Due Diligence Report – Social Safeguards

December 2015

BAN: Third Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement (Sector) Project – Jessore Pourashava (Phase 1)

Prepared for the Local Government Engineering Department (LGED), Government of Bangladesh and for the Asian Development Bank.

This due diligence report is a document of the borrower. The views expressed herein do not necessarily represent those of ADB's Board of Directors, Management, or staff, and may be preliminary in nature. Your attention is directed to the "terms of use" section of this website.

In preparing any country program or strategy, financing any project, or by making any designation of or reference to a particular territory or geographic area in this document, the Asian Development Bank does not intend to make any judgments as to the legal or other status of any territory or area.

Due Diligence Report – Social Safeguards

Document stage: Final Project number: 39295 December, 2015

BAN: Third Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement Sector Project (UGIIP-III) – Jessore Pourashava Phase 1 Package Nr: UGIIP-III-I/JESS/UT+DR/01/2015 (Lot-01, Lot-02)

Prepared by the Local Government Engineering Department, Government of Bangladesh, for the Asian Development Bank.

CURRENCYEQUIVALENTS

(as of November 2015)

Currency Unit = Tk.

Tk1.00 \$0.0126 \$1.00 Tk. 79.15

ABBREVIATIONS

ADB Asian Development Bank

AΡ affected person

Acquisition and Requisition of Immovable Properties Ordinance **ARIPO**

CCL Cash Compensation under Law

DC **Deputy Commissioner** Due Diligence Report DDR

DPHE Department of Public Health Engineering

EMP environmental management plan

FGD focus group discussion

Governance Improvement and Capacity Development GICD

GRC grievance redressal cell GRM grievance redress mechanism IR involuntary resettlement

Local Government Engineering Department **LGED**

PDB Power Development Board PIU project implementation unit project management office **PMO**

PPTA project preparatory technical assistance

ROW right of way

resettlement framework RF

RP resettlement plan

SPS Safeguard Policy Statement

ToR terms of reference

GLOSSARY OF BANGLADESHI TERMS

-10 million (= 100 lakh) Crore

Ghat

 Boat landing area along a river
 Market (bazaar) operating certain afternoons during the week when sellers establish temporary shops. There are also some permanent shops in a Hat. Markets usually represent a significant source of income for municipalities Hat, hut, or haat

Hartal General strike Khal - drainage ditch/canal

Khas or khash

 land/property belonging to government
 Structures built without bricks and mortar or without concrete Kutcha, katchha or kacca

-100,000Lakh or lac

Moholla or mohalla -Sub-division of a ward

- Cadastral map of mouza showing plots and their numbers Mouza map

Nasiman A 3-wheeler motorized vehicle

Parshad Councilor

Pourashava or Paurashava Government-recognized land area

Pucca or Puccha, puccha - Structures built partly with bricks and mortar or concrete

Police station Thana

- Administrative unit below the district level. A district is called a Upazila

Zila

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

km – kilometer m – meter

m² – square meter mm – Millimeter m³ – cubic meter

NOTES

- (i) In this report, "\$" refers to US dollars,
- (ii) BDT refers to Bangladeshi Taka

Disclaimer

This Sub-Project Appraisal Report (SPAR) of Jessore Pourashava under Third Urban Governance Infrastructure Improvement (Sector) Project (UGIIP-III) has been prepared under the guidance of Team Leader and Deputy Team Leader of MDS consultant. All the data used to prepare this Sub Project Appraisal Report (SPAR) have been collected from the Pourashava Development Plan (PDP). Some of the information has also been collected from the Pourashava personnel over telephone. Moreover some information has been collected by the respective experts of MDS consultant through intensive field visit which have been used in writing this report. If any information or data or any other things coincide with other project documents that are beyond our knowledge and fully coincidental event and we express apology for that. Using this Sub Project Appraisal Report (SPAR) except our project (UGIIP-III) or modifying it, is strictly prohibited.

In preparing any country program or strategy, financing any project, or by making any designation of or reference to a particular territory or geographic area this document, the Asian Development Bank does not intend to make any judgments as to the legal or other status of any territory or area.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	INTRODUCTION	
II.	SUBPROJECT DESCRIPTION	
III.	DUE DILIGENCE	19
IV.	FINDINGS	
٧.	FUTURE CONSULTATIONS AND DISCLOSURE	
VI.	MITIGATION OF SOCIAL CONCERNS	
VII.	CONCLUSIONS	33
	APPENDIX 1: RECORDS OF PUBLIC CONSULTATIONS	
	APPENDIX 2: INVOLUNTARY RESETTLEMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST	
Χ.	APPENDIX 3: INDEGENOUS PEOPLE CHECK LIST/SMALL ETHNIC COMMUNITIES (SEC)	
	IMPACTS	55
	APPENDIX 4: SAMPLE GRIEVANCE REGISTRATION FORM	
XII.	APPENDIX 5 : VARIFICATION OF POURASHAVA OWNERSHIP	59
List	t of Tables	
Tab	le 1: Summary of IR Impactle 2: Social Safeguards Cost Relevant to Jessore Subproject Implementationle 3: Assessment of social Safeguard Impacts of Jessore Pourashava Subproject	. 22
List	t of Figures	
Figu	re 1: Lcation Map of Jessore Pourashava	. 4
	re 2: Proposed Roads and Drainage Improvement Subprojects	
	re 3a: Strip Maps of Subproject Road	
Figu	re 3b: Strip Maps of Subproject drain	. 7
	re 4: Typical Photographs of sub-projects.	
	re 5: Implementation Work Schedule for Jessore Pourashava	
	re 6: Typical Road Sections (Bituminous Carpeting Road)	
	re 7: Typical Road Sections (Concrete Road)	
	re 8: Typical Drain Cross Section	
	ire 9: GRM Diagram	
rigt	ile 5. Gnivi Diayraiii	. ა∠

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Background

- 1. The Government of Bangladesh is developing third towns to improve living standards, particularly in the poorer areas, and to provide an alternative destination for rural dwellers that would otherwise join the migration to larger metropolitan centres, through Third Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement (Sector) project (UGIIP-III). UGIIP-III is being implemented as a sector loan approach. After the successful implementation of Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement Projects (UGIIP I and II) in the selected pourashavas, the Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) with the financial assistance of Asian Development Bank (ADB) have planned to implement a similar project (UGIIP-III) in pre-selected 31 pourashavas over a period of 6 years (2014 to 2020).
- 2. The impact will be improved living environment in project towns. The outcome will be improved municipal service delivery and urban governance in project towns. UGIIP-III will improve existing and provide new municipal infrastructures including (i) roads; (ii) Drainages; (iii) water supply system; (iv) solid waste management facilities; (v) slaughter houses; (vi) markets, community centres / auditorium, bus and truck terminals and river ghats; (vii)public toilets; and (viii) others such as provision for street lighting and improvement of slums.
- 3. A sector-lending approach is being used for the project as it has been well established and successfully practiced in the UGIIP-I and II. In accordance with ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS), 2009 requirements a Resettlement Framework (RF) has been prepared.
- 4. During project preparation, resettlement plans (RPs) were prepared for 3 sample pourashavas covering roads, drainage, kitchen market and solid waste management subprojects. The RPs concluded that the project will have only temporary impacts and therefore, UGIIP-III has been categorized as resettlement Category B as per ADB SPS 2009. As a basic development principle, significant resettlement impacts (Category A type project) should be avoided to the extent possible in future subprojects. For any components, the social and resettlement assessments documents will be formulated and approved by ADB before any physical activities start.
- 5. This Social Impact Assessment Report has been prepared for Roads and Drainage Improvement subproject of Jessore pourashava taken up in phase-1. Package No. UGIIP-III-I/JESS/UT+DR/01/2015 (Lot-01+Lot-02). The subproject includes improvement of16 existing roads and construction of 19 drains most of which are road side drains along the road edges without affecting any structure. After selection and completion of the designs of the proposed schemes, the safeguard team of the Management, Design and Supervision Consultants (MDSC) conducted resettlement and social impact assessments through thorough investigation of different social safeguard issues including land acquisition and resettlement requirements as per ADB's Involuntary Resettlement and Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS, 2009). The resettlement and social impact assessment report for Jessore pourashava has been prepared based on the feasibility study and detailed engineering designs.
- 6. During investigations, it was revealed that the roads and drains proposed for improvement under Package No. UGIIP-III-I/JESS/UT+DR/01/2015 (Lot-01+Lot-02) will be implemented on the existing alignment of roads and drains and due to the improvement/construction of the aforesaid roads and drains are not expecting to have neither any physical nor any economic displacement of any people. As a result, there is no possibility of land acquisition and no structure affected, none found to require relocation, and consequently no involuntary resettlement (IR) impact are anticipating thus the subproject is classified as Category C for IR. Under the circumstances, this report may be treated as due diligence report (DDR) with respect to social safeguard issues for the concern subproject.

B. Institutional Set-up

- 7. The Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) and the Department of Public Health Engineering (DPHE), both under the Local Government Division (LGD) of the Ministry of Local Government, Rural Development and Cooperatives (MLGRD&C) and having extensive experience in managing urban and water supply projects financed by ADB, are the executing agencies of the project. The participating pourashavas are the implementing agencies (IA) with a project implementation unit (UNIT) within the pourashava structure. Implementation activities will be overseen by a Project Management Office (PMO). Management, Design and Supervision Consultants (MDSC) and Governance Improvement and Capacity Development Consultants (GICDC) teams will provide support for (i) detailed engineering design, contract documents preparation and safeguards facilitation; (ii) project management and administrative support; (iii) assistance in supervising construction; (iv) awareness raising on behavioural change activities. Safeguards officers will be appointed in PMO and PIUs and will be responsible to undertake day to day safeguards tasks and requirements including implementation of project's grievance redress mechanism.
- 8. LGED will ensure that no physical displacement or economic displacement will occur until (i) compensation at full replacement cost has been paid to each displaced person, and (ii) other entitlements listed in the RPs have been provided.

II. SUBPROJECT DESCRIPTION

- 9. **Location:** Jessore District is under Khulna division and located in the West of Bangladesh. It is bordered by the West Bengal state of India to the west. Jessore pourashava is located at the district headquarters. Jessore district is about 70 km away from Khulna divisional headquarters. The area of Jessore pourashava is about 14.72 sq.km. The rate of increase of population is 2.523% and density of population is 13709 per sq.km. To cope with the demand of increasing population in the pourashava area, rapid development of different civic facilities for the city dwellers has now become imperative.
- 10. **The Components**: Under the circumstances, this subproject has been proposed comprising improvement/ rehabilitation of 15 existing roads, construction /reconstruction of 13 drains. The components of the subproject will involve schemes (i) improvement/rehabilitation of construction of 7931 m = 7.931 kilometer (km) of existing roads, (ii) construction/reconstruction of 9622 m = 9.622 km of drainage in phase-1 at different locations of the pourashava. Table 1 shows the subproject components including ownership of land.
- 11. The subproject went through the process of meeting the selection criteria (general and technical), environment and land social safeguard screening and conforming to the municipal infrastructure development plan (PDP) and drainage master plan prepared by LGED for Jessore through Zulla Town project. Locations and sitting of the proposed infrastructures considered: (i) locating components on government-owned land and/or within existing right-of-way (ROW) to reduce acquisition of land, (ii) prioritizing rehabilitation/improvement over new construction; (iii) taking all possible measures in design and selection of sites to avoid resettlement impacts; (iv) avoiding where possible locations that will result in destruction/disturbance to historical and cultural places/values; (v) avoiding tree-cutting where possible; and (vi) ensuring all planning and design interventions and

decisions are made in consultation with local communities and reflecting inputs from public consultation and disclosure for site selection.

