

Project Number: 44926

August 2010

REG: Clean Energy Funds

An initial poverty and social assessment (IPSA) is prepared in the early stage of the project cycle to assess the significance of social issues for a project. In accordance with ADB's public communications policy (PCP, 2005), the IPSA is disclosed upon completion. The final summary social assessment is included as an appendix to the project's report and recommendation of the President.



Project Number: 44926

August 2010

Clean Resources Asia Growth Fund (CRAG Fund)

An initial poverty and social assessment (IPSA) is prepared in the early stage of the project cycle to assess the significance of social issues for a project. In accordance with ADB's public communications policy (PCP, 2005), the IPSA is disclosed upon completion. The final summary social assessment is included as an appendix to the project's report and recommendation of the President.

INITIAL POVERTY AND SOCIAL ANALYSIS

~				
Country/Project Title: REG: Clean Energy Funds - Clean Resources Asia Growth Fund (CRAG Fund)				
Lending/Financing Modality:	Financial Intermediary	Department/ Division:	PSOD/PSCM	
	I. POVERTY ISSUES			
A. Linkages to the	National Poverty Reduction Strategy and Country P	artnership Strate	egy ³	
1. Based on the country poverty assessment, the country partnership strategy and the sector analysis describe how the project would directly or indirectly contribute to poverty reduction and how it is linked to the poverty reduction strategy of the partner country.				
The Fund is intended to make private equity investments in clean energy projects and companies in ADB's DMCs. The Fund is aligned with ADB's Strategy 2020, which seeks to reduce poverty and improve living conditions and quality of life in part by scaling up private sector development and supporting environmentally sustainable development, particularly with respect to projects that aim to reduce carbon dioxide emissions and that address climate change.				
As regards country strategies, the investments are broadly aligned with the various countries to be targeted by the Fund, including PRC, India, and the Philippines. In PRC, the need to improve energy efficiency and redefine its energy mix towards a more environmentally friendly combination is highly recognized by the government. In India, the need to carry out energy infrastructure projects to meet the power requirements of the next decade is being given significant emphasis, and in the Philippines, targets have been set towards achieving reliable and affordable electricity supply. B. Targeting Classification				
1. Select the targeting	classification of the project:	(TLC): □Non Inc	nome MDCs (TLM1, M2, etc.)	
	ntion ☐ Individual or Household (TI-H); ☐Geographic or the targeting classification:	(TI-G);	come MDGs (11-M1, M2, etc.)	
The Fund will invest in	n: (i) proven clean technologies for application in Asiai			
	n resource technologies; and (iii) high-growth clean tec tion capacities. By investing in pollution and waste			
	ply chain investments, the Fund is expected to contribu			
to improved public he	ealth in the localities where investments will be made.			
opportunities for employment.				
C. Poverty Analysis 1. If the project is class	s ssified as TI-H, or if it is policy-based, what type of pove	rty impact analys	is is needed? N/A	
	e allocated in the PPTA/due diligence? N/A	,, .		
3. If GI, is there any opportunity for pro-poor design (e.g., social inclusion subcomponents, cross subsidy, pro-poor governance, and pro-poor growth)? The individual investments being covered by the Fund will spur economic development and contribute to mitigating the impact of climate change, which is often disproportionately felt by the poor.				
II. SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT ISSUES				
A. Initial Social Analysis				
Based on existing ir	nformation:			
1. Who are the potential primary beneficiaries of the project? How do the poor and the socially excluded benefit from the				
project? The impact of the Fund and its individual investments will benefit a broad spectrum of beneficiaries, as developmental impacts are primarily sustainable energy security and economic development. Locally, where individual				
investments (may) trigger construction, jobs generated will have an impact on the local community.				
2. What are the potential needs of beneficiaries in relation to the proposed project? None. 3. What are the potential constraints in accessing the proposed benefits and services, and how will the project address them?				
None.				
B. Consultation and Participation				
1. Indicate the potential initial stakeholders.				
Potential initial stakeholders include energy sector players in selected DMCs, government units, and local communities, which will host the projects in which the Fund will invest.				
2. What type of consultation and participation (C&P) is required during the PPTA or project processing? The consultation and				
	ill be governed by the Environment and Social Manager	ment System that	will be adopted by the Fund.	
3. What level of participation is envisaged for project design? ☑ Information sharing ☑ Consultation ☐ Collaborative decision making ☐ Empowerment ⁷				
4. Will a C&P plan be prepared? Yes No Please explain. Consultation and participation activities for future investments will be outlined in the relevant project documents as guided by the Fund's ESMS.				

