Involuntary Resettlement Due Diligence Report

Report May 2016

VIE: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantaged Areas Project (LSEMDAP2) – Binh Thuan Province

Prepared by the Ministry of Education and Training for the Socialist Republic of Vietnam and the Asian Development Bank.

CURRENCY EQUIVALENTS

(as of 15 May 2016)

Currency unit - dong (VND) VND1.00 = \$0.0000449 \$1.00 = VND 22,250

ABBREVIATIONS

ADB – Asian Development Bank

CPMU – Central Project Management Unit

EM – Ethnic Minorities

EMSB – Ethnic Minority Semi Boarding

LSEMDAP – Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most

Disadvantaged Project

LSS – Lower Secondary School LURP – Land Use Right Paper

MOET – Ministry of Education and Training

RP – Resettlement Plan

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

m – meter

m² – square meter

This involuntary resettlement due diligence report is a document of the borrower. The views expressed herein do not necessarily represent those of ADB's Board of Directors, Management, or staff, and may be preliminary in nature.

In preparing any country program or strategy, financing any project, or by making any designation of or reference to a particular territory or geographic area in this document, the Asian Development Bank does not intend to make any judgments as to the legal or other status of any territory or area.

Involuntary Resettlement Due Diligence Report

Document Stage: Final
Project Number 46066-002
Date: May 2016

VIE: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantaged Areas Project (LSEMDAP2)

BINH THUAN PROVINCE SUBPROJECT

- Tan Ha Lower Secondary School
- Suoi Kiet Lower Secondary School
- Da Mi Chau Lower Secondary School
- Song Luy Lower Secondary School
- Hoa Thang Lower Secondary School
- Duc Chinh Lower Secondary School
- Thuan Hoa Lower Secondary School

CURRENCY EQUIVALENTS

(as of May, 2016)

Currency unit Vietnamese Dong (VND)

\$1.00 VND 22,250

ACCRONYMS

ADB -Asian Development Bank

CPMU -Central Project Management Unit

EMs -**Ethnic Minorities**

Ethnic Minority Semi Boarding EMSB -

LURP - Land Use Right Paper
MOET - Ministry of Education and Training
RP - Resettlement Plan

LSEMDAP2 -Second Lower Secondary Education For the Most

Disadvantage Project

LSS - Lower Secondary School

This due diligence report is a document of the borrower. The views expressed herein do not necessarily represent those of ADB's Board of Directors, Management, or staff, and may be preliminary in nature.

In preparing any country program or strategy, financing any project, or by making any designation of or reference to a particular territory or geographic area in this document, the Asian Development Bank does not intend to make any judgments as to the legal or other status of any territory or area.

Table of Content

l	Introduction	4
II	Approach & Methodology in Due Diligence	4
Ш	The Proposed Facilities	4
IV	Brief Profile of the LSSs	5
V	Assessment of Social Impacts	7
VI	Grievance Redress Mechanism and Implementation Arrangement	8

Appendix

Appendix 1 – 7: Involuntary Resettlement Impact Categorization Checklists and	
Indigenous Peoples Impact Screening Checklists	

10-30

I. INTRODUCTION

- 1. The Ministry of Education and Training (MOET) is implementing the Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantaged Areas Project (LSEMDAP II, or the Project) in the 28 provinces of Viet Nam, through Loan № 3201 − VIE (SF) from Asian Development Bank. Under the Project, a total of 200 lower secondary schools (LSSs) have been selected for assistance. In the screening and categorization for social safeguards, Category A subprojects is automatically excluded, while Category C subprojects shall be prioritized for financing. The subproject LSSs with minor impacts (Category B) may be considered subject to the preparation and implementation of a resettlement plan (RP) acceptable to ADB, as prescribed in 2009 Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS). The RP for Category B subproject shall be approved first by the Bank and disclosed in the ADB website before implementation by MOET.
- 2. Binh Thuan province is located in the South Central part of Vietnam. Seven (7) beneficiary LSSs were selected for the Project, namely: (i) Tan Ha Lower Secondary School; (ii) Suoi Kiet Lower Secondary School; (iii) Da Mi Lower Secondary School; (iv) Song Luy Lower Secondary School; (v) Hoa Thang Lower Secondary School; (vi) Duc Chinh Lower Secondary School; and (vii) Thuan Hoa Lower Secondary School. They are located in four (4) districts of the province. As screened, they are all Category C subprojects in Involuntary Resettlement and Category C in Indigenous Peoples categorization for the LSSs of: Suoi Kiet; Da Mi; Song Luy; Duc Chinh; and Thuan Hoa and Category B in Indigenous Peoples categorization for the LSSs of Tan Hoa and Hoa Thang (Attachments 1 to 7), since no social impacts are expected inside the schools' premises. The Central Project Management Unit (CPMU) of LSEMDAP II has submitted this Due Diligence Report (DDR) for information of ADB and to secure its "No Objection" for the award of civil works contract for the construction of school facilities.

II. APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY IN DUE DILIGENCE

3. The CPMU has applied the selection criteria in evaluating the LSSs included in the long list. The criteria were developed during the PPTA. Given the large number of LSSs and their geographic locations, the CPMU sent questionnaires to be filled-up by school officials whose responses were the basis for screening and selection in producing the shortlist of LSSs. The school officials of short listed LSSs were then given two sets of questionnaires. The first set was used in gathering information on their proposed facilities and statistical data that justify their proposal. The proposed investments were then screened and made the reasonable distribution of facilities that are urgently needed. The second set was aimed to validate if land acquisition shall be required. National Resettlement Specialist conducted site survey and consultation with key officials of the Binh Thuan PPMU and proposed schools in November 2015 to verify information provided by the Binh Thuan PPMU.

III. THE PROPOSED FACILITIES

4. In all, the 07 LSSs of Binh Thuan will construct a total of thirty two (32) regular classrooms; three (03) Physic subject rooms; one (01) Chemistry subject room; three (03) libraries; one (01) Toilet for common use. The construction of the Project's facilities will follow the MoET's letter No. 2533/BGDDT-DATHCSKKN2 dated 27 May 2015. Dimension of facilities is below:

Table 1: Typical dimension of each classroom and subject room

Time of facilities		om Dimens (32 students		Room Dimension (40 students)		
Type of facilities	Width (m)	Length (m)	Area (m²)	Width (m)	Length (m)	Area (m²)
Classroom	7.2	7.2	51.84	7.8	7.5	58.5
Corridor (classroom)	7.2	2.3	16.56	7.8	2.3	17.94
Subject room, library room	14.4	7.2	103.68	15.6	7.5	117
Corridor (subject room, library room)	14.4	2.3	33.12	15.6	2.3	35.88

Source: CPMU, LSEMDAP2 (2015)

Table 2: Typical dimension of Student Dormitory, Teacher Housing Room, and Toilet

Type of facilities	Width (m)	Length (m)	Area (m²)
Student dormitory	6.6	3.6	23.76
Corridor (student dormitory)	3.6	2.1+1.5	12.96
Teacher's housing room	3.6	10.5	37.8
Toilet for semi-boarding / common use	8.4	7.5	63