- 12. The components of the subproject seek to upgrade and expand the urban services. The roads and drains are located in different wards of the pourashava. The proposal is concerned with activities which address the most acute needs for better urban services and facilities to inhabitants of the town/ pourashava. Figure 1 shows the location of Jessore pourashava and Figure 2 shows the location of subproject's schemes (alignment of roads and drains proposed under the subproject). No roads and drains need resettlement, replacement or relocation. Strip maps of 1(one) road and 1 (one) drain are given as a sample in Figure 3a and 3b.
- 13. The 15 roads ¹ proposed are all existing internal service roads. Out of 15 roads 8 roads will be improved with cement concrete (C.C), 1(one) with dense bituminous carpeting (DBC),1 (one) with reinforcement cement concrete (R.C.C.), and the rest 5 roads with bituminous carpeting (B.C.) including one box culvert (PDP-385) and 1 (one) cross drain (PDP-123).
- 14. The subproject contains 13 drains all of which are roadside drains to be constructed along the edge of the roads. All the 13 drains will be constructed with reinforced cement concrete (R.C.C.) including 1 (one) connecting drain.
- 15. **Figure 4** provides photographs of some proposed roads and drains in the sub-projects
- 16. **Implementation Schedule.** Substantial time is required spanning the continuum of subproject preparation, approval, survey, design & estimate, contract award and contract execution. Efforts needs to be made to follow the schedule for timely implementation of work. Normally the construction work season in Bangladesh runs from October through May (eight months). Construction works are sometimes impeded for the following reasons:
 - Early floods in April/May,
 - Late floods in September/October,
 - Natural calamities (cyclone/tornado, excessive floods) occur in April/May and October/November.
- 17. Normally, the best construction period is only for 6 months a year (October to March). The construction period is sometimes squeezed to 4 months due to natural calamities. However, sometimes, based on time constraint or expediency, construction work may even need to be carried out in the monsoon. Whenever possible, parallel activities can be implemented and consequently, quantum of work can be maximized through efficient planning and adoption of best available practices.
- 18. Considering the above facts, it has been estimated that the implementation of phase 1 roads and drains of Jessore pourashava will cover 12-months period, and major works are advisable to take place between November 2015 and October 2016. A tentative time-schedule for implementation (only as an indication) is shown below in Figure 5 below for period July 2015 to December 2016.

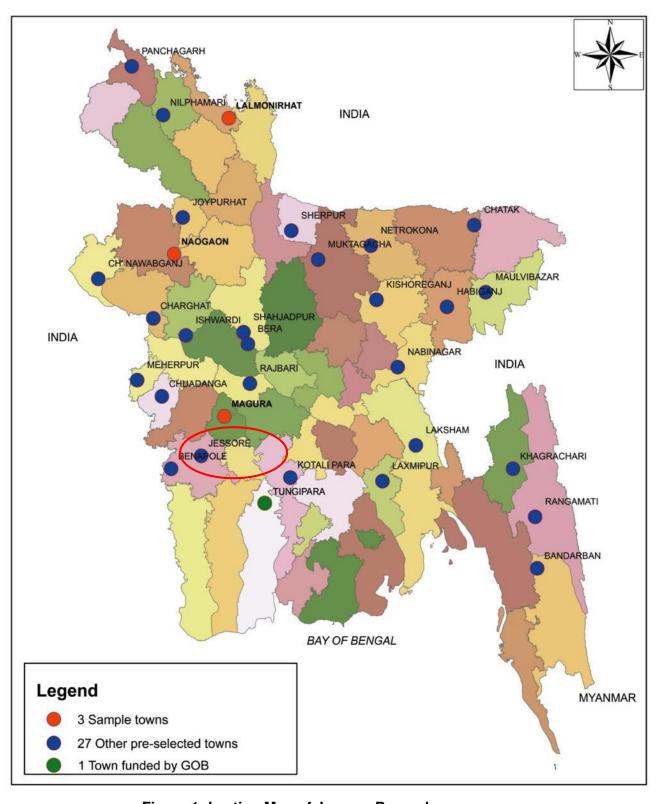


Figure 1: Lcation Map of Jessore Pourashava

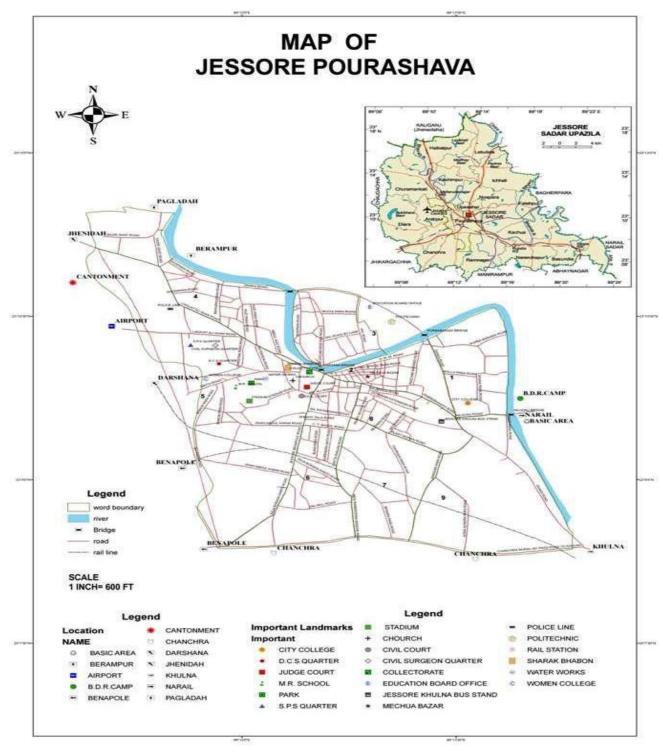


Figure 2: Proposed Roads and Drainage Improvement Subprojects

PACKAGE NO: UGIIP-III-I/JESS/UT+DR/01/2015

Name of Scheme: Improvement of Go-Hata road by CC from MK road to Meat Market. Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+135m) under Jessore Pourashava.

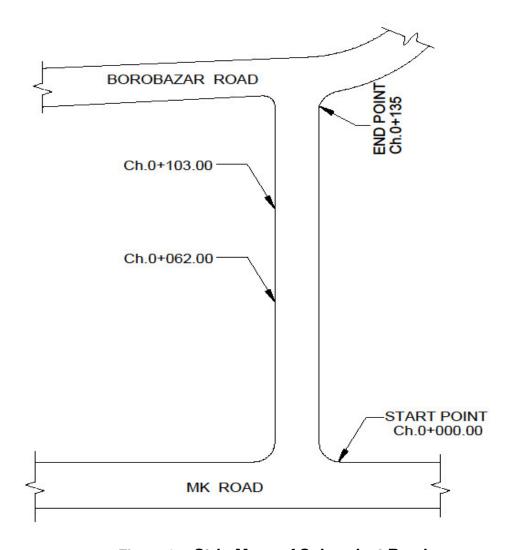


Figure 2a: Strip Maps of Subproject Road

PACKAGE NO: UGIIP-III-I/JESS/UT+DR/01/2015

Name of Scheme: Construction of RCC Drain at Chanchra dalmil road from New-Ramkrishno misson road to Mujib road ,Ch.0+0+000 to Ch.0+650m under Jessore Pourashava.

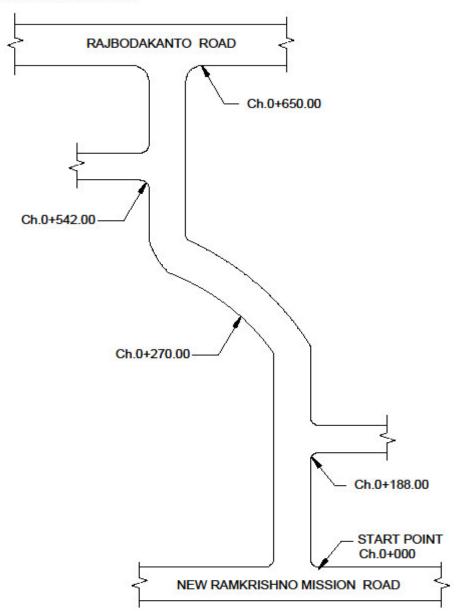


Figure 3b: Strip Maps of Subproject drain

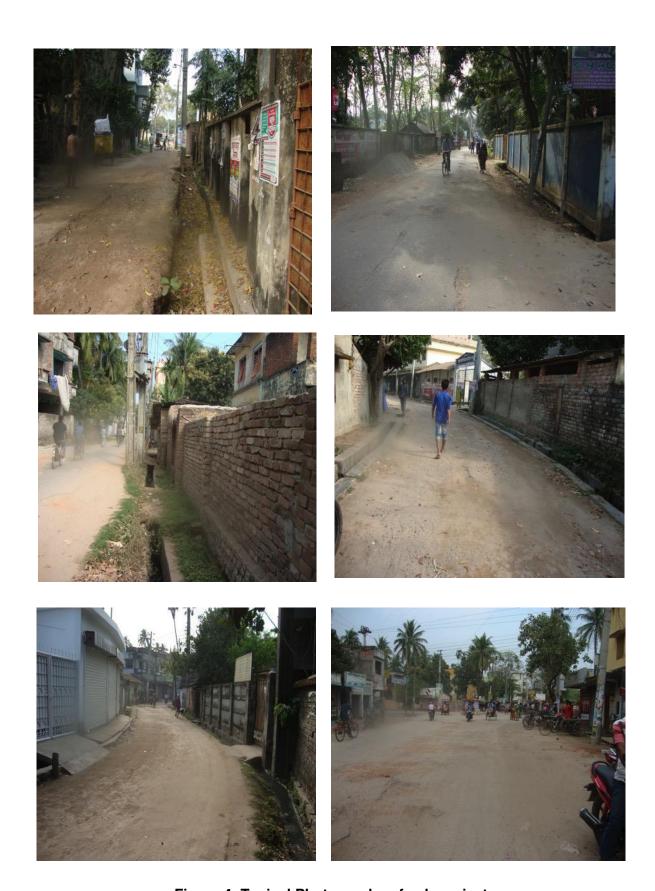


Figure 4: Typical Photographs of sub-projects.

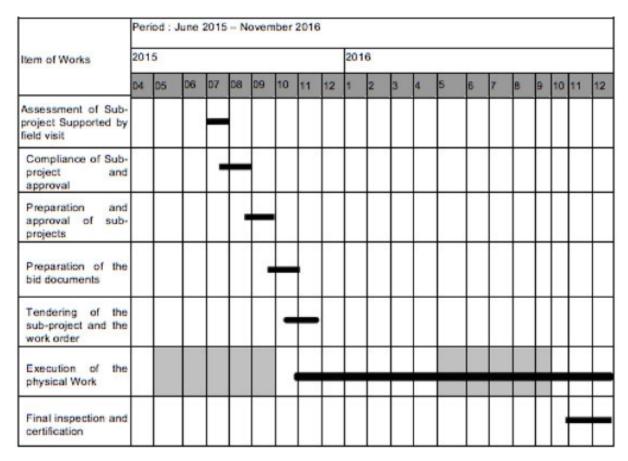


Figure 5: Implementation Work Schedule for Jessore Pourashava

19. Figure 6-8 shows the typical cross-section of roads and drains.

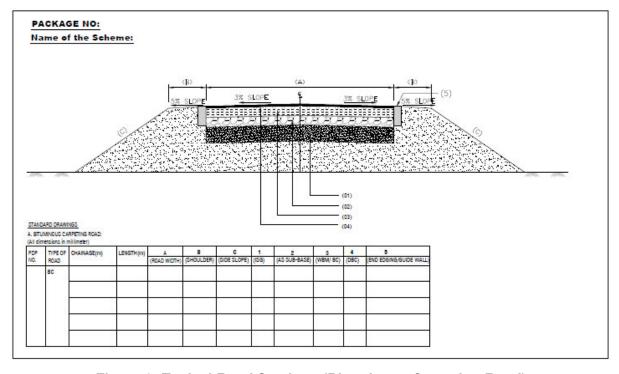


Figure 3: Typical Road Sections (Bituminous Carpeting Road)

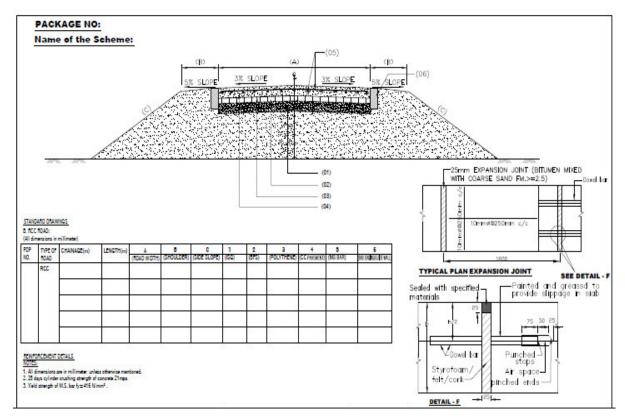


Figure 4: Typical Road Sections (Concrete Road)