C. Gender and Development1. What are the key gender issues in the sector/subsector that are likely to be relevant to this project/program?			
The project is an investment in a private equity fund. Specific renewable energy projects will be identified after Board approval. Gender issues will be identified as part of the social assessment to be undertaken for each investment to be			
financed by the Fund.	·		
			nd/or women's empowerment by
	nder benefits are expected.	☐ No Please explain.	participation in decision making?
3. Could the proposed projec	t have an adverse impact on v	women and/or girls or to widen ge	nder inequality?
☐ Yes ☐ No Please	explain The project is expe	ected to contribute to reduced gree	enhouse gas emissions leading to
			nally care for the family especially
income earning or learning of		lesses may decrease and therei	fore giving women more time for
		DISSUES AND OTHER SOCIAL	RISKS
Issue	Nature of Social Issue	Significant/Limited/	Plan or Other Action
		No Impact/Not Known	Required ¹³
Involuntary Resettlement	The Fund may finance	Not Known	Resettlement Plan
	future investments that involve land acquisition		☐ Resettlement Framework ☐ ESMS
	and resettlement.		Uncertain
	The Fund may finance	Not known	☐ Indigenous Peoples Plan
Indigenous Peoples	future investments that		☐ Indigenous Peoples Framework
	involve impact to indigenous peoples		Framework ESMS
	margarioda pospisa		Uncertain
Labor	The Fund may finance	Limited. Priority given to	Plan
Employment Opportunities	construction and related	qualified and skilled workers/	Other Action
Opportunities Labor Retrenchment	project operations that will provide employment	employees in localities where clean energy projects will be	☐ No Action☐ Uncertain
☐ Core Labor Standards	opportunities to qualified	developed.	- Cricortain
_	local populations		
The Fund Manager will require			
		its investees to follow internationally recognized	
labor practices consistent with			
	,	national labor laws and	
Affordability	Tariffs are often set by the	regulations. No impacts	Action
Alloruability	relevant government	No impacts	No Action
	agency regarding which		Uncertain
	the Fund Manager may		
	have limited or no influence.		
Other Risks and/or	None	No impacts	☐ Plan
Vulnerabilities			Other Action
HIV/AIDS			⊠ No Action
☐ Human Trafficking ☐ Others			☐ Uncertain
IV. PPTA/DUE DILIGENCE RESOURCE REQUIREMENT			
1. Do the TOR for the PPTA (or other due diligence) include poverty, social and gender analysis and the relevant specialist/s?			
☑ Yes ☐ No If no, please explain why.			
2. Are resources (consultants, survey budget, and workshop) allocated for conducting poverty, social and/or gender analysis,			
and C&P during the PPTA/due diligence? Yes No If no, please explain why. Qualified ADB staff will assess			
the potential environmental and social risks associated with the Fund's expected portfolio and sectors of investment, review the fund manager's system, capacity and track record to manage such E&S risks and ensure that the Fund Manager will			
adopt an ESMS satisfactory to ADR			



Project Number: 44926

August 2010

BTS India Clean Energy Fund (BTS Fund)

An initial poverty and social assessment (IPSA) is prepared in the early stage of the project cycle to assess the significance of social issues for a project. In accordance with ADB's public communications policy (PCP, 2005), the IPSA is disclosed upon completion. The final summary social assessment is included as an appendix to the project's report and recommendation of the President.