Source: CPMU, LSEMDAP2 (2015)

5. The distribution of the proposed facilities in seven (7) schools is shown in Table 3.

Table 3: Proposed LSSs Facilities in Binh Thuan Province

Name of the School	Classroom	Subject room	Library	Toilet for common use
Tan Ha LSS*	4	1	0	0
Suoi Kiet LSS*	4	1	0	0
Da Mi LSS*	6	0	0	0
Song Luy LSS*	6	0	0	0
Hoa Thang LSS*	4	1	0	0
Duc Chinh LSS**	4	0	1	1
Thuan Hoa LSS**	4	1	0	0
Total	32	3	1	1

Source: CPMU of LSEMDAP2 (2015). Note: * LSSs invested under Batch 1; ** LSSs invested under Batch 2

IV. BRIEF PROFILE OF THE LSSs

A. Tan Ha Lower Secondary School.

- 6. The school was established in 1999 in Tan Ha commune of Duc Linh District. The school has 4.755 m^2 of land and only uses 814 m^2 for the school buildings. The school serves the Tan Ha commune. In school-year 2015-2016, a total of 417 students were enrolled, 200 are males and 217 are females. The students were composed of 119 from Grade 6, 106 in Grade 7, 94 in Grade 8 and 103 in Grade 9 and belong to the Kinh group.
- 7. The school has 37 personnel with 09 non-teaching staff and 28 teachers, 09 are males and 18 females. The teachers are all graduates of universities or colleges. The school has only 08 classrooms and 03 function rooms but are old and degraded. To ensure effective teaching and learning environment, the school requires additional classrooms with facilities.

B. Suoi Kiet Lower Secondary School.

8. The school was established in 2003 in Suoi Kiet commune of Tanh Linh District. The school has 10.232 m² of land and only uses 890 m² for the school buildings. The school serves the Suoi Kiet commune. In school-year 2015-2016, a total of 375 students were enrolled, 169 are males and 206 are females. The students were composed of 104 from Grade 6, 103 in Grade 7, 90 in Grade 8 and 78 in Grade 9 and belong to the Kinh and RogLay ethnic group.

9. The school has 35 personnel with 09 non-teaching staff and 27 teachers, 11 are males and 16 females. The teachers are all graduates of universities or colleges. According to the data of school-year 2015-2016, the school needs 12 classrooms. But it only has 08 classrooms and 04 function rooms. To ensure effective teaching and learning environment, the school requires additional classrooms with facilities.

C. Da Mi Lower Secondary School.

- 10. The school was established in 2005 in Da Mi commune of Ham Thuan Bac District. The school has 20.600 m² of land and only uses 320 m² for the school buildings. The school serves the three communes: La Ngau commune; Da Mi commune; and La Da commune. In school-year 2015-2016, a total of 212 students were enrolled, 117 are males and 95 are females. The students were composed of 62 from Grade 6, 51 in Grade 7, 47 in Grade 8 and 52 in Grade 9 and belong to the "Kinh, Co Ho, Muong, Khmer and Tay" ethnic group.
- 11. The school has 14 personnel with 04 non-teaching staff and 13 teachers, 05 are males and 07 females. The teachers are all graduates of universities or colleges. The school needs 07 classrooms, but it only has 03 classrooms and 01 function rooms. To ensure proper teaching and learning, the school requires additional classrooms with facilities

D. Song Luy Lower Secondary School.

- 12. The school was established in 2003 in Song Luy commune of Bac Binh District. The school has $5.050~\text{m}^2$ of land and only uses $1037~\text{m}^2$ for the school buildings. The school serves the Song Luy commune. In school-year 2015-2016, a total of 389 students were enrolled, 195 are males and 194 are females. The students were composed of 136 from Grade 6, 96 in Grade 7, 85 in Grade 8 and 72 in Grade 9 and belong to the "Kinh, and Cham" ethnic group.
- 13. The school has 36 personnel with 05 non-teaching staff and 31 teachers, 08 are males and 23 females. The teachers are all graduates of universities or colleges. It only has 08 classrooms and 01 function rooms. To ensure effective teaching and learning environment, the school requires additional classrooms with facilities

E. Hoa Thang Lower Secondary School.

- 14. The school was established in 1999 in Hoa Thang commune of Bac Binh District. The school has 9.303 m² of land and only uses 816 m² for the school buildings. The school serves the Hoa Thang commune. In school-year 2015-2016, a total of 313 students were enrolled, 171 are males and 142 are females. The students were composed of 114 from Grade 6, 68 in Grade 7, 70 in Grade 8 and 61 in Grade 9 and belong to the Kinh group.
- 15. The school has 31 personnel with 08 non-teaching staff and 23 teachers, 07 are males and 16 females. The teachers are all graduates of universities or colleges. The school has 06 classrooms and 03 function rooms which are old and shabby. To ensure effective teaching and learning environment, the school requires additional classrooms with facilities

F. Duc Chinh Lower Secondary School.

- 16. The school was established in 1998 in Duc Chinh commune of Duc Linh District. The school has 5.811 m² of land and only uses 683 m² for the school buildings. The school serves the Duc Chinh commune. In school-year 2015-2016, a total of 316 students were enrolled, 157 are males and 159 are females. The students were composed of 86 from Grade 6, 72 in Grade 7, 73 in Grade 8 and 85 in Grade 9 and belong to the "Kinh and Co ho" ethnic group.
- 17. The school has 31 personnel with 06 non-teaching staff and 25 teachers, 10 are males and 15 females. The teachers are all graduates of universities or colleges. It only has

05 classrooms and 02 function rooms. To ensure effective teaching and learning environment, the school requires additional classrooms with facilities

G. Thuan Hoa Lower Secondary School.

- 18. The school was established in 1999 in Thuan Hoa commune of Ham Thuan Bac District. The school has 13.196 m² of land and only uses 420 m² for the school buildings. The school serves the Thuan Hoa commune. In school-year 2015-2016, a total of 379 students were enrolled, 201 are males and 178 are females. The students were composed of 122 from Grade 6, 112 in Grade 7, 84 in Grade 8 and 61 in Grade 9 and belong to the "Kinh and Coho" ethnic group.
- 19. The school has 36 personnel with 06 non-teaching staff and 30 teachers, 18 are males and 12 females. The teachers are all graduates of universities or colleges. It has 06 classrooms and 03 function rooms but not in proper condition. To ensure effective teaching and learning environment, the school requires additional classrooms with facilities