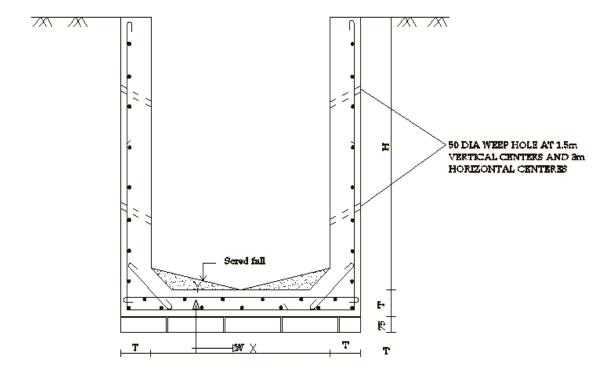


Figure 5: Typical Drain Cross Section

Table 1: Summary Information of IR Impacts of Sub Projects
Sub Project No: UGIIP-III-I/JESS/UT/01/2015 (Lot-01, Lot-02)

SL No.	PDP No/ Scheme NO.	Name of Schemes	Road/ Drain Length (m)	Proposed width Road/ Drain (m)	Possible Social Impact/ IR Impact	Presence of Indigenous People (IPS)	Type of Loss/ Affected	Land Ownership
R-1		Rehabilitation & widening of East Barandipara main road by DBC & CC from Jessore-Dhaka road to End of Poura area near Barandipara Lichutala Bridge. Ch.0+400 to Ch.1+100m, & Connecting Road at Ch.0+200 East Barandipara main road via Bow-Baazaz to Jessore-Dhaka road. Ch. 0+000 to Ch.0+370 m	1070	3.00	 No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
R-2	06	Improvement of East Barandipara Graveyard road by lane by CC from near by proposed Eidgah to Mondir via H/O Fasihur Rahman, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+210m	210	5.00	No major IR impactsNo requirement for land acquisition	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
R-3	122	(a) Rehabilitation & widening of West Barandipara main road from Jessore-Dhaka road to R.N road, Ch.0+0+00 to Ch.0+780m, (b) Connecting Road -01 Nathpara Mondir road from West Barandipara main road to khaldhar road, Ch.0+0+000 to Ch.0+230m, (c) Connecting Road -02 Kadam-Tala road from West Barandipara main road to Jessore-Dhaka road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+221m & (d) Connecting Road -03 Nikaripara road from West Barandipara main road to Khaldhar road, Ch.0+0+000 to Ch.0+235m	1466	5.50	 No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period. 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
R-4	123	Improvement & widening of Khaldhar road from HMM road near Ice-Factory to R.N road near	540	3.50	No IR impactsNo requirement	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava

SL No.	PDP No/ Scheme NO.	Name of Schemes	Road/ Drain Length (m)	Proposed width Road/ Drain (m)	Possible Social Impact/ IR Impact	Presence of Indigenous People (IPS)	Type of Loss/ Affected	Land Ownership
		Sugercan Baazar, Ch.0+0+000 to Ch.0+540m & 01 no. cross drain at Ch. 316m on Khaldhar road.			for land acquisition Temporarydisturbance of the local people during construction period.			
R-5	124	Rehabilitation & widening by CC road at HMM road from Khaldhar road near Ice-Factory to East Bazaar neat Foot Bridge. Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+360m	360	4.00	 No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
R-6	TLCC	Improvement of Go-Hata road by CC from MK road to Meat Market. Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+135m	135	4.00	 No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
R-7	385	Rehabilitation & widening of Chanchra dalmil road from New-Ramkrishno mission road near BADC Godown to Mujib road, Ch.0+0+000 to Ch.0+650m & 01 no. Box Culvert at Ch. 650m on Mujib road.	650	3.00	 No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
		Road	4431.00		•		•	
D-1	01	Construction of RCC Drain at East Barandipara main road side drain from Jessore-Dhaka road to End of Pourashava near Barandipara	1200	.90	No IR impactsNo requirement	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava

SL No.	PDP No/ Scheme NO.	Name of Schemes	Road/ Drain Length (m)	Proposed width Road/ Drain (m)	Possible Social Impact/ IR Impact	Presence of Indigenous People (IPS)	Type of Loss/ Affected	Land Ownership
		Lichutala Bridge. Ch.0+400 to Ch.1+000m (Both side).			for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period			
D-2	02	Construction of RCC Drain at East Barandipara Amtala road West side from Existing Culvert near Nil-Ganj khal to Existing RCC Drain Ch.0+555 to Ch.0+075m, and Connecting Drain from proposed Eidgah to Mondir via H/O Fasihur Rahman, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+240m	720	.90	 No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
D-3	34	Construction of RCC Drain (Both side) from West Barandipara main road to Jessore-Dhaka road near Kadam tala Mosque, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+221m	442	.8	 No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period. 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
D-4	25	Construction of RCC Drain from Khaldhar road near Ice-Factory to East Bazaar neat Foot Bridge. Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+360m(R/S) & Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+270m(L/S)	630	.90	 No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
D-5	39	Construction of RCC Drain at Go-Hata road from MK road to Meat Market, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+245m	245	.80	 No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava

SL No.	PDP No/ Scheme NO.	Name of Schemes	Road/ Drain Length (m)	Proposed width Road/ Drain (m)	Possible Social Impact/ IR Impact	Presence of Indigenous People (IPS)	Type of Loss/ Affected	Land Ownership
					local people during construction period			
D-6	236	Construction of RCC Drain at Chanchra dalmil road from New-Ramkrishno mission road to Mujib road ,Ch.0+0+000 to Ch.0+650m	650	1.20	 No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
	•	Drain	3887		•			
R-8	389	Rehabilitation of Shostitala Bunopara road by CC from PTI road infront of PTI to Rail-way Station road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+400m	400	8.00	 No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
R-9	380	Rehabilitation of Nil-Ratondhor/Vola Tank road from Mujib road infront of circute House to Rail road ,Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+510m	510	3.65	 No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
R-10	184	Improvement of Ghope Nowapara road By lane by CC from Ghope Nowapara road to Ghope Central road Connecting road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+300m	300	4.00	 No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava

SL No.	PDP No/ Scheme NO.	Name of Schemes	Road/ Drain Length (m)	Proposed width Road/ Drain (m)	Possible Social Impact/ IR Impact	Presence of Indigenous People (IPS)	Type of Loss/ Affected	Land Ownership
R-11	233	Improvement of Gazir-Ghat Graveyard road by CC from Jessore-Jhenidah road near pal-Bari Mosque to Gazir-Ghat road near graveyard, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+500m	500	4.00	 construction period No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
R-12	310	Improvement of Abdul Matin road by CC from Mujib road near Circit house to MSA Karim road near South-East gate of MM college, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+570m	570	5.00	 No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
R-13	334	Improvement of Hazrat Borhan Sha road by lane by CC from Hazrat Borhan Sha road near H/o. Mr. Owadud to H/o. Mr.Shathi, Part-A: Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+050m, Part-B: Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+160m & part-C: Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+225m		2.75	 No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
R-14	467	Rehabilitation & widening of Tantipara road from Jessore-Narail road to Jessore-khluna road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+640m	640	6.10	 No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava

SL No.	PDP No/ Scheme NO.	Name of Schemes	Road/ Drain Length (m)	Proposed width Road/ Drain (m)	Possible Social Impact/ IR Impact	Presence of Indigenous People (IPS)	Type of Loss/ Affected	Land Ownership
					Passerby and vehicle			
R-15	TLCC	Improvement of Raja Barada Kanto road by lane by RCC from Raja barada Kanto road near surjer-Hashi Clinic to Chanchra dail-Mill rmain road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+145m	3.00	3.00	 No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
		Road	3,500.00		•			
D-7	241	Construction of RCC Drain at Shostitala Bunopara road from PTI road infront of PTI to Rail-way Station road. Ch.0+292 to Ch.0+382m(L/S), Ch.0+252 to Ch.0+382m(L/S)	220	.90	 No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
D-8	41	Construction of RCC Drain at Ghope Nowapara road from Jail road near Shador Hospital to Jessore-Jhenidah road near Babla Tala, Ch.0+000 to Ch.1+100m(R/S) & Ch.0+125 to Ch.1+030m(L/S)	1935	.90	 No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
D-9	105	Construction of RCC Drain at Gazir-Ghat road from Jessore-Jhenidah road to Rowshon Ali road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.1+045m	1045	1.00	No major IR impactsNo requirement for land acquisition	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava

SL No.	PDP No/ Scheme NO.	Name of Schemes	Road/ Drain Length (m)	Proposed width Road/ Drain (m)	Possible Social Impact/ IR Impact	Presence of Indigenous People (IPS)	Type of Loss/ Affected	Land Ownership
					Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle			
D-10	106	Construction of RCC Drain at Rowshon Ali road from Gazir-Ghat road at Ch.0+850 to Jessore-Jhenidah road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.1+050m	1050	1.30	 No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
D-11	109	Construction of RCC Drain at Ch.0+300 of Gazir-Ghat Graveyard road to Gazir-Ghat main road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+260m	260	.90	 No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
D-12	169	Construction of RCC Drain at Abdul Matin road from Mujib road near Circit house to MSA Karim road near South-East gate of MM college, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+570m(R/S) & Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+350m	790	.90	 No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle 	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava
D-13	334	Construction of RCC Drain from Hazrat Borhan Sha road near H/o. Mr. Owadud to H/o. Mr.Shathi, Part-A: Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+050m,	435	1.20	No major IR impactsNo requirement	Not found	No loss reported	Pourashava

SL No.	PDP No/ Scheme NO.	Name of Schemes	Road/ Drain Length (m)	Proposed width Road/ Drain (m)	Possible Social Impact/ IR Impact	Presence of Indigenous People (IPS)	Type of Loss/ Affected	Land Ownership
		Part-B: Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+160m & part-C: Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+225m			for land acquisition Temporarydisturbance ofPasserby andvehicle			
	•	Drain	5735.00					

III. DUE DILIGENCE

A. Objectives of the Study/ Investigation

- 20. This Social Impact Assessment Report/ Due Diligence Report has been prepared to meet the following objectives:
 - Thorough assessment of social safeguard issues and impacts major objective is to assess and identify all the possible socioeconomic and resettlement impacts including impacts on women, poor and vulnerable.
 - To plan to avoid, minimize, mitigate or compensate for the potential adverse impact.
 - To describe the extent of land acquisition and involuntary resettlement impacts.
 - To inform and consult the affected people to make them aware about the project activities and take feedback to prepare safeguard plans summarizing mitigation measures, monitoring program/ mechanism, institutional arrangement and presenting budget for resettlement.
 - To describe the likely economic impacts and identified livelihood risks of the proposed project components;
 - to describe the process undertaken during project design to engage stakeholders and the planned information disclosure measures and the process for carrying out consultation with affected people and facilitating their participation during project implementation;
 - to establish a framework for grievance redress mechanism for affected persons(APs)
 - to describe the applicable national and local legal framework for the project, and define the IR policy principles applicable to the project;
 - to define entitlements of affected persons, and assistance and benefits available under the project;

B. Methodology used for Assessing Land Acquisition and Resettlement

- 21. Data collection. Necessary data regarding social, economic and gender information has been collected primarily through desk review, field visits to the proposed subprojects item and one-on-one interviews with stakeholders.
- 22. **Stakeholders and public consultations.** Comprehensive discussions with MDSC consultants, Jessore *pourashava officials*, community people living near by the proposed subprojects schemes, public representatives and other stakeholders to identify different issues, problems/ constraints and prospects and feedback from the participants in connection to roads and drains construction under the subproject. The consultation covers mainly information dissemination about the project/ subproject and its scope, possible positive and negative impacts, involvement of local people in different activities of the project and employment in project works, etc. The public participation process included (i) identifying interested parties (stakeholders); (ii) informing and providing the stakeholders with sufficient background and technical information regarding the proposed development; (iii) creating opportunities and mechanisms whereby they can participate and raise their views (issues, comments, and concerns) with regard to the proposed development; (iv) giving the stakeholders feedback on process findings and recommendations; and (v) ensuring compliance to process requirements with regards to the environmental and related legislation.