INITIAL POVERTY AND SOCIAL ANALYSIS

Country/Project Title: BTS India Clean Energy Fund (BTS Fund)			
Lending/Financing Modality:	Financial Intermediary	Department/ Division:	PSOD/PSCM
	I. POVERTY ISSUES		
A. Linkages to the	National Poverty Reduction Strategy and Country Pa	rtnership Strate	egy
1. Based on the country poverty assessment, the country partnership strategy and the sector analysis describe how the project would directly or indirectly contribute to poverty reduction and how it is linked to the poverty reduction strategy of the partner country. The Fund is intended to make private equity investment in clean energy projects and companies in ADB's DMCs. The Fund is aligned with ADB's Strategy 2020, which seeks to reduce poverty and improve living conditions and quality of life in part by scaling up private sector development and supporting environmentally sustainable development, particularly with respect to projects that aim to reduce carbon dioxide emissions and that address climate change.			
The investment is broadly aligned with India's country strategy, in which the need to carry out energy infrastructure projects to meet the power requirements of the next decade is being given significant emphasis.			
B. Targeting Class			
 Select the targeting classification of the project: ☐ General Intervention ☐ Individual or Household (TI-H); ☐ Geographic (TI-G); ☐ Non-Income MDGs (TI-M1, M2, etc.) Explain the basis for the targeting classification: The Fund will invest in renewable energy generation projects, such as wind, biomass, and small hydro projects, and to support growth of SMEs engaged in energy efficiency and allied manufacturing and services for the renewable energy sectors. By promoting efficient energy generation, the Fund is expected to contribute to reduced greenhouse gas emissions leading to improved public health in the localities where investments will be made. Future investments are also expected to create opportunities for employment. 			
	•		
C. Poverty Analysis 1. If the project is clas 2. What resources are 3. If GI, is there any or	sified as TI-H, or if it is policy-based, what type of pover allocated in the PPTA/due diligence? N/A pportunity for pro-poor design? The individual investmer ent and contribute to mitigating the impact of climate characters.	nts being covere	d by the Fund will spur
C. Poverty Analysis If the project is clas What resources are If GI, is there any of economic developments poor.	sified as TI-H, or if it is policy-based, what type of pover a allocated in the PPTA/due diligence? N/A pportunity for pro-poor design? The individual investment and contribute to mitigating the impact of climate characteristics. II. SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT ISS	nts being covere ange, which is o	d by the Fund will spur
C. Poverty Analysis 1. If the project is clas 2. What resources are 3. If GI, is there any of economic developments	sified as TI-H, or if it is policy-based, what type of pover a allocated in the PPTA/due diligence? N/A pportunity for pro-poor design? The individual investment and contribute to mitigating the impact of climate characteristics. II. SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT ISS	nts being covere ange, which is o	d by the Fund will spur
 C. Poverty Analysis 1. If the project is clas 2. What resources are 3. If GI, is there any of economic development poor. A. Initial Social Analy Based on existing in 1. Who are the potent project? The impact developmental impainvestments (may) tr 2. What are the potentining 3. What are the potentining 4. What are the potentining 5. What are the potentining 6. What are the potentining 7. What are the potentining 	sified as TI-H, or if it is policy-based, what type of pover a allocated in the PPTA/due diligence? N/A poportunity for pro-poor design? The individual investment and contribute to mitigating the impact of climate characteristics. II. SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT ISS ysis formation: ial primary beneficiaries of the project? How do the pot of the Fund and its individual investments will be acts are primarily sustainable energy security and excipager construction, jobs generated will have an impact of all needs of beneficiaries in relation to the proposed project constraints in accessing the proposed benefits and second constraints in accessing the proposed benefits and second constraints.	nts being covered ange, which is of the solution of the soluti	d by the Fund will spur ften disproportionately felt by the cially excluded benefit from the spectrum of beneficiaries, as ment. Locally, where individual munity.
 C. Poverty Analysis 1. If the project is clas 2. What resources are 3. If GI, is there any of economic development poor. A. Initial Social Analy Based on existing in 1. Who are the potent project? The impact developmental impainvestments (may) tr 2. What are the potenti 3. What are the potenti 	sified as TI-H, or if it is policy-based, what type of pover a allocated in the PPTA/due diligence? N/A poportunity for pro-poor design? The individual investment and contribute to mitigating the impact of climate characteristics. II. SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT ISS ysis formation: ial primary beneficiaries of the project? How do the pot of the Fund and its individual investments will be acts are primarily sustainable energy security and excipager construction, jobs generated will have an impact of all needs of beneficiaries in relation to the proposed project constraints in accessing the proposed benefits and second constraints in accessing the proposed benefits and second constraints.	nts being covered ange, which is of the solution of the soluti	d by the Fund will spur ften disproportionately felt by the cially excluded benefit from the spectrum of beneficiaries, as ment. Locally, where individual munity.
C. Poverty Analysis 1. If the project is clas 2. What resources are 3. If GI, is there any of economic developments poor. A. Initial Social Analy Based on existing in 1. Who are the potentic project? The impact developmental impact investments (may) tr 2. What are the potentic None. B. Consultation and 1. Indicate the potential Potential initial stake which will host the p 2. What type of consult participation aspect will	sified as TI-H, or if it is policy-based, what type of pover allocated in the PPTA/due diligence? N/A poportunity for pro-poor design? The individual investment and contribute to mitigating the impact of climate characteristics. II. SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT ISS ysis formation: ial primary beneficiaries of the project? How do the pact of the Fund and its individual investments will be acts are primarily sustainable energy security and expringed construction, jobs generated will have an impact of all needs of beneficiaries in relation to the proposed project constraints in accessing the proposed benefits and security participation	nts being covered ange, which is of the solution of the local complete. None, ervices, and how the solution of	d by the Fund will spur fren disproportionately felt by the cially excluded benefit from the spectrum of beneficiaries, as ment. Locally, where individual munity. If will the project address them? Int units, and local communities, rocessing? The consultation and

