and slower flow of traffic in areas of heritage walk with narrow roads. This potential impact is site-specific, short-term and can be mitigated. The contractor will be required to:
 - Ensure no damage to structures/properties near construction zone.
 - Provide walkways and metal sheets where required to maintain access of people and vehicles.
 - Provide sign boards to inform nature and duration of construction works and contact numbers for concerns/complaints.
 - Implement good housekeeping. Remove wastes immediately. Prohibit stockpiling of materials that may obstruct/slow down pedestrians and/or vehicle movement.
 - Ensure workers will not use nearby/adjacent areas as toilet facility.
 - Coordinate with DSC for transportation routes and schedule. Schedule transport and hauling activities during non-peak hours. Communicate road detours via visible boards, advertising, pamphlets, etc.
 - Ensure heavy vehicles do not use narrow local roads, except in the immediate vicinity of delivery sites.
 - Provide instructions on event of chance finds for archaeological and/or ethnobotanical resources. Works must be stopped immediately until such time chance finds are cleared by experts.
- 71. Impact due to Waste Generation. Demolished structures will be reused to the maximum extent possible. Construction activities will produce excess excavated soils, excess construction materials, and solid wastes (such as removed concrete, wood, packaging materials, empty containers, oils, lubricants, and other similar items). These impacts are negative but short-term and reversible by mitigation measures. The contractor will need to adopt the following mitigation measures:
 - Prepare and implement a waste management plan.
 - Manage solid waste according to the following hierarchy: reuse, recycling and disposal. Include in waste management plan designated/approved disposal areas.
 - Coordinate with Municipal Authorities for beneficial uses of demolished materials or immediately dispose to designated areas.
 - Recover used oil and lubricants and reuse; or remove from the sites.
 - Avoid stockpiling and remove immediately all demolished materials, excess construction materials, and solid waste (removed concrete, wood, packaging materials, empty containers, oils, lubricants, and other similar items).
 - Prohibit disposal of any material or wastes (including human waste) into drainage, nallah, or watercourse.
- 72. Impacts on Occupational Health and Safety. Residential accommodation for workers is not proposed. Workers need to be mindful of occupational hazards which can arise from excavation works in high-traffic and busy areas. Exposure to work-related chemical, physical, biological and social hazard is typically intermittent and of short duration, but is likely to reoccur. Potential impacts are negative and long-term but reversible by mitigation measures. Overall, the contractor should comply with IFC EHS Guidelines on Occupational Health and Safety (this can downloaded

For Punjah Heritage & Tourism Bromotio

Addi. Proper Director



0724

19

http://www1.ifc.org/wps/wcm/connect/9aef2880488559a983acd36a6515bb18/2%2BOccupation al%2BHealth%2Band%2BSafety.pdf?MOD=AJPERES). The contractor will be required to:

- Disallow worker exposure to noise level greater than 85 dBA for a duration of more than 8 hours per day without hearing protection. The use of hearing protection shall be enforced actively.
- Develop comprehensive site-specific health and safety (H&S) plan. The overall
 objective is to provide guidance to contractors on establishing a management
 strategy and applying practices that are intended to eliminate, or reduce,
 fatalities, injuries and illnesses for workers performing activities and tasks
 associated with the project.
- Include in H&S plan measures such as: (i) type of hazards during excavation works; (ii) corresponding personal protective equipment for each identified hazard; (iii) H&S training for all site personnel; (iv).procedures to be followed for all site activities; and (v) documentation of work-related accidents.

 Provide H&S orientation training to all new workers to ensure that they are apprised of the rules of work at the site, personal protective protection, and preventing injury to fellow workers.

