

Initial Poverty and Social Analysis

Project Number: 51222-001

August 2017

THA: Bond Guarantee for Renewable Energy and Energy Storage Project

An initial poverty and social assessment (IPSA) is prepared in the early stage of the project cycle to assess the significance of social issues for a project. In accordance with ADB's public communications policy (PCP, 2005), the IPSA is disclosed upon completion. The final summary social assessment is included as an appendix to the project's report and recommendation of the President.

Asian Development Bank

INITIAL POVERTY AND SOCIAL ANALYSIS

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Country:	Thailand	Project Title:	Proposed Partial Credit Guarantee		
			Energy Absolute Public Company Limited		
			Bond Guarantee for Renewable Energy and		
			Energy Storage Project		
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Lending/Financing	General corporate finance	Department/	Private Sector Operations Department		
Modality:		Division:	Infrastructure Finance Division 2		
	I. POVERTY IMPAC	CT AND SOCIA	I DIMENSIONS		
A. Links to the N	ational Poverty Reduction Stra				
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Energy Absolute is the leading renewable energy company in Thailand which was set up in 2006. The company focuses its main operations on renewable energy generation, including solar and wind, biodiesel production and					
distribution. Currently, the company owns four solar projects with total of 278 MW and one wind power project with					
a total capacity of 126 MW in operation. The company also has 260 MW of wind power project under construction.					
Upon completion, the company will have a total of capacity of 664 MW from renewable energy projects. The proposed project is consistent with ADB's Midterm Review of Strategy 2020 and the country operations business					
plan 2017-2019 for Thailand which are to support for clean energy and environmentally sustainable growth. These					
are also to support the recent adopted Sustainable Development Goals which are to increase substantially the share					
-	y in the global energy mix.				
In addition, the proposed project will enable the company to establish a manufacturing facility for energy storage					
	using cutting edge lithium-ion polymer technology that helps it to be an early-mover in the emerging large scale energy storage market in the region. Energy storage is a key enable of decentralized renewable power generation				
in emerging markets and it is broadly accepted as one of the largest opportunities in the power sector of the near					
future. The propose	ed project is also consistent with the	he Government	of Thailand's promotion of alternative energy		
	under the Alternative Energy Development Plan, 2015-2036 which is expected to increase renewable energy from				
	current 8% to 30% of total capacity by 2036. The plan was developed as part of the government's strategy to diversify the energy mix and promote renewable energy that marks the significant potential of renewable energy in				
	the country and indicates that energy import can be avoided through development of domestic renewable energy				
	pation of private sector investmen	nt.			
B. Poverty Targe	<u>~</u>				
⊠General Interven etc.)	tion ∐Individual or Household (T	T-H) ∐Geograp	phic (TI-G) ☐Non-Income MDGs (TI-M1, M2,		
eic.)					
			will be evacuated in the national grid		
managed by EGAT for domestic use. The company has four solar power plants and one wind power plant under operations and one wind power project under construction in different locations in Thailand.					
operations and one	wind power project under constit	uction in differer	it locations in Thalland.		
C. Poverty and S					
			of the project are the company itself,		
contractors, operators of solar power plant and energy storage facilities and local community residents who generally benefit during project construction and operation, and population who benefit from clean environment.					
			sists the company to achieve its vision to be a nd environmental friendly technology for the		
best benefit and fair	rness toward customers, shareho	Iders, partners	and employees. Since the solar power plant is		
in the rural area so	it provides employment opportuni	ities for the surr	ounding community peoples.		

3. Focus of (and resources allocated in) the PPTA or due diligence. While owning different renewable energy projects, energy storage is a new business line for the sponsor. The project will be following local laws and regulations as well as the requirements of ADB's safeguard policy statement (SPS) and other social dimensions on gender and core labor standards.