V. ASSESSMENT OF SOCIAL IMPACTS

- 20. There are no social impacts arising from land acquisition in any of the selected LSS in Binh Thuan Province. The school premises are enclosed with concrete or wooden fences as protection from encroachers, and neither a house nor structure of private person was allowed by the school administration. The proposed facilities will be built within the existing respective school premises, no need for acquiring any additional land. The project will improve working, studying and living conditions for students and teachers.
 - Tan Ha Lower Secondary School. This school proposes four (04) class-rooms, and one (01) Chemistry subject room in a 02-storey building. The structure will be built in the land of 245 m2 within the existing school premise of 4.755 m2 land. No land acquisition is required and no third-party user will be affected. Adequate safety measures should be applied by contractor during construction phase to ensure proper operation of the LSS and third-party.
 - Suoi Kiet Lower Secondary School. This school proposes four (04) class-rooms, and one (01) Physic subject room in a 02-storey building. The structure will be built in the land of 245 m2 within the existing school premise of 10.232 m2 land. No land acquisition is required and no third-party user will be affected. Adequate safety measures should be applied by contractor during construction phase to ensure proper operation of the LSS and third-party.
 - **Da Mi Lower Secondary School.** This school proposes six (06) class-rooms in a 02-storey building. The structure will be built in the land of 245 m2 within the existing school premise of 20.600 m² land. No land acquisition is required and no third-party user will be affected. Adequate safety measures should be applied by contractor during construction phase to ensure proper operation of the LSS and third-party.
 - Song Luy Lower Secondary School. This school proposes six (06) class-rooms in a 02-storey building. The structure will be built in the land of 245 m² within the existing school premise of 5.050 m² land. No land acquisition is required and no third-party user will be affected. Adequate safety measures should be applied by contractor during construction phase to ensure proper operation of the LSS and third-party.
 - Hoa Thang Lower Secondary School. This school proposes four (04) class-rooms, and one (01) Physic subject room in a 02-storey building. The structure will be built in the land of 245 m2 within the existing school premise of 9.303 m2 land. No land acquisition is required and no third-party user will be affected. Adequate

safety measures should be applied by contractor during construction phase to ensure proper operation of the LSS and third-party.

- Duc Chinh Lower Secondary School. This school proposes four (04) classrooms, and one (01) Library in a 02-storey building; and one (01) Toilet for
 common use. The structure will be built in the land of 308.1 m2 within the existing
 school premise of 5.811 m2 land. No land acquisition is required and no third-party
 user will be affected. Adequate safety measures should be applied by contractor
 during construction phase to ensure proper operation of the LSS and third-party.
- Thuan Hoa Lower Secondary School. This school proposes four (04) class-rooms, and one (01) Physic subject room in a 02-storey building. The structure will be built in the land of 245 m2 within the existing school premise of 13.196 m2 land. No land acquisition is required and no third-party user will be affected. Adequate safety measures should be applied by contractor during construction phase to ensure proper operation of the LSS and third-party.

VI. GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM AND IMPLEMENTATION ARRANGEMENT

- 21. The CPMU under MOET's authority will coordinate with the Binh Thuan PMU to implement the Project and settlegrievance of local people (if any) before, during or after construction. PPCs, DPCs, CPCs and chiefs of villages and other local social organizations such as the Women's Union, the Fatherland's Front, and traditional EM leaders also take part in grievance redress.
- 22. Grievances related to any aspect of the subprojects of LSEMDAP II will be handled through negotiation aimed at achieving resolution. A grievance redress mechanism (GRM) established aim to address grievances, complaints, and queries of local people regarding compensation and adverse impacts (if any) on people including ethnic minorities in a timely and satisfactory manner. Complaints can be in written or in verbal narrative. In the case of verbal complaints, the designated commune or district officials will record the complaint during the first meeting with the complainant.
- 23. The Binh Thuan PMU officers will serve as grievance officers. The designated commune officials will attempt to settle the issues at the commune level through appropriate community consultations. All meetings will be recorded, and copies will be provided to the complainants. A copy of the minutes of meetings and actions undertaken will also be provided to CPMU and ADB upon request.
- 24. Under the project, a GRM with three stages was established for seeking resolution of complaints. If grievance is still unresolved, it can be elevated to a court of law for resolution. The complainant will be exempted from all administrative and legal fees that might be incurred in the resolution of their grievances and complaints. The GRM process is below.
 - (i) First Stage, Commune Peoples' Committee (CPC). The complainant may register his/her complaint verbally or in writing to any member of the CPC, either through the Village Chief or directly to the CPC. The CPC will register the complaint and meet the complainant. The CPC secretariat will document and keep the files of all complaints that it handles. The CPC has up to 30 days or 45 days (for complex cases) to resolve the complaint. If the complaint is not resolved within the given days or the complainant does not satisfy with decision of CPC on his/her case, he/she can bring complaint to the DPC.
 - (ii) Second Stage, District Peoples' Committee (DPC). The complainant may bring the case to any member of the DPC. The DPC has up to 30 days or 70 days (for complex cases) to resolve the complaint. The DPC documents and maintains a file of all complaints that it handles and informs the PMU (or DCRC) of any determination, decision made. The PMU (DCRC) will support the DPC to resolve the complaint. The

DPC notifies the complainant of its decision. If the complainant does not hear from the DPC within the given days, or if the complainant does not satisfied with the decision taken on his/her complaint, the complainant may bring the case, either in writing, to any member of the PPC.

- (iii) Third Stage, Provincial Peoples Committee (PPC). The PPC has up to 30 days or 70 days (for complicated cases or complaints in remote areas) to resolve the complaint. The PPC documents and files all complaints that it receives. Within 45 days from the date of receipt of the decision of the PPC Chairperson and if the complainant does not agree with the decision, the complainant may bring the case to the law court. The time limit for appeal should not exceed 60 days (or 70 days for complicated cases) from the date of acceptance. The agency that receives the complaint will record the proceedings done for the complaint.
- 25. All grievance and resolution of grievances, if any will be subject to monitoring. Internal monitoring will follow-up the progress of resolution of grievances, and compliance with the overall social safeguards policy. Monitoring of the grievances will be in a form of a completion report. External monitoring is not required.

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project Subproject: Tan Ha Lower Secondary School

Province: **Binh Thuan** District: **Duc Linh** Commune **Tan Ha** CATEGORY: C

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land			ı	1
Will there be land acquisition?		✓		Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.
2. Is the site for land acquisition known?				Land acquisition will only happen if there is an expansion of school premises. But so far, there is no proposal for expansion.
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be acquired known?				This is not applicable to the project since there is no expansion of school premises.
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?		√		The school has already an entrance and will not be touched by the construction of 04 classrooms and 01 Physic subject room in a 02-storey building and 01 Toilet for common use at the school premises.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land use to land acquisition?		✓		Not a house or residential land shall be affected given the wide space of school premises.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		✓		All civil works shall be undertaken in school premises.
7. Will there be loss of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		✓		It is unlikely that they shall be affected by the construction.
8. Will there be loss of business or enterprises due to land acquisition?		✓		Not a single business will be affected as all civil works shall be done inside the school premises.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		✓		The Project will rather create livelihood or employment in the locality due to construction of school rooms.
Involuntary Restrictions on land u	se or on a	access to	legally desi	ignated parks and protected areas
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		√		All Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		✓		No current use of land will be changed and therefore there is no impact on the socio-economic activities of the people.
12. Will access to land and resources owned by the communally or by the state be restricted?		√		Restriction to land resources of the community or by the state is unlikely.
Information on Displaced Persons Any estimate of the likely number of persons If yes, approximately how many?	s that will be	e displaced b	by the Project?	☑ No ☐ Yes ☐ Not applicable
Are any of the poor, female-headed househ	olds, or vulr	nerable to po	verty risks?	☑ No □ Yes □ Not applicable
Are any displaced persons from indigenous	or ethnic m	inority group	s? ⊠ No [☐ Yes ☐ Not applicable

