INITIAL POVERTY AND SOCIAL ANALYSIS

Country:	Kyrgyz Republic	Project Title:	Toktogul Rehabilitation Project Phase 2	
Lending/Financing Modality:	Project	Department/ Division:	Central and West Asia Department Energy Division	
I. POVERTY IMPACT AND SOCIAL DIMENSIONS				
A. Links to the National Poverty Reduction Strategy and Country Partnership Strategy				
The Kyrgyz Republic's National Strategy of Sustainable Development (2013–2017) places strategic importance on the energy sector to obtain sustainable human development. The Asian Development Bank's (ADB) Country Partnership Strategy 2013-2017 (under preparation) supports the National Strategy of Sustainable Development for the Kyrgyz Republic (2013–2017) and emphasized the importance of technical and financial rehabilitation of the energy sector.				
The project is indicatively programmed for 2014 in the Country Operations Business Plan (2014–2016) which is under preparation. The project is also an integral part of the energy strategy agreed under the Central Asia Regional Economic Cooperation Program.				
B. Targeting Classification				
☐ General Intervention ☐ Individual or Household (TI-H) ☐ Geographic (TI-G) ☐ Non-Income MDGs (TI-M1, M2, etc.)				
The project benefits the general public through improving the reliability of power supply and strengthening the financial performance of the energy sector.				
C. Poverty and Social Analysis 1. Key issues and potential beneficiaries. The project will benefit the general population of the Kyrgyz Republic and, to some extent, the population of neighboring countries through improved reliability of electricity supply.				
2. Impact channels and expected systemic changes. The project will benefit the population from the Kara-Kul area as short-term skilled and unskilled workers will be hired to carry out the rehabilitation work. Training will be provided to the power plant staff and workers.				
3. Focus of (and resources allocated in) the PPTA or due diligence.				
The Electric Power Plants (EPP) will ensure compliance with core labor standards and or national labor laws. The PPTA consultant will conduct a social and poverty analysis to assess impact channels of the project.				
4. Specific analysis for policy-based lending.				
N/A	II OFNOTE	AND DEVELO	DMENT	
II. GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT 1. What are the key gender issues in the sector/subsector that are likely to be relevant to this project or program?				
No gender issues envisaged. 2. Does the proposed project or program have the potential to make a contribution to the promotion of gender equity and/or empowerment of women by providing women's access to and use of opportunities, services, resources, assets, and participation in decision making? Yes No Please explain.				
The project will equally benefit both genders.				
3. Could the proposed project have an adverse impact on women and/or girls or widen gender inequality? ☐ Yes ☐ No Please explain				
The project is gender neutral.				
4. Indicate the intended gender mainstreaming category: GEN (gender equity theme) GEN (effective gender mainstreaming) SGE (some gender elements) NGE (no gender elements) The project involves rehabilitation in existing hydropower plant, the project will benefit both genders				

PARTICIPATION AND EMPOWERMENT III.

- 1. Who are the main stakeholders of the project, including beneficiaries and negatively affected people? Identify how they will participate in the project design.
 - Ministry of Energy and Industry overseeing the energy sector.
 - EPP owners of Toktogul hydroelectric power plant to be rehabilitated under the project.
 - State Property Fund owners of power assets and companies.
 - General public surrounding Toktogul Hydroelectric Power Plant (HPP) public consultation will be carried out to meet the local communities and describe the goal and target of the project.
- 2. How can the project contribute (in a systemic way) to engaging and empowering stakeholders and beneficiaries, particularly, the poor, vulnerable and excluded groups? What issues in the project design require participation of the poor and excluded?

Rehabilitation of Toktogul HPP will require consultation with the population residing near the project site including

does not entail change in water use patterns or volume.			
3. What are the key, active, and relevant civil society organizations in the project area? What is the level of civil society organization participation in the project design? H Information generation and sharing Consultation Collaboration Partnership			
4. Are there issues during project design for which participation of the poor and excluded is important? What are they and how shall they be addressed? \square Yes \square No			
Rehabilitation of Toktogul HPP will require consultation with the population residing near the project site. PPTA consultant will ensure that women will participate in the consultations. However, all works will be conducted within the existing HPP compounds and the project does not entail change in water use patterns or volume.			
IV. SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS			
A. Involuntary Resettlement Category A B C FI			
1. Does the project have the potential to involve involuntary land acquisition resulting in physical and economic displacement? \square Yes \square No			
All works are conducted within the existing HPP compounds; no involuntary resettlement and land acquisition envisaged.			
2. What action plan is required to address involuntary resettlement as part of the PPTA or due diligence process? ☐ Resettlement plan ☐ Resettlement framework ☐ Social impact matrix ☐ Environmental and social management system arrangement ☐ None			
B. Indigenous Peoples Category			
1. Does the proposed project have the potential to directly or indirectly affect the dignity, human rights, livelihood systems, or culture of indigenous peoples?			
3. Will the project require broad community support of affected indigenous communities? Yes No No indigenous people identified.			
4. What action plan is required to address risks to indigenous peoples as part of the PPTA or due diligence process? ☐ Indigenous peoples plan ☐ Indigenous peoples planning framework ☐ Social Impact matrix ☐ Environmental and social management system arrangement ☐ None			
V. OTHER SOCIAL ISSUES AND RISKS			
1. What other social issues and risks should be considered in the project design?			
☐ Creating decent jobs and employment ☐ Adhering to core labor standards ☐ Labor retrenchment ☐ Spread of communicable diseases, including HIV/AIDS ☐ Increase in human trafficking ☐ Affordability ☐ Increase in unplanned migration ☐ Increase in vulnerability to natural disasters ☐ Creating political instability ☐ Creating internal social conflicts ☐ Others, please specify			
2. How are these additional social issues and risks going to be addressed in the project design?			

social and poverty analysis to assess impact channels of the project and identify opportunities to develop inclusive

design features to assure that all segments of the population benefit from this project.