

Environmental and Social Monitoring Report

Annual Report Project Number: 45923-014 April 2014 to June 2015

THA: Provincial Solar Power Project – Phase 2B Bang Pa-hun, Phranakorn Sri Ayutthaya

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Prepared by Bangchak Solar Energy Co., Ltd. for the Asian Development Bank.

Asian Development Bank

BANGCHAK SOLAR ENERGY CO., LTD.

SAFEGUARDS REPORTING AND CORRECTIVE MEASURES

Phase 2B Bang Pa-hun ,Phranakorn Sri Ayutthaya

6/30/2015

Reporting Period: 2nd year 5 April 2013 (COD) to 30 June 2015

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Definition

BCP	Bangchak Petoreum Public Company Limited
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
BSE	Bangchak Solar Energy Co., Ltd.
COD	Chemical Oxygen Demand
COD	Commercial Operation Date
DO	Dissolved Oxygen
EHS	Environment Health and Safety
EPC	Engineering Procurement and Construction
IEE	Initial Environmental Examination
ISO	International Organization for standardization
OHSAS	Occupational Health and Safety Management
PV Module	Photovoltaic Module
рН	A measure of Acid and Base Property
Rai	Rai is the unit of land area used in Thailand.
	One rai is 1,600 square meters, thus one hectare is 6.25 Rai.

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Project Location

The Project is located on an area of about 82 Rai¹ (13.12 ha) in Hunsang sub district and 215 Rais (34.40 ha) in Tub Namm sub district, Bang Pa-hun district, Ayutthaya province, about 80 kilometers north of Bangkok.

B. Scope and Layout

The Project completed the construction of two adjacent solar power plants, 8 MW capacity of each solar power plant, with associated control instrument and equipment, and control buildings. The electricity output is currently fed directly into the existing 22 kV transmission lines passing the project site to an existing substation of the Provincial Electricity Authority, about 2.4 km away.

The Project as completed did not differ significantly from what had been proposed during the due diligence of the Project. Table 1 summarizes salient features of the completed facilities.

PV panels	Features		
Number of panels	Approx. 85,400 panels, poly-crystalline, PV Module		
Dimensions of each panel	Rectangular, 2 m by 1 m		
Inclination	15 degrees		
Life Cycle	More than 25 years		
Loading Controllers (Inverter House)	13 stations		
DC-AC Inverters	900 kW, 26 units		
Transformers	• 2,000 kVA, 405V/22kV 12 sets		
	• 1,000 kVA, 405V/22kV 2 sets		
	• 500 kVA, 22kV /380V 2 sets		
Control building	1 building		

Table 1: Salient Technical Features of the Project area

The site infrastructure consists of flood protection dykes and drainage ditches surrounding the power plant site with drainage pumps and a storm water retention basin strategically located, and inspection roads. Figure 1 shows the layout of project facilities. In 2014, the flood protection system was improved by concrete overlay the inside off dyke.

¹ Rai is the unit of land area used in Thailand. One rai is 1,600 square meters, thus one hectare is 6.25 rais





C. Project Implementation

The project construction began on 20 April 2012 of both adjacent power plants. The power plant was completed and started commercial operations on 5 April 2013. The project completion was thus delayed one month. The target COD was set in 5 March 2013, the solar power plant unit has been in operations for about 12 months.

Project Period	16 MW Unit
11 September 2011	Public hearing
20 April 2012 to 5 April 2013	Construction
5 April 2013 until Now	Commercial operation

Table 2-Project Status from 18 April 2012 to present

D. Safeguards reporting and Corrective Measures

This Safeguards reporting and Corrective Measures is the second report of the Project. It has been prepared as required in Clause 18.20 "Safeguards Reporting and Corrective Measures" of the Common Term Agreement (CTA) between lender and BSE. The Safeguards reporting and Corrective Measures covers the period from 5 April 2013 to 30 June 2015 consisting of about 38 months of project implementation, consist of 12 months of construction and 26 months of operation.

II. ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MANAGEMENT

A. Preparer of Safeguards reporting and Corrective Measures

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Report date: 30 June 2015

B. Environmental and Social Responsibility

Figure 2 shows an organization structure of Bangchak Solar Energy Company Limited (BSE).

The operation manager, Mr.Worasak who approved this report, is responsible for environmental and social performance as well as safety of the solar energy plant under this Project.

The operation manager is assisted by one operation engineer and two operators that stand by in solar power plant.

The Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) unit reporting to the managing director provides technical advice to all solar energy projects of BSE as well as conducts compliance monitoring.

C. Environmental and Social Management Plan Implementation

Table 3 presents the mitigation measures for the construction period taken from the Initial Environmental Examination (IEE) of the Project. As the Project is environmentally friendly and the construction involved only minor civil works, only few EHS issues were relevant. Consequently, mitigation measures for the Project are few and conventional.

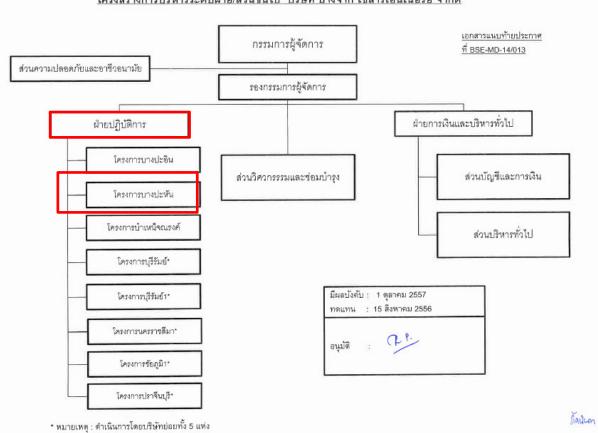
During the construction period, the Engineering Procurement and Construction (EPC) contractor (Solartron Public Company Limited) was responsible for implementing the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) for the construction period as presented in the IEE. The EPC contractor appointed a safety manager, Mr.Nathapon Songsri, to be responsible for implementing the EMP under the supervision of BCP.

During the operation, the operation manager is responsible for the EHS function as indicated above. The current operation manager has been in charge since the commercial operation dates.

In carrying out its environmental and social management, BSE strictly follows the policies of its mother company, BCP. An EHS manual used in BCP was adopted for use by project staff in carrying the EHS functions with some modifications to suit the nature of work of the Project.

This site received Certificated of International Organization of Standardization ISO 14001:2004 (Environment Management) on 13 January 2015, and The Occupational Health and Safety Management System (TIS 18001:2011, OHSAS 18001:2007 on 30 January 2015. We plan to get the Certificated of International Organization of Standardization ISO 9001: (Management System) in end of 2015.

Figure 2-Organization Structure of BSE



<u>โครงสร้างการบริหารระดับฝ่าย/ส่วนขึ้นไป บริษัท บางจาก โซลาร์เอ็นเนอร์ยี จำกัด</u>

Table 3: Mitigation Measures during Project Construction

	Proposed mitigating	Approximate		In situational r	In situational responsibility	
Impacts	measures	location	Time frame	Implementation	Supervision	
Air Quality :						
- No gas emission	-	-	-	-	-	
Noise :						
- Truck and Crane no issue	Not required due to	In project site	During land filling	EPC Contractor	ВСР	
	working in remote area		4 months.	& BCP		
	Machine noise level not	Front main road				
	more than 85 dB(A)					
	at avg. 8 hr.					
Dust :						
- No dust emission	-	-	-	-	-	
Water Quality :						
- No emission	-	-	-	-	-	
Soil Contamination :						
- No waste	-	-	-	-	-	
Solid wastes :						
- No solid wastes	-	-	-	-	-	
Risk and Hazards :						
- No risk or hazard in	-	-	-	-	-	
construction if implemented						
per safety plan						
Occupational Health and						
Safety :						
- Working with truck and	Provide Safety Manual	In project site	land filling and Civil	EPC contractor	BCP	
pilling cranes			work 4 months			
- Building Construction	Provide safety Plan		Building construction			
maximum 2 stored			4 months			
- High voltage work	Supervision and		Commissioning			
	Inspection		1 month			
	Protection gears					
Transportation of equipment	t and construction					
Materials :						
- Falling earths from land	Truck wheels cleaning	Transport routes	During land filling	EPC contractor	BCP	
filling truck	Road cleaning		4 months			