- 23. The safeguard team of MDSC visited Jessore Pourashava on 21-6-2015 and have a meetings with, Mayor, Executive Engineer, Assistant Engineer, Sub Assistant Engineers, councilors and Secretary of the pourashava, community leaders, local public representatives and different stakeholders at Pourashava office and at subproject areas with local people, community leaders, and local government's representatives. During field visits, the consultants investigated about the existing condition of the roads and drainage alignments and emphasized on the issues like land acquisition, resettlement and rehabilitation. The participants were also informed of **the subproject cut-off date of 30**th September 2015. Appendix-1 shows the details of Consultation Meetings. at Jessore Pourashava.
- 24. As a part of Public consultation, relevant consultants and pourashava officials arranged meetings at pourashava office and at different roads and drains locations. 4(Four) formal meetings were arranged by the pourshava official with the stakeholders. The meeting sites were at (a) Purbo Barandi of ward no-1, (b) Lalkha Para of ward-.no-4, (c) Ashram Road of ward no-7, (d) Nazir Sankarpur Primary School of ward no-9. Near about 135 participants were present during the consultation. The main agenda was improvement, rehabilitation and reconstruction of roads and drains. The potential affected persons and local residents/ community leaders and other stakeholders were also consulted through group meetings and personal contract. During field visits, consultants physically visited the above mentioned scheme sites to verify the likely impacts on the people with respect to land acquisition & resettlement, and other social safeguard issues. During site visits, concern pourashava councillor, Assistant Engineer, one Sub Assistant Engineer, and a surveyor of pourashava accompanied the consultants to assist to identify the locations of roads & alignments of proposed drains and organized consultations/ meetings with the local representatives and people of the subproject area.
- 25. During discussions, the local people mentioned about the insufficiency of civic facilities, conditions of existing roads and coverage of drainage facilities, etc. The people expressed their happiness for getting project assistance for improvement of the pourashava facilities. The roads and drains proposed under the subproject were a long demand of the people of the town. The records of public consultations have been shown in Appendix 1.
- 26. **Transect walks.** The MDSC Regional Resettlement Specialist together with Jessore pourashava engineering staff conducted transect walks during June- August 2015 to do rapid appraisal of the proposed locations and alignments of subprojects using a standard IR checklist annexed with this report as **appendix-2**.
- 27. **Reconnaissance Survey.** The project social safe guard team (MDSC) visited Jessore *pourashava* during June- August 2015to measure the widths of proposed roads and drains under Package No:UGIIP-III-I/JESS/UT+DR/01/2015 (Lot-01,Lot-02), count the number of trees, structures, natural resources, mobile vendors/ hawkers, and other facilities, etc. along ROWs, conduct informal discussions with local communities, formal discussions with *pourashava* engineers, and visual assessment of IR impacts. The output of the survey was discussed with the design engineers of the project to incorporate into the designs to minimize the IR impacts.
- 28. **Census of affected persons and inventory of affected assets.** As nobody was found who may be adversely affected by the subproject activities, no structures to be removed /relocated/demolished, and no mobile hawkers/vendors in the subproject alignments, the census was not required..
- 29. Social Safeguard Unit of MDSC, UGIIP-III has verified the roads and drains through the questionnaire that is titled" Initial Evaluation Assessment Format". Through this format, the team members have organized consultation with road users and gathered feedback on the sub projects. Finally, it has been concluded that there is no impacts on involuntary resettlement.

IV. FINDINGS

- 30. **Involuntary Resettlement.** As per results of the data gathering, detailed survey of the sites and alignments together with review of land records, the subproject is considered as Category C, i.e., the subproject does not require temporary or permanent land acquisition, and there are no impacts involving the loss of land, structures, crops and trees, businesses or income.
- 31. All roads and drainage components under Package Nr: UGIIP-III-I/JESS/UT+DR/01/2015 (Lot-01+Lot-02) will involve improvement of existing roads and drainage on existing alignments owned by Jessore pourashava. No new road construction or change of alignment will be involved. Widening, if required will be on roads ROWs widths of which are sufficient for the proposed components. MDSC together with PMO confirmed ownership and land records of Jessore pourashava of the existing roads and required widths in the ROWs therefore no land acquisition is required. Land ownership certificate is shown in Appendix-5.
- 32. All drainage components under Package Nr: UGIIP-III-I/JESS/UT+DR/01/2015 (Lot-01+Lot-02) will be constructed on existing ROW widths of which are sufficient for the proposed components. MDSC together with PMO confirmed ownership and land records of Jessore pourashava of the drains ROWs therefore no land acquisition is required.
- 33. Ownership of land in Phase 1 (roads & drains) certificate given by pourashava authority has been shown with this report in Appendix 5.
- 34. The Social Safeguard Unit of MDSC for UGIIP-III further verified and checked the roads and drains through the questionnaire that is titled "Initial Evaluation Assessment Format". Through this format, the team members have organized consultation with road users and gathered feedback on the subprojects. There are no encroachers, squatters, mobile vendors and hawkers along the ROW of proposed drains and roads. For records and documentation purposes, the following are the socioeconomic information and profile of survey participants:
 - (i) no BPLs along the proposed drains and roads alignment;
 - (ii) no indigenous people (IP) along the proposed drains and roads alignment.
- 35. There is sufficient space along the ROWs for staging area, construction equipment, and stockpiling of materials. Besides, there is no possibility of affecting any structure needing relocation by the subproject activities as per detailed design of the components. Moreover, there is no possibility of loss of livelihood, neither permanent nor temporary due to loss of land/ assets occupied or squatting by anybody, is expected for the proposed development. Therefore, the potential impact of the subproject on privately owned land/ assets has been fully eliminated, and correspondingly, no issues relating to involuntary resettlement will occur during implementation of the subproject. Thus, it has been concluded that there is no IR impact and the subproject is classified as Category C for IR.
- 36. Full road closures are not expected during construction phase thus will not affect businesses. Residents and business along the subproject sites may experience impacts such as increased noise, vibration, dust and number of vehicles during construction phase which can be mitigated through good construction practices as documented in the subproject's initial environmental examination report and environmental management plan (EMP).
- 37. Although concerned road and drainage schemes unlikely to have any IR or resettlement impact, however, the construction/improvement of the subproject components may cause minor temporary disturbances limited to dust and noise, movement of people, etc. which will be limited to the construction period only, and can easily be mitigated by quick and timely completion of works, taking dust suppression measures, removal of debris regularly, providing alternate roads

and access to houses during construction, erecting different road furniture, where required, to make the vehicular movement safe and to minimize road accidents. For mitigating noise pollution, brick crushing yards, bituminous hot mix plants and concrete batching plants shall be located sufficiently away from habitation (at least 1km). Workers at the vicinity of strong noise shall wear earplugs.

- 38. All the above measures will be taken by the contractors during construction as per conditions included in the contract documents. The contractors shall avoid congested areas and narrow roads for carrying construction materials and equipment to site and schedule transportation to avoid peak traffic period on certain roads and sequence activities to minimize disturbances. The contractors shall also maintain vehicles and construction machinery and prohibit the use of air horns in settlement areas. Thus impacts during construction phase can be mitigated through good construction practices as documented in the subproject's initial environmental examination report and environmental management plan (EMP).
- 39. If in the course of subproject implementation land will be required and stakeholders are willing to donate any land donation procedures will follow the RF and to be endorsed by an independent third party evaluator (e.g.) civil society and non-ex officio representatives of the TLCC) to ensure there is no significant social and economic impact due to land donation.
- 40. **Indigenous People**. There is no identified indigenous people/ethnic minority (adivasi) communities on the vicinity of the proposed subproject components. The components are located only within the urban area and no ethnic people will be affected by the subproject activities. The IP Categorization form is attached as Appendix 3. The subproject has no IP impact and classified as Category C for IP.
- 41. **Other Persons.** The subproject will not (i) result in labour retrenchment or encourage child labour; or, (ii) directly or indirectly contribute to the spread of HIV/AIDS, human trafficking, or the displacement of girls and women. The subproject will have no potential impact on any female-headed household.
- 42. **Cost.** Table 2 provides the costs and sources of funds to ensure social safeguards are considered in the subproject implementation.

Table 2: Social Safeguards Cost Relevant to Subproject Implementation

Activities	Amount (Tk)	Source of Funds
(i) public consultation and disclosure	300,000	PIU
(ii) grievance redress mechanism	100,000	PIU
(iii) safeguards capacity building program	450,000	Under MDSC costs
(vi) materials for awareness raising and	3,30,000	Under GICDC costs
implementation of consultation and participation plan		
10% Contingency (to cover labor costs for shifting assistance, repair/compensation for damaged property, others not specified above)	Variable	

43. The outcome of the subproject is improved transport and drainage system within the pourashava area, the sub-project roads and drainage construction/ improvement under the project will improve transportation facilities and increase the capacity of receding waste water from industries, households, commercial premises, etc which will improve communication facilities and will prevent water logging and unexpected flooding during monsoon. The

subproject is expected to increase area coverage of drainage and improved road communication system and will guarantee health condition and will reduce transport cost of goods and services including travelling cost of the residents of the town.

- 44. Sub-project Benefits. Improvement of roads and construction of drains proposed under the subproject is expected to bring various quantifiable benefits for the citizens of pourashava. Road improvement will improve connectivity and as a result, vehicular movement will increase, journey will be safer, quicker and comfortable. Transportation costs will be lower and movement will be easier which will bring new avenues for investment and consequently commercial activities will increase which will boost up economic development. Extended benefits will include employment opportunity for local people during construction and maintenance.
- 45. Construction of drainage facilities will improve effectiveness of drainage system causing increased and easy draining out of storm and waste water, will reduce water-logging and consequently, intensity of water borne diseases will decline which will help to improve both the quality of life and living condition of the residents of the pourashava. The standards of individual and public health as well will be raised. Extended benefits will include employment opportunity for local people during construction and maintenance
- 46. Thus the subproject implementation will bring economic gains to the local people in the form of increased employment and less spending on healthcare and transportation.

Table 3: Assessment of Social Safeguard Impacts of Subprojects Package No: UGIIP-III-I/JESS/UT/01/2015 (Lot-01, Lot-02)

SL	PDP No/ Scheme	Sub-Project Schemes	Type of Loss/	Name of	Possible Social Impact	Resettlement	Indigenous
No.	NO.	•	Affected	APs	·	required or not	People
R-1	01	Rehabilitation & widening of East Barandipara main road by DBC & CC from Jessore-Dhaka road to End of Poura area near Barandipara Lichutala Bridge. Ch.0+400 to Ch.1+100m, & Connecting Road at Ch.0+200 East Barandipara main road via Bow-Baazaz to Jessore-Dhaka road. Ch. 0+000 to Ch.0+370 m	No loss reported	Not	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle		Not found
R-2	06	Improvement of East Barandipara Graveyard road by lane by CC from near by proposed Eidgah to Mondir via H/O Fasihur Rahman, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+210m	reported	INOT	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition	Not required	Not found
R-3	122	(a) Rehabilitation & widening of West Barandipara main road from Jessore-Dhaka road to R.N road, Ch.0+0+00 to Ch.0+780m, (b) Connecting Road -01 Nathpara Mondir road from West Barandipara main road to khaldhar road, Ch.0+0+000 to Ch.0+230m, (c) Connecting Road -02 Kadam-Tala road from West Barandipara main road to Jessore-Dhaka road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+221m & (d) Connecting Road -03 Nikaripara road from West Barandipara main road to Khaldhar road, Ch.0+0+000 to Ch.0+235m	No loss reported		No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period.		Not found
R-4	123	Improvement & widening of Khaldhar road from HMM road near Ice-Factory to R.N road near Sugercan Baazar, Ch.0+0+000 to Ch.0+540m & 01 no. cross drain at Ch. 316m on Khaldhar road.		Not	No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period.	Not required	Not found
R-5	124	Rehabilitation & widening by CC road at HMM road from Khaldhar road near Ice-Factory to East Bazaar neat Foot Bridge. Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+360m		applicable	No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during	Not required	Not found

SL No.	PDP No/ Scheme NO.	Sub-Project Schemes	Type of Loss/ Affected	Name of APs	Possible Social Impact	Resettlement required or not	Indigenous People
R-6	TLCC	Improvement of Go-Hata road by CC from MK road to Meat Market. Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+135m	No loss		construction period No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period	Not required	Not found
R-7		Rehabilitation & widening of Chanchra dalmil road from New-Ramkrishno mission road near BADC Godown to Mujib road, Ch.0+0+000 to Ch.0+650m & 01 no. Box Culvert at Ch. 650m on Mujib road.	No loss		No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period	Not required	Not found
Road D-1		Construction of RCC Drain at East Barandipara main road side drain from Jessore-Dhaka road to End of Pourashava near Barandipara Lichutala Bridge. Ch.0+400 to Ch.1+000m (Both side).	No loss		No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period	Not required	Not found
D-2	02	Construction of RCC Drain at East Barandipara Amtala road West side from Existing Culvert near Nil-Ganj khal to Existing RCC Drain Ch.0+555 to Ch.0+075m, and Connecting Drain from proposed Eidgah to Mondir via H/O Fasihur Rahman, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+240m	No loss reported	Not applicable	No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period	Not required	Not found
D-3	34	Radam tala Mosque, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+221m	No loss reported		No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period.	Not required	Not found
D-4	25	Construction of RCC Drain from Khaldhar road near lce-Factory to East Bazaar neat Foot Bridge.			No IR impacts No requirement for land	Not required	Not found