C. Gender and Development
1. What are the key gender issues in the sector/subsector that are likely to be relevant to this project/program?
The project is an investment in a private equity fund. Specific renewable energy projects will be identified after Board

approval. Gender issues will be identified as part of the social assessment to be undertaken for each investment to be financed by the Fund.			
2. Does the proposed project/program have the potential to promote gender equality and/or women's empowerment by improving women's access to and use of opportunities, services, resources, assets, and participation in decision making? Yes Some indirect gender benefits are expected. No Please explain.			
3. Could the proposed project have an adverse impact on women and/or girls or to widen gender inequality? Yes No Please explain The project is expected to contribute to reduced greenhouse gas emissions leading to improved public health in the localities where investments will be made. As women traditionally care for the family especially the sick, with an improved environment, incidence of illnesses may decrease and therefore giving women more time for income earning or learning opportunities.			
		ISSUES AND OTHER SOCIAL	
Issue	Nature of Social Issue	Significant/Limited/ No Impact/Not Known	Plan or Other Action Required
Involuntary Resettlement	The Fund may finance future investments that may involve land acquisition and resettlement.	Not Known	☐ Resettlement Plan ☐ Resettlement Framework ☑ ESMS ☐ Uncertain
Indigenous Peoples	The Fund may finance future investments that may involve impact to Indigenous Peoples	Not known	☐ Indigenous Peoples Plan☐ Indigenous Peoples Framework☐ ESMS☐ Uncertain
Labor ⊠ Employment Opportunities □ Labor Retrenchment ⊠ Core Labor Standards	The Fund may finance construction and related project operations that will provide employment opportunities to qualified local populations.	Limited. Priority given to qualified and skilled workers/ employees in localities where clean energy projects will be developed. The Fund Manager will require its investees to follow internationally recognized labor practices consistent with national labor laws and regulations.	☐ Plan ☑ Other Action ☐ No Action ☐ Uncertain
Affordability	Tariffs are often set by the relevant government agency to which the Fund Manager may have limited or no influence.	No impacts	☐ Action ☐ No Action ☐ Uncertain
Other Risks and/or Vulnerabilities HIV/AIDS Human Trafficking Others	None	No impacts	☐ Plan ☐ Other Action ☑ No Action ☐ Uncertain
IV. PPTA/DUE DILIGENCE RESOURCE REQUIREMENT			
 Do the TOR for the PPTA (or other due diligence) include poverty, social and gender analysis and the relevant specialist/s?			
 Are resources (consultants, survey budget, and workshop) allocated for conducting poverty, social and/or gender analysis, and C&P during the PPTA/due diligence? Yes No If no, please explain why. Qualified ADB staff will assess the potential environmental and social risks associated with the Fund's expected portfolio and sectors of investment, review the fund manager's system, capacity and track record to manage such E&S risks and ensure that the Fund Manager will adopt an ESMS satisfactory to ADB. 			



