INITIAL POVERTY AND SOCIAL ANALYSIS

Country:	Cambodia, Lao People's Democratic Republic (PDR)	Project Title:	Fourth Greater Mekong Subregion Corridor Towns Development Project
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Lending/Financing Modality:	Project Loan	Department/ Division:	SERD / SEUW
		-	
	I. POVERTY IMPA		
	ational Poverty Reduction Strate		
ranges from 19% (I corridor into full-fled and new tows along GMS countries. The poverty reduction all environmental effects	Cambodia) to 23% (Lao PDR) o ged economic corridors, new opp the Central, Eastern, North-Sou e areas have potential to become ong the corridors. The corridors may ts must be mitigated. The GMS	f the population ortunities will be the sound the Sound service centers to be inclusive countries now proposed to the countries of the population of the pop	n Cambodia and Lao PDR, where its incidence in. With the development of the GMS transport is created following the development of existing thern Coastal Corridors, and the borders of the interest which contribute to economic growth and in nature, and the potential negative social and bursue a joint strategy to convert their created have seen an increase in vulnerability to natural
namely: (i) strengt (iii) enhancing private the environment and contribute to the im Cambodia and Lao border towns and infrastructure and plants	hening infrastructure linkages; te sector participation and comped promoting the sustainable use plementation of Asian Developme PDR. In order to enhance the new urban growth centers nee	(ii) facilitating titiveness; (iv) of of shared natuent Bank's (ADF economic growed effective maicy and institution	s of the 2012–2022 GMS Strategic Framework cross-border trade, investment and tourism; leveloping human resources; and (v) protecting ural resources. The proposed Project will also 3) respective Country Partnership Strategies in with and productivity in the economic corridors, unagement through integrated development if anal interventions. The proposed project will also
B. Poverty Targe	ting		
⊠General Interventetc.)	tion □Individual or Household (TI-H) □Geogra	phic (TI-G) □Non-Income MDGs (TI-M1, M2,
	e nationwide. The project will con of human capital, and public gove		ty reduction indirectly through developing urban
C. Poverty and Se	ocial Analysis		
The beneficiaries of access to improve affordability of set and livelihood oppassessment will be assessment will be assessment channels at the proposed project be basic public in economic develops improved financin implementation of management and	ed environmental and economic in rvices and beneficiaries' payment portunities arising from associate e collected during the project prepared expected systematic changes ect will pursue the following outcomfrastructure (and also improve prepared through infrastructure faciling facilities of infrastructure investigations of the programs; sewerage which both are emitted.	nfrastructure. Cot capacities and economic involvaratory technica. Immes: (i) increas d urban/public ties, and increastments, includir (iv) address climers of greenhou	s of the project towns. Their needs are to obtain onstraints in addressing these needs may be in a targeted skill capacity to capture employment estments. Data on payment capacity and skills all assistance (PPTA). ed access by citizens and economic enterprises service provision); (ii) enhancement of local sed employment and income opportunities; (iii) ng public-private partnerships in financing and nate change through investments in solid waste use gases; and (v) improved local government uding enhanced urban management capacity).

Among the international and national consultants, the following specialists will deal, among others with poverty analysis and due diligence: (i) Social Development and Gender Specialists (9 person-months); (ii) Social Safeguards Involuntary Resettlement & Indigenous Peoples Specialists (9 person-months); and (iii) Environmental

3. Focus of (and resource allocated in) the PPTA or due diligence.

Safeguards Specialists (9 person-months).

