## Key Macroeconomic Indicators for Indonesia, 2009–2013

Item	Fiscal Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	<b>2013</b> <sup>a</sup>
A. Income and Growth					
1. GDP per Capita (\$, current)	2,330	2,986	3,485	3,598	3,675
2. GDP Growth (%, in constant prices)	4.6	6.2	6.5	6.2	5.7
a. Agriculture	4.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	3.2
b. Industry	3.6	4.9	5.3	5.2	4.6
c. Services	5.8	8.4	8.5	7.7	7.4
B. Saving and Investment (current and market					
prices, % of GDP)					
Gross Domestic Investment	31.1	32.0	32.0	33.2	32.1
2. Gross National Saving	33.1	32.7	32.2	30.5	28.7
C. Money and Inflation (annual % change)					
Consumer Price Index (average)	4.8	5.1	5.4	4.3	7.2
2. Total Liquidity (M2)	13.0	15.4	16.4	14.9	16.1
D. Government Finance (% of GDP)					
1. Revenue and Grants	15.5	15.5	16.1	16.2	17.3
2. Expenditure and Onlending	17.0	16.2	17.2	18.0	19.8
3. Overall Fiscal Surplus (Deficit)	(1.6)	(0.7)	(1.1)	(1.8)	(2.5)
E. Balance of Payments	,	, ,	, ,	,	,
1. Merchandise Trade Balance (% of GDP)	5.7	4.3	4.2	1.0	0.2
2. Current Account Balance (% of GDP)	2.0	0.7	0.2	(2.7)	(3.4)
3. Merchandise Export (\$) Growth	(14.3)	32.1	27.0	(6.1)	(5.0)
(annual % change)	, ,			, ,	, ,
4. Merchandise Import (\$) Growth	(24.0)	43.7	30.3	8.4	(1.4)
(annual % change)	, ,				, ,
F. External Payments Indicators					
1. Gross Official Reserves (in \$ billion)	66.1	96.2	110.1	112.8	90.5
(in months of imports of goods)	8.9	9.1	8.0	7.5	5.5
2. External Debt Service (% of exports of	21.1	19.8	21.7	34.9	41.5
goods and services)					
3. Total External Debt (% of GDP)	31.8	28.3	26.4	28.7	31.5
G. Memorandum Items					
1. GDP (current prices, Rp trillion)	5,606.2	6,436.3	7,427.1	8,241.9	9,313.3
2. Exchange Rate (Rp/\$, average)	10,399.0	9,085.0	8,779.0	9,380.0	10,244.0
	•			244.2	247.4
3. Population (million)  = not available ( ) = negative GDP = gross dome	231.4	237.6	242.6	•	

<sup>— =</sup> not available, () = negative, GDP = gross domestic product.

a Asian Development Bank staff estimates.

Sources: Bank of Indonesia, Ministry of Finance, Central Bureau of Statistics (BPS), International Monetary Fund, Asian Development Outlook (ADO) Database, and Asian Development Bank staff estimates. The data presented has also taken into account changes in data released by the government agencies.