- Ensure that qualified first-aid can be provided at all times. Equipped first-aid stations shall be easily accessible throughout the site as well as at construction camps.
- Provide medical insurance coverage for workers.
- Secure construction zone from unauthorized intrusion and accident risks.
- Provide supplies of potable drinking water.
- Provide clean eating areas where workers are not exposed to hazardous or noxious substances.
- Provide visitor orientation if visitors to the site can gain access to areas where hazardous conditions or substances may be present. Ensure also that visitor/s do not enter hazard areas unescorted.
- Ensure the visibility of workers through their use of high visibility vests when working in or walking through heavy equipment operating areas.
- Ensure moving equipment is outfitted with audible back-up alarms.
- Mark and provide sign boards in the construction zone, and areas for storage and disposal. Signage shall be in accordance with international standards and be well known to, and easily understood by workers, visitors, and the general public as appropriate.
- 73. Impacts on Socio-Economic Activities. Manpower will be required during the 24 months construction phase. This can help generate contractual employment and increase in local revenue. Thus potential impact is positive and long-term. As per preliminary design, land acquisition and closure of roads are not required. However, construction activities may impede access of residents and customers to shops. The potential impacts are negative and moderate but short-term and temporary. The contractor will need to adopt the following mitigation measures:
 - Provide sign boards for visitors to inform nature and duration of construction works and contact numbers for concerns/complaints.
 - Employ at least 50% of the labor force, or to the maximum extent, local persons within the 20-km immediate area if manpower is available.

74. Summary of Mitigation Measures during Construction. Table 5 provides summary of mitigation measures to be considered by the contractor during construction phase. The detailed

Puniab Heritage & Tourism Promotion Board (IDIPT)

Addl. Project Director



INVOLUNTARY RESETTLEMENT CATEGORISATION FORM

Project Data	
Country/Project No./Project Title Subproject title Project Executing Agency Project Implementing Agency Modality :	INDIA/ LOAN No: 3223-IND/INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT INVESTMENT PROGRAM FOR TOURISM-PUNJAB CONSERVATION AT GOBINDGARH FORT – LOT 1 & LOT 2 BUILDINGS (PACKAGE NO.: PB/IDIPT/T3/08/09) GOVERNMENT OF PUNJAB THROUGH DEPARTMENT OF TOURISM (DOT) PUNJAB HERITAGE AND TOURISM PROMOTION BOARD (PHTPB) MULTITRANCHE FINANCING FACILITY (MFF)
[] Project Loan [] Pro [] Sector Loan [√] MF [] Other financing modalities	
IP Impact categorization	[] New [] Re-categorization [√] Previous Category
[] Category A: Significant	IR impact (200+ persons (not households!) are physically displaced from residence or lose more than 10% of productive (income generating) assets
[] Category B: Non-signif	icant IR impact
[√] Category C: No IR imp	act:
Prepared by:	
	(Name, title, signature) Chadha, nment Safeguard Specialist (ESS) K.L. Malhotra Forest Conservation Specialist
For Project Implementing Age	ncy (Name, title, signature)
Date:	Basanta Rajkumar Addl. Project Director
For Project Executing Agency Date:	(Name, title, signature) Basanta Rajkumar Addl. Project Director

Please attach subproject details, such SAR, DPR or a brief summary of subproject activities proposed



Involuntary Resettlement Impact Categorization Checklist

PROBABLE INVOLUNTARY RESETTLEMENT		I		
EFFECTS	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	REMARKS
Involuntary Acquisition of Land			N_000	
1. Will there be land acquisition?		1	333	
2. Is the site for land acquisition known?				Not applicable
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be acquired known?				Not applicable
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?				Not Applicable
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land due to land acquisition?		1920		Not applicable
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?				Not applicable
7. Will there be losses of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?				Not applicable
8. Will there be loss of businesses or enterprises due to land acquisition?				Not applicable
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?	-			Not applicable
Involuntary restrictions on land use or on access to				
legally designated parks and protected areas				
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?	9	√		
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		√		
12. Will access to land and resources owned communally or by the state be restricted?		V		
Information on Displaced Persons				
Any estimate of the likely number of persons that will be o	lisplaced	by the	Project? [] N	o [] Yes
Not Applicable				
If yes, approximately how many?				
Are any of them poor, female-heads of households, or vulu	nerable to	o pover	ty risks? [] N	lo []Yes
Not Applicable				
Are any displaced persons from indigenous or ethnic mine	rity grou	ıps	7[]	lo [] Yes
Not Applicable				

Note: The project team may attach additional information on the project, as necessary.