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project

Subproject: Tan Ha Lower Secondary School

Province: Binh Thuan District: Duc Linh Commune Tan Ha CATEGORY: C

Flovince. Billi Illuali District. Di	uc Liiiii	1	le Tall Ha	CATEGORT. C
KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
A. Indigenous Peoples Identification				
Are there socio-cultural group present in or use the project areas who may be considered as "tribes" (hill tribes, schedules tribes, tribal peoples), "minorities" (ethnic or national minorities) or "indigenous communities" in the project area?		√		The land is allocated solely for the school. No indigenous communities in the project area
2. Are there national or local laws or policies as well as anthropological researches/studies that consider these groups present in or using the project area as belonging to "ethnic minorities", scheduled tribes, tribal peoples, national minorities, or cultural communities?		✓		
Do such groups self-identity as taking part of a distinct social and cultural group?		✓		
4. Do such groups maintain collective attachments to distinct habitats or ancestral territories and/or to the natural resources in these habitats and territories?		✓		
Do such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture?		✓		
Do such groups speak a distinct language or dialect?		✓		
7. Has such groups been historically, socially and economically marginalized, disempowered, excluded, and/or discriminated against?		✓		
8. Are such groups represented as "Indigenous Peoples" or as "ethnic minorities" or "scheduled tribes" or "tribal populations" in any formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels?		✓		
B. Identification of Potential Impacts				
Will the project directly or indirectly benefit or target Indigenous Peoples?		✓		
10. Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance?		✓		
11. Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g. food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		√		The construction of the proposed facilities will be done in school premises.
12. Will the project be in an area (land or territory) occupied, owned, or used by Indigenous Peoples, and/or claimed as ancestral domain?		✓		The sub-project area is inside the school premises.

KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
C. Identification of Special Requirements Will the project activities include:				
13. Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?		✓		There is no commercial development of cultural resources as the sub-project involves the construction of school facilities.
14. Physical displacements from traditional or customary lands?		✓		Physical displacement from traditional or customary lands will not happen in the sub-project area.
15. Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forest, water, hunting or fishing ground) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?		✓		The activities in the sub-project area will involve the construction of buildings at the school premises.
16. Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		✓		The sub-project will only involve the construction of buildings.
Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		✓		There is no acquisition of lands.

Project component/ activity/output	Anticipated positive effects	Anticipated negative effects
1. Construction of 04 Classrooms and 01 Chemistry subject room in a 02-storey building. The total land for the building is 245 m² within the school premise. It will follow the standard dimension as provided for in Vietnamese Standard TCVN 8794-2011.	The provisions of new classrooms will accommodate the increasing number of lower secondary education students. It will also facilitate in providing quality lower secondary education to them	

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project

Subproject: Suoi Kiet Lower Secondary School

Province: Binh Thuan District: Tanh Linh Commune Suoi Kiet CATEGORY: C

Probable Involuntary	Yes	No	Not	Remarks
Resettlement Effects			Known	
Involuntary Acquisition of Land	_	1	T	1
Will there be land acquisition?		✓		Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.
2. Is the site for land acquisition known?				Land acquisition will only happen if there is an expansion of school premises. But so far, there is no proposal for expansion.
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be acquired known?				This is not applicable to the project since there is no expansion of school premises.
Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?		√		The school has already an entrance and will not be touched by the construction of 04 classrooms and 01 Physic subject room in a 02-storey building and 01 Toilet for common use at the school premises.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land use to land acquisition?		✓		Not a house or residential land shall be affected given the wide space of school premises.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		✓		All civil works shall be undertaken in school premises.
7. Will there be loss of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		✓		It is unlikely that they shall be affected by the construction.
8. Will there be loss of business or enterprises due to land acquisition?		✓		Not a single business will be affected as all civil works shall be done inside the school premises.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		✓		The Project will rather create livelihood or employment in the locality due to construction of school rooms.
Involuntary Restrictions on land u	ise or on	access to	legally desi	gnated parks and protected areas
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		✓		All Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		√		No current use of land will be changed and therefore there is no impact on the socio-economic activities of the people.
12. Will access to land and resources owned by the communally or by the state be restricted?		✓		Restriction to land resources of the community or by the state is unlikely.
Information on Displaced Persons				
Any estimate of the likely number of person If yes, approximately how many?	s that will b	e displaced b	y the Project?	☑ No ☐ Yes ☐ Not applicable
Are any of the poor, female-headed househ	nolds, or vul	nerable to po	verty risks?	☑ No ☐ Yes ☐ Not applicable
Are any displaced persons from indigenous	or ethnic m	ninority groups	s? 🗵 No 🏻	☐ Yes ☐ Not applicable

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project

Subproject: Suoi Kiet Lower Secondary School

Province: Binh Thuan District: Tanh Linh Commune Suoi Kiet CATEGORY: B

Province: Binn Inuan District: Ia	inn Linn	Commu	ne Suoi Kiei	CATEGORY: B
KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
A. Indigenous Peoples Identification				
Are there socio-cultural group present in or use the project areas who may be considered as "tribes" (hill tribes, schedules tribes, tribal peoples), "minorities" (ethnic or national minorities) or "indigenous communities" in the project area?	✓			The land is allocated solely for the school. If there are ethnic minorities, they are among students of the school pursuing their lower secondary education.
2. Are there national or local laws or policies as well as anthropological researches/studies that consider these groups present in or using the project area as belonging to "ethnic minorities", scheduled tribes, tribal peoples, national minorities, or cultural communities?	✓			Some students are children of ethnic minorities in Vietnam who are recognized by the Government. Their rights are embodied in the 2013 Constitution.
Do such groups self-identity as taking part of a distinct social and cultural group?	✓			They belong to the 54 different ethnic minorities in the country.
4. Do such groups maintain collective attachments to distinct habitats or ancestral territories and/or to the natural resources in these habitats and territories?		✓		The land being used by the school is exclusively for education purposes where the ethnic minorities has no collective attachments.
5. Do such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture?	√			Such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture.
Do such groups speak a distinct language or dialect?	✓			Ethnic minority students and ethnic minority teachers speak dialects distinct from the mainstream society.
7. Has such groups been historically, socially and economically marginalized, disempowered, excluded, and/or discriminated against?		✓		
8. Are such groups represented as "Indigenous Peoples" or as "ethnic minorities" or "scheduled tribes" or "tribal populations" in any formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels?	✓			Outside of the school, such groups are represented as "ethnic minorities" in formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels.
B. Identification of Potential Impacts				
9. Will the project directly or indirectly benefit or target Indigenous Peoples?	√			The students from indigenous communities will directly benefit from the Project in terms of improved quality of education.
10. Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance?	√			The project shall only improve quality of education but will not impose changes in sociocultural practices of ethnic minorities.
11. Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g. food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		✓		The construction of classrooms will be done in school premises.
12. Will the project be in an area (land or territory) occupied, owned, or used by Indigenous Peoples, and/or claimed as ancestral domain?		✓		The sub-project area is inside the school premises.

KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
C. Identification of Special Requirements Will the project activities include:				
13. Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?		✓		There is no commercial development of cultural resources as the subproject involves the construction of school facilities.
14. Physical displacements from traditional or customary lands?		✓		Physical displacement from traditional or customary lands will not happen in the sub-project area.
15. Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forest, water, hunting or fishing ground) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?		√		The activities in the sub-project area will involve the construction of buildings at the school premises.
16. Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		√		The sub-project will only involve the construction of buildings.
17. Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		✓		There is no acquisition of lands.

Project component/ activity/output	Anticipated positive effects	Anticipated negative effects
1. Construction of 04 Classrooms and 01 Physic subject room in a 02-storey building. The total land for the building is 245 m² within the school premise. It will follow the standard dimension as provided for in Vietnamese Standard TCVN 8794-2011.	The provisions of new classrooms will accommodate the increasing number of lower secondary education students. It will also facilitate in providing quality lower secondary education to them	

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project

Subproject: Da Mi Lower Secondary School

Province: Binh Thuan District: Ham Thuan Bac Commune Da Mi CATEGORY: C

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land		l.	-1	1
Will there be land acquisition?		✓		Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.
2. Is the site for land acquisition known?				Land acquisition will only happen if there is an expansion of school premises. But so far, there is no proposal for expansion.
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be acquired known?				This is not applicable to the project since there is no expansion of school premises.
Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?		√		The school has already an entrance and will not be touched by the construction of 04 classrooms and 01 Physic subject room in a 02-storey building and 01 Toilet for common use at the school premises.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land use to land acquisition?		✓		Not a house or residential land shall be affected given the wide space of school premises.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		✓		All civil works shall be undertaken in school premises.
7. Will there be loss of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		✓		It is unlikely that they shall be affected by the construction.
8. Will there be loss of business or enterprises due to land acquisition?		✓		Not a single business will be affected as all civil works shall be done inside the school premises.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		✓		The Project will rather create livelihood or employment in the locality due to construction of school rooms.
Involuntary Restrictions on land us	se or on	access to	legally desi	ignated parks and protected areas
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		✓		All Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		✓		No current use of land will be changed and therefore there is no impact on the socio-economic activities of the people.
12. Will access to land and resources owned by the communally or by the state be restricted?		✓		Restriction to land resources of the community or by the state is unlikely.
Information on Displaced Persons Any estimate of the likely number of persons If yes, approximately how many?	that will be	e displaced b	by the Project?	☑ No ☐ Yes ☐ Not applicable
Are any of the poor, female-headed househo	olds, or vulr	nerable to po	overty risks?	☑ No □ Yes □ Not applicable
Are any displaced persons from indigenous	or ethnic m	inority group	s? ⊠ No [□ Yes □ Not applicable

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project

Subproject: Da Mi Lower Secondary School

Province: Binh Thuan District: Ham Thuan Bac Commune Da Mi CATEGORY: B

Province. Binn muan District. Ham	Illuali Da	1	Timune Da IVI	
KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
A. Indigenous Peoples Identification				
Are there socio-cultural group present in or use the project areas who may be considered as "tribes" (hill tribes, schedules tribes, tribal peoples), "minorities" (ethnic or national minorities) or "indigenous communities" in the project area?	✓			The land is allocated solely for the school. If there are ethnic minorities, they are among students of the school pursuing their lower secondary education.
2. Are there national or local laws or policies as well as anthropological researches/studies that consider these groups present in or using the project area as belonging to "ethnic minorities", scheduled tribes, tribal peoples, national minorities, or cultural communities?	✓			Some students are children of ethnic minorities in Vietnam who are recognized by the Government. Their rights are embodied in the 2013 Constitution.
Do such groups self-identity as taking part of a distinct social and cultural group?	✓			They belong to the 54 different ethnic minorities in the country.
4. Do such groups maintain collective attachments to distinct habitats or ancestral territories and/or to the natural resources in these habitats and territories?		✓		The land being used by the school is exclusively for education purposes where the ethnic minorities has no collective attachments.
5. Do such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture?	✓			Such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture.
Do such groups speak a distinct language or dialect?	✓			Ethnic minority students and ethnic minority teachers speak dialects distinct from the mainstream society.
7. Has such groups been historically, socially and economically marginalized, disempowered, excluded, and/or discriminated against?		✓		
8. Are such groups represented as "Indigenous Peoples" or as "ethnic minorities" or "scheduled tribes" or "tribal populations" in any formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels?	✓			Outside of the school, such groups are represented as "ethnic minorities" in formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels.
B. Identification of Potential Impacts				
9. Will the project directly or indirectly benefit or target Indigenous Peoples?	✓			The students from indigenous communities will directly benefit from the Project in terms of improved quality of education.
10. Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance?	√			The project shall only improve quality of education but will not impose changes in sociocultural practices of ethnic minorities.
11. Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g. food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		√		The construction of classrooms will be done in school premises.
12. Will the project be in an area (land or territory) occupied, owned, or used by Indigenous Peoples, and/or claimed as ancestral domain?		✓		The sub-project area is inside the school premises.

KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
C. Identification of Special Requirements Will the project activities include:				
13. Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?		✓		There is no commercial development of cultural resources as the subproject involves the construction of school facilities.
14. Physical displacements from traditional or customary lands?		✓		Physical displacement from traditional or customary lands will not happen in the sub-project area.
15. Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forest, water, hunting or fishing ground) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?		√		The activities in the sub-project area will involve the construction of buildings at the school premises.
16. Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		√		The sub-project will only involve the construction of buildings.
17. Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		✓		There is no acquisition of lands.

