

# Initial Poverty and Social Analysis

March 2018

PRC: Multimodal Passenger Hub and Railway Maintenance Project

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Asian Development Bank

## **CURRENCY EQUIVALENTS**

(as of 13 February 2018)

Currency unit – yuan (CNY)

CNY1.00 = \$0.1578 \$1.00 = CNY6.3346

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

ADB – Asian Development Bank PRC – People's Republic of China

TA – technical assistance

## NOTE

In this report, "\$" refers to US dollars.

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# **INITIAL POVERTY AND SOCIAL ANALYSIS**

Country:	People's Republic of China (PRC)	Project Title:	Multimodal Passenger Hub and Railway Maintenance Project	
Lending/Financing Modality:	Project Loan	Department/ Division:	East Asia Department (EARD) / Transport Division (EATC)	
I. POVERTY IMPACT AND SOCIAL DIMENSIONS				
The proposed projection Development Bank's which seeks to help sector contributes services and by progections, especially 'Western Development 11.9% of its popular net income of CNY policy including red procure advanced i	s (ADB) country partnership strate the PRC develop more efficient, to poverty reduction through immoting trade and stimulating ecoin the western part of the county tent Policy'. According to official tion, or over 88,500 people, living 2,736, or \$415). Proposed projucing regional development imb	rnment's Thirte tegy for the Peo, safe, green an proved access nomic developr. As a poverty a data of the Lig below the natiect is consister alances. The ppment ensuring	tenth Five-Year Plan (2016–2020) and Asian ople's Republic of China (PRC) for 2016–2020, d sustainable transport systems. The transport to markets, employment opportunities, social ment. In the PRC, majority of poor live in inland alleviation measure, the PRC has implemented angshan government in 2016, Liangshan had ional poverty line (defined as annual per capita it with PRC's pro-poor economic development roject will provide a multimodal transport hub, a safe and reliable rail transport and to support	
B. Targeting Classification:  General Intervention Individual or Household (TI-H) Geographic (TI-G) Non-Income MDGs (TI-M1, M2, etc.)  Within the larger railway line development project between Chengdu and Kunming, ADB's financing will support the construction of one large railway station, Xichang West Station Multimodal Hub, and the acquisition of railway maintenance equipment. The project will directly contribute to poverty reduction by providing employment during construction and operation of the multimodal hub. Indirect contributions to poverty reduction will come from generating economic and employment opportunities through an environment-friendly and energy efficient transport system. The project will indirectly contribute to poverty reduction by (i) integrating the area with the wider network of trade and commerce; (ii) creating better accessibility for tourism; and (iii) facilitating overall economic development of the region.				
C. Poverty and Social Analysis				
Key issues and potential beneficiaries.				
The causes of poverty include (i) low profits from local products due to lack of market access and local processing of agricultural products; (ii) lack of local non-farm employment opportunities; (iii) insufficient health care expenses; (iv) vulnerability to fragile ecosystem; and (v) lack of access to credit and other social services. The proposed project will improve safety of higher speed railway operations that provide access to regional markets, thereby increasing profit margins and raising rural incomes.				
2. Impact channels and expected systemic changes.  The project has the potential to benefit people in the project area through: (i) employment during project construction and operation; (ii) improved safe access to markets, transport and other services through the larger railway line development; and (iii) integration of the project area with the regional trade and commerce.				
	esources allocated in) the TA or or all assess the direct and indirect		of the project.	
II. GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT				
Women will be equ	ual beneficiaries of the project.	Increased job	likely to be relevant to this project or program? opportunities created during construction and in Increase in female participation in the labor	

market through improved mobility increases women's net income and savings, improves overall family welfare, and helps improve women's status. The design of the multimodal hub will further include special facilities for women, like

reserved seating areas and child care facilities, thus improving the usability for women.

