Viet Nam: Secondary Green Cities Development Project

Project Name	Secondary Green Cities Development Project		
Project Number	47274-003		
Country	Viet Nam		
Project Status	Approved		
Project Type / Modality of Assistance	Grant Loan Technical Assistance		
Source of Funding / Amount	Grant: Secondary Green Cities Development Project		
	Global Environment Facility	US\$ 2.00 million	
	Urban Climate Change Resilience Trust Fund under the Urban Financing Partnership Facility	US\$ 4.00 million	
	Loan: Secondary Green Cities Development Project		
	Ordinary capital resources	US\$ 50.00 million	
	concessional ordinary capital resources lending / Asian Development Fund	US\$ 120.00 million	
	TA: Secondary Green Cities Development Project		
	Global Environment Facility	US\$ 6.26 million	
	Urban Climate Change Resilience Trust Fund under the Urban Financing Partnership Facility	US\$ 2.00 million	
	GEF-Special Climate Change Fund	US\$ 4.57 million	
Strategic Agendas	Environmentally sustainable growth Inclusive economic growth		
Drivers of Change	Governance and capacity development Partnerships		
Sector / Subsector	 Energy - Energy efficiency and conservation Transport - Urban roads and traffic management Water and other urban infrastructure and services - Other urban services - Urban flood protection - Urban policy, institutional and capacity development - Urban sanitation - Urban water supply 		
Gender Equity and Mainstreaming	Effective gender mainstreaming		
Description	The project will demonstrate economically competitive, environmentally sustainable and socially inclusive development for Vinh Yen city (Vinh Yen), Hue city (Hue) and Ha Giang city (Ha Giang) of Viet Nam. The project cities' green and climate resilient development approaches will be scaled up for nationwide green secondary city development in Viet Nam.		

Project Rationale and Linkage to Country/Regional Strategy	In 2015, Viet Nam''s rapid urbanization enables cities to provide home to more than a third of the total population, i.e. 31.1 million people, and contribute to approximately 70% of national gross domestic product of \$191.5 billion (\$2,109 per capita). This was driven by a structural shift from agriculture to industry and services. The quality of urbanization in the country, however, is uneven. Compared to the first-tier five centrally-administered cities, development of secondary cities is significantly lagging behin Less than 60% of secondary cities'' households are connected to the water supply systems and many do not have 24-hour supply. Only 10% of their urban wastewater is treated by a centralized system before discharging to the environment. Urban flooding stems from poor management of storm water to cope w increasing extreme weather events. Urban road network lacks its connectivity to accommodate increasi number of vehicles, while fails to promote greener mode of transportation. Development of secondary cities is an emerging challenge to support the country's next phase of development through: (i) providin job opportunities and livable environment for rural migrants; (ii) boosting local economy and closing income disparities by incubation of middle income groups; and (iii) promoting a domestic demand-driver economy. The Viet Nam''s Socio-Economic Development Strategy, 2011- 2020 emphasized the need to sustain the rate of its economic growth while achieving social inclusiveness and environmental protection. This has led to the formulation of the National Program on Urban Development, 2012 -2020, that requires efficier sustainable and equitable urbanization. However, secondary cities face limited financial resources and constrained local investment due to limited basic urban infrastructures and services. Provision development still needs to rely heavily on public investments because limited size and coverage cannot support economies of scale, and insufficient cost recovery. Their limited capacity to plan,			
	providing a capacity development economic growth and environmen selected Vinh Yen and Hue whose thereby 3 cities collectively repres sector priorities and geographical city was completed and endorsed	(ADB) started a policy dialogue with the Vietnamese government by technical assistance (CDTA) to support secondary cities for balancing stal sustainability to guide urbanization process. The technical assistance government expressed strong commitments. Ha Giang was added sent different socio-economic characteristics, development constraints, locations. In 2014- 2015, a "_GrEEEn"_ city action plan (GCAP) for each by the government to mainstream an integrated urban planning ptation and mitigation, prioritize investments and propose greener		
Impact	The project is aligned with the following impacts: improved efficiency, sustainability, and equitability of secondary cities development in Viet Nam.			
Broject Outcome				
Project Outcome		Environmental systematility inclusiveness and elimete resilience of		
Description of Outcome		Environmental sustainability, inclusiveness, and climate resilience of Ha Giang, Hue, and Vinh Yen strengthened		
Progress Toward Outcome	e			
Implementation Progress				
Description of Project Outputs		Green and resilient urban infrastructure services in Vinh Yen improved Green and resilient urban infrastructure services in Hue improved Green and resilient urban infrastructure services in Ha Giang improved		
Status of Implementation lssues)	Progress (Outputs, Activities, and			
Geographical Location		Hue, Tinh Ha Giang, Vinh Yen		
Safeguard Categories				
Environment		В		
Involuntary Resettlement		Α		
Indigenous Peoples		В		
Summary of Environme	ental and Social Aspects			
Environmental Aspects				
Involuntary Resettlement				
Indigenous Peoples				
	ation, Participation, and Consul	tation		
During Project Design				
During Project Design				

Date Generated

Responsible ADB Officer	Ishii, Satoshi		
Responsible ADB Department	Southeast Asia Department		
Responsible ADB Division	Urban Development and Water Division, SERD		
Executing Agencies	Provincial People's Committee Thua Thien Hue 14 Le Loi Street, Hue City, Thua Thien Hue Viet Nam Provincial People's Committee Vinh Phuc No.38-40, Nguyen Trai Road Dong Da Ward, Vinh Yen Town, Vinh Phuc Province, Socialist Republic of Viet Nam Provincial People's Committee of Ha Giang Ha Giang Province, Socialist Republic of Viet Nam		
Timetable			
Concept Clearance	27 Jun 2014		
Fact Finding	01 Mar 2016 to 29 Mar 2016		
MRM	25 May 2017		
Approval	31 Oct 2017		
Last Review Mission	-		
Last PDS Update	31 Oct 2017		
Project Page	https://www.adb.org/projects/47274-003/main		
Request for Information	http://www.adb.org/forms/request-information-form?subject=47274-003		

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