Project component/ activity/output	Anticipated positive effects	Anticipated negative effects
1. Construction of 06 class-rooms in a 02-storey building. The total land for the building is 245 m² within the school premise. It will follow the standard dimension as provided for in Vietnamese Standard TCVN 8794-2011.	The provisions of new classrooms will accommodate the increasing number of lower secondary education students. It will also facilitate in providing quality lower secondary education to them	

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project

Subproject: Song Luy Lower Secondary School

Province: Binh Thuan District: Bac Binh Commune Song Luy CATEGORY: C

	Province: Billi Hillian District. Bac Billi Confinitione Song Edy CATEGORY. C					
Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks		
Involuntary Acquisition of Land						
Will there be land acquisition?		✓		Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.		
2. Is the site for land acquisition known?				Land acquisition will only happen if there is an expansion of school premises. But so far, there is no proposal for expansion.		
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be acquired known?				This is not applicable to the project since there is no expansion of school premises.		
Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?		✓		The school has already an entrance and will not be touched by the construction of 04 classrooms and 01 Physic subject room in a 02-storey building and 01 Toilet for common use at the school premises.		
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land use to land acquisition?		✓		Not a house or residential land shall be affected given the wide space of school premises.		
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		✓		All civil works shall be undertaken in school premises.		
7. Will there be loss of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		✓		It is unlikely that they shall be affected by the construction.		
8. Will there be loss of business or enterprises due to land acquisition?		✓		Not a single business will be affected as all civil works shall be done inside the school premises.		
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		✓		The Project will rather create livelihood or employment in the locality due to construction of school rooms.		
Involuntary Restrictions on land (use or on a	access to	legally desi	ignated parks and protected areas		
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		√		All Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.		
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		✓		No current use of land will be changed and therefore there is no impact on the socio-economic activities of the people.		
12. Will access to land and resources owned by the communally or by the state be restricted?		✓		Restriction to land resources of the community or by the state is unlikely.		
Information on Displaced Persons						
Any estimate of the likely number of persor If yes, approximately how many?				**		
Are any of the poor, female-headed housel	nolds, or vuln	erable to po	verty risks?	☑ No ☐ Yes ☐ Not applicable		
Are any displaced persons from indigenous	s or ethnic mi	nority group	s? ⊠ No [☐ Yes ☐ Not applicable		

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project

Subproject: Song Luy Lower Secondary School

Province: Binh Thuan District: Bac Binh Commune Song Luy CATEGORY: B

Province: Binn I huan District: Bac		Oommanc	Oong Luy	CATEGORY: B
KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
A. Indigenous Peoples Identification				
Are there socio-cultural group present in or use the project areas who may be considered as "tribes" (hill tribes, schedules tribes, tribal peoples), "minorities" (ethnic or national minorities) or "indigenous communities" in the project area?	✓			The land is allocated solely for the school. If there are ethnic minorities, they are among students of the school pursuing their lower secondary education.
2. Are there national or local laws or policies as well as anthropological researches/studies that consider these groups present in or using the project area as belonging to "ethnic minorities", scheduled tribes, tribal peoples, national minorities, or cultural communities?	✓			Some students are children of ethnic minorities in Vietnam who are recognized by the Government. Their rights are embodied in the 2013 Constitution.
Do such groups self-identity as taking part of a distinct social and cultural group?	✓			They belong to the 54 different ethnic minorities in the country.
4. Do such groups maintain collective attachments to distinct habitats or ancestral territories and/or to the natural resources in these habitats and territories?		✓		The land being used by the school is exclusively for education purposes where the ethnic minorities has no collective attachments.
5. Do such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture?	√			Such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture.
Do such groups speak a distinct language or dialect?	√			Ethnic minority students and ethnic minority teachers speak dialects distinct from the mainstream society.
7. Has such groups been historically, socially and economically marginalized, disempowered, excluded, and/or discriminated against?		✓		
8. Are such groups represented as "Indigenous Peoples" or as "ethnic minorities" or "scheduled tribes" or "tribal populations" in any formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels?	✓			Outside of the school, such groups are represented as "ethnic minorities" in formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels.
B. Identification of Potential Impacts				
9. Will the project directly or indirectly benefit or target Indigenous Peoples?	✓			The students from indigenous communities will directly benefit from the Project in terms of improved quality of education.
10. Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance?	✓			The project shall only improve quality of education but will not impose changes in sociocultural practices of ethnic minorities.
11. Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g. food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		√		The construction of classrooms will be done in school premises.
12. Will the project be in an area (land or territory) occupied, owned, or used by Indigenous Peoples, and/or claimed as ancestral domain?		✓		The sub-project area is inside the school premises.

KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
C. Identification of Special Requirements Will the project activities include:				
13. Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?		√		There is no commercial development of cultural resources as the sub-project involves the construction of school facilities.
14. Physical displacements from traditional or customary lands?		✓		Physical displacement from traditional or customary lands will not happen in the sub-project area.
15. Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forest, water, hunting or fishing ground) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?		✓		The activities in the sub-project area will involve the construction of buildings at the school premises.
16. Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		✓		The sub-project will only involve the construction of buildings.
Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		✓		There is no acquisition of lands.

Project component/ activity/output	Anticipated positive effects	Anticipated negative effects
Construction of 06 classrooms in a 02-storey building. The total land for the building is 245 m² within the school premise. It will follow the standard dimension as provided for in Vietnamese Standard TCVN 8794-2011.	The provisions of new classrooms will accommodate the increasing number of lower secondary education students. It will also facilitate in providing quality lower secondary education to them	

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project

Subproject: Hoa Thang Lower Secondary School

Province: Binh Thuan District: Bac Binh Commune Hoa Thang CATEGORY: C

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land				
Will there be land acquisition?		✓		Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.
2. Is the site for land acquisition known?				Land acquisition will only happen if there is an expansion of school premises. But so far, there is no proposal for expansion.
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be acquired known?				This is not applicable to the project since there is no expansion of school premises.
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?		✓		The school has already an entrance and will not be touched by the construction of 04 classrooms and 01 Physic subject room in a 02-storey building and 01 Toilet for common use at the school premises.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land use to land acquisition?		✓		Not a house or residential land shall be affected given the wide space of school premises.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		✓		All civil works shall be undertaken in school premises.
7. Will there be loss of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		✓		It is unlikely that they shall be affected by the construction.
8. Will there be loss of business or enterprises due to land acquisition?		✓		Not a single business will be affected as all civil works shall be done inside the school premises.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		✓		The Project will rather create livelihood or employment in the locality due to construction of school rooms.
Involuntary Restrictions on land us	se or on a	ccess to	legally des	ignated parks and protected areas
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		✓		All Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		√		No current use of land will be changed and therefore there is no impact on the socio-economic activities of the people.
12. Will access to land and resources owned by the communally or by the state be restricted?		✓		Restriction to land resources of the community or by the state is unlikely.
Information on Displaced Persons				-
Any estimate of the likely number of persons If yes, approximately how many?	that will be	displaced b	y the Project?	⁷ ⊠ No □ Yes □ Not applicable
Are any of the poor, female-headed househo	olds, or vulne	erable to po	verty risks?	☑ No ☐ Yes ☐ Not applicable
Are any displaced persons from indigenous	or ethnic mir	nority groups	s? ⊠ No [□ Yes □ Not applicable