2. Does the proposed project or program have the potential to contribute to the promotion of gender equity and/or empowerment of women by providing women's access to and use of opportunities, services, resources, assets, and participation in decision making?  Yes  No Women and other vulnerable groups benefit from railway development and development of integrated transport solutions. Railway development helps local economies grow, which generates demand for additional employment opportunities for men and women and increases worker productivity and wages. The transportation sector in the PRC provides an exceptionally high percentage of employment opportunities to women; the project will bring the opportunity to replicate this in the project area.			
3. Could the proposed project have an adverse impact on women and/or girls or widen gender inequality? ☐ Yes ☑ No			
4. Indicate the intended gender mainstreaming category:  GEN (gender equity theme)  EGM (effective gender mainstreaming)  SGE (some gender elements)  NGE (no gender elements)			
III. PARTICIPATION AND EMPOWERMENT			
1. Who are the main stakeholders of the project, including beneficiaries and negatively affected people? Identify how they will participate in the project design.			
The main stakeholders include (i) local governments and their line agencies; (ii) CRC; (iii) CKRC; (iv) ADB; (v) Liangshan Yi Autonomous Prefecture Government; and (vi) passengers who will benefit from the new multimodal hub in Xichang. The project will as well positively impact the larger local transport network and all railway and local transportation users will benefit. Hence, there is no participation strategy necessary.			
2. How can the project contribute (in a systemic way) to engaging and empowering stakeholders and beneficiaries, particularly, the poor, vulnerable and excluded groups? What issues in the project design require participation of the poor and excluded?  As noted above, all users will benefit equally from a new multimodal hub in Xichang, allowing them to access markets and benefit from effects on tourism. The design does not preclude poor from participating in sharing the benefits associated with the new multimodal hub in Xichang or services and job opportunities offered by the project railway line.			
3. What are the key, active, and relevant civil society organizations in the project area? What is the level of civil society organization participation in the project design?  ☑ Information generation and sharing (M) ☑ Consultation (L) ☐ Collaboration ☐ Partnership			
4. Are there issues during project design for which participation of the poor and excluded is important? What are they and how shall they be addressed? $\square$ Yes $\square$ No			
IV. SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS			
A. Involuntary Resettlement Category A B C FI			
<ol> <li>Does the project have the potential to involve involuntary land acquisition resulting in physical and economic displacement? Yes No</li> <li>Output 1, the construction of Xichang West Station will involve involuntary land acquisition. The procurement of railway maintenance equipment will not cause any corresponding impacts.</li> <li>What action plan is required to address involuntary resettlement as part of the TA or due diligence process?</li> </ol>			
Resettlement plan Resettlement framework Social impact matrix  Environmental and social management system arrangement None			
B. Indigenous Peoples Category A B C FI			
1. Does the proposed project have the potential to directly or indirectly affect the dignity, human rights, livelihood systems, or culture of indigenous peoples? Yes No The minority population in the project area is 10% of the total population (beneficiaries), mainly Yi ethnic minority community.			
2. Does it affect the territories or natural and cultural resources indigenous peoples own, use, occupy, or claim, as their ancestral domain?    Yes    No			
3. Will the project require broad community support of affected indigenous communities? $\square$ Yes $\boxtimes$ No .			

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4. What action plan is required to address risks to indigenous peoples as part of the TA or due diligence process?				
☐ Indigenous peoples plan ☐ Indigenous peoples planning framework ☐ Social Impact matrix				
☐ Environmental and social management system arrangement ☐ None				
V. OTHER SOCIAL ISSUES AND RISKS				
What other social issues and risks should be considered in the project design?				
☐ Creating decent jobs and employment (L) ☐ Adhering to core labor standards (M) ☐ Labor retrenchment				
Spread of communicable diseases, including HIV/AIDS (M)  Increase in human trafficking  Affordability				
☐ Increase in unplanned migration ☐ Increase in vulnerability to natural disasters ☐ Creating political instability				
☐ Creating internal social conflicts ☐ Others, please specify				
2. How are these additional social issues and risks going to be addressed in the project design?  Training and information campaigns will provide skills development and create awareness for labor standards and prevention of communicable diseases.				
VI. TA OR DUE DILIGENCE RESOURCE REQUIREMENT				
1. Do the terms of reference for the TA (or other due diligence) contain key information needed to be gathered during TA or due diligence process to better analyze (i) poverty and social impact; (ii) gender impact, (iii) participation dimensions; (iv) social safeguards; and (vi) other social risks. Are the relevant specialists identified?  Yes  No All the above will be assessed and confirmed.				
<ol> <li>What resources (e.g., consultants, survey budget, and workshop) are allocated for conducting poverty, social and/or gender analysis, and participation plan during the TA or due diligence?</li> </ol>				
The TA will engage an international specialist for resettlement and social analysis for 1.5 person-months and a national social development specialist (1 person-month) to undertake poverty and social analysis to prepare a Poverty and Social Analysis Report.				