INDIGENOUS PEOPLE CATEGORISATION FORM

Project Data		
		SM-PUNJAB H FORT-LOT 1 & LOT 2 7/T3/08/09) H DEPARTMENT OF TOURISM ROMOTION BOARD (PHTPB) TY (MFF) ary [] General Corporate Finance
[] Sector Loan [√] N [] Other financing modalit		ice [] Grant
IP Impact categorization		[√] Previous Category
[] Category A: Signification		
Category B: Non-sign	nificant IP impact	
[√] Category C: No IP in	npact	-
	road community support of affected unities	[] Yes [] No
Prepared by:		
Social Development Special	ist (Name, title, signature)	
	na Chadha, ironment Safeguard Specialist (ESS)	K.L. Malhotra Forest Conservation Specialist
For Project Implementing A	gency (Name, title, signature)	1/4
Date:		Basanta Rajkumar Addl. Project Director
For Project Executing Agend Date:	cy (Name, title, signature)	Basanta Rajkumar Addl. Project Director

Please attach subproject details, such SAR, DPR or a brief summary of subproject activities proposed



Indigenous Peoples Impact Screening Checklist

	KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
A.	Indigenous Peoples Identification				
1.	Are there socio-cultural groups present in or use the project area who may be considered as "tribes" (hill tribes, schedules tribes, tribal peoples), "minorities" (ethnic or national minorities), or "indigenous communities" in the project area?		√		Amritsar district where subproject exists, as such is not part of the notified Fifth Schedule area ¹ .
	Are there national or local laws or policies as well as anthropological researches/studies that consider these groups present in or using the project area as belonging to "ethnic minorities", scheduled tribes, tribal peoples, national minorities, or cultural communities?				Not applicable
	Do such groups self-identify as being part of a distinct social and cultural group?				Not applicable
4.	Do such groups maintain collective attachments to distinct habitats or ancestral territories and/or to the natural resources in these habitats and territories?				Not applicable
5.	Do such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture?				Not applicable
6.	Do such groups speak a distinct language or dialect?				Not applicable
7.	Has such groups been historically, socially and economically marginalized, disempowered, excluded, and/or discriminated against?				Not applicable
8.	Are such groups represented as "Indigenous Peoples" or as "ethnic minorities" or "scheduled tribes" or "tribal populations" in any formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels?				Not applicable
B.	Identification of Potential Impacts				Not applicable
9.	Will the project directly or indirectly benefit or target Indigenous Peoples?				Not applicable
10.	Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance)				Not applicable
11.	Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g., food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		488		Not applicable
12.	Will the project be in an area (land or territory) occupied, owned, or used by Indigenous Peoples, and/or claimed as ancestral domain?				Not applicable
C.	Identification of Special Requirements Will the project activities include:				Not applicable
13.	Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?				Not applicable

Fifth Schedule under Article 244(1) of Constitution defines "Scheduled Areas" as such areas as the President may by order declare to be Scheduled Areas after consultation with the Governor of that State. The criteria for declaring any area as a "Scheduled Area" under the Fifth Schedule are: (a) preponderance of tribal population. (b) compactness and reasonable size of the area. (c) a viable administrative entity such as a district, block or Taluka, and (d) economic backwardness of the area as compared to the neighbouring areas.



				· ~ F - · · · · · ·
KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
14. Physical displacement from traditional or customary lands?				Not applicable
15. Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forests, water, hunting or fishing grounds) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural, ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?				Not applicable
16. Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?				Not applicable
17. Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?				Not applicable

D. Anticipated project impacts on Indigenous Peoples

Project component / Activity / output	Anticipated positive effect	Anticipated negative effect
LIST ALL PROJECT COMPONENTS / ACTIVITIES / OUTPUTS HERE	INDICATE EFFECTS TO IPS OR PUT N/A AS NECESSARY	
	Not applicable	Not applicable

Note: The project team may attach additional information on the project, as necessary.