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project

Subproject: Hoa Thang Lower Secondary School

Province: Binh Thuan District: Bac Binh Commune Hoa Thang CATEGORY: C

Province. Billi Illuan District. Bac	<u> </u>	Johnnanc	noa mang	CATEGORT. C
KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
A. Indigenous Peoples Identification				
Are there socio-cultural group present in or use the project areas who may be considered as "tribes" (hill tribes, schedules tribes, tribal peoples), "minorities" (ethnic or national minorities) or "indigenous communities" in the project area?		✓		The land is allocated solely for the school. No indigenous communities in the project area
2. Are there national or local laws or policies as well as anthropological researches/studies that consider these groups present in or using the project area as belonging to "ethnic minorities", scheduled tribes, tribal peoples, national minorities, or cultural communities?		✓		
Do such groups self-identity as taking part of a distinct social and cultural group?		✓		
4. Do such groups maintain collective attachments to distinct habitats or ancestral territories and/or to the natural resources in these habitats and territories?		✓		
Do such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture?		✓		
Do such groups speak a distinct language or dialect?		✓		
7. Has such groups been historically, socially and economically marginalized, disempowered, excluded, and/or discriminated against?		✓		
8. Are such groups represented as "Indigenous Peoples" or as "ethnic minorities" or "scheduled tribes" or "tribal populations" in any formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels?		✓		
B. Identification of Potential Impacts				
Will the project directly or indirectly benefit or target Indigenous Peoples?		✓		
10. Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance?		✓		
11. Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g. food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		√		The construction of the proposed facilities will be done in school premises.
12. Will the project be in an area (land or territory) occupied, owned, or used by Indigenous Peoples, and/or claimed as ancestral domain?		✓		The sub-project area is inside the school premises.

KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
C. Identification of Special Requirements Will the project activities include:				
13. Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?		√		There is no commercial development of cultural resources as the sub-project involves the construction of school facilities.
14. Physical displacements from traditional or customary lands?		✓		Physical displacement from traditional or customary lands will not happen in the sub-project area.
15. Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forest, water, hunting or fishing ground) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?		✓		The activities in the sub-project area will involve the construction of buildings at the school premises.
16. Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		√		The sub-project will only involve the construction of buildings.
17. Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		✓		There is no acquisition of lands.

Project component/ activity/output	Anticipated positive effects	Anticipated negative effects
1. Construction of 04 Classrooms and 01 Physic subject room in a 02-storey building. The total land for the building is 245 m² within the school premise. It will follow the standard dimension as provided for in Vietnamese Standard TCVN 8794-2011.	The provisions of new classrooms will accommodate the increasing number of lower secondary education students. It will also facilitate in providing quality lower secondary education to them	

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project

Subproject: Duc Chinh Lower Secondary School

Province: Binh Thuan District: Duc Linh Commune Duc Chinh CATEGORY: C

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land				1
Will there be land acquisition?		✓		Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.
2. Is the site for land acquisition known?				Land acquisition will only happen if there is an expansion of school premises. But so far, there is no proposal for expansion.
Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be acquired known?				This is not applicable to the project since there is no expansion of school premises.
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?		√		The school has already an entrance and will not be touched by the construction of 04 classrooms and 01 Physic subject room in a 02-storey building and 01 Toilet for common use at the school premises.
5. Will there be loss of shelter and residential land use to land acquisition?		✓		Not a house or residential land shall be affected given the wide space of school premises.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		✓		All civil works shall be undertaken in school premises.
7. Will there be loss of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		✓		It is unlikely that they shall be affected by the construction.
8. Will there be loss of business or enterprises due to land acquisition?		✓		Not a single business will be affected as all civil works shall be done inside the school premises.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		✓		The Project will rather create livelihood or employment in the locality due to construction of school rooms.
Involuntary Restrictions on land us	se or on a	ccess to	legally des	ignated parks and protected areas
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		√		All Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		√		No current use of land will be changed and therefore there is no impact on the socio-economic activities of the people.
12. Will access to land and resources owned by the communally or by the state be restricted?		√		Restriction to land resources of the community or by the state is unlikely.
Information on Displaced Persons				
Any estimate of the likely number of persons If yes, approximately how many?				
Are any of the poor, female-headed househo	olds, or vuln	erable to po	verty risks?	☑ No ☐ Yes ☐ Not applicable
Are any displaced persons from indigenous	or ethnic mi	nority groups	s? ⊠ No [□ Yes □ Not applicable

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project

Subproject: **Duc Chinh Lower Secondary School**

Province: Binh Thuan District: Duc Linh Commune Duc Chinh CATEGORY: B

Province: Binh I huan District: Duc	LIIII C	ommune i	Juc Cillilli	CATEGORY: B
KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
A. Indigenous Peoples Identification				
Are there socio-cultural group present in or use the project areas who may be considered as "tribes" (hill tribes, schedules tribes, tribal peoples), "minorities" (ethnic or national minorities) or "indigenous communities" in the project area?	✓			The land is allocated solely for the school. If there are ethnic minorities, they are among students of the school pursuing their lower secondary education.
2. Are there national or local laws or policies as well as anthropological researches/studies that consider these groups present in or using the project area as belonging to "ethnic minorities", scheduled tribes, tribal peoples, national minorities, or cultural communities?	✓			Some students are children of ethnic minorities in Vietnam who are recognized by the Government. Their rights are embodied in the 2013 Constitution.
Do such groups self-identity as taking part of a distinct social and cultural group?	✓			They belong to the 54 different ethnic minorities in the country.
4. Do such groups maintain collective attachments to distinct habitats or ancestral territories and/or to the natural resources in these habitats and territories?		✓		The land being used by the school is exclusively for education purposes where the ethnic minorities has no collective attachments.
Do such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture?	√			Such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture.
Do such groups speak a distinct language or dialect?	✓			Ethnic minority students and ethnic minority teachers speak dialects distinct from the mainstream society.
7. Has such groups been historically, socially and economically marginalized, disempowered, excluded, and/or discriminated against?		✓		
8. Are such groups represented as "Indigenous Peoples" or as "ethnic minorities" or "scheduled tribes" or "tribal populations" in any formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels?	✓			Outside of the school, such groups are represented as "ethnic minorities" in formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels.
B. Identification of Potential Impacts				
9. Will the project directly or indirectly benefit or target Indigenous Peoples?	✓			The students from indigenous communities will directly benefit from the Project in terms of improved quality of education.
10. Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance?	✓			The project shall only improve quality of education but will not impose changes in sociocultural practices of ethnic minorities.
11. Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g. food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		√		The construction of classrooms will be done in school premises.
12. Will the project be in an area (land or territory) occupied, owned, or used by Indigenous Peoples, and/or claimed as ancestral domain?		✓		The sub-project area is inside the school premises.

KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
C. Identification of Special Requirements Will the project activities include:				
13. Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?		✓		There is no commercial development of cultural resources as the subproject involves the construction of school facilities.
14. Physical displacements from traditional or customary lands?		✓		Physical displacement from traditional or customary lands will not happen in the sub-project area.
15. Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forest, water, hunting or fishing ground) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?		√		The activities in the sub-project area will involve the construction of buildings at the school premises.
16. Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		√		The sub-project will only involve the construction of buildings.
17. Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		✓		There is no acquisition of lands.