Project Number: 44926

August 2010

Renewable Energy Asia Fund (REA Fund)

An initial poverty and social assessment (IPSA) is prepared in the early stage of the project cycle to assess the significance of social issues for a project. In accordance with ADB's public communications policy (PCP, 2005), the IPSA is disclosed upon completion. The final summary social assessment is included as an appendix to the project's report and recommendation of the President.

INITIAL POVERTY AND SOCIAL ANALYSIS

Country/Project Title:	Renewable Energy Asia Fund (REA Fund)		
Lending/Financing Modality:	Financial Intermediary	Department/ Division:	PSOD/PSCM
	I. POVERTY ISSUES		
A. Linkages to the	National Poverty Reduction Strategy and Country P	artnership Strate	eqv ³
1. Based on the country poverty assessment, the country partnership strategy and the sector analysis describe how the project would directly or indirectly contribute to poverty reduction and how it is linked to the poverty reduction strategy of the partner country. The Fund is intended to make private equity investment in clean energy projects and companies in ADB' sDMCs. The Fund is aligned with ADB's Strategy 2020, which seeks to reduce poverty and improve living conditions and quality of life in part by scaling up private sector development and supporting environmentally sustainable development, particularly with respect to projects that aim to reduce carbon dioxide emissions and that address climate change.			
As regards country strategies, the investments are broadly aligned with the various countries to be targeted by the Fund, including, specifically, India and the Philippines. In India, the need to carry out energy infrastructure projects to meet the power requirement of the next decade is being given significant emphasis, and in the Philippines, targets have been set towards achieving reliable and affordable electricity supply.			
B. Targeting Class	sification		
□ General Interver	classification of the project: htion ☐ Individual or Household (TI-H); ☐Geographic ((TI-G);	ome MDGs (TI-M1, M2, etc.)
2. Explain the basis for the targeting classification: The Fund will invest in development stage (post-permitting, pre-construction) renewable energy projects/project developers using proven technologies in, primarily, India and the Philippines, generating project revenue through green electricity, carbon credits, and/or energy by-products. By investing in these areas the Fund is expected to contribute to reduced greenhouse gas emissions leading to improved public health in the localities where investments will be made. Future investments are also expected to create opportunities for employment.			
C. Poverty Analysis			
 If the project is classified as TI-H, or if it is policy-based, what type of poverty impact analysis is needed? N/A What resources are allocated in the PPTA/due diligence? N/A If GI, is there any opportunity for pro-poor design? The individual investments being covered by the Fund will spur economic development and contribute to mitigating the impact of climate change, which is often disproportionately felt by the poor. 			
II. SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT ISSUES			
A. Initial Social Anal	lysis		
Based on existing information: 1. Who are the potential primary beneficiaries of the project? How do the poor and the socially excluded benefit from the project? The impact of the Fund and its individual investments will benefit a broad spectrum of beneficiaries, as developmental impacts are primarily sustainable energy security and economic development. Locally, where individual investments (may) trigger construction, job generated will have an impact on the local community. 2. What are the potential needs of beneficiaries in relation to the proposed project? None. 3. What are the potential constraints in accessing the proposed benefits and services, and how will the project address them? None.			
B. Consultation and	Participation		
 Indicate the potential initial stakeholders. Potential initial stakeholders include energy sector players in selected DMCs, government units, and local communities, which will host the projects in which the Fund will invest. What type of consultation and participation (C&P) is required during the PPTA or project processing? The consultation and participation aspect will be governed by the Environment and Social Management System that will be adopted by the Fund. 			
 3. What level of participation is envisaged for project design?			