SL No.	PDP No/ Scheme NO.	Sub-Project Schemes	Type of Loss/ Affected	Name of APs	Possible Social Impact	Resettlement required or not	Indigenous People
		Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+360m(R/S) & Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+270m(L/S)			acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period		
D-5	39	Construction of RCC Drain at Go-Hata road from MK road to Meat Market, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+245m	No loss reported		No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period	Not required	Not found
D-6		Construction of RCC Drain at Chanchra dalmil road from New-Ramkrishno misson road to Mujib road ,Ch.0+0+000 to Ch.0+650m			No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period	Not required	Not found
Drair R-8	389	Rehabilitation of Shostitala Bunopara road by CC from PTI road infront of PTI to Rail-way Station road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+400m		Not applicable	No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period	Not required	Not found
R-9	380	Rehabilitation of Nil-Ratondhor/Vola Tank road from Mujib road infront of circute House to Rail road ,Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+510m		Not applicable	No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period	Not required	Not found
R- 10	184	Improvement of Ghope Nowapara road By lane by CC from Ghope Nowapara road to Ghope Central road Conneting road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+300m			No IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of the local people during construction period	Not required	Not found

SL No.	PDP No/ Scheme NO.	Sub-Project Schemes	Type of Loss/ Affected	Name of APs	Possible Social Impact	Resettlement required or not	Indigenous People
R- 11	233	Improvement of Gazir-Ghat Graveyard road by CC from Jessore-Jhenidah road near pal-Bari Mosque to Gazir-Ghat road near graveyard, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+500m	No loss reported	Not applicable	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle	Not required	Not found
R- 12	310	Improvement of Abdul Matin road by CC from Mujib road near Circit house to MSA Karim road near South-East gate of MM college, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+570m	No loss	Not applicable	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle	Not required	Not found
R- 13	334	Improvement of Hazrat Borhan Sha road by lane by CC from Hazrat Borhan Sha road near H/o. Mr. Owadud to H/o. Mr.Shathi, Part-A: Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+050m, Part-B: Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+160m & part-C: Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+225m	No loss	Not applicable	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle	Not required	Not found
R- 14	467	Rehabilitation & widening of Tantipara road from Jessore-Narail road to Jessore-khluna road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+640m	No loss reported	applicable	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle	Not required	Not found
R- 15	TLCC	Improvement of Raja Barada Kanto road by lane by RCC from Raja barada Kanto road near surjer-Hashi Clinic to Chanchra dail-Mill remain road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+145m	No loss reported	Not applicable	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle	Not required	Not found
D-7	241	Construction of RCC Drain at Shostitala Bunopara road from PTI road infront of PTI to Rail-way Station road. Ch.0+292 to Ch.0+382m(L/S), Ch.0+252 to Ch.0+382m(L/S)	No loss reported	Not applicable	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle	ot required	ot found
D-8	41	Construction of RCC Drain at Ghope Nowapara road from Jail road near Shador Hospital to Jessore-Jhenidah road near Babla Tala, Ch.0+000 to Ch.1+100m(R/S) & Ch.0+125 to Ch.1+030m(L/S)	No loss	Not	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle	ot required	ot found

SL No.	PDP No/ Scheme NO.	Sub-Project Schemes	Type of Loss/ Affected	Name of APs	Possible Social Impact	Resettlement required or not	Indigenous People
D-9	105	Construction of RCC Drain at Gazir-Ghat road from Jessore-Jhenidah road to Rowshon Ali road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.1+045m	No loss	Not applicable	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle	ot required	ot found
D- 10	106	Construction of RCC Drain at Rowshon Ali road from Gazir-Ghat road at Ch.0+850 to Jessore-Jhenidah road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.1+050m	No loss	applicable	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle	ot required	ot found
D- 11	109	Construction of RCC Drain at Ch.0+300 of Gazir-Ghat Graveyard road to Gazir-Ghat main road, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+260m	No loss	Not	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle	ot required	ot found
D- 12	169	Construction of RCC Drain at Abdul Matin road from Mujib road near Circit house to MSA Karim road near South-East gate of MM college, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+570m(R/S) & Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+350m	No loss	Not applicable	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle	ot required	ot found
D- 13	334	Construction of RCC Drain from Hazrat Borhan Sha road near H/o. Mr. Owadud to H/o. Mr.Shathi, Part-A: Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+050m, Part-B: Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+160m & part-C: Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+225m	No loss	applicable	No major IR impacts No requirement for land acquisition Temporary disturbance of Passerby and vehicle	Not required	Not found

V. FUTURE CONSULTATIONS AND DISCLOSURE

- 47. This due diligence report and other relevant documents will be made available at public locations in the *pourashava* and posted on the websites of LGED and ADB. The same information will be posted in Jessore *pourashava* and provided to members of TLCC and community representatives.
- 48. A consultation and participation plan is prepared for UGIIP-III; consultation activities will be coordinated by the PMO, PIU (Jessore Pourashava) and consultant teams to ensure that the communities are fully aware of the activities at all stages of the project implementation. During construction phase, Jessore *pourashava* with assistance of consultant teams will conduct (i) public meetings with affected communities to discuss and plan work programs and allow issues to be raised and addressed once construction has started; and (ii) smaller-scale meetings to discuss and plan construction work with individual communities to reduce disturbance and other impacts, and to provide a mechanism through which stakeholders can participate in project monitoring and evaluation. The PIU will coordinate the schedule with the contractors and will ensure proper public consultations are held prior to start of civil works and during implementation
- 49. The relevant information in this due diligence report together with following information on GRM will be translated to local language and disclosed to persons in the subproject area. Documentation will be included during social safeguard monitoring report. The social safeguard officers (XEN) will disclose information.
- 50. **Grievance redress mechanism.** A project-specific grievance redress mechanism (GRM) will be established to receive, evaluate, and facilitate the resolution of AP's concerns, complaints, and grievances about the social and environmental performance at the level of the project. This is outlined in figure 7 below. The GRM will aim to provide a time-bound and transparent mechanism to voice and resolve social and environmental concerns linked to the project. The multi-tier GRM for the project is outlined below, each tier having time-bound schedules and with responsible persons identified to address grievances and seek appropriate persons' advice at each stage, as required. The PMO, MDSC safeguards team and GICDC team assist the PIU in establishing the GRM and building the capacity of the GRC members to address project related complaints/ grievances. Once contractors are mobilized, inform them of their role and responsibilities and procedures involved in the GRM.
- 51. PIU and governance improvement and capacity building consultants (GICDC) will conduct *pourashava* wise awareness campaigns to ensure that people in the subproject area are made aware of grievance redress procedures and entitlements, and will work with the PMO and MDSC to help ensure that their grievances are addressed.
- 52. Affected persons will have the flexibility of conveying grievances /suggestions by dropping grievance redress/suggestion forms in complaints/suggestion boxes that have already been installed by PIU or through telephone hotlines:M-01712013213,01711313906 ph:0421-61934 and at accessible locations, by e-mail mayor.Jessorepourashava@yahoo.com, by post, or by writing in a complains register in PIU or Jessore *pourashava* office.
- 53. Careful documentation of the name of the complainant, date of receipt of the complaint, address/contact details of the person, location of the problem area, and how the problem was resolved will be undertaken. PMO safeguard officer will have the overall responsibility for timely grievance redressal on environmental and social safeguards issues and for registration of grievances, related disclosure, and communication with the suggested party through the PIU designated safeguard focal person

- 1. **Grievance redresses process.** In case of grievances that are immediate and urgent in the perception of the complainant, the contractor and MDSC on-site personnel will provide the most easily accessible or first level of contact for quick resolution of grievances. Contact phone numbers and names of the concerned PIU safeguard focal person and contractors will be posted at all construction sites at visible locations. Sample of Grievance Registration Form has been given in Appendix 4.
 - (i) **1st Level Grievance.** The phone number of the PIU office should be made available at the construction site signboards. The contractors and PIU safeguard focal person can immediately resolve on-site in consultation with each other, and will be required to do so within 7 days of receipt of a complaint/grievance.
 - (ii) **2nd Level Grievance.** All grievances that cannot be redressed within 7 days at field/ward level will be reviewed by the grievance redress cell (GRC) headed by ²Panel Mayor of the pourashava with support from PIU designated safeguard focal person and MDSC regional environment and resettlement specialists. GRC will attempt to resolve them within 15 days. The PIU designated safeguard focal person will be responsible to see through the process of redressal of each grievance.
 - (iii) **3rd Level Grievance.** The PIU designated safeguard focal person will refer any unresolved or major issues to the PMO safeguard officer and MDSC national environmental and resettlement specialists. The PMO in consultation with these officers/specialists will resolve them within 30 days.
- 54. Despite the project GRM, an aggrieved person shall have access to the country's legal system at any stage, and accessing the country's legal system can run parallel to accessing the GRM and is not dependent on the negative outcome of the GRM.
- 55. In the event that the established GRM is not in a position to resolve the issue, the affected person also can use the ADB Accountability Mechanism (AM) through directly contacting (in writing) the Complaint Receiving Officer (CRO) at ADB headquarters or the ADB Bangladesh Resident Mission (BRM). The complaint can be submitted in any of the official languages of ADB's DMCs. The ADB Accountability Mechanism information has been included in the PID to be distributed to the affected communities, as part of the project GRM.
- 56. **Recordkeeping.** Records of all grievances received, including contact details of complainant, date the complaint was received, nature of grievance, agreed corrective actions and the date these were effected and final outcome will be kept by PIU. The number of grievances recorded and resolved and the outcomes will be displayed/disclosed in the PMO office, *pourashava* office, and on the web, as well as reported in monitoring reports submitted to ADB on a semi-annual basis.
- 57. **Periodic review and documentation of lessons learned.** The PMO safeguard officer will periodically review the functioning of the GRM in each *pourashava* and record information on the effectiveness of the mechanism, especially on the project's ability to prevent and address grievances.
- 58. **Costs.** All costs involved in resolving the complaints (meetings, consultations, communication and reporting/information dissemination) will be borne by the concerned PIU at

31

² Grievance redress committees (GRC) has been formed at Jessor Pourashava. The GRC comprises of the Panel Mayor-1 as Chairperson, 1 female councilor, 1 Male Councilor, Executive Engineer, 1 NGO representative, and Secretary of the pourashava as members. In addition for the project related grievances representative of Affected Person's (APs), Community based organizations (CBOs), and eminent citizens will be invited as observers in GRC Meetings

pourashava-level; while costs related to escalated grievances will be met by the PMO. Cost estimates for grievance redress are included in Social Safeguard implementation cost estimates for affected persons if wises.

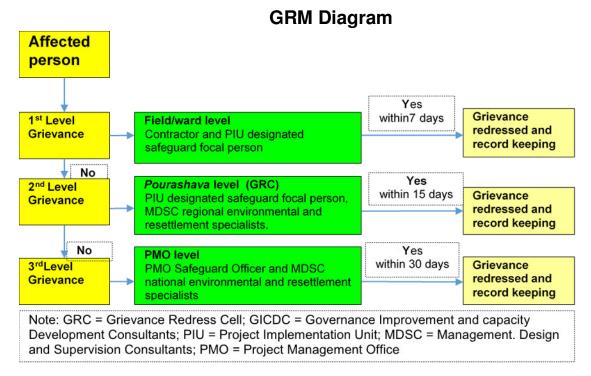


Figure 9: GRM Diagram

VI. MITIGATION OF SOCIAL CONCERNS

59. Although the road and drainage schemes under the subproject of UGIIP-III construction/improvement is not expecting any land acquisition and involuntary resettlement, physical or economic displacement, or temporary restrictions to land use. However, some assumptions were made that during civil works for different schemes, pedestrians, residents and shop keepers/different business operators carrying out different economic activities particularly beside the road; customers might face temporary disturbances in connection to movement and operate their business. In order to avoid even minor temporary disturbances during the construction activities, the following measures are suggested to eliminate such impacts:

- Informing all the residents, local households and traders about the nature and duration of works in advance, so that they can make necessary preparation to face the situation.
- Providing wooden walkways/ planks across trenches for pedestrians and metal sheets where vehicles access is required.
- Increasing the workforce and using the appropriate equipment to complete the work in a minimum timeframe.

