

GENDER ACTION PLAN

Objectives and Activities	Targets/Indicators	Responsible	Timeframe	Budget
Outcome: Social welfare support for the poor and vulnerable, especially women and children, enhanced				
1. Social welfare support for the poor and vulnerable, especially women and children, enhanced	1.1. By 2021, at least 1.2 million children (48.2% girls) registered in the Integrated Household Database, ^a receive topped-up child grant benefits (November 2020 baseline: 1,184,158 children [613,517 boys and 570,641 (48.2%) girls]) 1.2. By 2024, at least 80% of graduation pilot program beneficiaries (50% women) have improved livelihoods as measured by the graduation criteria established under the pilot program (2019 baseline: not applicable)	MLSP	2021–2023	Government budget, project budget
Output 2: Social welfare programs and systems strengthened				
2. Social welfare programs and systems strengthened	2.1. Proxy means test data for at least 150,000 households is recertified using new methodology through household visits, with data disaggregated by age, sex, and geographic area (2020 baseline: 0 households recertified using new methodology) 2.2. At least 1,500 working-age adults in poor households (50% women) receive graduation program asset packages with coaching and training to promote diversified income sources (2020 baseline: 0 households)	MLSP	2021–2023	Government budget, project budget
3. Implementation monitored and the impact of the graduation approach pilot on households assessed	3.1. Graduation program impact evaluation design includes gender impact assessment and sex-disaggregated data	MLSP	Q3–Q4 2021	Project budget

MLSP = Ministry of Labor and Social Protection, Q = quarter.

^a National Statistics Office of Mongolia data for 2019 confirms the sex ratio of Mongolian children aged 0–19 as 51.1% boys and 48.9% girls. The ratio varies among age groups and is most imbalanced among children aged 0–4 at 51.3% boys and 48.7% girls. The gender target is set to at least maintain the current ratio among child grant beneficiaries.

Source: Asian Development Bank.