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	II. GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT
1.	What are the key gender issues in the sector/subsector that are likely to be relevant to this project or program?
	Women have higher exposure and health risk, due to household and community sanitation management tasks, from unsafe environmental conditions. These include poor disposal of solid waste, drainage and sewerage management, and limited access to safe and affordable water. If water supply systems are in place, access is often limited by high household connection fees. Given limited skills and economic opportunities, employment in the informal sector such as petty trading, informal waste collection/recycling, and unskilled labor in construction can be important sources of income for vulnerable households. Women often have limited representation in decision-making channels and institutions and structures formulating forward development plans. Hence, gender issues as they relate to participation in economic and environmental planning and benefits arising from are at risk of being neglected.
2.	Does the proposed project or program have the potential to make a contribution to the promotion of gender equity and/or empowerment of women by providing women's access to and use of opportunities, services, resources, assets, and participation in decision making?
3.	
4.	None are expected given targeted skills training, employment, and enhancement decision-making features. However, PPTA Social Development/Gender Specialist will ensure potential adverse impacts are identified through intervention-specific gender analysis and mitigated through project design measures. Indicate the intended gender mainstreaming category: GEN (gender equity theme) GEGM (effective gender mainstreaming) GGE (some gender elements) NGE (no gender elements)
	III. PARTICIPATION AND EMPOWERMENT
	Who are the main stakeholders of the project, including beneficiaries and negatively affected people? Identify how they will participate in the project design. The stakeholders are the national, provincial, and municipal governments (towns and/or districts), private sector
	companies, and communities as beneficiaries of urban services. How can the project contribute (in a systemic way) to engaging and empowering stakeholders and beneficiaries, particularly, the poor, vulnerable and excluded groups? What issues in the project design require participation of the poor and excluded? The project will prepare a Stakeholder Communication Strategy, Participation Plan, Gender Action Plan, and Safeguard Plans to ensure engagement of the poor, vulnerable, and potentially excluded groups in the project area.
	What are the key, active, and relevant civil society organizations (CSOs) in the project area? What is the level of civil society organization participation in the project design?
4.	☐ Information generation and sharing ☐ Consultation ☐ Collaboration ☐ Partnership Are there issues during project design for which participation of the poor and excluded is important? What are they and how shall they be addressed? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	Concern for affordable access to water and sanitation facilities and local capture of employment opportunities generated by project intervention are expected to be important issues for the poor and excluded in accessing project benefits. PPTA will include affordability analysis to be disaggregated by income level, sex, and ethnicity. Targeted measures for employment capture will be examined in areas where the poor and excluded are likely to feature (e.g. improved market and trading centers, solid waste management facilities, construction). More broadly, support for strategic local economic development plan (SLEDP) preparation with gender specific areas incorporated and targets for local labor capture in construction of improved water and sanitation facilities will seek to address social inclusion concerns.
	Subproject planning and design will entail intensive qualitative analysis directly involving project beneficiaries through the extensive use of participatory methods to identify the local poor population and the infrastructure provisions that may better fit their needs. Multi-stakeholder workshops will be held to discuss subproject formulation and implementation, and additional community consultations will be held following the approval of the subprojects. A consultation and participation (C&P) plan will be prepared to ensure participation of vulnerable stakeholders (women, poor, indigenous peoples, resettled households) and CSOs representing local needs.
	IV. SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS
	. Involuntary Resettlement Category 🗌 A 🗵 B 🗍 C 🗍 FI
	Does the project have the potential to involve involuntary land acquisition resulting in physical and economic displacement? \boxtimes Yes \square No The proposed project will construct and improve urban and environmental infrastructure in the GMS Corridors, and
	support capacity building to strengthen infrastructure management. There will be land acquisition in association

IV. SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS
with civil works for infrastructure construction and upgrading. Significance of impact due to land acquisition will be determined and confirmed during the PPTA stage in more detail. 2. What action plan is required to address involuntary resettlement as part of the PPTA or due diligence process? ☐ Resettlement plan ☐ Resettlement framework ☐ Social impact matrix
☐ Environmental and social management system arrangement ☐ None
B. Indigenous Peoples Category A B C FI
 Does the proposed project have the potential to directly or indirectly affect the dignity, human rights, livelihood systems, or culture of indigenous peoples? ☐ Yes ☒ No Does it affect the territories or natural and cultural resources indigenous peoples own, use, occupy, or claim, as their ancestral domain? ☐ Yes ☒ No
V. OTHER SOCIAL ISSUES AND RISKS
1. What other social issues and risks should be considered in the project design? ☐ Creating decent jobs and employment ☐ Adhering to core labor standards ☐ Labor retrenchment ☐ Spread of communicable diseases, including HIV/AIDS ☐ Increase in human trafficking ☐ Affordability ☐ Increase in unplanned migration ☐ Increase in vulnerability to natural disasters ☐ Creating political instability ☐ Creating internal social conflicts ☐ Others, please specify ☐ How are these additional social issues and risks going to be addressed in the project design? Maximization of employment and income opportunities shall be an important project target to be considered. Likewise, affordability and inclusive pricing policies for urban infrastructure services are important dimensions of revenue earning subprojects.
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