- Suggest people to wear musk to protect from dust problem during construction.
- Other social concern, if any, shall be properly solved by the Grievance Redress Committee (GRC) under the Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) of the project to be formed by the PIU.
- Any other preventive measures to be adopted as required considering the situation during construction.
- 60. The above mitigation measures during construction activities will ease the temporary disturbances in connection to movement and operation business of the local residents, pedestrian customers and clients from shopping locally or using the usual services from local business.

VII. CONCLUSIONS

- 61. Important findings of the study in connection to social safeguard issues are (i) improvement of the roads will be carried out on the existing alignments and will not require land acquisition; (II) no roads need resettlement, dislocation or relocation. So only two strip maps are provided as a sample. (iii) there are no structures, houses, shops, trees or any other establishments on the ROWs of the proposed roads and drains alignments; (iv) as a result no dislocation, demolition of houses or structures will be required due the development activities; (vi) the local people unanimously welcomed the project and showed positive attitude to the improvement of the proposed subproject. None was found to oppose the subproject; (vii) urban residents and the rural residents in surrounding hinterland will benefit from improvement of the propose roads for creating better access to urban markets & social services provided in the project town; (viii) no potential negative impact could be identified and (ix) business or economic activities will not be impeded resulting losses in income or asset.
- 62. A due diligence process was conducted for the subproject to examine the IR issues particularly with respect to the requirements of the ADB's SPS (2009) and ARIPO. The roads and drains proposed under the subproject will be of straightforward construction on the existing ROWs. So, implementation of the subproject will neither affect any land or structure. Any disturbances will be limited to construction period only. The likely impacts are short-term, localized and could easily be avoided or mitigated. The results of the study suggest that the impact of this subproject does not incur any land acquisition, resettlement or economic displacement.
- 63. The Project Director (PD) will carry out internal monitoring through the PMO and PIUs with the support of the MDSC. For this subproject, PIU will provide PMO on updates on (i) GRM establishment; (ii) report of public consultations and disclosures conducted; (iv) complaints/grievance received, if any, and resolutions conducted; and (iv) unanticipated IR impacts during subproject implementation not included in this due diligence report.
- 64. Based on the findings presented in this due diligence report, the Jessore Subproject Package Nr: UGIIP-III-I/JESS/UT+DR/01/2015 (Lot-01+Lot-02) will not require land acquisition and will not cause involuntary resettlement impacts. There are also no IPs identified in the subproject area. Thus it is concluded that the subproject is **Category C for IR and Category C for IP** as per ADB SPS, 2009.

VIII. APPENDIX 1: RECORDS OF PUBLIC CONSULTATIONS

Public Consultation meeting 01, at Purbo barandi

Subproject :(PDP-R/123) Improvement & widening of khaldar road from HMM road near ice factory to R.N road near sugarcane bazaar, CH.0+0+000 to Ch.0+540 m & 01 no. cross drain at Ch.316 m on khaldar road.

Venue: Purbo barandi, ward no-01, **Date:** 23/09/2015, Time: 4.00 PM,

No. of Participants: 37.

- 65. The public consultation meeting was presided over by Mr. Md. Maruful Islam, Mayor, Jessor pourashava, Mr. S.M. Sarif hasan, XEN, Mr. Ahasan habib, Assistance Engineer were present in the meeting. In the meeting road users, local elites, local govt. representative & business men, members of ward committees and representatives of local government agencies were also present.
- 66. The agenda of the meeting was advising on the planning, improvement, reconstruction, rehabilitation of ADB funded roads, drains of the Pourashava within the participant's area.
- 67. The Safeguard Officer Mr. S.M. Sarif hasan, the Executive engineer, and the Mayor of the Pourashava briefed the participants regarding the goals and objectives of the projects and safeguard issues relating to public disturbance during construction period and also probable mitigation measures highlighting that there will be no land acquisition or public donation of land for subproject implementation as the activities will be implemented inside the ROWs.
- 68. During open discussion session, participants raised following questions, queries and suggestions:
 - ensure quality of the work and timely completion of construction activities.
 - avoid land acquisition
 - continuous communications with community and ensure public consultation
 - Positive regarding the development activities through the proposed subprojects.
 - The authority should not disturb livelihood of the poor income group of the Pourashava.
 - Ensuring proper safety measures.
- 69. The issues raised have been addressed in this Due Diligence Report (DDR), noting these issues would not pose any significant constraint in the implementation of proposed sub-project.
- 70. The meeting concluded with thanks from the chair to the participants.



Public Consultation at Purbo barandi, Jessore Pourashava

Attendance Sheet of Participants

Third Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement (Sector) Project (UGIIP-III)

Local Government Engineering Department

Public Consultation & List of Participants

Name of the Pourashava: Jessore venue Purbo banandi 01

23.09.15

Time: 4'00

SI	Name of the Participant	Occupation	Signature
1	ख्यामावद्	যাম্চা	ट्यक्राना '
2	जीव्या	क्रावट्य	जिता-
3	वाजिया	শ্রহ্ম	शा अध्या
4	<u> जित्रिक्रिण</u>	गुर्शित	स्रताभूम
5	<u> झातामा</u> ना	न्य विभी	A COUSTUS
6	व्या खांगा थे।	न्यु-दिनी	(MCH ~ 10)
7	निर्मित-	- व्यक्ति	mil 100
8	जानिश	ज्यस्त्री-	REDING
9	<u>द्वाकश्रमा</u>	21-52-	(डाक्) अर्ग
10	माशनाज्	ज्यन्त्रि	-হদ্মন্ত্ৰ
11	792	্যুন্ত্রী	विष्ठ
12	व्हाराजावा	-মুন্তিনী-	ता जा पृथि
13	(আফ্রা	-21-02/2-	SALMA
15'	याग्री _	-डोर्ग्या	সার্গ্যা
6	व्यानकाव व्यामी	JUSTER	Bring El Zerno
7 1	र्वा में	-विका	COLA
8 2	ভাই ভাইদুর হুমমাম	222	TORYNT

23,09,15

Scalined by Camscanner

Third Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement (Sector) Project (UGIIP-III) Local Government Engineering Department Public Consultation & List of Participants

Name of the Pourashava: Jessorce Venue Rocko Boocondi Od

Date: 231091215

Time: 4-00 PM

SI	Name of the Participant	Occupation	Signature
8	ट्याट्यम	-27-27	(भिटिंकप
9	निर्देश	न्हरूचे)	-মিমি
24	नाके	इंटिने	ALCE
7.4	CAI.	अर्ज वीक्स	63 स
29	_नंद्रता	शकेश्री	बिका
13	Alspin	-ब्रिजियी-	storid
3	ायाण हा	227	CHAINEN
25	न्याम् भर	च्रु चिनी	となって
27	ना हिन्द	337 DIAZI	स्मार्डमेड
8	टेंप्रकार्य	NEERCE	1-50
2	Chief n	हाकुड़ी	miondo
1	IM CA	मुक्श	Robon
6	<u>चित्र</u> व	Meste	1487
5	আন্নামন	- سرد	Alam
3	द्धारिय	्वाव्ह-क्रिल्	LZICNA.
3	आहु प्रस्त	E.J.	Som
2	EMPSIMITO-ZIIR	wede	2 Som
	हाराक्षीत जारामा भारिक	कार्डिभन्त	Luhan.
00	সুফিগা বেথম	गर्विक क्रिक्र क्रिक्र	3 derinale
-	क्या: कार्याय नाम	मध्यांच विश्वास्त्र अध्यांचे विश्विः	20/00/-E
		7 43 (1778)	20,800,722

Key Issues of Discussion

SI.		
No.	Key issues	Major Findings
1.	Existing situation of the feeder road needs to be improved	The existing road condition is broken, narrow and some part is kacha, communication is not good. When heavy vehicles run side by side it sometimes causes destruction of household fences and causes further damage to the road already in bad shape/condition. In the rainy season, it gets worse and movements of vehicles come to a stop at some time when it rains heavily. Sometimes accidents happen. Emergency movement like taking patients to hospitals by ambulance cannot be possible.
2.	How the better road communication will bring better scopes for the community	The better road condition will greatly ease the pain of present suffering in movement on the road. Good road also is a sign of increasing business, education, and so will be the people's over all well being.
3.	Service use from Pourashava	The community informed that they pay Pourashava its holding tax. The community also bears the electricity cost for the street lamps and also development tax. The participants representing the community expressed their frustration with the Pourashava for its failure to provide humanitarian support to the poor in terms of warm clothes, during chilly winter days or cash or food In times of dire scarcity. They could only see Pourashava peoples' presence at the time of election for begging votes.
4.	Access to supply Water	People of this area wanted access to pure drinking water for the poor people and also for the slum people.
5.	Opinion of the local people regarding improvement of existing road and the area as a whole.	The local people of the area need road very much. There will not be any acquisition and requisition. Improved road will improve transportation and improved drain will remove water logging during wet season. No acquisition of land (private) will be during subproject implementation. The local people have expressed their willingness to support implementation of the project activities smoothly.
6.	Willingness to support the project	Even with lot of suspicion and mistrusts, the community still pledged their all- out support and cooperation with the project.
7.	Local facilities and poor community to get access	Children of the locality go to the primary school, which is not far from the area. Even, if the roads are improved, the children, girls will get access to other educational institutions and the community people will have access to markets, health centres, Pourashava office and other facilities.
8.	Community's willingness to support pourashava	The community is very eager to extend their support for implementing the project. As they will be benefited by the proposed development and the project will create employment opportunities for poor people, they are very earnest to stand by the Pourashava with whatever support they could provide.

Public Consultation meeting 02, at Lal Khapara

Subproject PDP- (D/34): Construction of RCC drain (both side) from west barandipara main road to

Jessore –Dhaka road near Lal Khapara, Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+221m

Vanue: Lal Khapara, Ward no.-04, **Date:** 20/09/2015.**Time:** 4:00 PM,

No of Participants: 34.

- 71. The agenda of the meeting was advising on the planning, improvement, reconstruction, rehabilitation of ADB funded roads, drains of the Pourashava within the participant's area.
- 72. The Safeguard Officer Mr. S.M. Sarif hasan, the Executive engineer, and the Mayor of the Pourashava briefed the participants regarding the goals and objectives of the projects and safeguard issues relating to public disturbance during construction period and also probable mitigation measures highlighting that there will be no land acquisition or public donation of land for subproject implementation as the activities will be implemented inside the ROWs.
- 73. During open discussion session, participants raised following questions, queries and suggestions:
 - ensure quality of the work and timely completion of construction activities.
 - avoid land acquisition
 - continuous communications with community and ensure public consultation
 - Positive regarding the development activities through the proposed subprojects.
 - The authority should not disturb livelihood of the poor income group of the Pourashava.
 - Ensuring proper safety measures.
- 74. The issues raised have been addressed in this Due Diligence Report (DDR), noting these issues would not pose any significant constraint in the implementation of proposed sub-project.
- 75. The meeting concluded with thanks from the chair to the participants.