 What are the key gender issues in the sector/subsector that are likely to be relevant to this project/program? The project is an investment in a private equity fund. Specific renewable energy projects will be identified after Board approval. Gender issues will be identified as part of the social assessment to be undertaken for each investment to be financed by the Fund. Does the proposed project/program have the potential to promote gender equality and/or women's empowerment by improving women's access to and use of opportunities, services, resources, assets, and participation in decision making? Yes Some indirect gender benefits are expected. No Please explain.			
3. Could the proposed project have an adverse impact on women and/or girls or to widen gender inequality? Yes No Please explain The project is expected to contribute to reduced greenhouse gas emissions leading to improved public health in the localities where investments will be made. As women traditionally care for the family especially the sick, with an improved environment, incidence of illnesses may decrease and therefore giving women more time for income earning or learning opportunities.			
	III. SOCIAL SAFEGUARE	ISSUES AND OTHER SOCIAL	RISKS
Issue	Nature of Social Issue	Significant/Limited/ No Impact/Not Known	Plan or Other Action Required
Involuntary Resettlement	The Fund may finance future investments that may involve land acquisition and resettlement.	Not Known	☐ Resettlement Plan ☐ Resettlement Framework ☑ ESMS ☐ Uncertain
Indigenous Peoples	The Fund may finance future investments that may involve impact to Indigenous Peoples	Not known	☐ Indigenous Peoples Plan☐ Indigenous Peoples☐ Framework☐ ESMS☐ Uncertain☐
Labor ☑ Employment Opportunities ☐ Labor Retrenchment ☑ Core Labor Standards	The Fund may finance construction and related project operations that will provide employment opportunities to qualified local populations.	Limited. Priority given to qualified and skilled workers/ employees in localities where clean energy projects will be developed. The Fund Manager will require its investees to follow internationally recognized labor practices consistent with national labor laws and regulations.	☐ Plan ☐ Other Action ☐ No Action ☐ Uncertain
Affordability	Tariffs are often set by the relevant government agency to which the Fund Manager may have limited or no influence.	No impacts	☐ Action ☐ No Action ☐ Uncertain
Other Risks and/or Vulnerabilities HIV/AIDS Human Trafficking Others	None	No impacts	☐ Plan ☐ Other Action ☑ No Action ☐ Uncertain
IV. PPTA/DUE DILIGENCE RESOURCE REQUIREMENT			
 Do the TOR for the PPTA (or other due diligence) include poverty, social and gender analysis and the relevant specialist/s? Yes □ No If no, please explain why. 			
2. Are resources (consultants, survey budget, and workshop) allocated for conducting poverty, social and/or gender analysis, and C&P during the PPTA/due diligence? Yes No If no, please explain why. Qualified ADB staff will assess the potential environmental and social risks associated with the Fund's expected portfolio and sectors of investment, review the fund manager's system, capacity and track record to manage such E&S risks and ensure that the Fund Manager will adopt an ESMS satisfactory to ADB			