III. COMPLIANCE WITH THE ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL REQUIREMENTS AS SPECIFIED IN THE FACILITY AGREEMENT

A. Compliance with Country Requirements

The Project fully complied with all relevant national EHS requirements during the construction. As the project construction involved minor civil works, EHS issues during construction were limited.

Before the project implementation, the Project conducted public engagement on 11 September 2011. Public participate held on 11 September 2011 as part of the IEE process to inform the public of the scope and nature of construction. The excerpt on the public hearing taken from the IEE is presented below for ready reference.

BSE in collaboration with the Han sang and Tab Nam sub-district Municipality organized a public consultation meeting on11 September 2011. The meeting was participating by 183 persons, excluding 9 BCP staff. The participants consisted of: (i) 19 community leaders from villages located within a 2 km radius of the project site; (ii) 13 representatives of central and local government offices; and (iii) 13 representatives from independent entity. All the participants have no objection to the Project. The villagers and their leaders only enquired about project benefits to the local communities

All permits required for the construction were obtained such as permits for land filling, construction, connection with the public road, groundwater extraction, factory operation, electricity generation, and generation of regulated energy. There were no public complaints and the construction passed all inspections by authorities concerned.

During operations, EHS issues are also limited. The Project has been fully complied with relevant EHS requirements. Table 4 summarizes all national requirements applicable to the Project.

Regulating Agency	Compliance Status
Dept. of Ground water Resources	Complied with
Office of Workers' Welfare and	Complied with the regulations and
protection	manuals used by BCP are adopted
	for the project
Office of Workers' Welfare and	Complied with this task was done by
protection	BCP for all affiliated companies.
Office of Workers' Welfare and	Complied with under the supervision
protection	of BCP
Office of Workers' Welfare and	Complied with
protection	
Office of Workers' Welfare and	Complied with
protection	
Office of Workers' Welfare and	Being carried out Not critical issues
protection	for solar power plants using solar
	panels.
	Dept. of Ground water Resources Office of Workers' Welfare and protection Office of Workers' Welfare and

Table 4-Status of Compliance with National EHS Requirements

B. New or Emerging Environmental Issues

There are no new or emerging environmental issues or pending regulations that could affect environmental performance of project operations. Power plants using PV panels are still considered clean and safe energy in Thailand. Environmental impact assessment is not required for this type of energy projects.

C. Compliance with Safeguards Requirements

ADB's Safeguard Requirements: Environment is the only safeguard requirements relevant to the Project. As the Project generates electricity from solar energy using solar cells, the Project is environmentally friendly. Its construction involved only minor civil works and it has no wastewater and gaseous emissions, the Project's EHS issues are very few. Consequently, mitigation measures and monitoring activities for the Project are minimal. The Project fully complies with safeguard requirements applicable to the Project. Table 5 is the Environmental Monitoring Plan for the Project. During the construction, the EPC contractor implemented all necessary measures to mitigate environmental impacts, albeit their small magnitudes. No significant impacts were found during the construction period. This situation would be expected because the construction was minor civil works.