Public Consultation at Lal Khapara, Jessore Pourashav

Attendance Sheet of Participants

Third Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement (Sector) Project (UGIIP-III)

Local Government Engineering Department

Public Consultation & List of Participants

Name of the Pourashava:

Venue: MANIANO Ward: 87373

Venue: 20101762: Time: 87341

SI	Name of the Participant	Occupation	Signature
L	वाधारिकेक व वर्गान	-काडीनामहून	2010
2	ब्रुखार्थि छुत्र , वर्थान	8 र ७गाउ	Partio
	क्षिक व्याक्त्राम बाक्	37 2 TO BIM.	CH Trie
3		signed garage	
	शिख्दा अप्रिन	वाद्यार कार्य	থাদেরাগ্রাত্ম
5	व्यान्त्रिया व्याञ्चल	u u	जा भ्युष्ठा
5	ক্রেন্সা	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	दंग्ध्य
7	क्रिश्वर विस्पर	agent years	(3-1741
3	व्यावहीय आक्रम	21 - u - 45 / 45 / 45	MIGICA
)	किरिया	4	করিয়ন
10	<u>ज्राज्यम्</u>	Y Chief	णात्नार्गि
11	किटिया अर्थप	y.	[स्टिश्त
12	ज्या किया	ч	ब्लूट
13	न्यूयमा	u	न्युजा
15	आदिम्ह	भू रिजी	या १२५१
16		ч	<u>आध्यरं</u> ग
17		×	MAINS
18	TUSIT?	n	Ziven

20109115

Third Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement (Sector) Project (UGIIP-III) Local Government Engineering Department Public Consultation & List of Participants

	Venue '	rd:
Name of the Pourashava: JESSOITE	Venue : Lal Kha pana W:	04
Name of the Pourashava: VESSOITE Date: 20/09/15	Time: 4'00 PM	The state of the state of the
Date:	Time.	STATE OF STREET

SI	Name of the Participant	Occupation	Signature
		<u> </u>	0
18	Cholomywalus	Sport	60
19	- अहमा-अहसान-	2001	Ahona Rahomen.
Zo	ज्ञास्य विद्यम	स्टिन	Syper
F24	মৌজুরী যোজার	<u> চার্ডা</u>	1don
5/2	जीयिन उर्वासीय	मृत्वी (Januar
13	ভাইদুৰ বহুমান	धारुविद्धी र्व	- अन्युव-
74		गृतिकी	काल
825	अक्षा	h	अष्ट्रा
25	21/3200	nas	क्राविर्ध
10″ 2千	समा	ग्रीवनी	MAI
10° 27 11'	mreont	plas)	M
29	याद्याना	र्ग हिनी	150/210
30	व्याम् मह	no	MARTI
15	227	BIZEZ	1241
31 16 32	ज्याविया अविक	उप्रदित्ती ।	6mp2n
33	अधिर्धा नात्री	यस्याक्षक्ष	304
18	अक्षीमा Guran सारहर	स्मित्रांक प्रज्ञ	- इपक्ष्णिक

वाम की क्षेत्रिक स्थापन स्थापित स्थापना ।

Scanned by CamScanner

Key Issues of Discussion

CI	itey issues of Discussion		
SI. No.	Key issues	Major Findings	
1.	Existing situation of the feeder road needs to be improved	The existing road is narrow and some part is kacha, communication is not good. In the rainy season, it gets worse and movements of vehicles come to a stop at some time when it rains heavily. Sometimes accidents happen. Emergency movement like taking patients to hospitals by ambulance cannot be possible. Especially any festival and social gathering people suffer most, in the rainy season it won't be possible due to very bad shape/ condition of road.	
2.	How the better road communication will bring better scopes for the community	The better road condition will greatly ease the pain of present suffering in movement on the road. Business, education, will be the people over all well being.	
3.	Service use from Pourashava	The community informed that they pay Pourashava its holding tax. The community also bears the electricity cost for the street lamps. The participants representing the community expressed their frustration with the Pourashava for its failure to provide humanitarian support to the poor in terms of warm clothes, during chilly winter days or cash or food In times of dire scarcity. They could only see Pourashava peoples' presence at the time of election for begging votes.	
4.	Access to supply Water	People of this area wanted access to pure drinking water for the poor people and also for the slum people.	
5.	Opinion of the local people regarding improvement of existing road and the area as a whole.	The local people of the area need road very much. There will not be any acquisition and requisition. Improved road will improve transportation and improved drain will remove water logging during wet season. No acquisition of land (private) will be during subproject implementation. The local people have expressed their willingness to support implementation of the project a They strongly feel that there should be a powerful monitoring system to oversee the implementation process and quality of the work.	
6.	Willingness to support the project	The community is very eager to extend their all kinds of support for implementing the project. Even with lot of suspicion and mistrusts, the community still pledged their allout support and cooperation with the project.	
7.	Local facilities and poor community to get access	If the roads are improved, the local poor people including children and women will get access to water supply, markets, health centres, schools.	

Public Consultation meeting 03, at Ashorm Road

Subproject PDP- (D/241) : Construction of RCC drain at Shostitala Bunopara road from PTI road infront of PTI to rail way station road.Ch.0+292 to Ch.0+382m(L/S).Ch.0+252 to Ch.0+382m(L/S)

Vanue: Ashorm Road, Ward no: 7, **Date:** 21/09/2015, **Time:** 4:00 PM,

NO of Participants: 35

- 76. The agenda of the meeting was advising on the planning, improvement, reconstruction, rehabilitation of ADB funded roads, drains of the Pourashava within the participant's area.
- 77. The Safeguard Officer Mr. S.M. Sarif hasan, the Executive engineer, and the Mayor of the Pourashava briefed the participants regarding the goals and objectives of the projects and safeguard issues relating to public disturbance during construction period and also probable mitigation measures highlighting that there will be no land acquisition or public donation of land for subproject implementation as the activities will be implemented inside the ROWs.
- 78. During open discussion session, participants raised following questions, queries and suggestions:
 - ensure quality of the work and timely completion of construction activities.
 - avoid land acquisition
 - continuous communications with community and ensure public consultation
 - Positive regarding the development activities through the proposed subprojects.
 - The authority should not disturb livelihood of the poor income group of the Pourashava.
 - Ensuring proper safety measures.
- 79. The issues raised have been addressed in this Due Diligence Report (DDR), noting these issues would not pose any significant constraint in the implementation of proposed sub-project.
- 80. The meeting concluded with thanks from the chair to the participants.



Public Consultation at Ashorm Road, Jessore Pourashava

Attendance Sheet of Participants

Third Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement (Sector) Project (UGIIP-III) **Local Government Engineering Department Public Consultation & List of Participants** भाकार Venue 2737 Name of the Pourashava: २०१काव्ह में 8100 BT Time:-SI Name of the Participant Occupation Signature 2 सं- ७ कार्यक्षाक व्यक्तिकाडा-व्यक्ति 5 6 णाध्या म अन्ता 9 10 275647 11 णनाम्बा 12 13 15 রাহ্মা 16 याविमा 17-16 18 Scanned by CamScanner

Third Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement (Sector) Project (UGIIP-III) Local Government Engineering Department Public Consultation & List of Participants

ASROMROAD Jessone OZ Name of the Pourashava: 21-9-15 4.00 PM Time:-SI Name of the Participant Occupation Signature MODEL 18 79 47 याश्रिक्त प्राश्रात्र 10 स्राक्ता 11 28 12 अनुबा 13-30 15 37 เมล 17 Mel 18-21.09 लन्सि वरमायनी ৰচৰুত্ৰ গৌলাদা, বাগাগ

Scanned by CamScanner

Key Issues of Discussion

SI.	Vay issues	Moior Eindings
No.	Key issues	Major Findings
1.	Existing situation of the feeder road needs to be improved	The existing road is narrow and some part is kacha, communication is not good. In the rainy season, it gets worse and movements of vehicles come to a stop at some time when it rains heavily. Sometimes accidents happen. Emergency movement like taking patients to hospitals by ambulance cannot be possible. Especially marriage ceremonies suffer most in the rainy season as visits of both parties won't be possible due to very bad shape/ condition of road.
2.	How the better road communication will bring better scopes for the community	Better road is essential for socio economic development of any area. The better road condition will greatly ease the pain of present suffering in movement on the road. Business, education, will be the people's over all well being. The road will be busier and so will be the lives of the people living on its two sides.
3.	Service use from Pourashava	The community informed that they pay Pourashava its holding tax. The community also bears the electricity cost for the street lamps.
4.	Access to supply Water	People of this area have to rely on tube well for their all water needs as the area is without any water supply service.
5.	Opinion of the local people regarding improvement of existing road and the area as a whole.	Earlier the community tried to get Pourashava's attention but failed. This time when it came to learn about this project, they can't believe it to really happen. They strongly feel that there should be a powerful monitoring system to oversee the implementation process, otherwise the minimum quality of the work could not be ensured due to their anticipated malpractices by the Pourashava.
6.	Willingness to support the project	The community is very eager to extend their support for implementing the project. Even with lot of suspicion and mistrusts, the community still pledged their all-out support and cooperation with the project.
7.	Local facilities and poor community to get access	Children of the locality go to the primary school, which is not far from the area. But the nearest college is too far from the locality for students to go there on every day without much hassle. The improved roads will ease the communication for the people of the communities including poor, children and women.

Public Consultation meeting 04, at Najir Sarkar Primary School

Subproject: PDP- (R/06): Improvement of Esat Barandipara Graveyard road by lane by CC from

nearby proposed idgah to Mondir via H/O Fasihur Rahman,Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+210m

Vanue: Najir Sarkar Primary School, Ward no: 09

Date: 22/09/2015, Time: 4:00 PM,.

No of Participants: 29

- 81. The agenda of the meeting was advising on the planning, improvement, reconstruction, rehabilitation of ADB funded roads, drains of the Pourashava within the participant's area.
- 82. The Safeguard Officer Mr. S.M. Sarif hasan, the Executive engineer, and the Mayor of the Pourashava briefed the participants regarding the goals and objectives of the projects and safeguard issues relating to public disturbance during construction period and also probable mitigation measures highlighting that there will be no land acquisition or public donation of land for subproject implementation as the activities will be implemented inside the ROWs.
- 83. During open discussion session, participants raised following questions, queries and suggestions:
 - ensure quality of the work and timely completion of construction activities.
 - avoid land acquisition
 - continuous communications with community and ensure public consultation
 - Positive regarding the development activities through the proposed subprojects.
 - The authority should not disturb livelihood of the poor income group of the Pourashava.
 - Ensuring proper safety measures.
- 84. The issues raised have been addressed in this Due Diligence Report (DDR), noting these issues would not pose any significant constraint in the implementation of proposed sub-project.
- 85. The meeting concluded with thanks from the chair to the participants.



Public Consultation at Najir Sarkar Primary School, Jessore Pourashava

Attendance Sheet of Participants

Third Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement (Sector) Project (UGIIP-III)

Local Government Engineering Department

Public Consultation & List of Participants

Name of the Pourashava: Jessorre Venue Najir Sankor 09

Date: 22.09:15 Time: 4:00 PM

SI	Name of the Participant	Occupation	Signature
1	surregues and	302	व्यक्षार्थम
2	Fernand And	2021-	उर्देशस्त्री
3	Mas E Elon	200	\$1213Q
4	ELLEN INGREDICE	alian	3 MAI BEN
5	ang for com	Rues	Qua Fou
6	SHUSLY CHUR	allen	रस्मार्थ
7	elsa com	(2)	জীবন
8	autopre Leave	र्डिरि	ब्या राजा
9	-ruginagi	3 300	-अन्भिक्ष
10	cervice with	र्ज्युरी	Lalein
11	Anguarden	MENEL GUARG	moun
12	Moshe	श्रीत-	स्रीयान्य
13	2020	ربه (561(0211
15	न्यामि समाम	4	अभि_
26	contractor	73)	9+112
M/s	(MULES L'ESPA	shore	6216451
18 17	(Haranaria)	ente	विजि

Scanned by CamScanner

Third Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement (Sector) Project (UGIIP-III) Local Government Engineering Department Public Consultation & List of Participants

Name of the Pourashava: Jessore Venue : Nagire Sankorward: 09

Date: 22-09-2015 Time: 4-0 PH

Name of the Participant	Occupation	Signature
county (asin	जुरीक	७१५/३
अमिद्धन (वशम	ब),	अर्थिका ।
यीर्गार्ड धर्म	ا (م)	ने वेगाराव
मिकिंदर (विश्वम	3)	-166.ye
my year and it	-5×21-	Corbonin
त्या इरेर (यसम	युटी नि	×भारिका
MUMBLE CARLIN	رب	STIMAT
	(5)	नुवुजाशत
व्यादिन भवरेरे	गुरक्री	क्लार्शन
नाहित् प्यार्लम सूत्रू	कार्डाभन्त्र ,	Jan jan
	अर्विक्षिण कार्विस	FAV, NOE
आः लार्ञान याड्री	स्टिलिस स्टिल्	22/02/12/0
		240 1112
	क्यापुरी (वश्म क्यापुरी (वश्म क्यापुरी (वश्म क्यापुरी (वश्म क्यापुरी (वश्म क्यापुरी (वश्म क्यापुरी अवद्रम् व्यापुरी अवद्रम् व्यापुरी अवद्रम् व्यापुरी अवद्रम् व्यापुरी (वश्म व्यापुरी (वश्म वश्	क्यापुर्व (वश्य प्रमूत्र कार्यक्रा क्रांत्र क्र

Key Issues of Discussion

SI.		
No.	Key issues	Major Findings
1.	Existing situation of the feeder road needs to be improved	The existing road is not good. It is narrow, broken and some part is kacha, So, communication is not good also In the rainy season, it gets worse and movements of vehicles come to a stop at some time when it rains heavily. Sometimes accidents happen. Emergency movement like taking patients to hospitals by ambulance cannot be possible. Especially marriage ceremonies suffer most in the rainy season as visits of both parties won't be possible due to very bad shape/ condition of road.
2.	How the better road communication will bring better scopes for the community	The better road condition will greatly ease the pain of present suffering in movement on the road. Business, education, will be the people's over all well being.
3.	Service use from Pourashava	The community informed that they pay Pourashava its holding tax. The community also bears the electricity cost for the street lamps.
4.	Access to supply Water	People of this area have to rely on tube well for their all water needs as the area is without any water supply service.
5.	Opinion of the local people regarding improvement of existing road and the area as a whole.	Earlier the community tried to get Pourashava's attention but failed. This time when it came to learn about this project, they can't believe it to really happen. They strongly feel that there should be a powerful monitoring system to oversee the implementation process, otherwise the minimum quality of the work could not be ensured.
6.	Willingness to support the project	The community is very eager to extend their support for implementing the project. Even with lot of suspicion and mistrusts, the community still pledged their all-out support and cooperation with the project.
7.	Local facilities and poor community to get access	School and college going student will be benefited. Children of the locality go to the primary school. But the nearest college is too far from the locality for students to go there on every day without much hassle. The poor condition of the road causes the most of their sufferings.