Project component/ activity/output	Anticipated positive effects	Anticipated negative effects
1. Construction of 04 classrooms and 01 Library in a 02-storey building. The total land for the building is 245 m² within the school premise. It will follow the standard dimension as provided for in Vietnamese Standard TCVN 8794-2011.	The provisions of new classrooms will accommodate the increasing number of lower secondary education students. It will also facilitate in providing quality lower secondary education to them	

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project

Subproject: Thuan Hoa Lower Secondary School

Province: Binh Thuan District: Ham Thuan Bac Commune Thuan Hoa CATEGORY: C

Probable Involuntary Resettlement Effects	Yes	No	Not Known	Remarks
Involuntary Acquisition of Land				
Will there be land acquisition?		✓		Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.
2. Is the site for land acquisition known?				Land acquisition will only happen if there is an expansion of school premises. But so far, there is no proposal for expansion.
3. Is the ownership status and current usage of land to be acquired known?				This is not applicable to the project since there is no expansion of school premises.
4. Will easement be utilized within an existing Right of Way (ROW)?		√		The school has already an entrance and will not be touched by the construction of 04 classrooms and 01 Physic subject room in a 02-storey building and 01 Toilet for common use at the school premises.
Will there be loss of shelter and residential land use to land acquisition?		✓		Not a house or residential land shall be affected given the wide space of school premises.
6. Will there be loss of agricultural and other productive assets due to land acquisition?		✓		All civil works shall be undertaken in school premises.
7. Will there be loss of crops, trees, and fixed assets due to land acquisition?		✓		It is unlikely that they shall be affected by the construction.
8. Will there be loss of business or enterprises due to land acquisition?		✓		Not a single business will be affected as all civil works shall be done inside the school premises.
9. Will there be loss of income sources and means of livelihoods due to land acquisition?		✓		The Project will rather create livelihood or employment in the locality due to construction of school rooms.
Involuntary Restrictions on land us	se or on a	ccess to	legally des	ignated parks and protected areas
10. Will people lose access to natural resources, communal facilities and services?		✓		All Civil works and rehabilitation shall be undertaken in school premises.
11. If land use is changed, will it have an adverse impact on social and economic activities?		<		No current use of land will be changed and therefore there is no impact on the socio-economic activities of the people.
12. Will access to land and resources owned by the communally or by the state be restricted?		✓		Restriction to land resources of the community or by the state is unlikely.
Information on Displaced Persons				
Any estimate of the likely number of persons If yes, approximately how many?	that will be	displaced by	y the Project?	⊠ No □ Yes □ Not applicable
Are any of the poor, female-headed househo	olds, or vuln	erable to pov	verty risks?	☑ No □ Yes □ Not applicable
Are any displaced persons from indigenous	or ethnic mi	nority groups	s? ⊠ No [☐ Yes ☐ Not applicable

Project: Second Lower Secondary Education for the Most Disadvantage Areas Project

Subproject: Thuan Hoa Lower Secondary School

Province: Binh Thuan District: Ham Thuan Bac Commune Thuan Hoa CATEGORY: B

KEY CONCERNS	YES	NO	NOT	Remarks
(Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	120		KNOWN	Remarks
A. Indigenous Peoples Identification				
1. Are there socio-cultural group present in or use the project areas who may be considered as "tribes" (hill tribes, schedules tribes, tribal peoples), "minorities" (ethnic or national minorities) or "indigenous communities" in the project area?	✓			The land is allocated solely for the school. If there are ethnic minorities, they are among students of the school pursuing their lower secondary education.
2. Are there national or local laws or policies as well as anthropological researches/studies that consider these groups present in or using the project area as belonging to "ethnic minorities", scheduled tribes, tribal peoples, national minorities, or cultural communities?	✓			Some students are children of ethnic minorities in Vietnam who are recognized by the Government. Their rights are embodied in the 2013 Constitution.
Do such groups self-identity as taking part of a distinct social and cultural group?	✓			They belong to the 54 different ethnic minorities in the country.
4. Do such groups maintain collective attachments to distinct habitats or ancestral territories and/or to the natural resources in these habitats and territories?		✓		The land being used by the school is exclusively for education purposes where the ethnic minorities has no collective attachments.
5. Do such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture?	✓			Such groups maintain cultural, economic, social, and political institutions distinct from the dominant society and culture.
Do such groups speak a distinct language or dialect?	✓			Ethnic minority students and ethnic minority teachers speak dialects distinct from the mainstream society.
7. Has such groups been historically, socially and economically marginalized, disempowered, excluded, and/or discriminated against?		✓		
8. Are such groups represented as "Indigenous Peoples" or as "ethnic minorities" or "scheduled tribes" or "tribal populations" in any formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels?	✓			Outside of the school, such groups are represented as "ethnic minorities" in formal decision-making bodies at the national or local levels.
B. Identification of Potential Impacts				
9. Will the project directly or indirectly benefit or target Indigenous Peoples?	✓			The students from indigenous communities will directly benefit from the Project in terms of improved quality of education.
10. Will the project directly or indirectly affect Indigenous Peoples' traditional socio-cultural and belief practices? (e.g. child-rearing, health, education, arts, and governance?	✓			The project shall only improve quality of education but will not impose changes in sociocultural practices of ethnic minorities.
11. Will the project affect the livelihood systems of Indigenous Peoples? (e.g. food production system, natural resource management, crafts and trade, employment status)		✓		The construction of classrooms will be done in school premises.
12. Will the project be in an area (land or territory) occupied, owned, or used by Indigenous Peoples, and/or claimed as ancestral domain?		✓		The sub-project area is inside the school premises.

KEY CONCERNS (Please provide elaborations on the Remarks column)	YES	NO	NOT KNOWN	Remarks
C. Identification of Special Requirements Will the project activities include:				
13. Commercial development of the cultural resources and knowledge of Indigenous Peoples?		✓		There is no commercial development of cultural resources as the subproject involves the construction of school facilities.
14. Physical displacements from traditional or customary lands?		✓		Physical displacement from traditional or customary lands will not happen in the sub-project area.
15. Commercial development of natural resources (such as minerals, hydrocarbons, forest, water, hunting or fishing ground) within customary lands under use that would impact the livelihoods or the cultural ceremonial, spiritual uses that define the identity and community of Indigenous Peoples?		√		The activities in the sub-project area will involve the construction of buildings at the school premises.
16. Establishing legal recognition of rights to lands and territories that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		√		The sub-project will only involve the construction of buildings.
17. Acquisition of lands that are traditionally owned or customarily used, occupied or claimed by indigenous peoples?		✓		There is no acquisition of lands.

Project component/ activity/output	Anticipated positive effects	Anticipated negative effects
1. Construction of 04 Classrooms and 01 Physic subject room in a 02-storey building. The total land for the building is 245 m² within the school premise. It will follow the standard dimension as provided for in Vietnamese Standard TCVN 8794-2011.	The provisions of new classrooms will accommodate the increasing number of lower secondary education students. It will also facilitate in providing quality lower secondary education to them	