RISK ASSESSMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN

This summary risk assessment follows the requirements of the Second Governance and Anticorruption Action Plan and related guidelines of the Asian Development Bank (ADB). The assessment notes the governance reforms that have successfully been started by the Good Governance and Anti-Corruption Cabinet Cluster, notably in public financial management (PFM), results-based budgeting, improved leadership of accountability institutions, and transparency of government transactions to combat graft and corruption. Despite the recent progress, governance risks remain high. The individual risks (summarized below) have all been assessed as "high"; the listed mitigation measures highlight ADB's involvement. ADB-supported risk mitigation measures will focus on the following priorities: (i) results-based budgeting, in particular identification of results-monitoring systems for all national government agencies for the 2014 general appropriations act and the establishment of data management systems to monitor the indicators; (ii) CSO initiatives related to mitigating PFM and procurement risks at the local government level; (iii) piloting innovations introduced under the PFM reform map in ADBsupported loans, i.e., monitoring of road construction and procurement by CSOs; and (iv) analytical work in procurement, such as leading the Country Procurement Assessment Report and reviewing CSO engagement in procurement.

Risk Description	Risk Assessment	Mitigation Measures or Risk Management Plan
Public Financial Management		
Wavering commitment to reform the system of intergovernmental fiscal relations	Medium	An ADB TA will finance the Government-led review of the Local government Code, a participatory exercise that will include all local and national stakeholders.
Lack of legislative oversight for budget execution	High	Mitigation measures are included in the government's PFM reform map. ADB will continue to provide technical assistance support to the DBM from August 2013 to April 2014 to analyze the performance of agencies in delivering outputs and increasing the effectiveness of government expenditures for results-based budgeting purposes.
Limited budget credibility	Medium	Mitigation measures are included in the PFM reform map. ADB will closely monitor development through participation in the Philippine Development Forum sub- working group on PFM.
Weak controls for payrolls and non-salary expenditures and low effectiveness of internal audit	High	A number of measures are being implemented under the PFM reform map. Support will be provided to the Department of Public Works and Highways to strengthen its internal audit function beginning in August 2013.
Low quality and timeliness of in-year budget reports and	Low	Assistance granted under the PFM reform map. ADB will closely monitor developments and assess support needs that may arise, i.e. piloting reforms in selected agencies

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ADB. 2006. Second Governance and Anticorruption Action Plan (GACAP II). Manila; ADB. 2011. Revised Guidelines for Implementing ADB's Second Governance and Anticorruption Action Plan (GACAP II). Manila. This assessment draws on ADB. 2013. Country Governance Risk Assessment and Management Plan: Philippines (forthcoming). Other important sources include: World Bank. 2010. Public Expenditure and Financial Accountability (PEFA). Report No. 54584-PH, May; Australian Aid. 2012. Assessment of National Systems, Philippines: Analysis of Strengths, Weaknesses and Risks Associated with using the Public Financial Management Systems of the Government of the Philippines. Manila. October. Government of the Philippines, the World Bank, the Asian Development Bank. 2013 (forthcoming). Philippines. Country Procurement Assessment Report. Manila.

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Risk Description	Risk Assessment	Mitigation Measures or Risk Management Plan
evaluate		implementation of accountability provisions under the
performance is not		procurement law.
yet fully in place		
Corruption		
Inefficient coordination mechanisms and lack of investigation, prosecution, and enforcement capacity. The organizational capacity of the Office of the Ombudsman to efficiently perform its investigative and prosecutorial functions is limited, and an overall justice sector policy is lacking.	High	The Cabinet Cluster on Governance is in the process of developing a comprehensive and results-based anticorruption action plan, drawing on a review of the National Anti-Corruption Plan of Action and existing bodies. Initiatives are underway by various development partners (e.g., the United States Agency for International Development) to strengthen the capacity of the Office of the Ombudsman and the justice sector to perform their investigative and prosecutorial functions.
Political Economy		
Parliamentary consideration and approval of ad hoc LGC reform proposals not consulted with other stakeholders.	High	The review of the LGC will incorporate representatives from the Senate and the House of Representatives from the outset to ensure their ownership of the process.
Lack of coordination among government agencies in decentralization reforms.	Low	To resolve possible issues and to ensure continued progress, the CCD has been organized to address issues in intergovernmental coordination regarding the LGU issues. The CCD has been accepted by oversight agencies and LGU leagues as a forum for openly discussing conflicting positions. This is a high-risk environment, but credible measures are
		being taken by government, with the support of development partners, to address the risks.

ADB = Asian Development Bank, AusAID = Australian Agency for International Development, CPAR = country procurement assessment report, CSO = civil society organization, DBM = Department of Budget and Management, GACAP = Governance and Anticorruption Action Plan, GPPB = Government Procurement Policy Board, PFM = public financial management, USAID = United States Agency for International Development.