Issues	Project	Parameters	Standard	Location	Frequency	Institutional responsibility	
issues	stage	Farameters	Stanuaru	Location	Frequency	Implementation	Supervision
Noise	Construction	Noise levels	National/World	- Project site	3 times total	EPC Contractor	BCP
		in dB(A)	Bank/IFC	- Front main		& BCP	
			standards	road			
Other issue	Construction	e.g. As	e.g. As	Project site	Monthly	EPC Contractor	BCP
related to		specified in	specified in				
physical		contractors'	contractors'				
works		plan	plan				
Occupational	Construction	e.g. As	Applicable	Project site	Weekly	EPC Contractor	BCP
Health and		specified in	standard				
safety		Occupation					
		Health and					
		Safety					
		(OHS) plan					
	Operation	e.g. As	Applicable	Project site	Weekly	EPC Contractor	BCP
		specified in	standard				
		OHS plan					

			.	
Table 5 Environmental	Monitoring Plan	for BSE Solar Powe	er Project	(Construction Phase)

During operation phase, we monitor the environment parameter follow as the Environment Monitoring Plan for the operation phase (table 6). We implemented all necessary measures to mitigate environmental impacts, albeit their small magnitudes. No significant impacts were found during the construction period

Monitoring Parameter	venue	Frequency	Responsibility
Monitoring Parameters of wash PV panel - pH - Temperature - Total Suspended Solid - BOD - COD	Concrete tank for water storage (Pond in project area)	Monthly	BSE
Surface water quality - pH - Temperature - Total Suspended Solid - BOD - COD - DO	Canal (Nearby South of project area)	Monthly	BSE
Transportation Record the car in project area for use in planning and traffic safety.	Project area	Daily	BSE
Medical check up	New staff	Before working on the project	BSE coordinate with local care unit in the community
Annual medical checkup	All staffs	Annually	BSE coordinate with local care unit in the community
Record the accidents clearly such as cause, effect, loss and corrective action.	Project are	Every time an accident	BSE

Table 6 Environmental Monitoring Plan for BSE Solar Power Project (Operation Phase)

IV. SUMMARY OF SAFETY PERFORMANCE AND ANY CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

A. Worker's Health and Occupational Safety

During the construction, the Project strictly supervised the EPC contractor in implementing all measures to ensure health and occupational safety of workers. All construction workers had received training on the process for safety and occupation health management in the construction. The workers were provided with protective equipment such as safety helmets and boots. Consequently, throughout the construction period, including the rehabilitation period, there were no major construction accidents which caused the work stoppage or damages to properties.

By its nature, operations in a solar energy plant using PV panels are clean and safe. Nevertheless, the Project strictly enforces all relevant ESH rules in operations. To date, the Project has no major accidents related to the power plant operations.

B. Accidents, Fires and Other Emergencies

There have been no accidents, fires and other emergencies related to the project construction and operations. The company installed fire protection system as smoke detector, push button and alarm unit at the control building (RMU, SWG and Server room), Service building at the Pump room and generator building. For the fire fighter, The Company install the fire extinguisher type CO₂ at all of inverter building, control room, SWG, RMU, Guard house and Generator room. The company setup fire drill plant for emergency case which will be exercise yearly. Basic fire fight training was trained on 18 June 2014.

V. SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES AND COMMUNITY RELATIONS

Since its operation, the Project has participated in events organized by the nearby communities and has launched some community development activities, such as

Year 2013,

- Offering robes and to Buddhist monks at Wat Pho thong (August 2013)
- The ceremony of the presenting yellow to the Buddhist monks at the end of the Buddhist at Wat Pho thong (November 2013)
- Plant visited by Wat Pho thong School (January 2013)

Year 2014,

- Children day gift (January 2014)
- To dredge the Cannel In front of the Project Area (August 2014)
- Luncheon orphans at Wat Bang Pheung School
- Take the 50 students from Wat Bang Pheung School to site Visit in Sunny Bangchak (Bangchak Renewable Energy Learning Center)

Year 2015,

- Children day gift for Hunsang Sub district (January 2015)
- CSR Activities