IX. APPENDIX 2: INVOLUNTARY RESETTLEMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST

Note: This is an expanded checklist based on ADB IR Impact Assessment Checklist. The modifications are indented to facilitate quick IR assessment by PIUs of a proposed subproject. The checklist may be modified as deemed necessary during project implementation.

A. Introduction

Each subproject/component needs to be screened for any involuntary resettlement impacts which will occur or have already occurred. This screening determines the necessary action to be taken by the project team/design consultants.

a. b. c.	District name: Jessore Location: Jessore <u>Pourashava</u> Proposed scheme considered in thi	s checklist: (check one)
	_ roads _ drainages _ water supply _ solid waste management _ sanitation bilets, septage management, etc.) street lighting	slaughterhouseslaughterhousemarketcommunity center/auditoriumbus and truck terminalsriver ghatsOthers (please specify)

B. Information on proposed scheme/subproject:

C. Screening Questions for Involuntary Resettlement Impact,

PDP (310):Improvement of Abdul Matin road by C.C. from Mujib road near circuit house Karim road near south-east gate of MM college (Ch.0+000 to Ch.0+570 m)

Involuntary Resettlement Impacts	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
Will the project include any physical construction work?	Х			13 drain to be constructed
Does the proposed activity include upgrading or rehabilitation of existing physical facilities?	Х			
A. Land (not applicable for public	ROWs)			
1. Ownership of land known?	х			(if yes, check appropriate) government private trust/community traditional (IPs/tribal)X_ Others

Involuntary Resettlement Impacts	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
				Jessore Pourashava
2. Land purchase/acquisition (answ purchase)- Not applicable	ver required (even f	or land do	nation and/or negotiated land
a. permanent (owner/s required to transfer ownership/rights to pourashava)		X		(if yes, provide purpose)
b. temporary (owner/s retain rights/ownership)		Х		(if yes, provide purpose)
c. not required	Х			(check appropriate)X_ land owned by pourashava land owned by other government agency proposal will not require land (scheme will be along right of way or existing facility)
3. Current usage of the land known?	Х			if yes, check as appropriate: agriculturalresidentialcommercial/businesscommunity useX_vacant/not usedprivate access roadothers (specify)
4. Are there any non-titled people who live or earn their livelihood at the site/land?		Х		(if yes, provide description)
5. Are there any existing structures on land?		Х		
(if yes, complete the following information)	Not applicable			
- Residential		Х		(if yes, provide number)
- Business/shops/stalls		Х		(if yes, provide number)
- Fences		X		(if yes, provide description – brick, bamboo, wired, etc.)
- Water wells		Χ		(if yes, provide number)
- Sanitation facility		Х		(if yes, provide description)
- Others (specify)		Χ		(if yes, provide description)
6. Are there any trees on land?		Χ		(if yes, provide number)

Involuntary Resettlement Impacts	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
7. Are there any crops on land?		Х		(if yes, provide if perennial or seasonal)
8. Will people lose access to:		Χ		
- any facility		Х		(if yes, provide description)
- services		Х		(if yes, provide description)
- natural resources		Х		(if yes, provide description)
9. Will any social or economic		Χ		
activities be affected by land use-				
related changes?				
10. Are any of the affected		Χ		(if yes, provide description)
persons (AP) from indigenous or				
ethnic minority groups?				
B. Linear Works		•	•	
1. Within public RoW?		Χ		
2. Structures on RoW? (applicable		Χ		
to full or partial parts, applicable to				
permanent/semi-permanent				
structures)				
- Residential		Χ		
- Commercial/business/stalls		Χ		
- Fence/boundary walls		Χ		
- Sanitation facility		Χ		
- Community facility		Χ		
- School/educational facility		Х		
- Religious structure		Х		
- Service provision (light poles, water wells, etc)		Х		
- Others (specify)		Х		
3. Any mobile vendors/hawkers		X		
using RoW?				
Will there be loss of agricultural		X		
plots?				
5. Will there be loss of trees?		X		
6. Will there be loss of crops?		X		
5. Will people lose access to:				
- any facility		X		(if yes, provide description)
- services		X		(if yes, provide description)
- natural resources		X		(if yes, provide description)
6. Are any of the affected persons		X		(if yes, provide description)
(AP) from indigenous or ethnic				(ii yes, provide description)
minority groups?				
minority groups:				

D. Attachments

UGIIP III

Date: 29th October 2015

1. Subproject with land requirement: Not applicable

- a. Photograph/s of site/s: Not applicable
- b. Photograph/s of existing structure/s (permanent/semi-permanent): Not applicable

2. Subproject along ROWs:

- a. Photograph/s of each alignment (chainage-wise at least 200 meters): Not applicable:
- b. Photograph/s of existing structure/s (permanent/semi-permanent): Not applicable
- c. Photograph/s of trees/crops: Not applicable

Prepared by: S.B.I.M.Safiq-ud-doula	Verified by: Md. Abdul Karim
Cianatura	Cimpature
Signature:	Signature:
Name: S.B.I.M.Safiq-ud-doula	Name: Md. Abdul Karim
Position: Regional Resettlement Specialist	Position: Deputy Team Leader
UGIIP-III	UGIIP-III
Date: 29 th October 2015	Date: 29 th October 2015

THIS PORTION IS FOR PMO AND MDSC SAFEGUARD TEAM USE ONLY

THIS PORTION IS FOR PMO AND MUSC SAFEGUARD TEAM USE ONLY				
Date Checklist Received:				
Database/Record Number:				
Assigned category and further actions	x_ Category C			
	Category B (tentative)			
	for verification of land purchase/acquisition			
	for verification of land donation			
	for verification of non-land donation			
	for verification of voluntary resettlement			
	Category B			
Assessed by: S.B.I.M.Safiq-ud-doula	Noted by: Md. Abdul Karim			
Signature:	Signature:			
Name: S.B.I.M.Safiq-ud-doula	Name: Md. Abdul Karim			
Position: Regional Resettlement Specialis	Position: Deputy Team Leader			

UGIIP III

29th October 2015

X. APPENDIX 3: INDEGENOUS PEOPLE CHECK LIST/SMALL ETHNIC COMMUNITIES (SEC) IMPACTS

Introduction:

- 1. Each project/subproject/component needs to be screened for any indigenous people impacts which will occur or have already occurred. This screening determines the necessary action to be taken by the project team.
- 2. Information on project/subproject/component:
- a. District/administrative name: Jessore Pourashava
- b. Location (km): About 70 km from Khulna Divisional Headquarters
- c. Civil work dates (proposed): October 2015 to December 2016
- d. Technical description: This subproject has been proposed comprising improvement/ rehabilitation of 15 existing roads and construction of 13 drains under package no UGIIP-III-1/JESS/UT+DR/01/2015 (Lot -01+02), Out of 15 roads 8 roads with C.C.,1 (one) is dense bituminous carpeting (DBC) 5 roads to be bituminous carpeting (B.C). All the drains will be constructed with R.C.C. including one connecting drain.

Screening Questions for Indigenous People/SEC Impact

KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations in the "Remarks" column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
A. Indigenous Peoples/SEC Identification				
1. Are there socio cultural groups present in or using the project area who may be considered "tribes" (hill tribes ,scheduled tribes, IP/SEC), "minorities" (ethnic or national minorities), or "indigenous communities"?		X		
2. Are there national or local laws or policies as well as anthropological researches/studies that consider these groups present in or using the project area as belonging to "ethnic minorities," scheduled tribes, IP/SEC, national minorities, or cultural communities?			X	
3. Do such groups self-identify as being part of a distinct social and cultural group?			X	
4. Do such groups maintain collective attachments to distinct habitats or ancestral territories and/or to the natural resources in these habitats and territories?			X	
5. Do such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture?			X	

KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations in the "Remarks" column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
6. Do such groups speak a distinct language or dialect?			X	
7. Have such groups been historically, socially, and				
economically marginalized, disempowered, excluded, and /or discriminated against?			X	
8Are such groups represented as "indigenous peoples," "ethnic minorities," "scheduled tribes," or "IP populations" in any formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels?			X	
B. Identification of Potential Impacts				
9. Will the project directly or indirectly benefit or target indigenous peoples?	Y			
10. Will the project directly or indirectly affect indigenous peoples' traditional socio cultural and belief practices (e.g.child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance)?		X		
11. Will the project affect the livelihood systems of				
indigenous peoples (e.g., food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)?		X		
12. Will the project be in an area (land or territory)				
occupied, owned, or used by indigenous peoples, and/or claimed as ancestral domain?		X		
C. Identification of Special Requirements				
Will the project activities include:				
13. Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of indigenous peoples?		X		
14. Physical displacement from traditional or customary lands?		X		
15. Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forests, water, hunting or fishing grounds) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural, ceremonial, and spiritual uses that define the identity and community of indigenous peoples?		X		
16. Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied, or claimed by indigenous peoples?		X		
17. Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied, or claimed by indigenous peoples?		X		

Indigenous People/SEC Impact

After reviewing the answers above, executing agency/safeguard team confirms that the proposed subsection/ section/subproject/component (tick as appropriate):

[] has indigenous people (IP)/SEC impact, so an SECDP or specific SEC action plan is required.

[X] has No IP/SEC impact, so no SECDP/specific action plan is required.

Prepared by:	Verified by:
Cianatura	Cignotius
Signature:	Signature:
Name:	Name:
Position:	Position:

XI. APPENDIX 4: SAMPLE GRIEVANCE REGISTRATION FORM

To be Translated into Bangladesh

The Project welcomes complaints, suggestions, queries and comments regarding project implementation. We encourage persons with grievance to provide their name and contact information to enable us to get in touch with you for clarification and feedback. Should you choose to include your personal details but want that information to remain confidential, please inform us by writing/typing *(CONFIDENTIAL)* above your name.

Diago of registration

Thank you.

Data

Date	Place of registrati	OII
Contact Information/Pe	rsonal Details	
Name		Gender * Male Age * Female
Home Address		
Place		
Phone no.		
E-mail		
		ease provide the details (who, what, where
and how) of your grieva	nce below:	
If included as attachme	nt/note/letter, please tick	here:
How do you want us to	reach you for feedback o	r update on your comment/grievance?
-	, 	
FOR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY	
Registered by: (Name	of Official registering grie	evance)
Mode of communication	1:	
Note/Letter E-mail Verb	al/Telephonic	
Reviewed by: (Names/	Positions of Official(s) re	viewing grievance)
Action Taken:		
Whether Action Taken	 Disclosed:	
Yes ()		
No ()		
Means of Disclosure:		

XII. **APPENDIX 5: VARIFICATION OF POURASHAVA OWNERSHIP**



JESSORE POURASHAVA OFFICE

(JESSORE MUNICIPALITY) MUNSHI MEHERULLAH ROAD, JESSORE ESTABLISHED: 1864

Memo No. 16.02.014.001.2014.2420

Date: 26/11/2015

Land Owner Certificate

This is to certify that the schemes of Third Urban Governance and Infrastructure Improvement (Sector) Project (UGIIP-III), Phase-01. This was submitted from Jessore Pourashava, District Jessore, all the land where implementation works will be done, the ownership of those lands are Jessore Pourashavas own land.

Mayor

Jessore Pourashava

Jessore.

MD. MARUFUL ISLAM Mayor Jessore Pourashava

Phone: Office 68681, 63469, 633899, 63474 Fax: Office 0421-63899