4. Specific analysis for policy-based lending. N/A

II. GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT			
1. What are the key gender issues in the sector/subsector that are likely to be relevant to this project or program? Renewable energy projects are commonly in the rural areas, away from the residential places. No gender elements (NGE) is anticipated for this transaction. However, advancing gender can be initiated through jobs offered to local women as the opportunities which would be discussed further with the client during due diligence.			
2. Does the proposed project or program have the potential to contribute to the promotion of gender equity and/or empowerment of women by providing women's access to and use of opportunities, services, resources, assets, and participation in decision making? Yes No Please explain. If yes, a gender action plan should be prepared during PPTA or due diligence.			
3. Could the proposed project have an adverse impact on women and/or girls or widen gender inequality? ☐ Yes ☐ No Please explain If yes, actions and measures should be prepared during PPTA or due diligence.			
4. Indicate the intended gender mainstreaming category ☐ GEN (gender equity) ☐ EGM (effective gender mainstreaming)			
SGE (some gender elements) SGE (no gender elements) III. PARTICIPATION AND EMPOWERMENT			
1. Who are the main stakeholders of the project, including beneficiaries and negatively affected people? Identify how they will participate in the project design. The company sells electricity to EGAT under the SPP program and to PEA under the VSPP program. Potential stakeholders include power consumers (business, industrial, residential), national and local government, regulatory agencies, and host local communities. The project affected persons might be involved with land acquisition and they will participate through community consultations conducted by the company.			
2. How can the project contribute (in a systemic way) to engaging and empowering stakeholders and beneficiaries, particularly, the poor, vulnerable and excluded groups? What issues in the project design require participation of the poor and excluded? Consultation meetings and public hearing will be conducted by the company with the relevant stakeholders, especially the community members at the village and sub-district levels.			
3. Are there issues during project design for which participation of the poor and excluded is important? What are they and how shall they be addressed? ☐ Yes ☐ No Please explain.			
Details of the consultation and public hearing and grievance redress mechanism will be discussed in the corporate audit and ESMS.			
IV. SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS A. Involuntary Resettlement Category A B C FI			
1. Does the project have the potential to involve involuntary land acquisition resulting in physical and economic displacement? Yes No Energy Absolute has a Land Department to handle land acquisition. The land acquisition is based on willing seller-willing buyer and/or willing lessor-willing lessee.			
2. What action plan is required to address involuntary resettlement as part of the PPTA or due diligence process? ☐ Resettlement plan ☐ Resettlement framework ☐ Social impact matrix ☐ Environmental and social management system arrangement ☐ None			
B. Indigenous Peoples Category ☐ A ☐ B ☒ C ☐ FI			
1. Does the proposed project have the potential to directly or indirectly affect the dignity, human rights, livelihood systems, or culture of indigenous peoples? Yes No			
2. Does it affect the territories or natural and cultural resources indigenous peoples own, use, occupy, or claim, as their ancestral domain? Yes No Energy Absolute does not have any project sites that have impacts on Indigenous Peoples			
3. Will the project require broad community support of affected indigenous communities? ☐ Yes ☒ No Please explain.			
4. What action plan is required to address risks to indigenous peoples as part of the PPTA or due diligence process? ☐ Indigenous peoples plan ☐ Indigenous peoples planning framework ☐ Social Impact matrix			
☐ Environmental and social management system arrangement ☐ None			
V. OTHER SOCIAL ISSUES AND RISKS			
1. What other social issues and risks should be considered in the project design?			
☐ Creating decent jobs and employment ☐ Adhering to core labor standards ☐ Labor retrenchment ☐ Spread of communicable diseases, including HIV/AIDS ☐ Increase in human trafficking ☐ Affordability			

	☐ Increase in unplanned migration ☐ Increase in vulnerability to natural disasters ☐ Creating political instability	
	☐ Creating internal social conflicts ☐ Others, please specify Indicate high (H), medium (M), low (L) for selected boxes	
	2. How are these additional social issues and risks going to be addressed in the project design? Energy Absolute will provide job opportunities for the local peoples through the help of subcontractors. The manual work can be provided during construction and operation of the project.	
	VI. PPTA OR DUE DILIGENCE RESOURCE REQUIREMENT	
1. Do the terms of reference for the PPTA (or other due diligence) contain key information needed to be gathered during PPTA or due diligence process to better analyze (i) poverty and social impact; (ii) gender impact, (iii) participation dimensions; (iv) social safeguards; and (v) other social risks. Are the relevant specialists identified?		
	☐ Yes ☐ No If no, please explain why. There is no PPTA under private sector project but there was a TOR developed and the client will mobilize competent consultant to cover social safeguards issues and other social dimensions.	
	2. What resources (e.g., consultants, survey budget, and workshop) are allocated for conducting poverty, social and/or gender analysis, and participation plan during the PPTA or due diligence? Due diligence is undertaken by staff.	